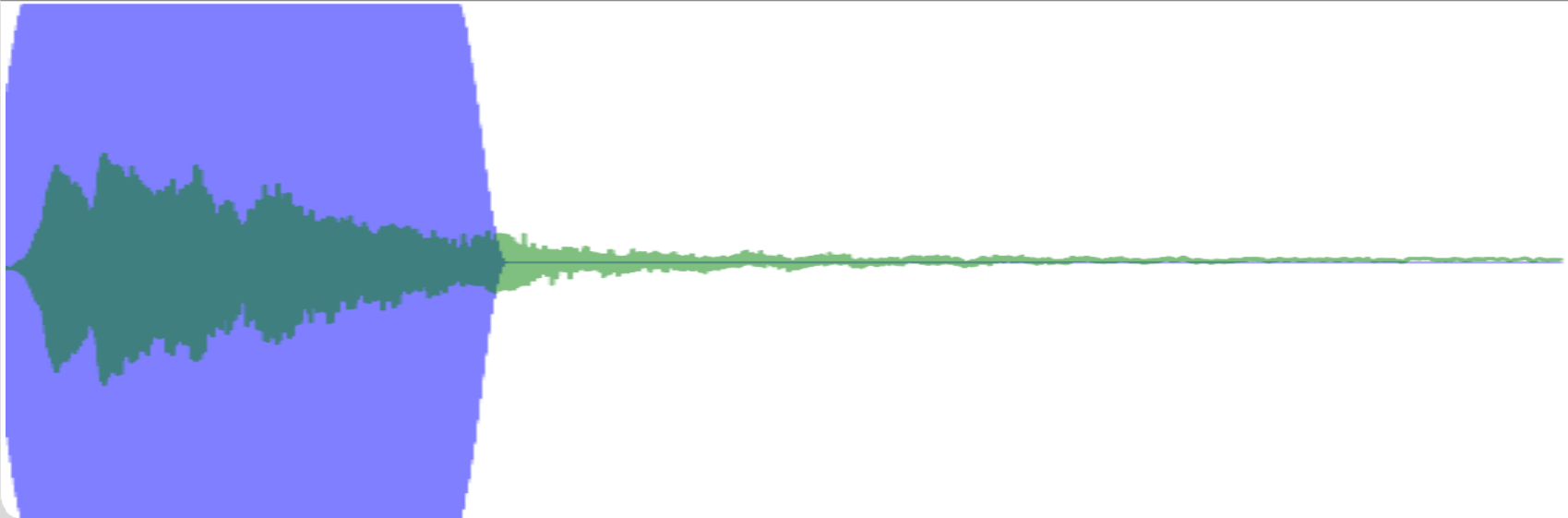


# Acoustic SLAM with Gaussian Processes

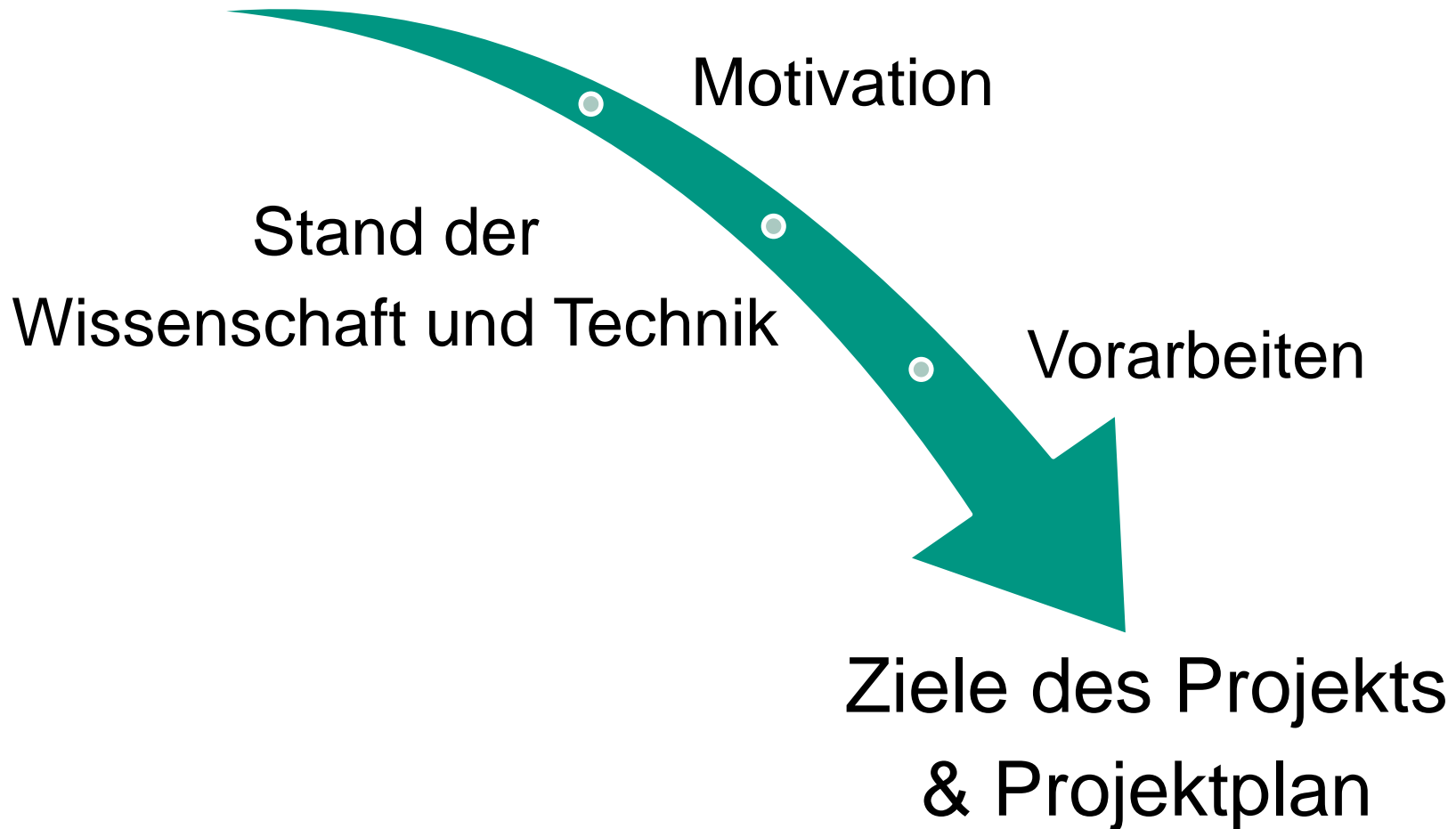
Projektvorstellung von Oliver Neumann

Intelligente Sensor-Aktor-Systeme (ISAS)  
Institut für Anthropomatik und Robotik (IAR), Fakultät für Informatik



Neumann Oliver

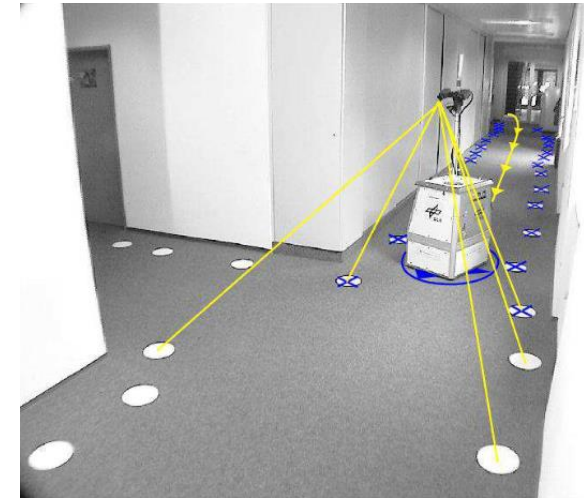
# Agenda



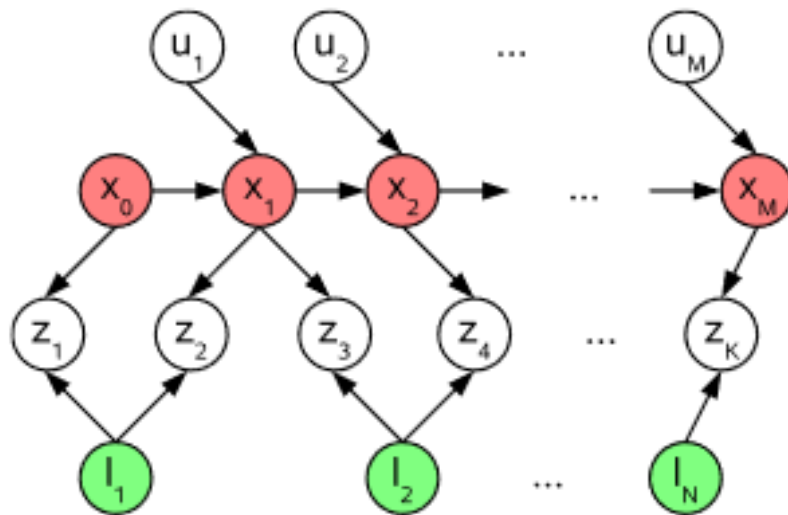
# Motivation

SLAM: [Grisetti et al 2010]

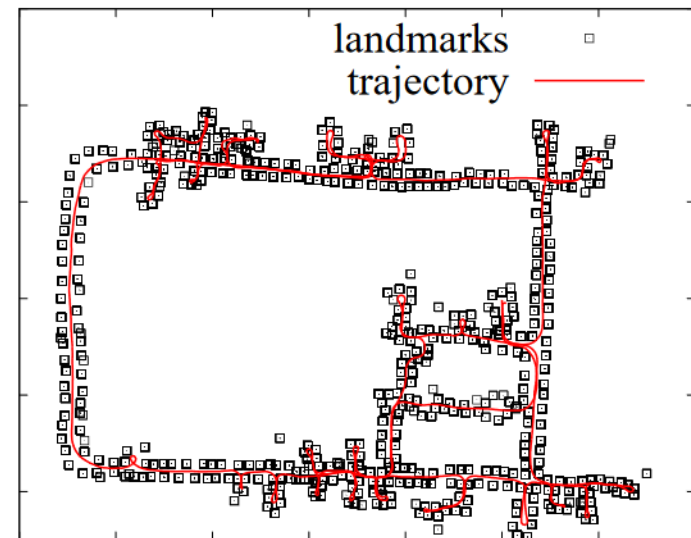
- Unbekannte Karte (**Mapping**)
- **Lokalisierung** in Karte
- Probabilistisches Verfahren
- Filtering vs Smoothing
- Graph basiert



[Grisetti et al 2010]

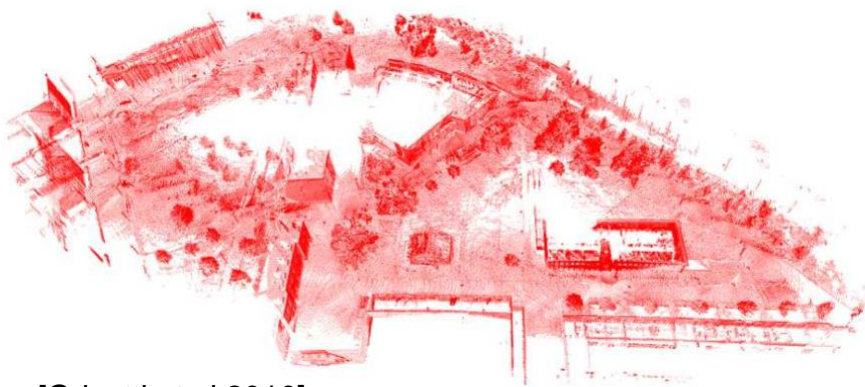


[Kaess et al 2008]

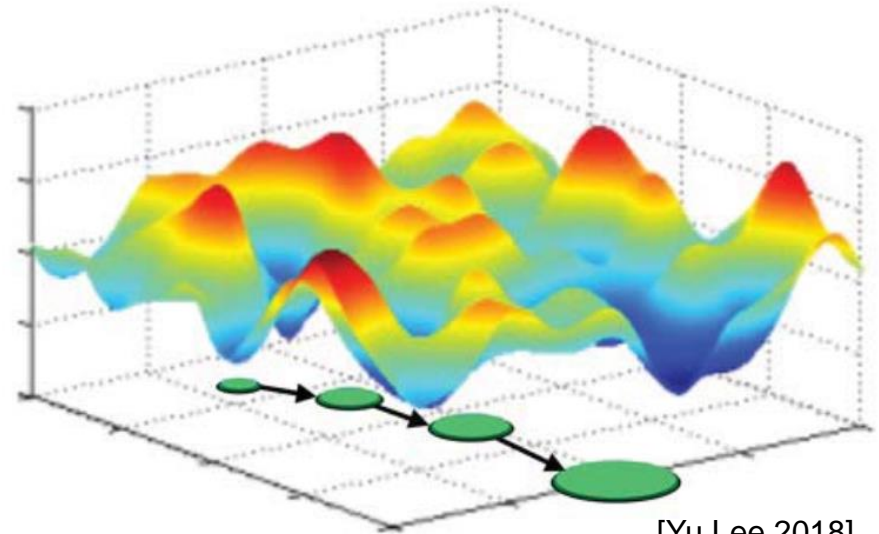


[Grisetti et al 2010]

# Motivation



[Grisetti et al 2010]

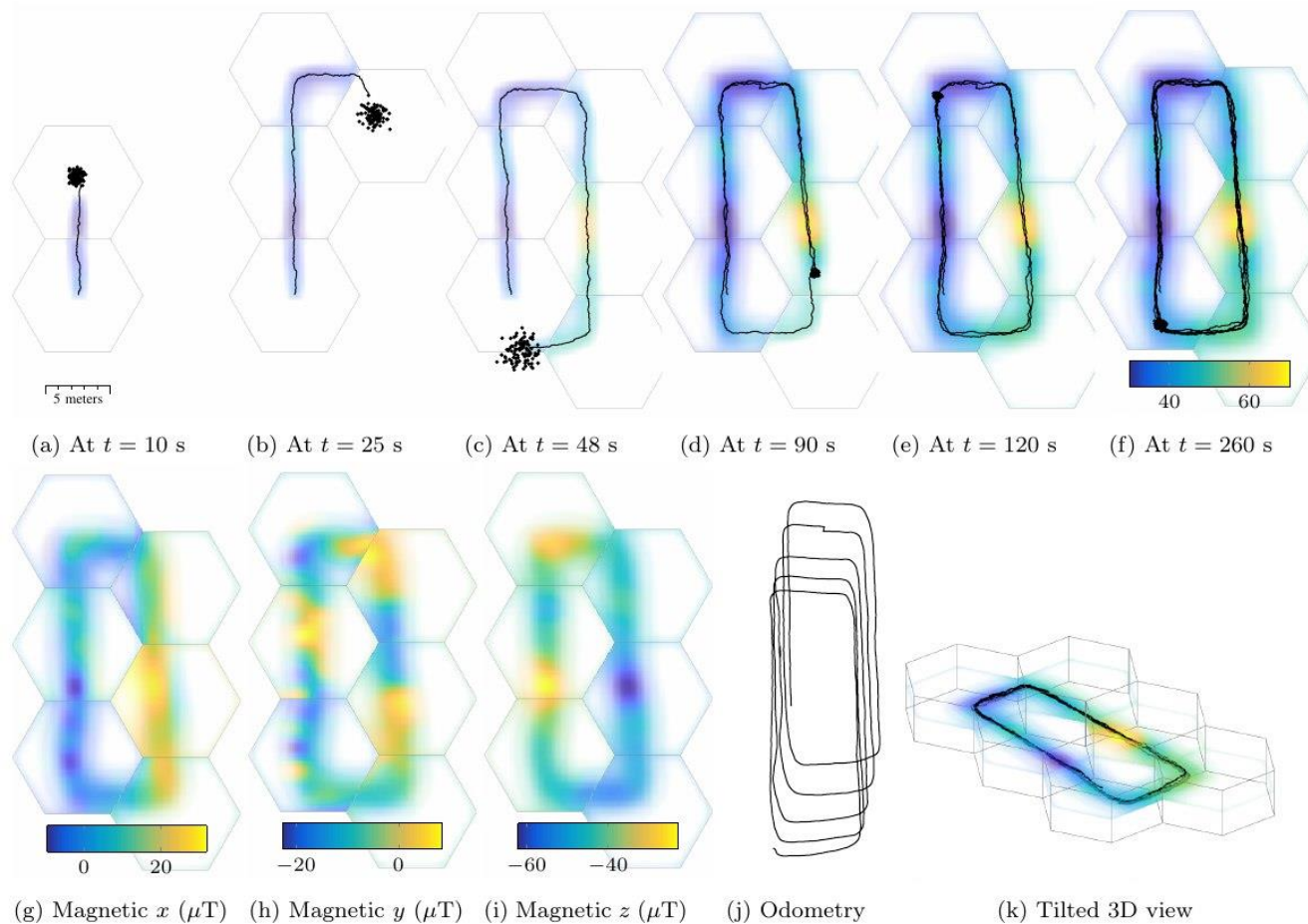


[Yu Lee 2018]

Diskrete  
Landmarken

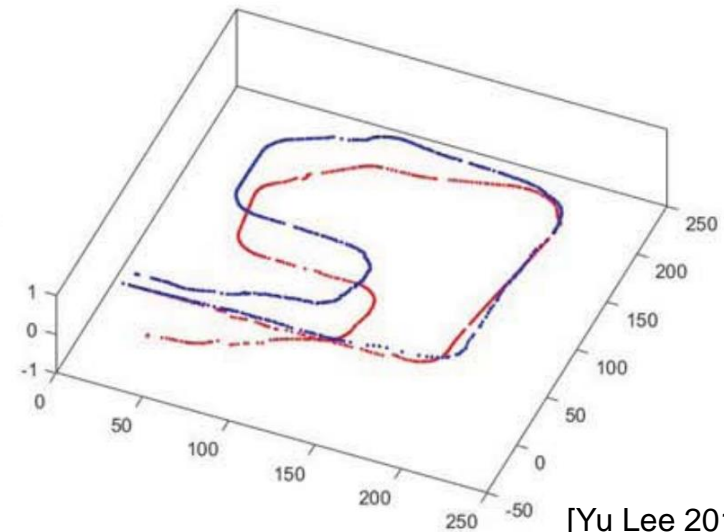
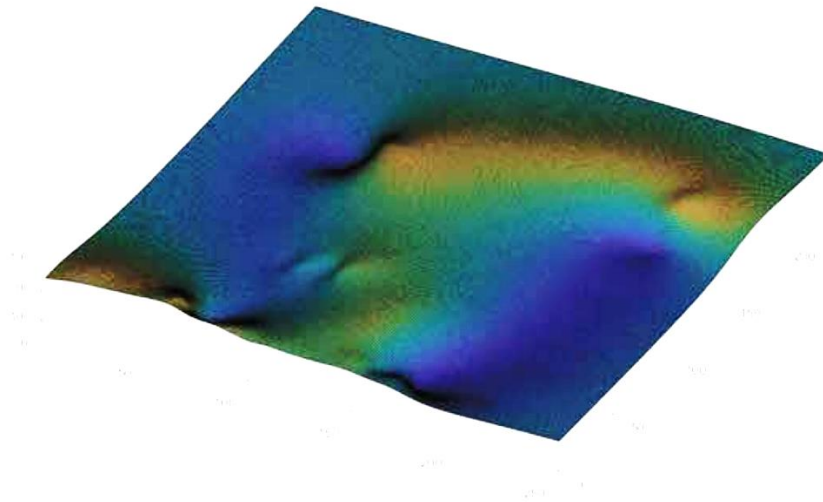
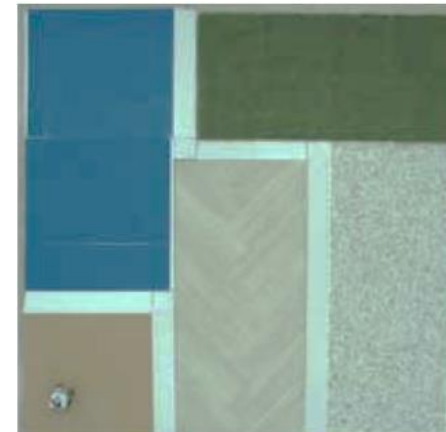
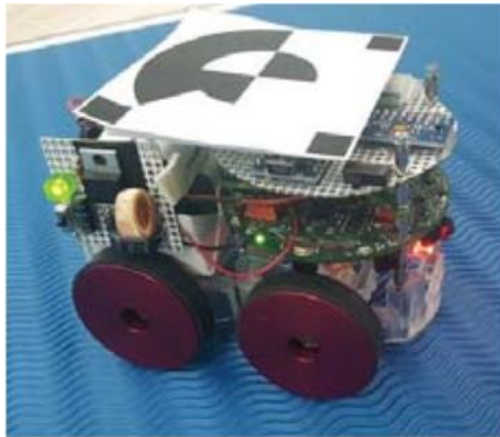
Kontinuierliche  
Funktion

## Scalable Magnetic Field SLAM in 3D using Gaussian Process Maps

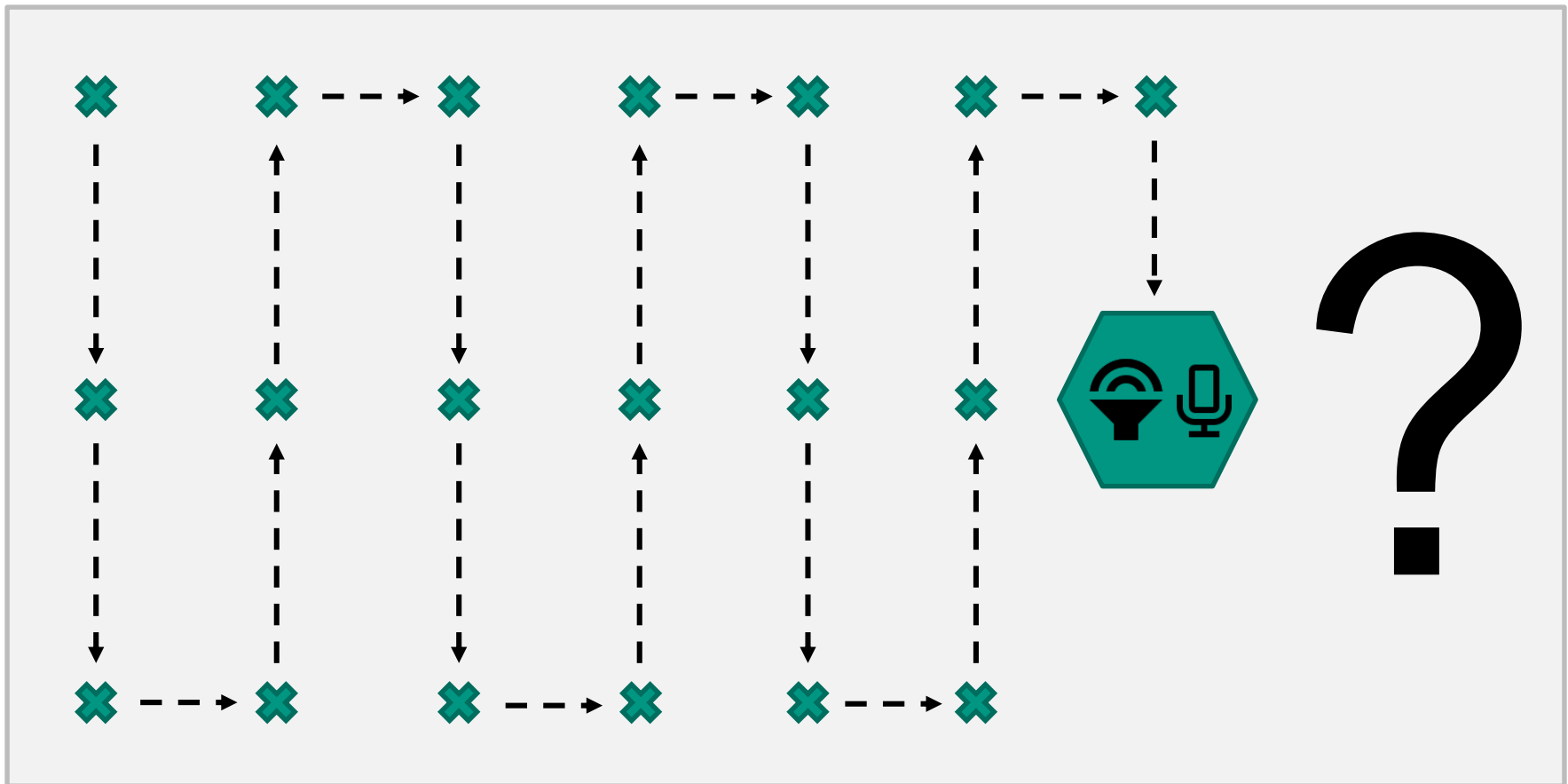


[Kok Solin 2018]

## Terrain Field SLAM and Uncertainty Mapping using Gaussian Process



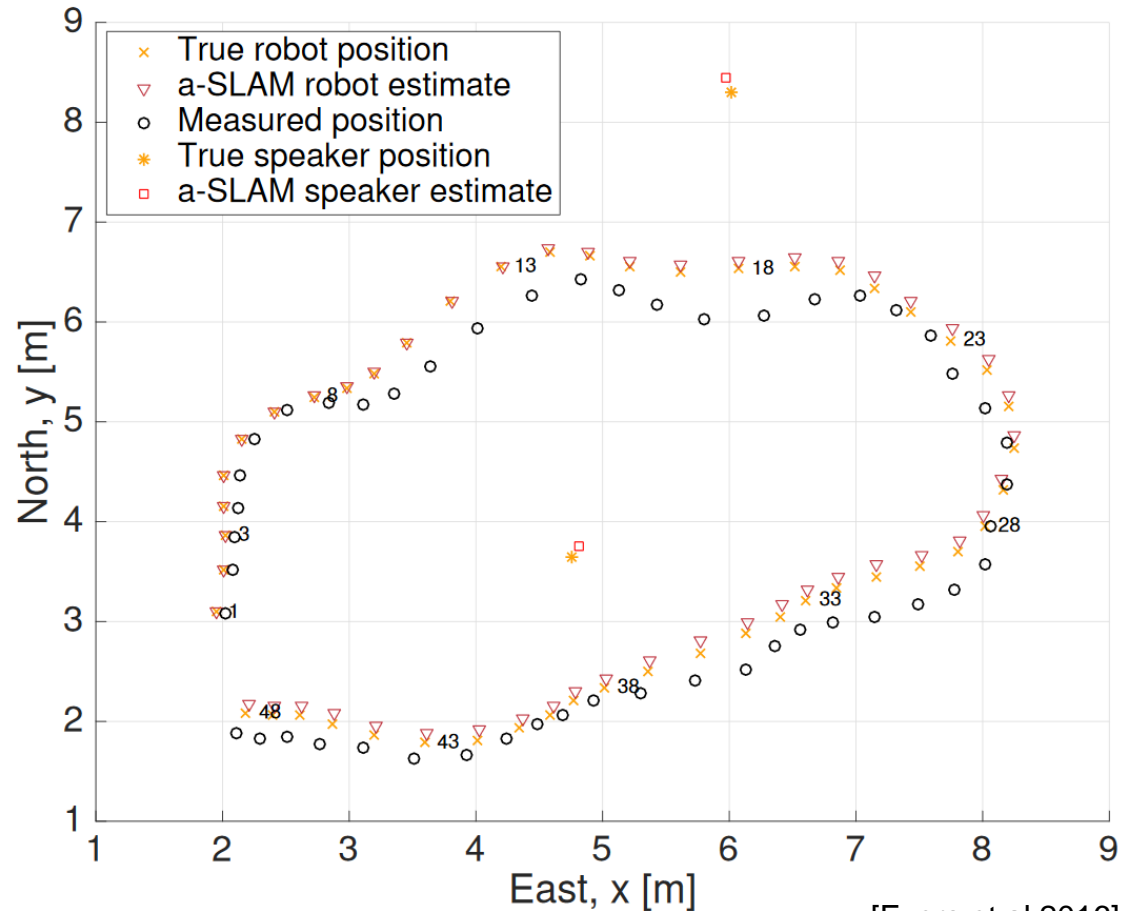
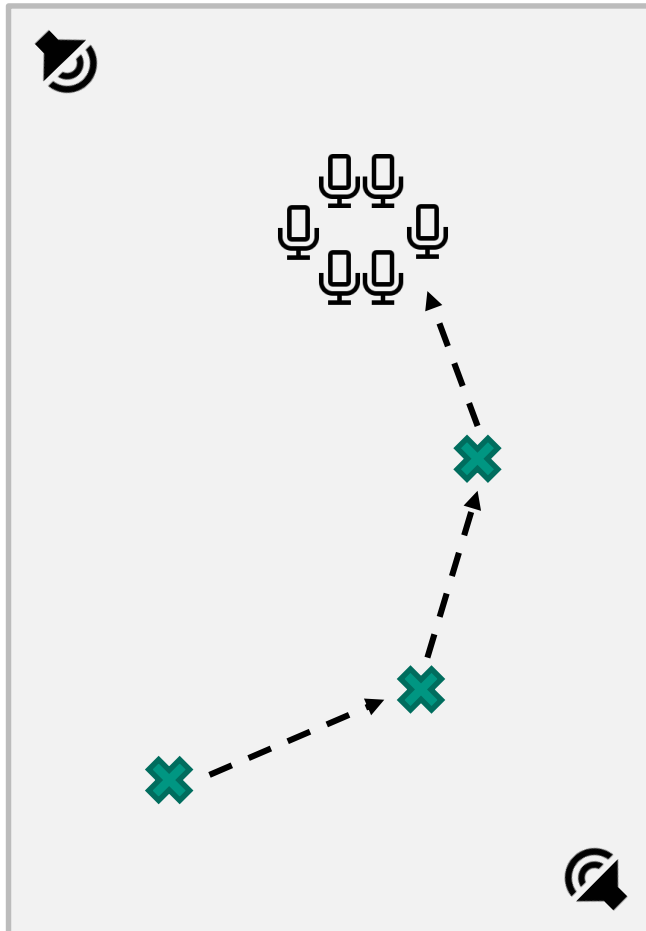
[Yu Lee 2018]





# Stand der Wissenschaft und Technik

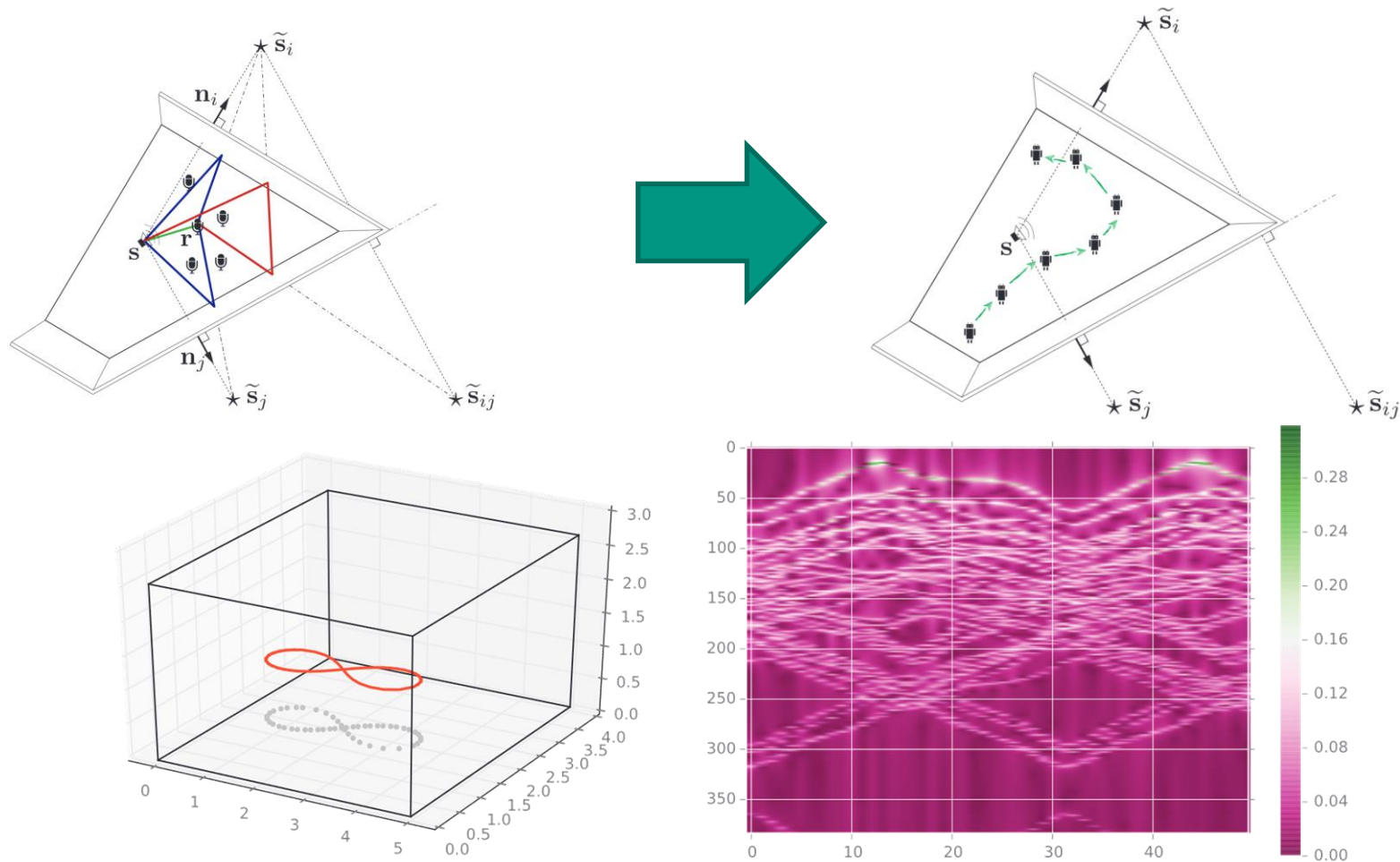
## Acoustic Simultaneous Localization and Mapping (A-SLAM) of a Moving Microphone Array and its Surrounding Speakers



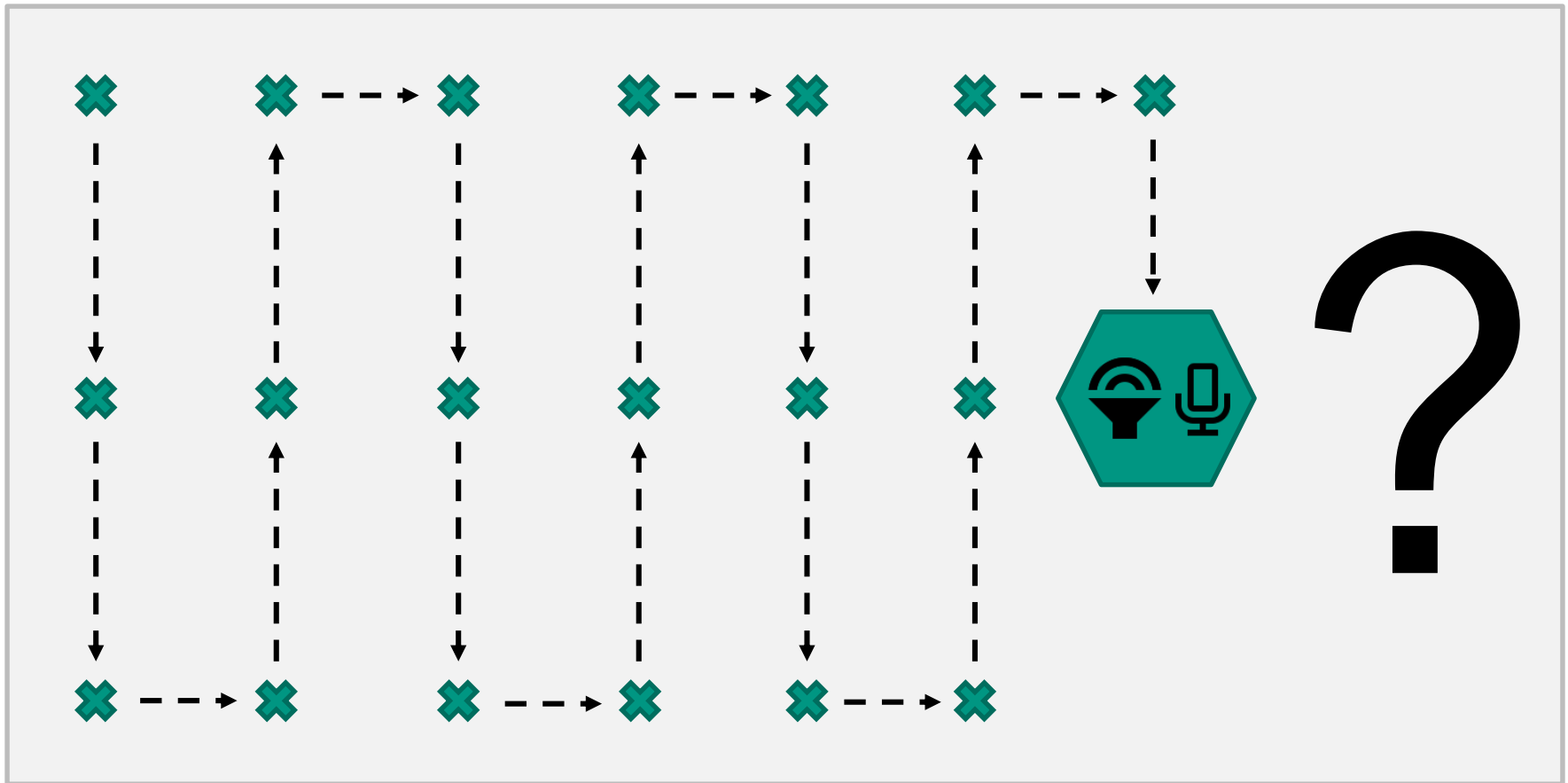
[Evers et al 2016]

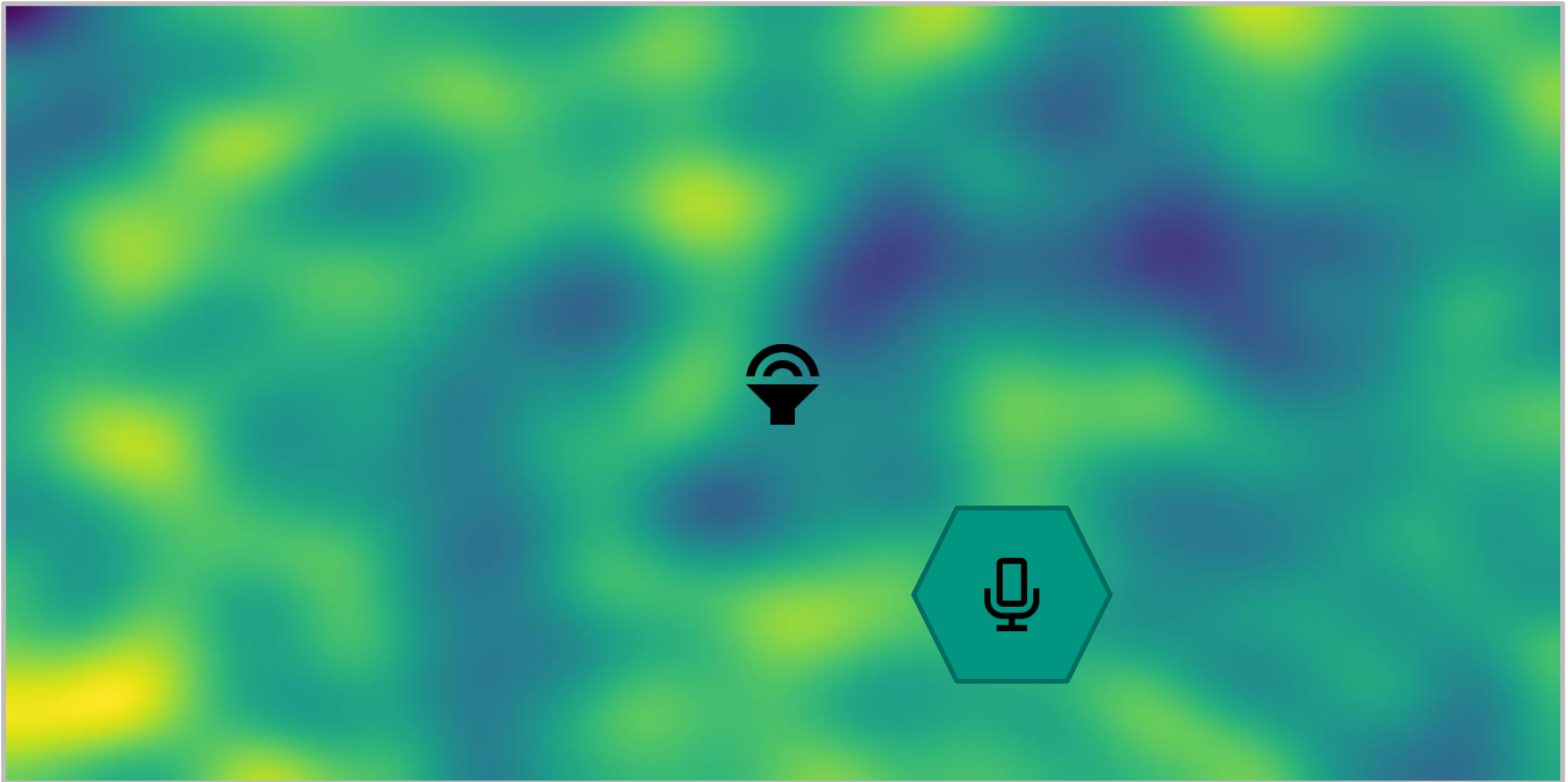


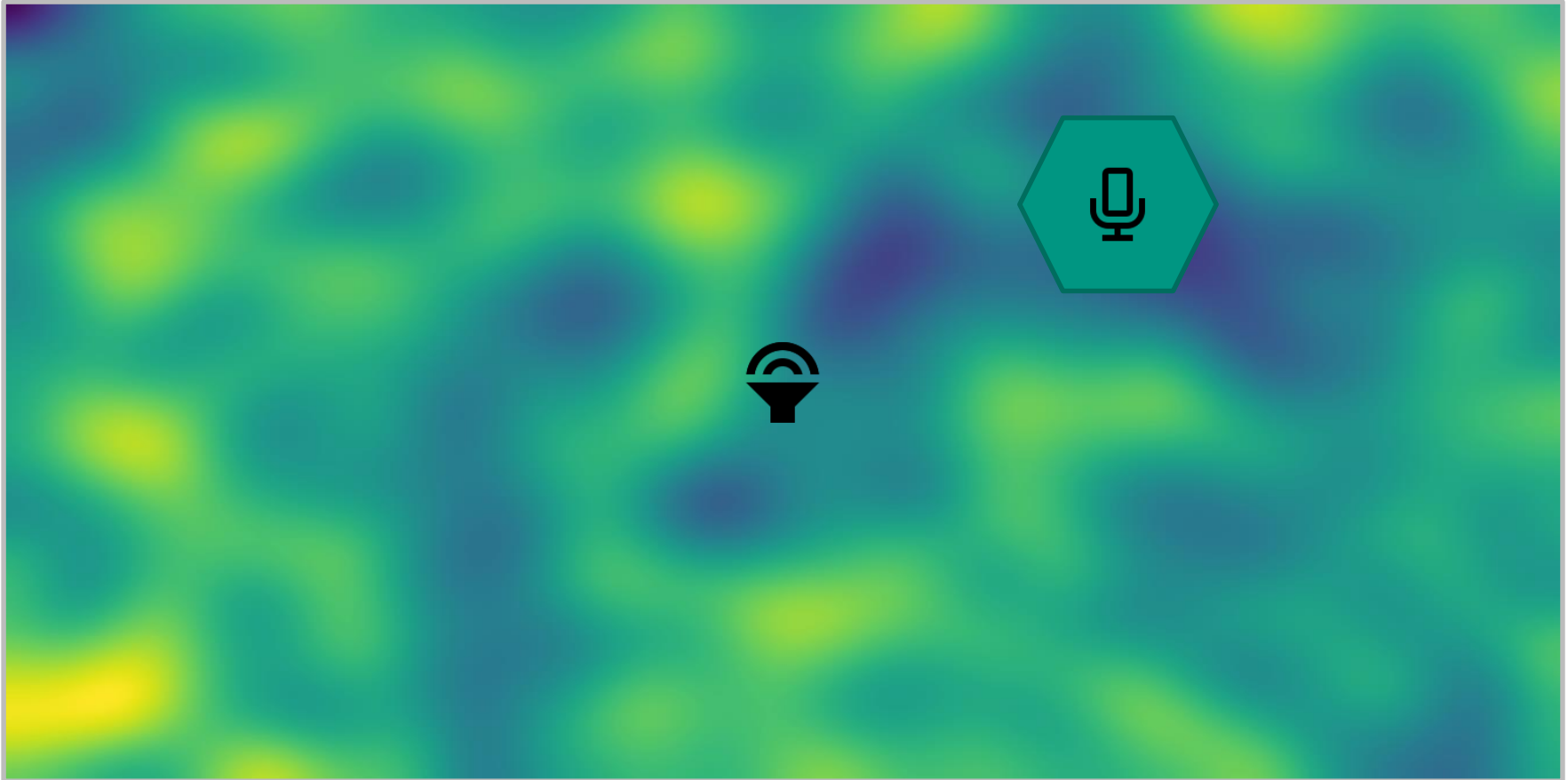
## From Acoustic Room Reconstruction to SLAM



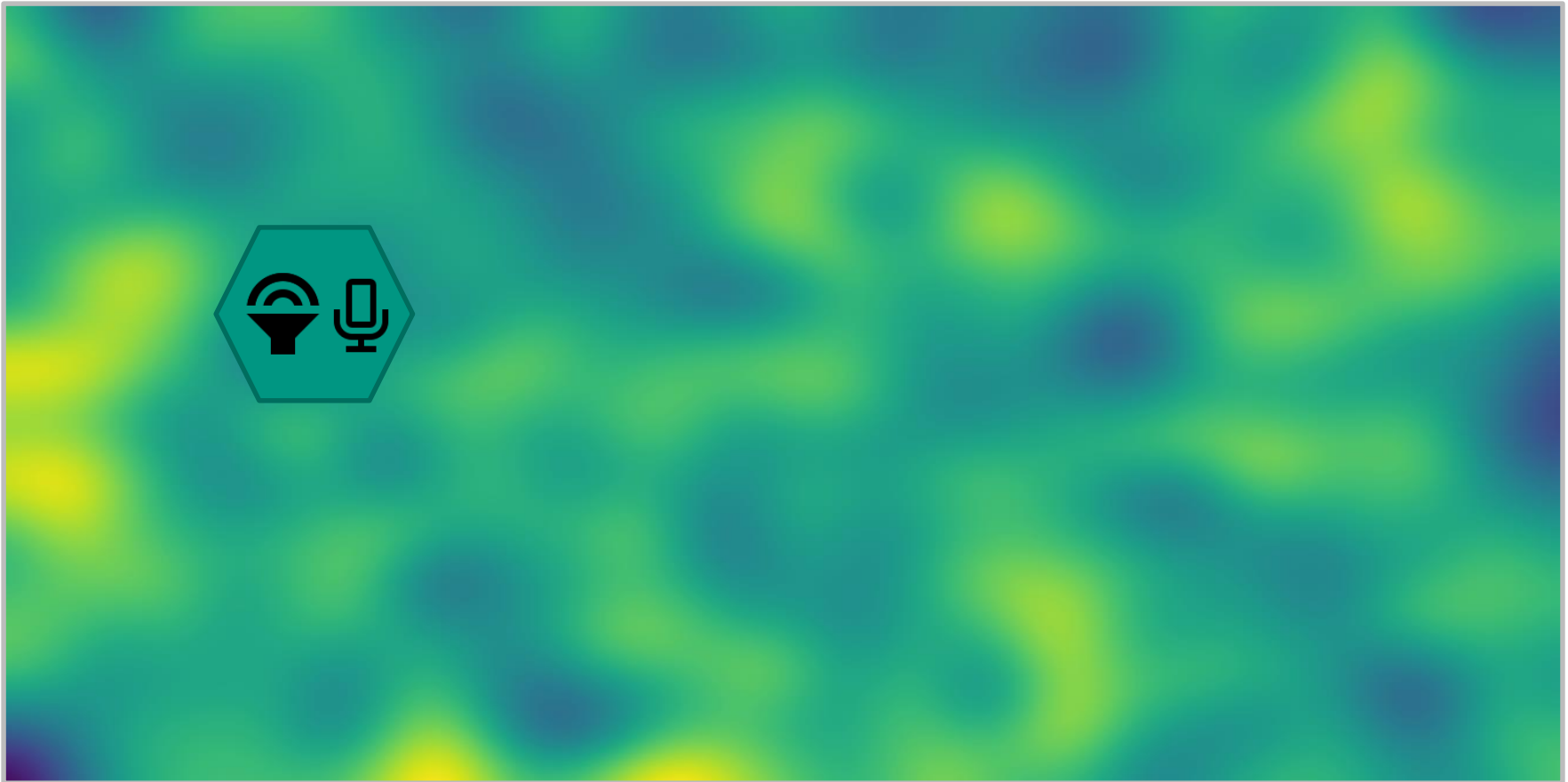
[Dokmanic et al 2016]



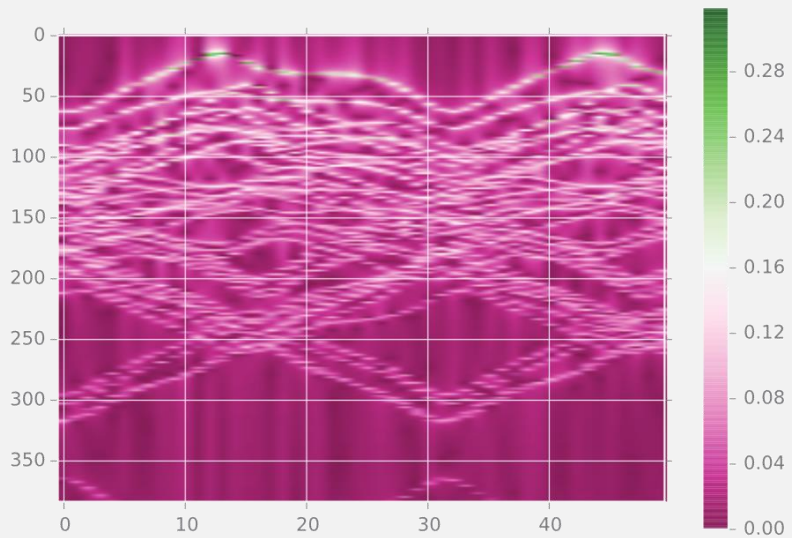
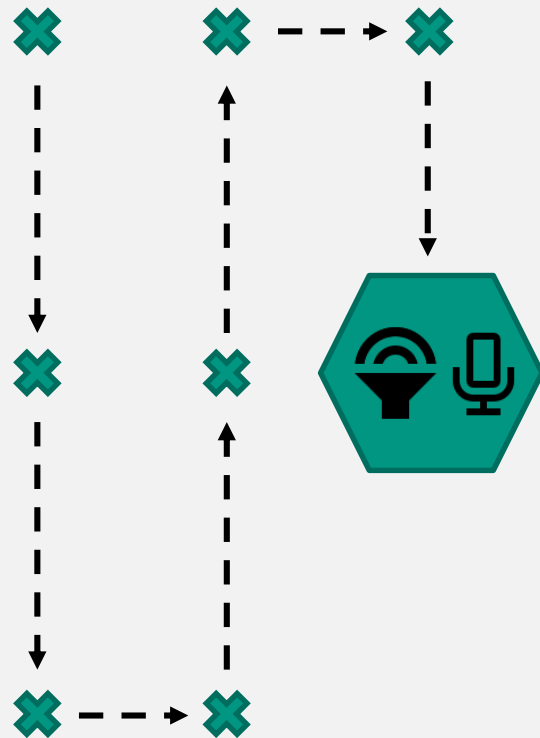












[Dokmanic et al 2016]





# Vorarbeiten

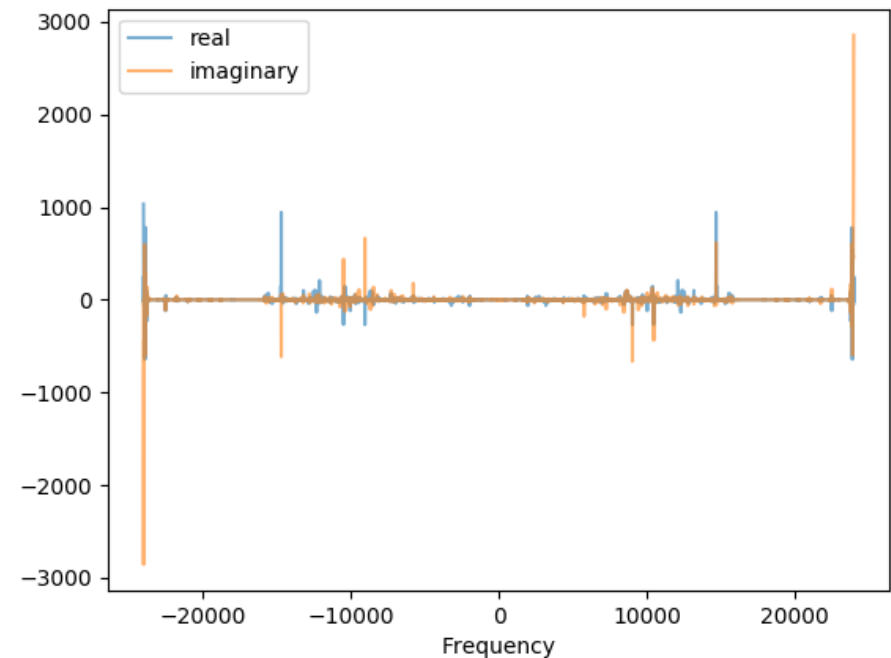
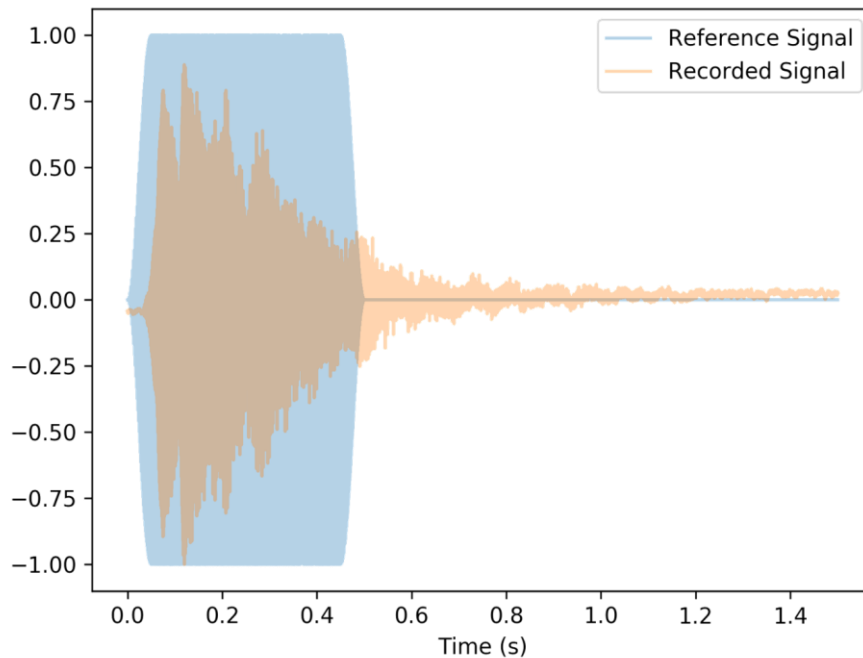
## Raum Impulsantwort

$$y(t) = g(t) * x(t)$$

$$Y(s) = G(s) \cdot X(s)$$

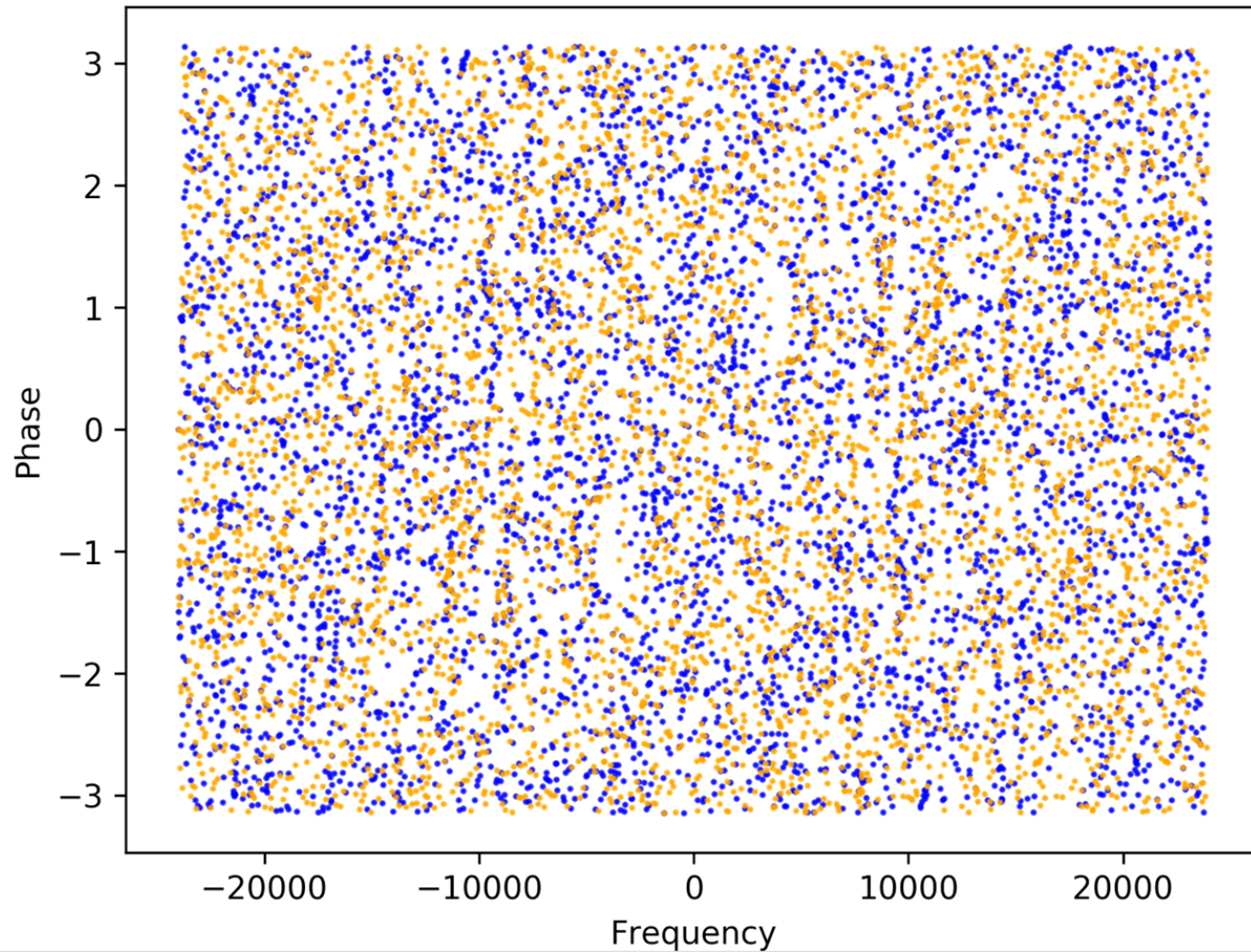


$$G(s) = \frac{Y(s)}{X(s)}$$



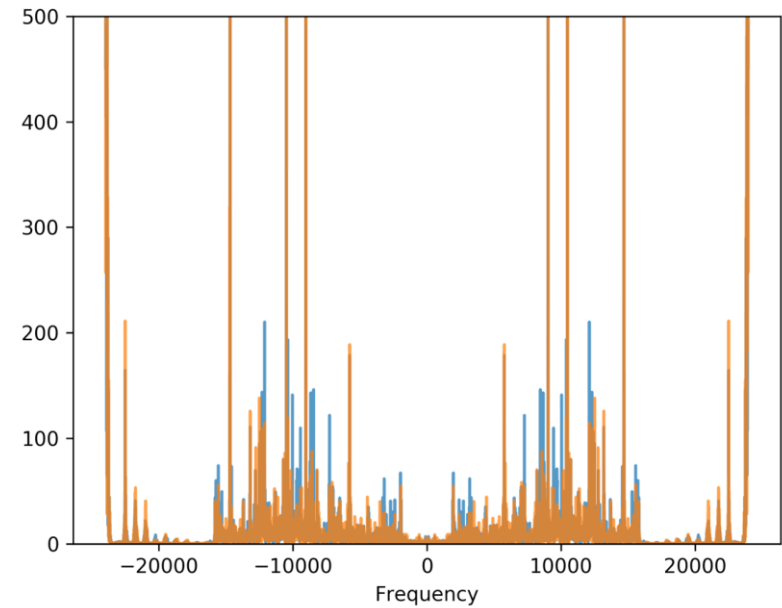
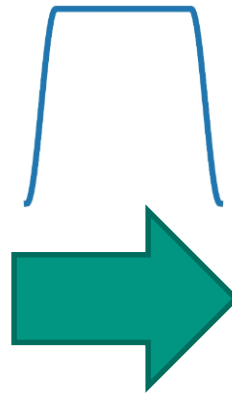
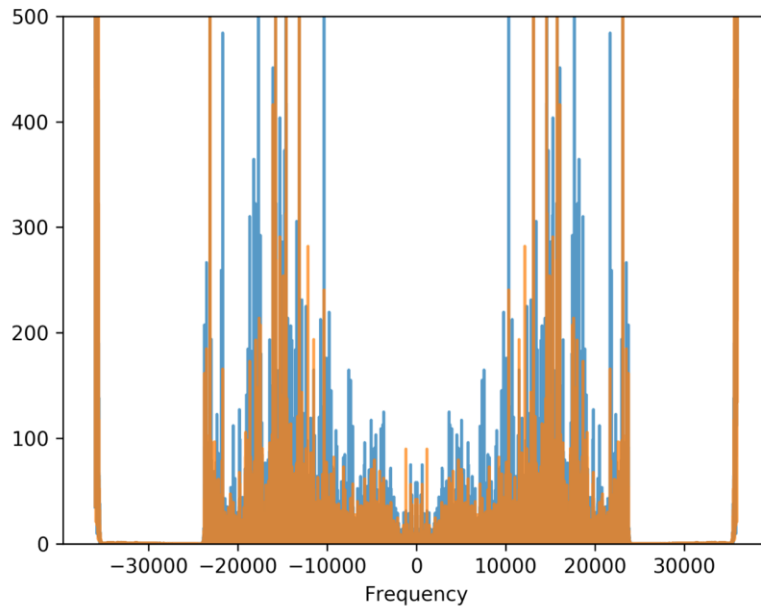
# Vorarbeiten

## Betrachtung der Phase



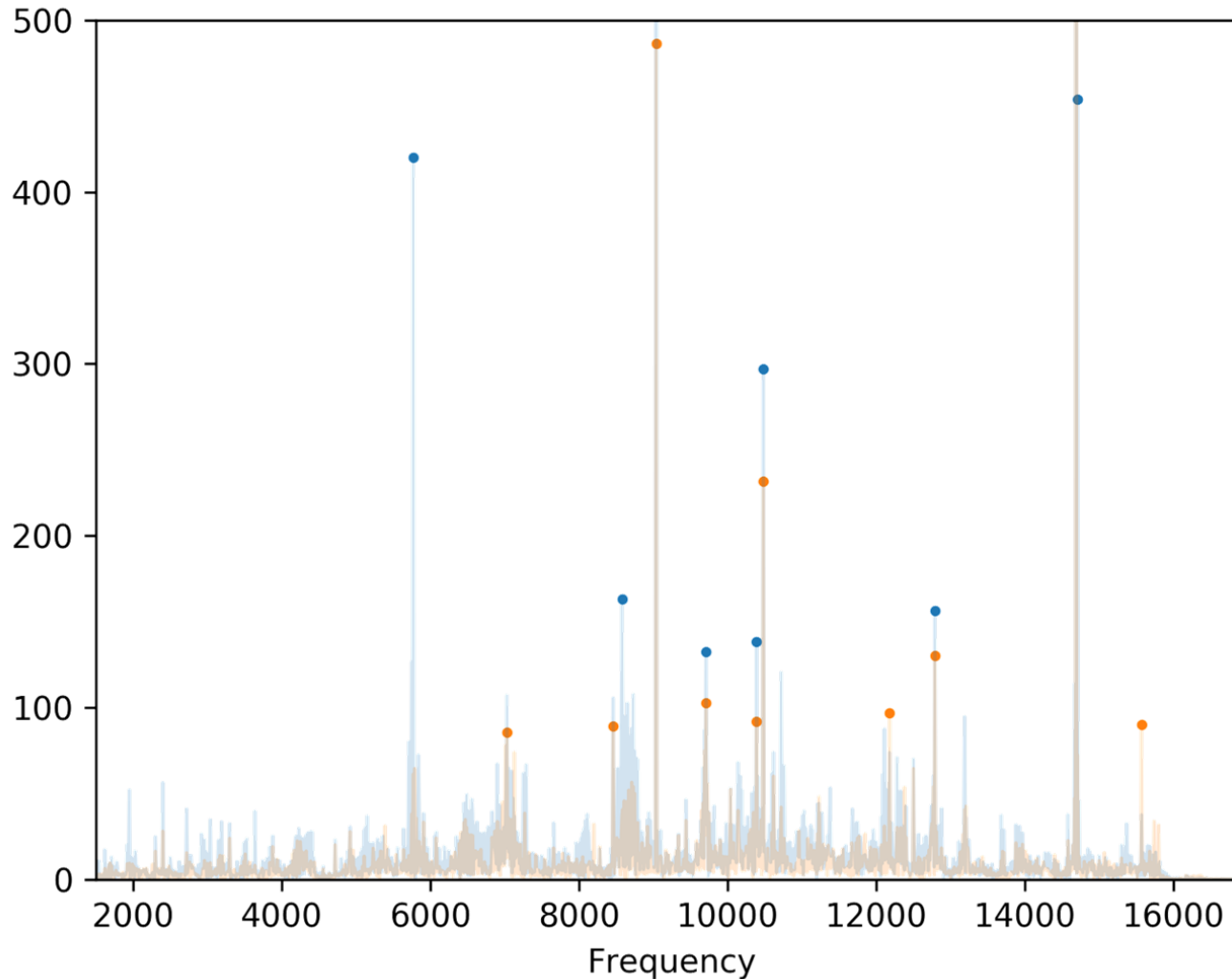
# Vorarbeiten

## Kontinuität durch Fensterfunktion



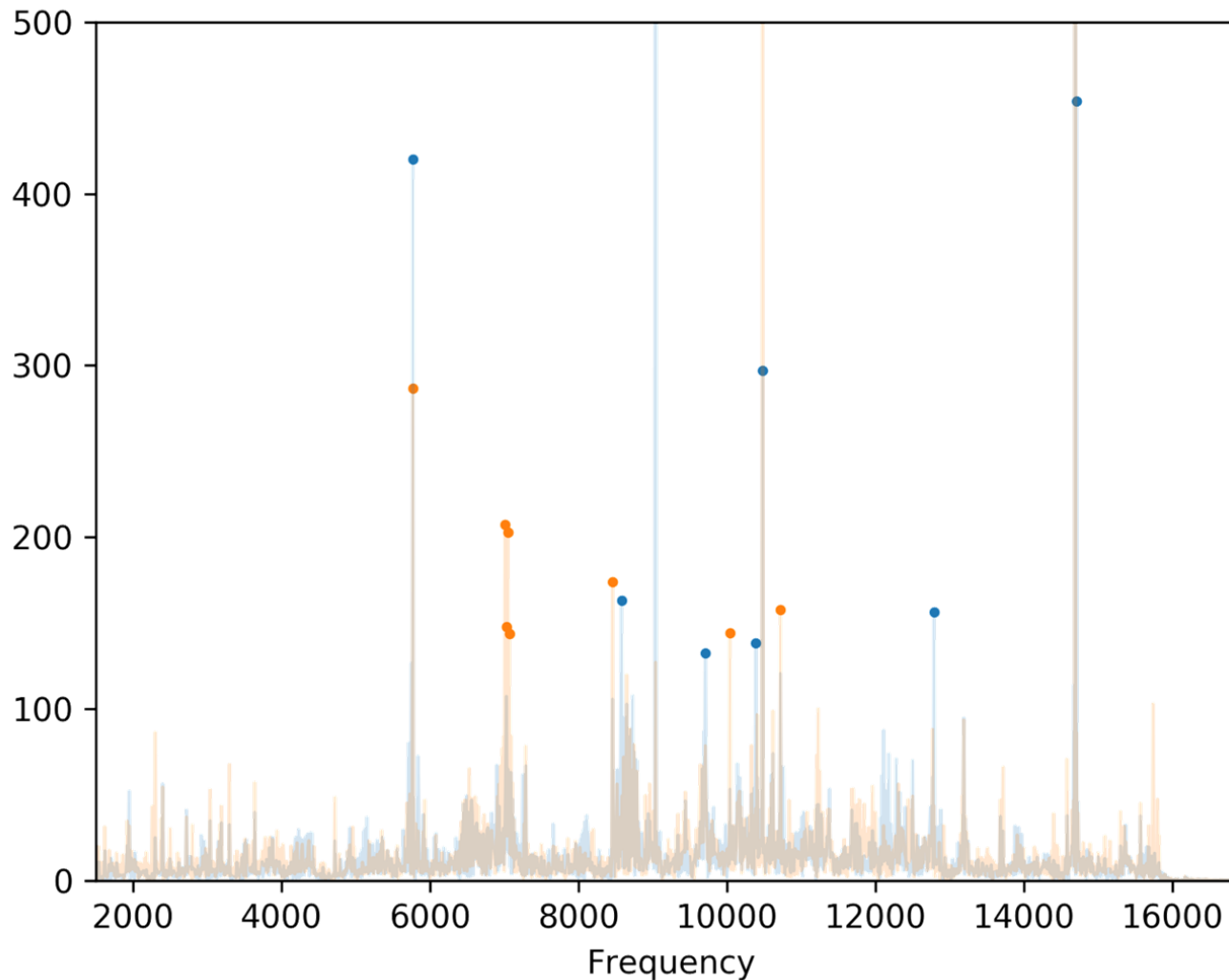
# Vorarbeiten

## Betrachtung der Spitzen in Magnitude – Gleiche Position



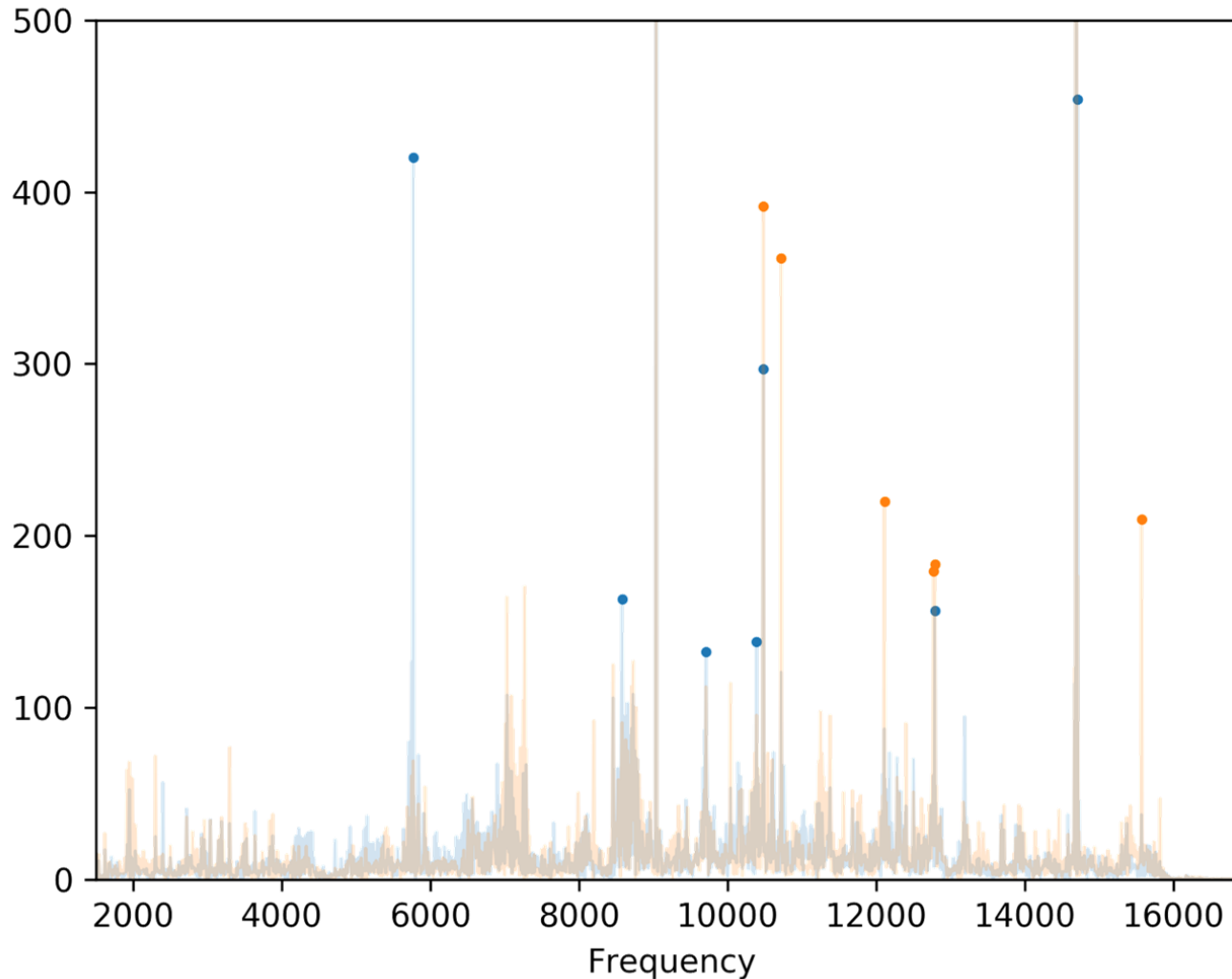
# Vorarbeiten

## Betrachtung der Spitzen in Magnitude – Verschiedene Position gleicher Raum



# Vorarbeiten

## Betrachtung der Spitzen in Magnitude – Verschiedene Räume



# Projekt

## Forschungsfrage

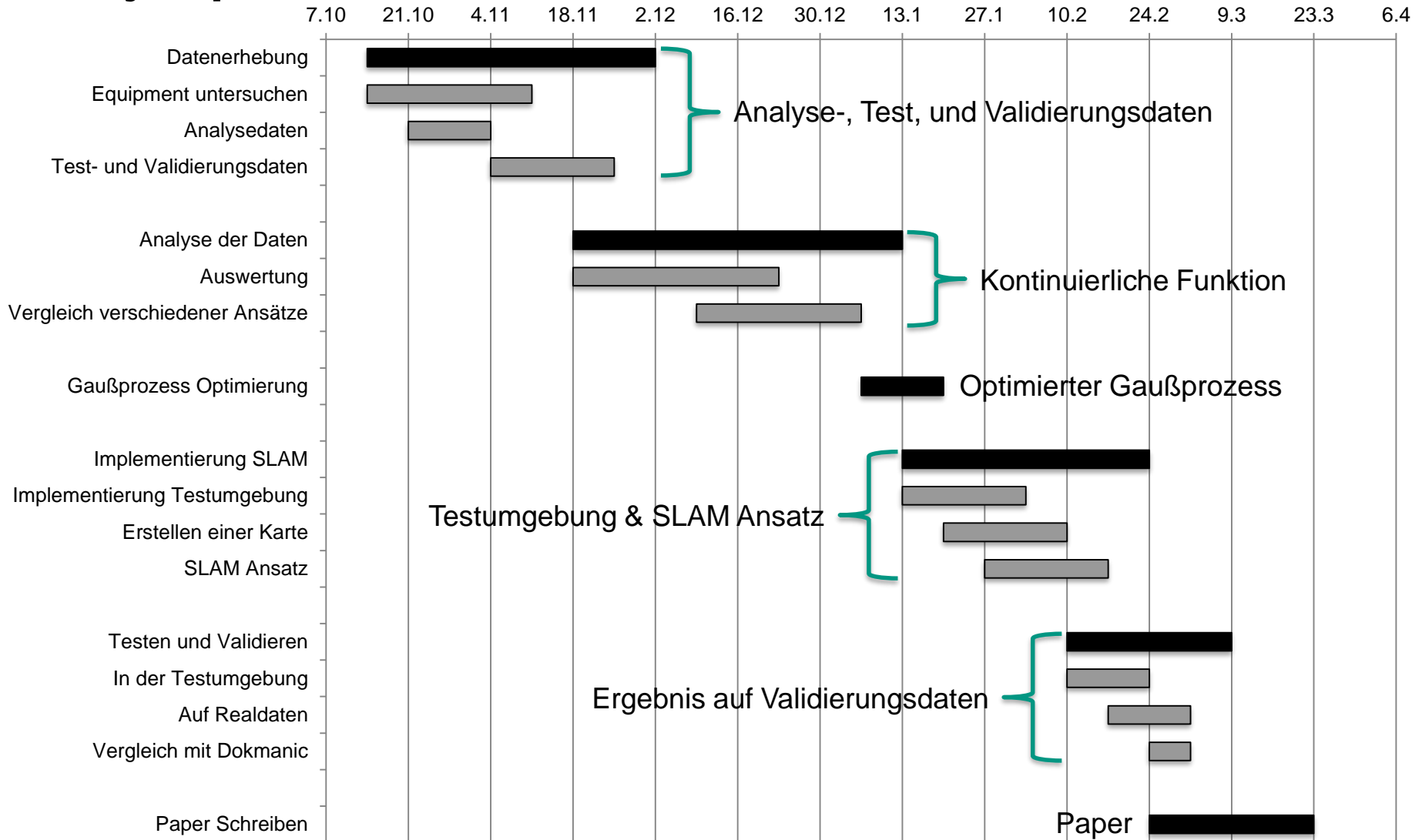
- Kann eine Roboterplattform mithilfe einer IMU, eines Lautsprechers und einem Mikrofon sich in Innenräumen lokalisieren?

## Aufgaben und Ziele

- Datengenerierung (Analyse-, Test und Validierungsdaten)
- Kontinuierliche Funktion aus Signal mit Gaußprozess
- Erstellen einer Karte
- Implementierung von SLAM
- Testen und Validieren
- Aussage über Anwendbarkeit von SLAM



# Projektplan



\* Eine Woche entspricht 2 Werktagen bzw. 16h bei 12 ECTS

- [Grisetti et al 2010] Giorgio Grisetti, Rainer Kümmerle, Cyrill Stachniss and Wolfram Burgard 2010;  
*A Tutorial on Graph-Based SLAM*
- [Kaess et al 2008] Michael Kaess, Ananth Ranganathan and Frank Dellaert 2008;  
*iSAM: Incremental Smoothing and Mapping*
- [Yu Lee 2018] Hyeonwoo Yu and Beomhee Lee 2018;  
*Terrain field SLAM and Unertainty Mapping using Gaussian Process*
- [Kok Solin 2018] Manon Kok and Arno Solin 2018;  
*Scalable Magnetic Field SLAM in 3D using Gaussian Process Maps*
- [Evers et al 2016] Christine Evers, Alastair H. Moore and Patrick A. Naylor 2016;  
*Acoustic Simultaneous Localization and Mapping (A-SLAM) of a moving Microphone Array and its Surrounding Speakers*
- [Evers Naylor 2018] Christine Evers and Patrick A. Naylor 2018;  
*Acoustic SLAM*
- [Dokmanic et al 2016] Ivan Dokmanic, Laurent Daudet and Martin Vetterli 2016;  
*From Acoustic Room reconstruction to SLAM*