Introduction to C Programming

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- Higher level than assembly, but low-level memory access available

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Brian Kernighan



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- AT&T



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- 5 standards in total, latest: C11
- Influenced almost every major language since



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- Microcontrollers/embedded systems
- Kernel and driver development
- Deeper understanding of algorithms and data structures

Hello World

```
#include <stdio.h>
/*This is a comment, which may be
multi-lined*/
int main(int argc, char *argv[])
{
    printf("Hello, world!\n");
    return 0;
}
```

Notes on syntax

- Whitespace ignored
- Semicolons at ends of lines
- Braces

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- Whitespace ignored
- Semicolons at ends of statements
- Braces
- Identifiers may not override keywords

auto	extern	short	while
break	float	signed	_Alignas
case	for	sizeof	_Alignof
char	goto	static	_Atomic
const	if	struct	_Bool
continue	inline	switch	_Complex
default	int	typedef	_Generic
do	long	union	$_{ m L}$ Imaginary
double	register	unsigned	_Noreturn
else	restrict	void	_Static_assert
enum	return	volatile	_Thread_local

Table: Keywords in C11

Variables

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main(int argc, char *argv[])
{
   int distanceInKm = 500;
   float timeInSeconds = 13231.5;
   const int hourInSeconds = 3600;
   float timeInHours;
   double averageSpeed;

// Implicit type conversions
   timeInHours = timeInSeconds / hourInSeconds;
   averageSpeed = distanceInKm / timeInHours;

   printf("Average speed: %.2f km/h\n", averageSpeed);
   return 0;
}
```

Conditional execution

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main(int argc, char *argv[])
{
   int age = 22;
   if(20 <= age && age <= 29)
   {
      printf("I am in my twenties\n");
   }
   else
   {
      printf("I am not in my twenties\n");
   }
   return 0;
}</pre>
```

While loops

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main(int argc, char *argv[])
{
    int a = 0;
    printf("Even natural numbers below 20:\n");
    while(a < 20)
    {
        printf("%d\n", a);
        a += 2;
    }
    return 0;
}</pre>
```

For loops

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <math.h>

int main(int argc, char *argv[])
{
    printf("Square numbers below 100:\n");
    for(int i = 0; i < 100; i++)
    {
        int squareRoot = sqrt(i);
        if(squareRoot * squareRoot == i)
        {
              printf("%d\n", i);
        }
     }
    return 0;
}</pre>
```

Functions

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <math.h>
int max(int a, int b)
{
    if(a > b)
        return a;
    else
        return b;
}
int main(int argc, char *argv[])
{
    printf("Max of 10 and 20: %d\n", max(10,20));
    return 0;
}
```

Pointers

```
#include <stdio.h>

void triple(int *number)
{
    *number *= 3;
}

int main(int argc, char *argv[])
{
    int salary = 30000;
    int *salaryPointer = &salary
    triple(salaryPointer);
    printf("%d\n", salary);
    return 0;
}
```

Arrays

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main(int argc, char *argv[])
{
    float numbers[5] = {1.2, 53.2, 0.7, -10, 100.4};
    for(int i = 0; i < 5; i++)
    {
        printf("%.2f\n", numbers[i]);
    }
    return 0;
}</pre>
```

Passing Arrays to Functions

```
#include <stdio.h>

void printNumbers(float *array, int arraySize)
{
    for(int i = 0; i < arraySize; i++)
        {
            printf("%.2f\n", array[i]);
    }
}
int main(int argc, char *argv[])
{
    float numbers[5] = {1.2, 53.2, 0.7, -10, 100.4};
        printNumbers(numbers, 5);
    return 0;
}</pre>
```

Strings

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <stdbool.h>
bool isPalindrome(char *word)
    int length = strlen(word);
    for (int i = 0; i < length/2; i++)
        if (word [i] != word [length-1-i])
             return false;
    return true;
int main(int argc, char *argv[])
{
    int number = 100 + 1:
    char string [50];
    sprintf(string, "abc%dcba", number);
    if (isPalindrome (string))
        printf("%s is a palindrome!\n", string);
    else
        printf("%s is not a palindrome!\n", string);
```

Structs

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <math.h>
struct point
    double x:
    double v;
};
double size(struct point *vector)
    return sqrt(vector->x * vector->x + vector->y * vector->y );
double distance(struct point *a, struct point *b)
    struct point difference;
    difference.x = a \rightarrow x - b \rightarrow x;
    difference.y = a \rightarrow y - b \rightarrow y;
    return size(&difference);
int main(int argc, char *argv[])
    struct point a = \{1, 5\};
    struct point b = \{4, 1\};
    printf("%.2f\n", distance(&a, &b));
    return 0;
```

Memory Management

• Can also be done dynamically

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- See example code in Code/Memory/memory.c