Generating figures visualizing the match between sPlot 2.1 and TRY 3.0

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Abstract

This document describes the workflow of generating some figures that visualize the match between (i) global vegetation plot database sPlot version 2.1 and (ii) the global plant trait data base TRY version 3.

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1	Load required packages	
li li li	<pre>brary(ggplot2) brary(plyr) brary(dplyr) brary(reshape) brary(foreach)</pre>	

2 Loading Data

2.1 sPlot species data

Loading a reduced version of 'splot_20161025_species', DT2_small, that just contains the columns 'PlotObservationID', 'species' and 'Relative.cover':

```
load("/home/oliver/Dokumente/PhD/PostPhD/IDiv/sDiv/sPlot/Analyses/Data/Species/sPlot/
sPlot_2017_08_04/splot_20161025_species_small.Rdata")
gc()
dim(DT2_small)
## [1] 22195966
                       3
head(DT2_small)
     PlotObservationID
                                        species Relative.cover
## 1
                          Festuca brachyphylla
                    15
                                                    0.2000000
## 2
                    15
                            Potentilla elegans
                                                    0.75000000
## 3
                    15 Saxifraga serpyllifolia
                                                    0.05000000
## 4
                    16
                          Festuca brachyphylla
                                                    0.2777778
                                                    0.6944444
## 5
                    16
                            Potentilla elegans
## 6
                    16 Saxifraga serpyllifolia
                                                    0.02777778
```

2.2 Header data

Includes a reduced version of 'splot_20161124_header', mainly containing the biome-affiliation and the X-Y-coordinates of each plot:

```
load("/home/oliver/Dokumente/PhD/PostPhD/IDiv/sDiv/sPlot/Analyses/Data/Species/sPlot/
sPlot_2017_08_04/splot_20161124_header_small.Rdata")
gc()
coord.biome <- header_small</pre>
```

2.3 Trait data

Loading the gapfilled trait data from TRY 3.0:

```
try3gapfilled <- read.csv("/home/oliver/Dokumente/PhD/PostPhD/IDiv/sDiv/sPlot/Analyses/
Data/Traits/TRY_3.0_gapfilled/Export_sPlot_2016_09_12.csv", stringsAsFactors = F)
gc()</pre>
```

```
dim(try3gapfilled)
```

```
## [1] 632938 34
names(try3gapfilled)
```

```
[1] "ObservationID"
                                    "X1"
##
##
    [3] "X4"
                                    "X11"
   [5] "X13"
                                    "X14"
   [7] "X15"
                                    "X18"
##
##
  [9] "X26"
                                    "X27"
                                    "X50"
## [11] "X47"
```

```
## [13] "X56"
                                   "X78"
## [15] "X138"
                                   "X163"
## [17] "X169"
                                   "X237"
## [19] "X282"
                                   "ObservationID.2"
## [21] "AccSpeciesID"
                                   "Species"
## [23] "Genus"
                                   "Family"
## [25] "PhylogeneticGroup"
                                   "Exposition"
## [27] "Maturity"
                                   "PlantGrowthForm"
## [29]
       "LeafType"
                                   "LeafCompoundness"
## [31] "TypicalNumberOfLeaflets" "DbComment"
## [33] "ObservationID.1"
                                   "name.short.correct"
```

2.4 Taxonomic backbone

```
load("/home/oliver/Dokumente/PhD/PostPhD/IDiv/sDiv/sPlot/Analyses/Code/
backbone.splot2.1.try3.is.vascular.Rdata")
gc()
```

3 Matching species with biomes

```
DTMatch <- dplyr::left_join(DT2_small, coord.biome[,c(1,5)], by = "Plot0bservationID")
head(DTMatch)
     PlotObservationID
##
                                        species Relative.cover
                                                                      Biome
## 1
                          Festuca brachyphylla
                                                    0.20000000 Boreal zone
## 2
                    15
                            Potentilla elegans
                                                    0.75000000 Boreal zone
## 3
                    15 Saxifraga serpyllifolia
                                                    0.05000000 Boreal zone
## 4
                          Festuca brachyphylla
                                                    0.27777778 Boreal zone
## 5
                            Potentilla elegans
                                                    0.6944444 Boreal zone
## 6
                    16 Saxifraga serpyllifolia
                                                    0.02777778 Boreal zone
table(DTMatch$Biome)
##
##
                                                    Boreal zone
                           Alpine
##
                           422923
                                                          417748
##
                Dry midlatitudes
                                     Dry tropics and subtropics
##
                           491939
##
         Polar and subpolar zone Subtrop. with year-round rain
##
                           44738
                                                          666686
##
     Subtropics with winter rain
                                         Temperate midlatitudes
##
                         2189688
                                                       17061718
##
        Tropics with summer rain Tropics with year-round rain
##
                           341649
                                                          229810
```

4 Summarizing species information

4.1 Calculating species species frequency and average cover

4.2 Classify species according to frequency and dominance

Assigning frequency classes:

Assigning dominance classes:

3

Because we are interested in percentiles of the whole population of the 50,000+ species, I calculate 5% percentiles based on species ranks instead of their actual values:

```
spec.count.rank<-rank(spec.agg.splot2.vasc$count.spec, ties.method = "first")</pre>
fac1 <- cut(spec.count.rank, quantile(spec.count.rank, probs=0:20/20), include.lowest=TRUE,
            labels=1:20)
table(fac1)
## fac1
                                                         11
                                                              12
                                                                   13
## 2904 2903 2903 2904 2903 2904 2903 2903 2904 2903 2903 2903 2903 2904
     16
          17
               18
                    19
## 2903 2903 2903 2904
spec.cover.rank<-rank(spec.agg.splot2.vasc$Avg_Cover_Perc, ties.method = "first")</pre>
fac2 <- cut(spec.cover.rank, quantile(spec.cover.rank, probs=0:20/20), include.lowest=TRUE,</pre>
            labels=1:20)
table(fac2)
## fac2
```

9

10

11

12

13

8

6

7

2904 2903 2903 2903 2904 2903 2903 2903 2903 2904 2903 2903 2903 2903 2904

```
## 16 17 18 19 20
## 2903 2903 2903 2904

spec.agg.splot2.vasc$count.fac.20 <- fac1
spec.agg.splot2.vasc$cover.fac.20 <- fac2</pre>
```

5 TRY species list

Match names in TRY with the backbone and generate a list of unique, resolved names of original (partly unresolved) names in TRY:

```
index2 <- match(try3gapfilled$Species, backbone.splot2.1.try3$names.sPlot.TRY)
try3gapfilled$name.short.correct <- backbone.splot2.1.try3$name.short.correct[index2]
str(try3gapfilled)</pre>
```

```
34 variables:
## 'data.frame':
                   632938 obs. of
                                   15472 15473 15474 15475 15476 ...
## $ ObservationID
                            : num
## $ X1
                                   2520 8500 7122 4917 2587 ...
                            : num
## $ X4
                                   0.607 0.567 0.511 0.52 0.47 ...
                            : num
## $ X11
                            : num
                                   18 21.6 15.3 14 16.7 ...
## $ X13
                                   468 478 471 478 477 ...
                            : num
## $ X14
                                   19.2 20.5 22.5 22.2 27.6 ...
                            : num
## $ X15
                            : num
                                   1.87 1.9 2.13 1.52 2 ...
## $ X18
                            : num
                                   8.96 19.15 24.27 23.01 15.26 ...
## $ X26
                                   17.766 64.555 49.765 7190.923 0.914 ...
                            : num
## $ X27
                                   14.23 18.58 18.96 33.89 2.51 ...
                            : num
## $ X47
                            : num
                                   0.255 0.349 0.34 0.294 0.299 ...
## $ X50
                                   1.24 0.937 1.508 1.633 1.622 ...
                            : num
## $ X56
                            : num
                                   8.99 11.24 11.73 15.23 12.41 ...
## $ X78
                                   1.494 5.805 4.072 0.837 1.117 ...
                            : num
   $ X138
                            : num
                                   67.66 1.65 132.23 32.09 48.35 ...
##
## $ X163
                                   0.428 1.272 1.6 5.514 0.427 ...
                            : num
                                   77.6 239.5 149.7 93.5 98 ...
## $ X169
                            : num
## $ X237
                                   12.43 26.62 25.18 33.77 2.73 ...
                            : num
##
   $ X282
                            : num
                                   725 237 227 615 512 ...
                                   15472 15473 15474 15475 15476 15477 15478 15479 15480 15481 ...
## $ ObservationID.2
                            : int
                                   797 854 855 1571 2710 2736 3184 4447 6088 7230 ...
## $ AccSpeciesID
                            : int
## $ Species
                                   "Acer campestre" "Acer platanoides" "Acer pseudoplatanus" "Aesculus
                            : chr
                                   "Acer" "Acer" "Acer" "Aesculus" ...
## $ Genus
                            : chr
## $ Family
                            : chr
                                   "Aceraceae" "Aceraceae" "Hippocastanaceae" ...
## $ PhylogeneticGroup
                                   "Angiosperm_Eudicotyl" "Angiosperm_Eudicotyl" "Angiosperm_Eudicotyl
                            : chr
                                   "" "" "" ...
## $ Exposition
                            : chr
                                   "" "" "" ...
## $ Maturity
                            : chr
                                   "tree" "tree" "tree" ...
## $ PlantGrowthForm
                            : chr
                                   "broadleaved" "broadleaved" "broadleaved" ...
## $ LeafType
                            : chr
   $ LeafCompoundness
                                   "simple" "simple" "compound" ...
                            : chr
## $ TypicalNumberOfLeaflets: int
                                   1 1 1 6 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
                                   "" "" "" ...
## $ DbComment
                            : chr
   $ ObservationID.1
                                   15472 \ 15473 \ 15474 \ 15475 \ 15476 \ 15477 \ 15478 \ 15479 \ 15480 \ 15481 \ \dots
##
                            : int
   $ name.short.correct
                                   "Acer campestre" "Acer platanoides" "Acer pseudoplatanus" "Aesculus
                            : chr
```

Generate a list of unique, resolved names of original (partly unresolved) names in TRY:

```
names.try <- unique(try3gapfilled$name.short.correct)
length(names.try)

## [1] 52033
There are 52033 unique resolved species in TRY.
length(unique(try3gapfilled$Species))</pre>
```

```
## [1] 59319
```

There are 59319 unique but partly unresolved species in TRY. Means that 12.3% of the gapfilled species in TRY3.0 are Synonyms (or to a small extent species where no suitable name matches were found).

6 Calculate match between sPlot and TRY

6.1 Assign names to match stats

Take the nineteen 5% percentiles as colnames. Skip the lowest percentile as it could not be calculated for the some of the biomes.

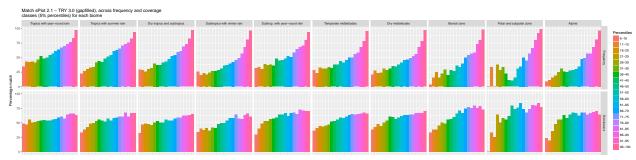
```
a <- seq(6, 100, 5)
b <- seq(10, 100, 5)
nam <- paste(a,b, sep = "-")
colnames(biome.trait.match.freq.dom) <- nam</pre>
```

Use the Biom in 'Schulz_Bio' as first column.

```
biome.trait.match.freq.dom)
colnames(biome.trait.match.freq.dom2)[1] <- "Schulz_Bio"</pre>
biome.trait.match.3 <- biome.trait.match.freq.dom2 %>%
    dplyr::filter(!is.na(Schulz_Bio)) %>%
    dplyr::select(1:20) %>%
    reshape::melt("Schulz_Bio") %>%
    dplyr::mutate(freq.dom = rep(c("Frequency", "Dominance"), 19, each = 10))
head(biome.trait.match.3)
                         Schulz_Bio variable
                                                  value freq.dom
## 1
                             Alpine
                                        6-10 8.333333 Frequency
## 2
                       Boreal zone
                                        6-10 3.571429 Frequency
        Dry midlatitudes 6-10 21.052632 Frequency
Dry tropics and subtropics 6-10 29.057592 Frequency
## 3
## 4
           Polar and subpolar zone
## 5
                                        6-10 0.000000 Frequency
## 6 Subtrop. with year-round rain
                                        6-10 32.063492 Frequency
tail(biome.trait.match.3)
                           Schulz_Bio variable
##
                                                   value freq.dom
## 375
             Polar and subpolar zone
                                        96-100 76.92308 Dominance
## 376 Subtrop. with year-round rain
                                        96-100 70.00000 Dominance
## 377
         Subtropics with winter rain 96-100 60.63250 Dominance
## 378
              Temperate midlatitudes
                                        96-100 65.59140 Dominance
## 379
            Tropics with summer rain
                                        96-100 66.93712 Dominance
## 380
       Tropics with year-round rain
                                        96-100 63.01775 Dominance
Bring 'biomes names' and 'freq.dom' in a sensible order:
biome.trait.match.3$Schulz Bio <-</pre>
    factor(biome.trait.match.3$Schulz_Bio, levels=c("Tropics with year-round rain",
                                                    "Tropics with summer rain",
                                                    "Dry tropics and subtropics",
                                                    "Subtropics with winter rain",
                                                    "Subtrop. with year-round rain",
                                                    "Temperate midlatitudes",
                                                    "Dry midlatitudes",
                                                    "Boreal zone",
                                                    "Polar and subpolar zone",
                                                    "Alpine"))
biome.trait.match.3$freq.dom <- factor(biome.trait.match.3$freq.dom,</pre>
                                        levels=c("Frequency", "Dominance"))
```

7 Generate the Figure

```
xlab("Biomes") +
  ylab("Percentage match")+
  guides(fill=guide_legend(title="Percentiles")) +
  ggtitle("Match sPlot 2.1 - TRY 3.0 (gapfilled), across frequency and coverage
classes (5% percentiles) for each biome")
```



7.1 Save the figure

```
ggsave("Match TRY3-sPlot2.1.biome_Freq_Dom_5_perc.png", plot = last_plot(), device = "png",
    path = NULL, scale = 1, width = 10, height = 5, units = c("mm"), dpi = 300,
    limitsize = TRUE)
```