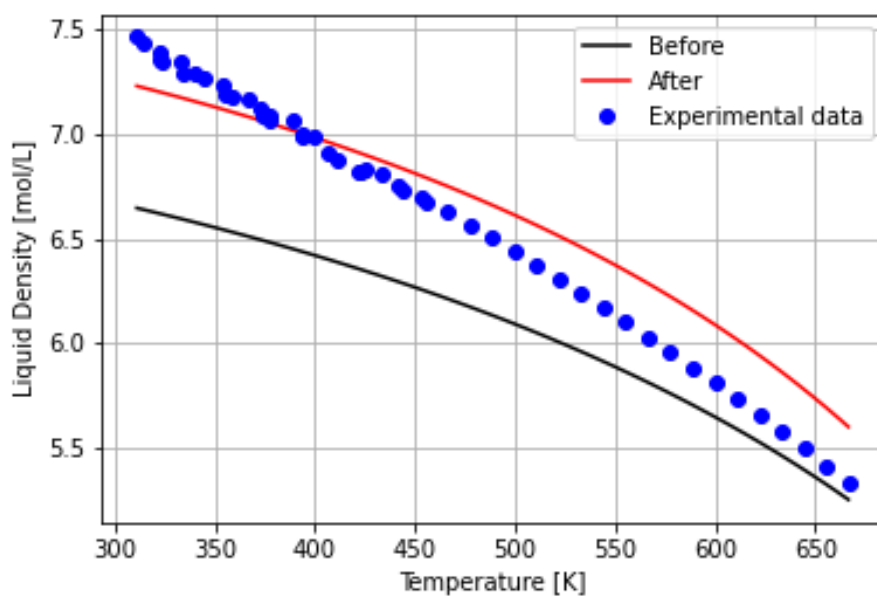


PyTherm

Thermodynamic Phase Equilibria Modelling in Python

User Guide, Edition 1



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User Guide, Edition 1

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By

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Contributed with optimization functions, and so on...

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1 Introduction to PyTherm

2 Installation of Python and Packages

2.1 Installing Python

2.1.1 Python

Using PyTherm requires Python version 3.8.3 or higher. The newest releases of Python may be found on the official website: <https://www.python.org/>. However, we recommend installing Python by installing Anaconda, which include the latest version of Python in its installation.

2.1.2 Anaconda

It is strongly advised to use Anaconda when using PyTherm . <https://www.anaconda.com/products/individual>

2.2 Installing IDE (Integrated Development Environment)

2.3 Installing relevant packages

2.3.1 lmfit

A python package used in parameter optimization is *lmfit*, which may be installed by using the following guide

1. Open Anaconda Prompt
2. Type `pip install lmfit` in the window
3. Press enter, and let the installation commence.
4. If any error occurs, consult the following link for in-depth installation guide:
<https://lmfit.github.io/lmfit-py/installation.html>

The use of this package also requires the installation of *NumPy*, *SciPy*, *asteval* and *uncertainties*, however these are installed automatically if `pip install lmfit` was used.

3 Jupyter Notebook

3.1 How to open Jupyter Notebook

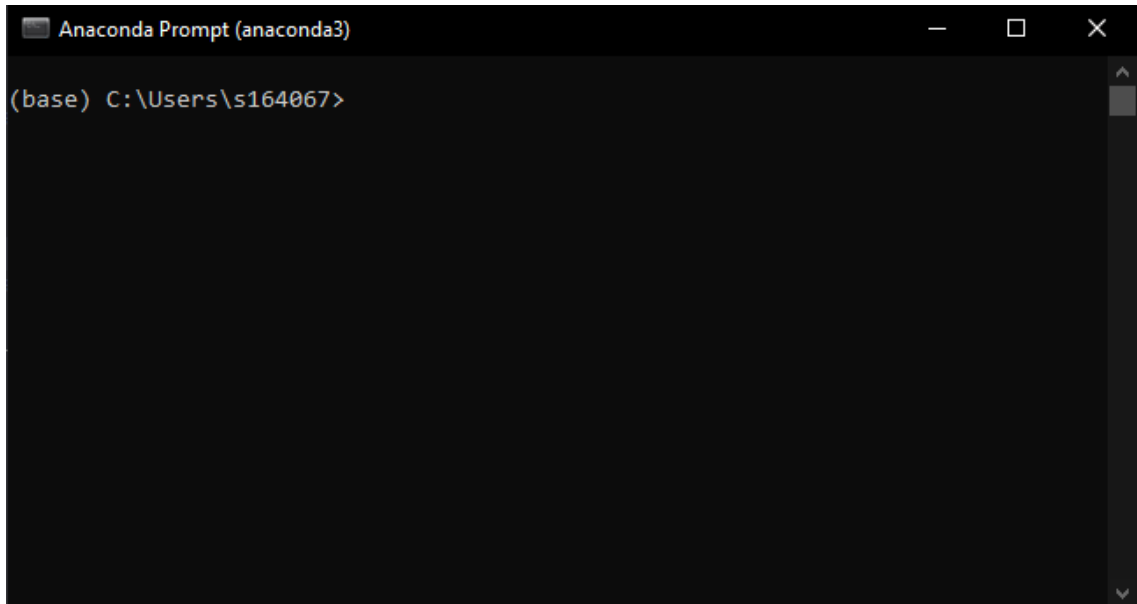


Figure 3.1: Caption

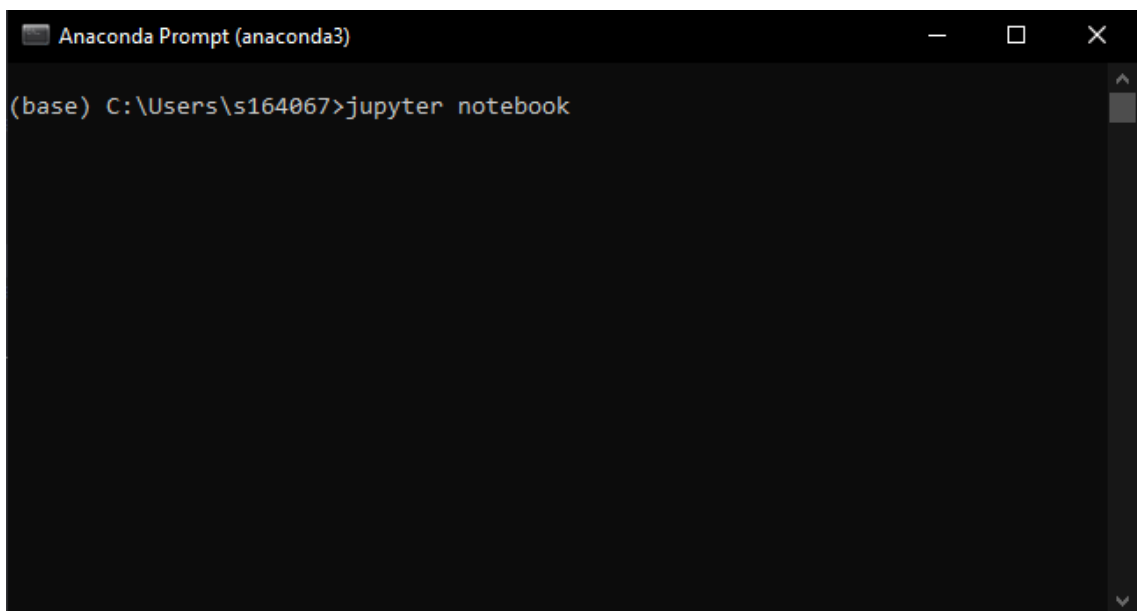


Figure 3.2: Caption

```
Anaconda Prompt (anaconda3) - jupyter notebook
s164067
[I 02:28:22.657 NotebookApp] The Jupyter Notebook is running at:
[I 02:28:22.657 NotebookApp] http://localhost:8889/?token=25dbe877cb4ee16aa51e
284457af9bf9b0134fe091f83ac0
[I 02:28:22.657 NotebookApp] or http://127.0.0.1:8889/?token=25dbe877cb4ee16a
a51e284457af9bf9b0134fe091f83ac0
[I 02:28:22.657 NotebookApp] Use Control-C to stop this server and shut down a
ll kernels (twice to skip confirmation).
[C 02:28:22.683 NotebookApp]

To access the notebook, open this file in a browser:
file:///C:/Users/s164067/AppData/Roaming/jupyter/runtime/nbserver-2450
8-open.html
Or copy and paste one of these URLs:
http://localhost:8889/?token=25dbe877cb4ee16aa51e284457af9bf9b0134fe09
1f83ac0
or http://127.0.0.1:8889/?token=25dbe877cb4ee16aa51e284457af9bf9b0134fe09
1f83ac0
```

Figure 3.3: Caption

```
Select Anaconda Prompt (anaconda3) - jupyter notebook
s164067
[I 02:28:22.657 NotebookApp] The Jupyter Notebook is running at:
[I 02:28:22.657 NotebookApp] http://localhost:8889/?token=25dbe877cb4ee16aa51e
284457af9bf9b0134fe091f83ac0
[I 02:28:22.657 NotebookApp] or http://127.0.0.1:8889/?token=25dbe877cb4ee16a
a51e284457af9bf9b0134fe091f83ac0
[I 02:28:22.657 NotebookApp] Use Control-C to stop this server and shut down a
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http://localhost:8889/?token=25dbe877cb4ee16aa51e284457af9bf9b0134fe09
1f83ac0
or http://127.0.0.1:8889/?token=25dbe877cb4ee16aa51e284457af9bf9b0134fe09
1f83ac0
```

Figure 3.4: Caption

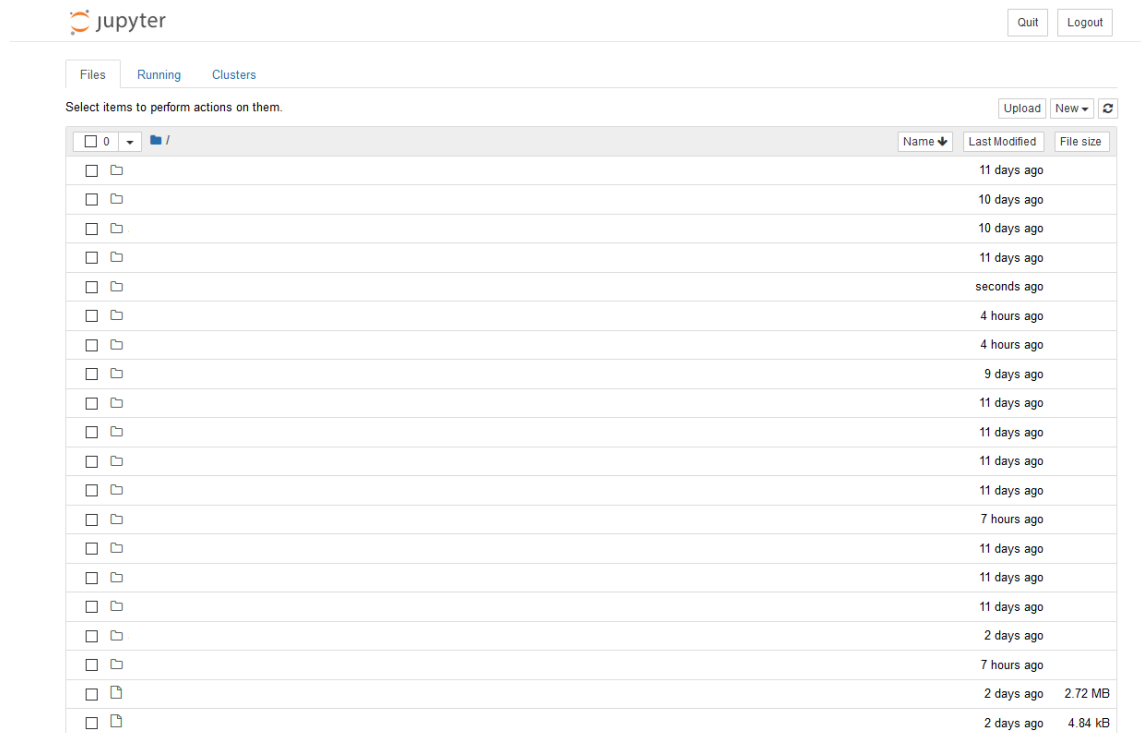


Figure 3.5: Caption

3.2 How to use Jupyter Notebook

3.3 Jupyter Notebooks for PyTherm

3.3.1 Lesson 1 - Preparing Thermodynamic Calculations

3.3.2 Lesson 2 - Performing Thermodynamic Calculations

3.3.3 Lesson 3 - Comparison Functions

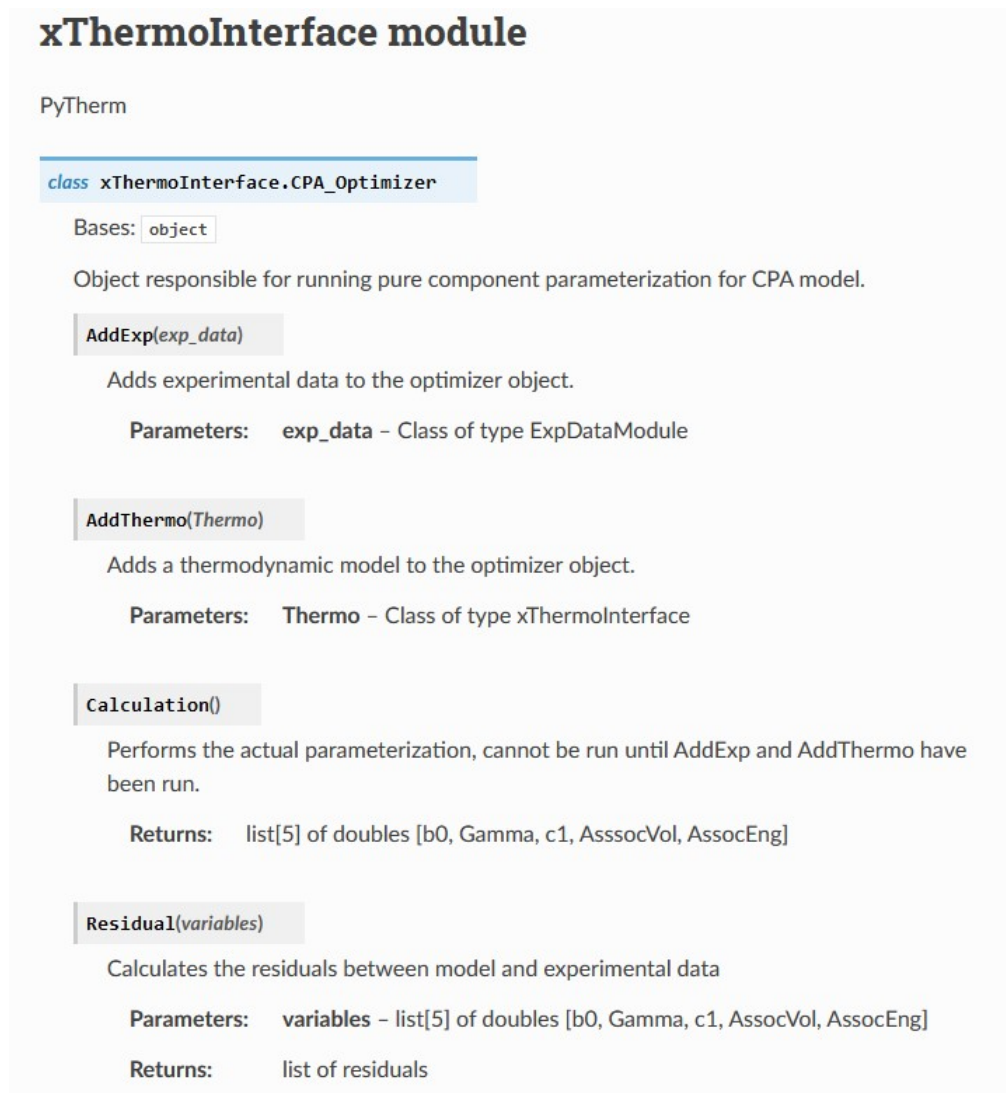
3.3.4 Lesson 4 - Parameter Optimization

4 Module Syntax

The python documentation for the PyTherm module may be found by following the following procedure.

1. Head to the folder containing the downloaded files.
2. Open the shortcut called "Python Documentation". Any browser may be used.

Below you will see an example from the documentation page.



xThermoInterface module

PyTherm

```
class xThermoInterface.CPA_Optimizer
```

Bases: `object`

Object responsible for running pure component parameterization for CPA model.

AddExp(*exp_data*)

Adds experimental data to the optimizer object.

Parameters: `exp_data` – Class of type ExpDataModule

AddThermo(*Thermo*)

Adds a thermodynamic model to the optimizer object.

Parameters: `Thermo` – Class of type xThermoInterface

Calculation()

Performs the actual parameterization, cannot be run until AddExp and AddThermo have been run.

Returns: list[5] of doubles [b0, Gamma, c1, AssocVol, AssocEng]

Residual(*variables*)

Calculates the residuals between model and experimental data

Parameters: `variables` – list[5] of doubles [b0, Gamma, c1, AssocVol, AssocEng]

Returns: list of residuals

Figure 4.1: Screenshot of the documentation page

A Title

