

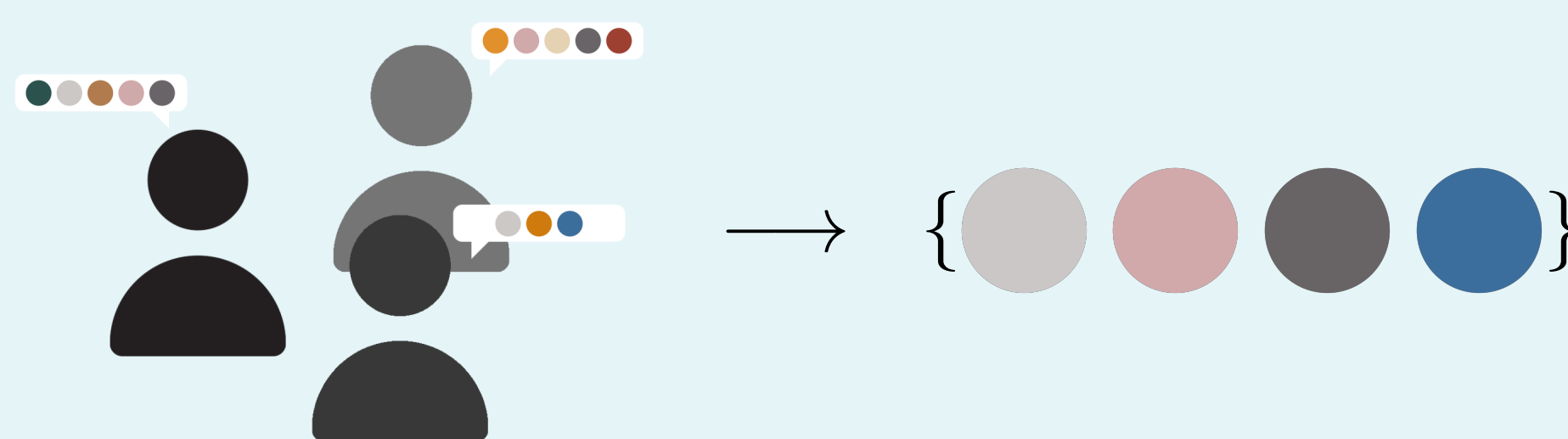
# Computational Social Choice:

## Computers for Democracy

We use **computer science** to help people make better **collective decisions**, ranging from political elections to everyday life.

### Multi-Winner Elections.

How do we assign parliamentary seats to parties? How do we elect a board of directors in a company? How do we select a small sample of products to recommend to users?



These are all examples of elections with multiple winners. In practice, we use simple majoritarian voting rules for most of these. In **ComSoC**, we develop **fair voting rules** for this setting that are also **fast to compute**.

### Fair Division.

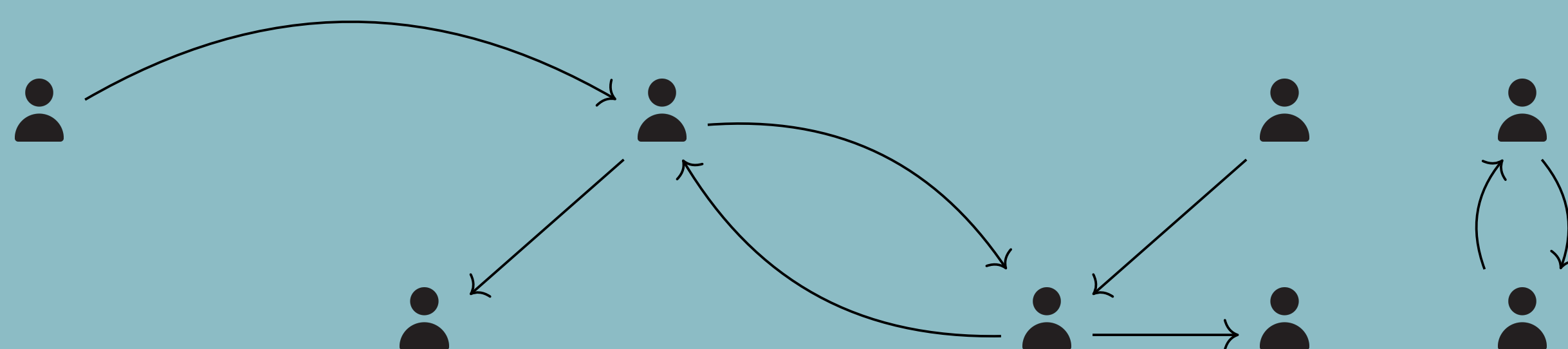
How do we distribute scarce resources in times of crisis? How should we fairly split the rent between flatmates? How do we share chores in a household? How can we divide goods between a divorcing couple?



All these questions are tackled in fair division, the branch of **ComSoC** where we develop algorithms and tools to distribute items **fairly** and **efficiently**.

### Online Deliberation.

A large part of the public debate now happens online. How can we develop discussion platforms that allow us to understand and represent the views of the users?



In **ComSoC**, we are interested in building platforms to support **digital democracy**. These would enable users to **discuss and vote** about different topics, and policymakers to **understand and analyse** such discussions.