

1. Consider the network diagram in [Figure 13.14](#). For each directed edge, the first number is the capacity and the second value is intended to give a flow ϕ in the network. However, the flow suggested is not valid.

- Identify the reason(s) ϕ is not valid.
- Without changing any of the edge capacities, modify ϕ into a valid flow $\hat{\phi}$. Try to use as few modifications as possible.

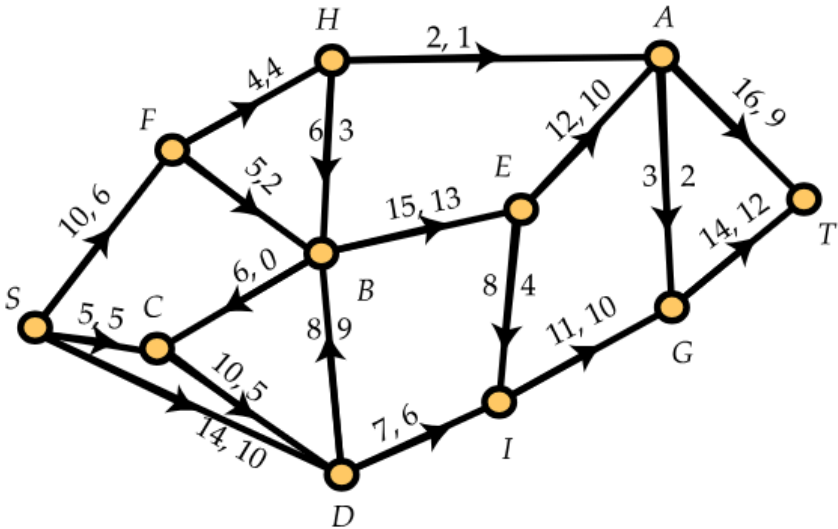


Figure 13.14. An invalid flow in a network

2. Alice claims to have found a (valid) network flow of value 20 in the network shown in [Figure 13.15](#). Bob tells her that there's no way she's right, since no flow has value greater than 18. Who's right and why?

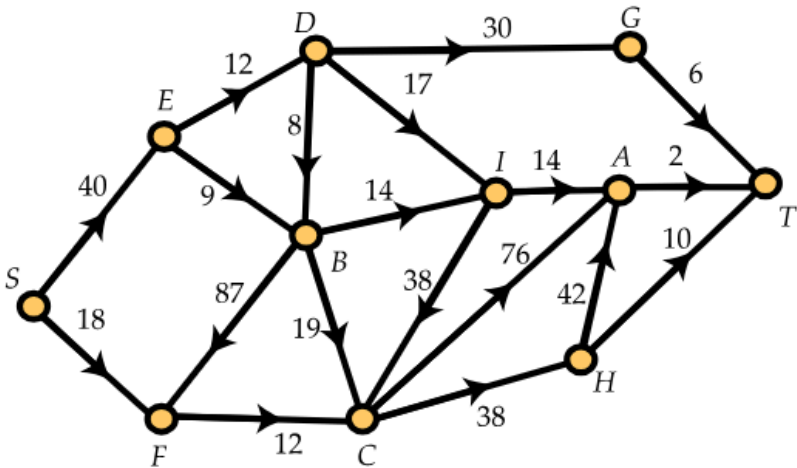


Figure 13.15. A network

3. Find an augmenting path P with *at least one backward edge* for the flow ϕ in the network shown in [Figure 13.16](#). What is the value of δ for P ? Carry out an update of ϕ using P to obtain a new flow $\hat{\phi}$. What is the value of $\hat{\phi}$?

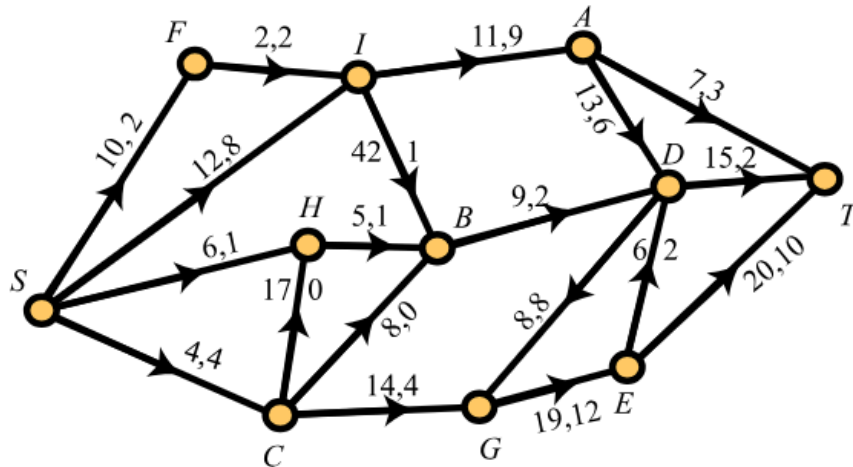


Figure 13.16. A network with flow

5. Find the capacity of the cut (L, U) with

$$L = \{S, F, H, C, B, G, I\} \quad \text{and} \quad U = \{A, D, E, T\}$$

in the network shown in [Figure 13.16](#).

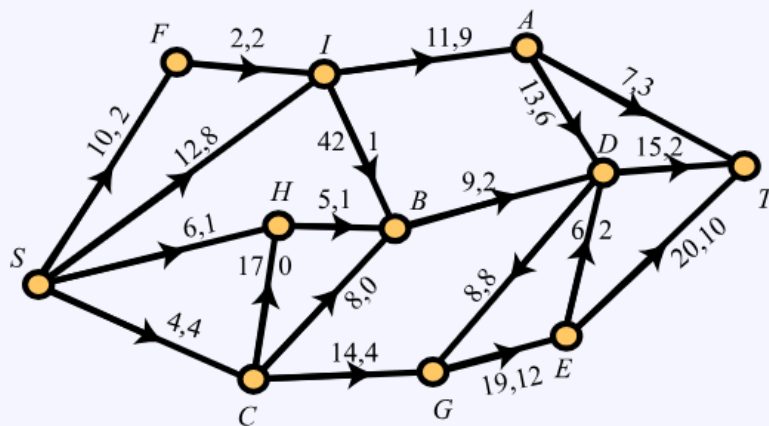


Figure 13.16. A network with flow

in-context

10. [Figure 13.18](#) shows a network. Starting from the zero flow, i.e., the flow with $\phi(e) = 0$ for every directed edge e in the network, use the Ford-Fulkerson labeling algorithm to find a maximum flow and a minimum cut in this network.

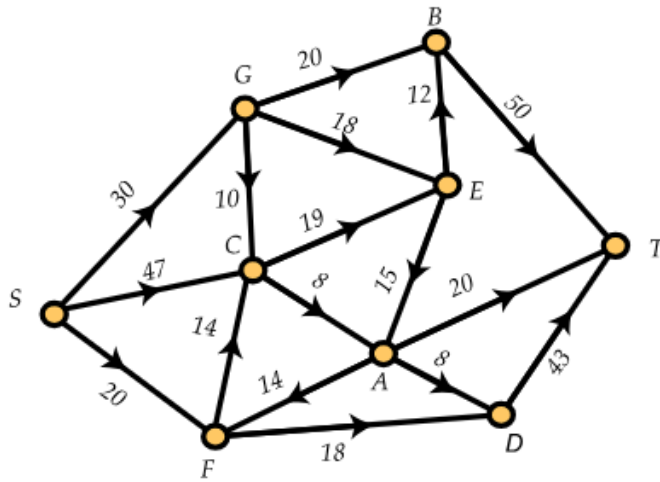


Figure 13.18. A network