Capstone Project: Predict Future Sales

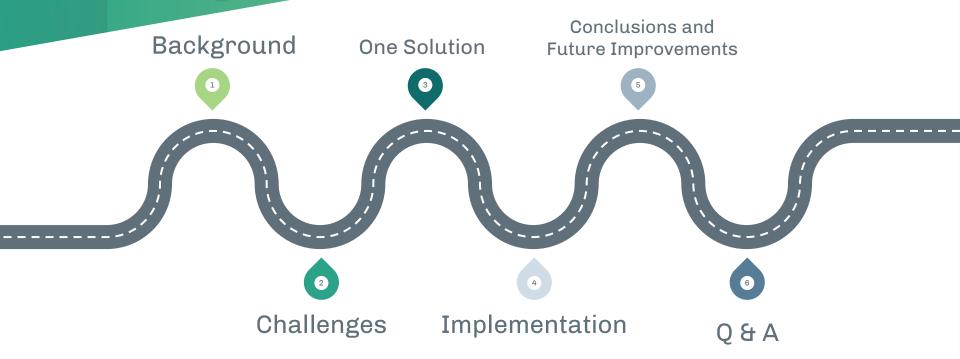
Hierarchical Forecasting & Reconciliation

Feng Yong He

Problem Statement

To build robust models to forecast monthly sales for each product in each retail store of 1C company, provided that most historical sales data are intermittent and sparse

Roadmap



Background



Predict Future Sales

Final project for "How to win a data science competition" Coursera course Playground \cdot 15598 Teams \cdot 2 months to go

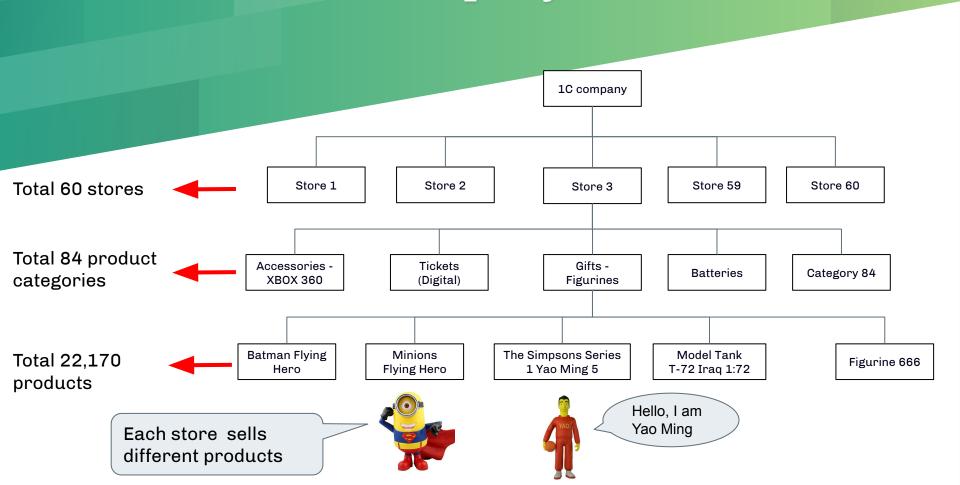
- One of Kaggle Active Competitions
- Dataset are provided by <u>1C Company</u>

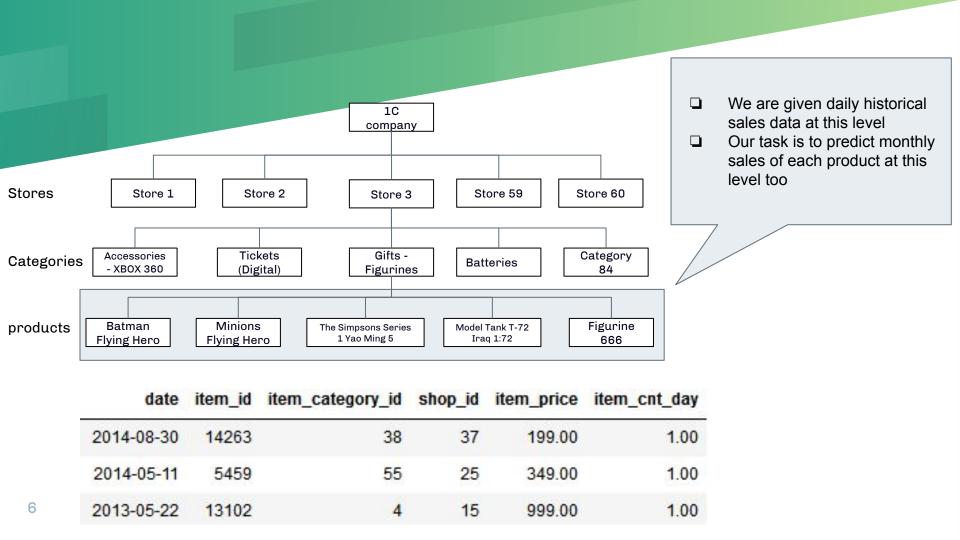
1C Company



- A Russian software developer, distributor and publisher based in Moscow.
- It is also running a retail chain selling computer software, related services, game consoles, video games, etc.

Retail Chain of 1C company





Challenges I

- Massive datasets
 - 2.9 millions records
 - From Jan 2013 to Oct 2015
- Messy data
 - the list of shops and products slightly changed every month
 - Some stores have been shut down while some stores just opened for one month
 - Some stores have very similar name, and seems to be same store
 - Zhukovsky st. Chkalova 39m?
 - Zhukovsky st. Chkalova 39m²
 - Quite a lot new arrival products without any historical sales data

Challenges II

I had 25 transactions in all shops in 2015!

- Intermittent and sparse historical sales data
 - Most products only have occasional transactions
 - The sales time series data contains many embedded zeros
 - Have no clearly defined trend
 - Does NOT exhibit any seasonal behavior
 - Very difficult for a conventional time series model such as ARIMA to forecast.



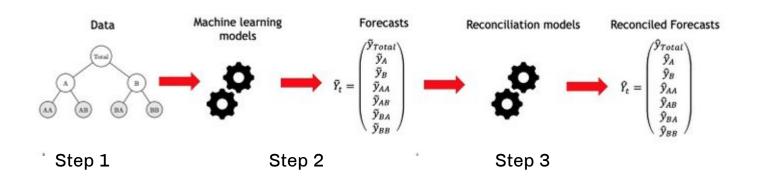
I only had 1 transaction in 2015



One solution:

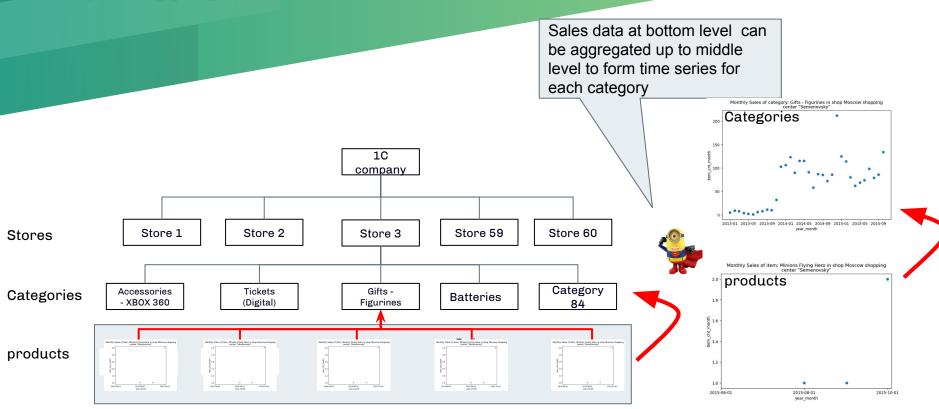
Hierarchical Time Series Forecasting & Reconciliation

- Step 1: Building Hierarchical Time Series:
- Step 2: Hierarchical Forecasting:
- Step 3: Forecast reconciliation:



Step 1: Building Hierarchical Time Series:

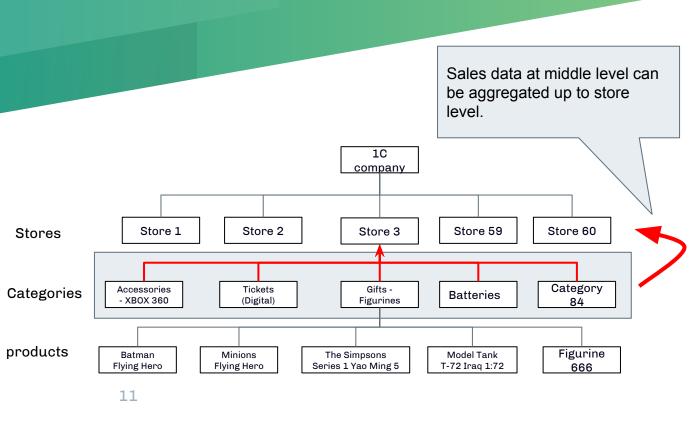
Substep 1: Aggregation From Bottom Level



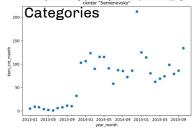
Step 1: Building Hierarchical Time Series:

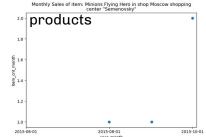


Substep 2: Aggregation From Middle Level







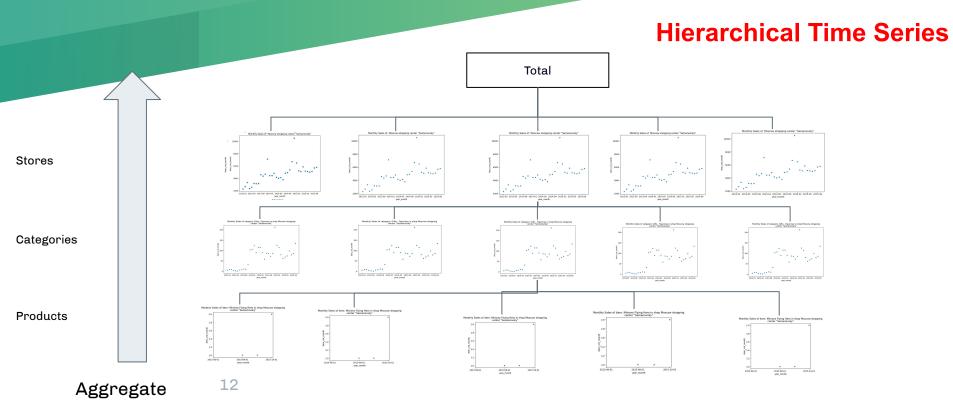


Step 1: Building Hierarchical Time Series:





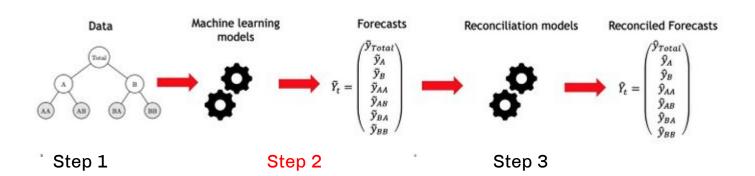
Done!



Hierarchical Time Series Forecasting & Reconciliation

- Step 1: Building Hierarchical Time Series:
- Step 2: Hierarchical Forecasting:
- Step 3: Forecast reconciliation:

13



Step 2: Hierarchical Forecasting:

Build my

own model

and forecast

2013-01 2013-05 2013-09 2014-01 2014-05 2013-09 2013-01 2013-05 2013-05

Build my

own model

and forecast

Build my

Build my

own model

and forecast

own model

and forecast

Stores

Categories

Products



Build my

own model

2013-01 2013-05 2013-09 2013-01 2013-05 2013-05 2013-05 2013-05

and forecast

Build my

own model

and forecast

Time Series at category level and store level have noticeable trends and seasonality. We can build time series models on each time series

Without noticeable trends and seasonality, we need to use ordinary regression algorithms such as LightBGM to predict all product sales.

- exogenous variable: Product name
 - Product price
 - Lagged data



Ordinary regression models to predict all products at this level

Total

Build my

Build my

own model

and forecast

own model

and forecast

Build my

own model

Monthly Soles of category, Gifts - Rigurines in shep Moscew shoppin center "Semenevsky"

Build my

own model

and forecast

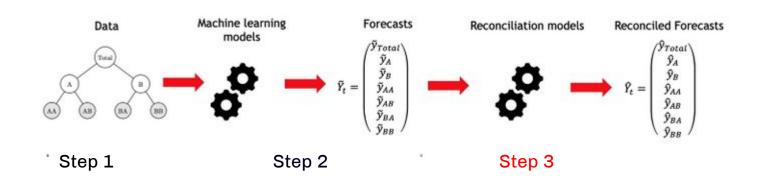
and forecast



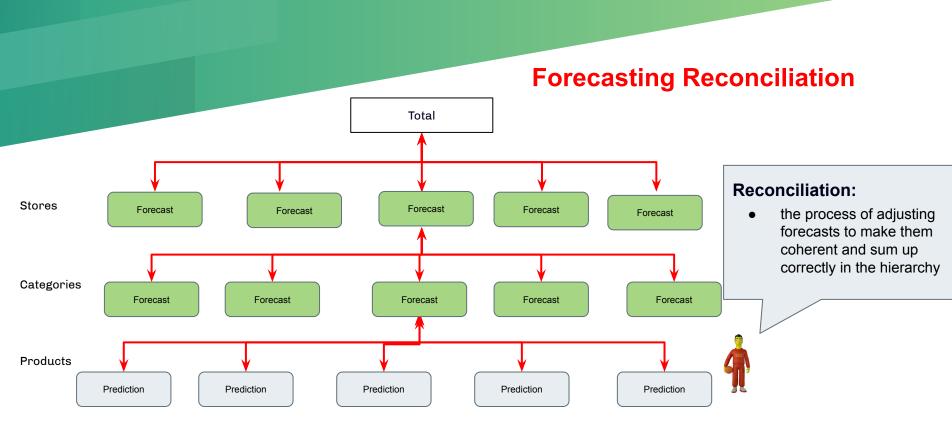
Hierarchical Time Series Forecasting & Reconciliation

- Step 1: Building Hierarchical Time Series:
- Step 2: Hierarchical Forecasting:
- Step 3: Forecast reconciliation:

15

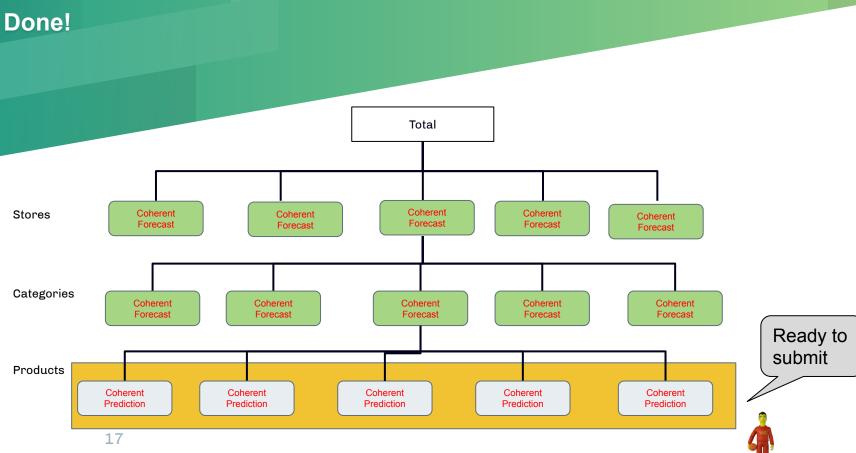


Step 3: Forecast Reconciliation:



Step 3: Forecast Reconciliation:



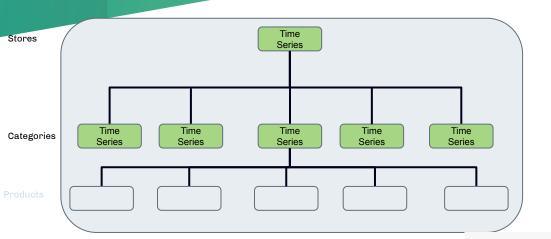


Implementation



- Step 1: Build Hierarchical Time Series
- Step 2a: Top Levels Time Series Modeling and Forecasting
- Step 2b: Bottom level modeling and performance
- Step 3: Forecasting Reconciliation

Implementation of Building Hierarchical Time Series

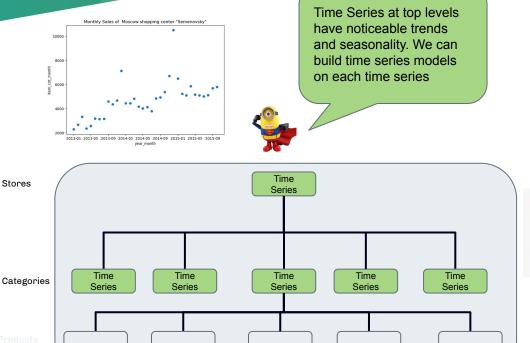


- Python Package: scikit-hts
- Due to memory constraints, we could only build hierarchical time series up to individual store level
- Sample Code:

We have built 41 such hierarchical trees for 41 stores. There were around 3,444 time series created in total



Implementation of Top Levels Modeling



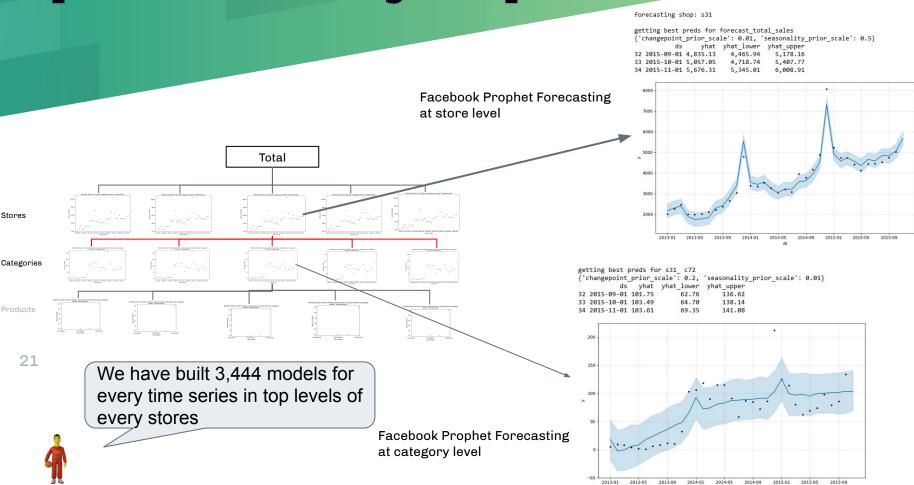
Stores

20

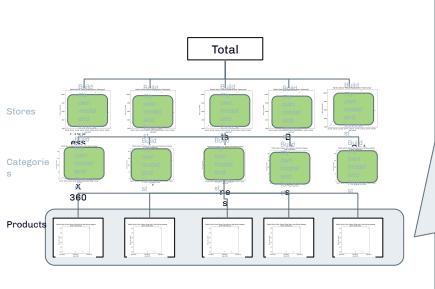
- Python Package: Facebook Prophet
- Took into consideration:
 - yearly-Seasonality
 - Holidays of Russia
- Hyperparameter tuning
 - Changepoint_prior_scale
 - Seasonality_prior_scale
- Sample Codes:

```
#create model based on best params
m = Prophet(changepoint prior_scale=best_params['changepoint prior_scale'],
           seasonality prior scale=best params['seasonality prior scale'],
           yearly_seasonality=True)
m.add country holidays(country name='RU')
m.fit(df)
```

Top levels modeling and performance



Implementation of Bottom level modeling and performance



- Intermittent and sparse data:
 - Can not use time series models same as top levels
- Used ordinary regression models:
 - LightGBM
 - XGBRegressor
 - StackingRegressor
- Made use of different exogenous variables to improve prediction:
 - Product name (TfidfVectorizer)
 - Product price
 - Features from category and store
 - Different lag data
 - o etc

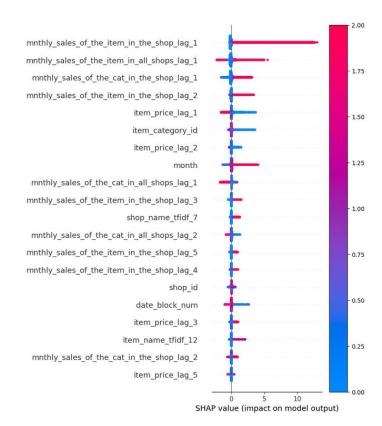
Bottom level modeling and performance

	Training Set (RMSE)	Testing Set (RMSE)	Generalization %	Kaggle Score (RMSE)	
LightGBM	1.08	0.93	14.38	0.94407	
XGBRegressor	0.97	0.94	3.10	0.96352	
StackingRegressor	0.99	0.92	7.17	0.94510	

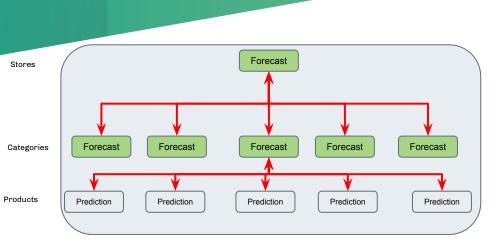
Shap values of model "LightGBM"

Shapley value:

- the average of the marginal contributions of a feature across
 all permutations
- Most important features:
 - Previous monthly sales of the product in the shop
 - Previous monthly sales of the product in all shops
 - Previous monthly sales of the product category in the shop



Implementation of Forecast Reconciliation



- Python package:
 - scikit-hts
- Reconciliation was carried out on store by store
- reconciliation strategies:
 - Ordinary least squares (OLS) :
 - minimises the total OLS within all coherent forecasts in the hierarchy
 - Structurally weighted least squares (WLSS):
 - minimises the total WLSS within all coherent forecasts in the hierarchy
 - Variance-weighted least squares (WLSV):
 - minimises the total WLSV within all coherent forecasts in the hierarchy

Forecast Reconciliation and Performance

Before Reconciliation		After Reconciliation					
	Kaggle Score	Reconciliation Strategy: OLS		Reconciliation Strategy: WLSS		Reconciliation Strategy: WLSV	
	(RMSE)	Kaggle Score (RMSE)	Improvement %	Kaggle Score (RMSE)	Improvement %	Kaggle Score (RMSE)	Improvement %
LightGBM	0.94407	1.21477	-28.67	0.93976	0.47	Bug	1 <u>z</u>
XGBRegressor	0.96352	1.22888	-27.54	0.95546	0.84	-7/	7
StackingRegressor	0.94510	1.21736	-28.81	0.94063	0.47	-	-

OLS strategy produced many negative results. It made the coherent prediction worse

WLSS strategy produced better results in overall

We encountered some errors when running WLSV strategy

Analysis of Forecast Reconciliation Performance

	Before Reconciliation	After Reconciliation					
	Kaggle Score	Reconciliation Strategy: OLS		Reconciliation Strategy: WLSS		Reconciliation Strategy: WLSV	
	(RMSE)	Kaggle Score (RMSE)	Improvement %	Kaggle Score (RMSE)	Improvement %	Kaggle Score (RMSE)	Improvement %
LightGBM	0.94407	1.21477	-28.67	0.93976	0.47	- 1	1-
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StackingRegress or	0.94510	1.21736	-28.81	0.94063	0.47	- V	-

- The Improvement of reconciliation is not encouraging
- Possible reasons:
 - Due to memory constraints, we just built hierarchical time series up to one store, which may not able to reflect all macro trends or seasonalities
 - Limited hyperparameter tuning
 - Many products/categories have too limited sales transactions
 - Some state-of-the-art reconciliation strategies have not supported by Scikit-hts
 - MinTSample
 - MinTShrink

Conclusions

- Hierarchical Forecasting & Reconciliation did improve the overall prediction of intermittent time series with correct strategy
- Hierarchical Forecasting & Reconciliation can apply to any time series with a hierarchical structure
- Scikit-hts offers a lot of flexibilities
 - Assist to build hierarchical time series from bottom level data
 - We can choose any algorithms for different levels of hierarchical time series
 - 3 reconciliation strategies are available at this moment.

Future Improvements

- To build a bigger hierarchy to contain all data
- To try different reconciliation strategies:
 - Variance Scaling
 - MinTSample
 - MinTShrink
- To try different time series models:
 - LSTM
 - N-BEATS
- More feature engineering for bottom level modelling

Q & A

Thank you!!



Background: 1C company



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