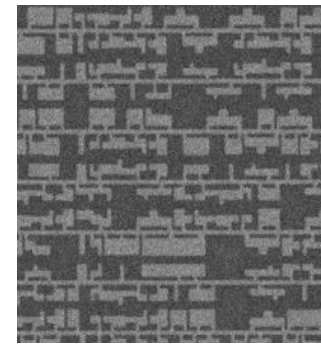
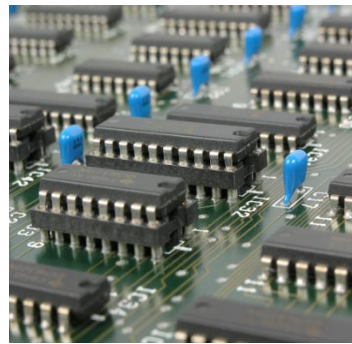


IC SEM RE Tutorial using AI Part 3: Unsupervised Machine Learning

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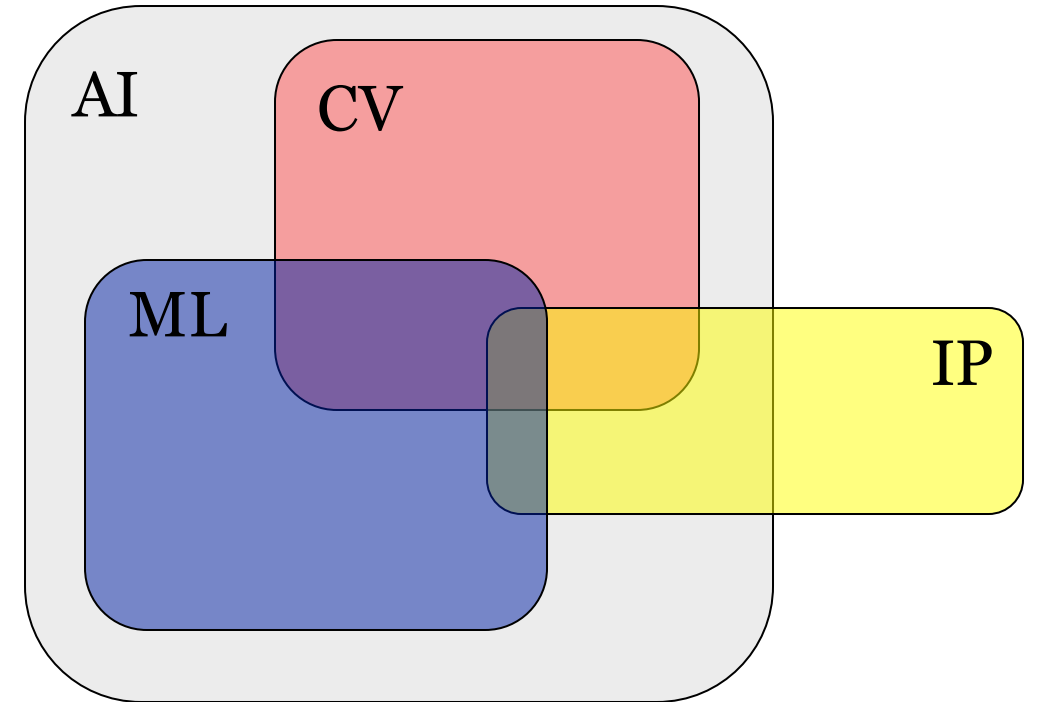
Objective

- Hardware Reverse Engineering Project using AI
 - Hands-on tutorial
 - Practical application in hardware assurance
 - Resume-builder / professional development
- Last Time:
 - Introduced Image Processing and Computer Vision
 - Improve upon previous code pipeline
- This lecture:
 - Introduce Unsupervised Machine Learning
 - Improve upon previous code pipeline

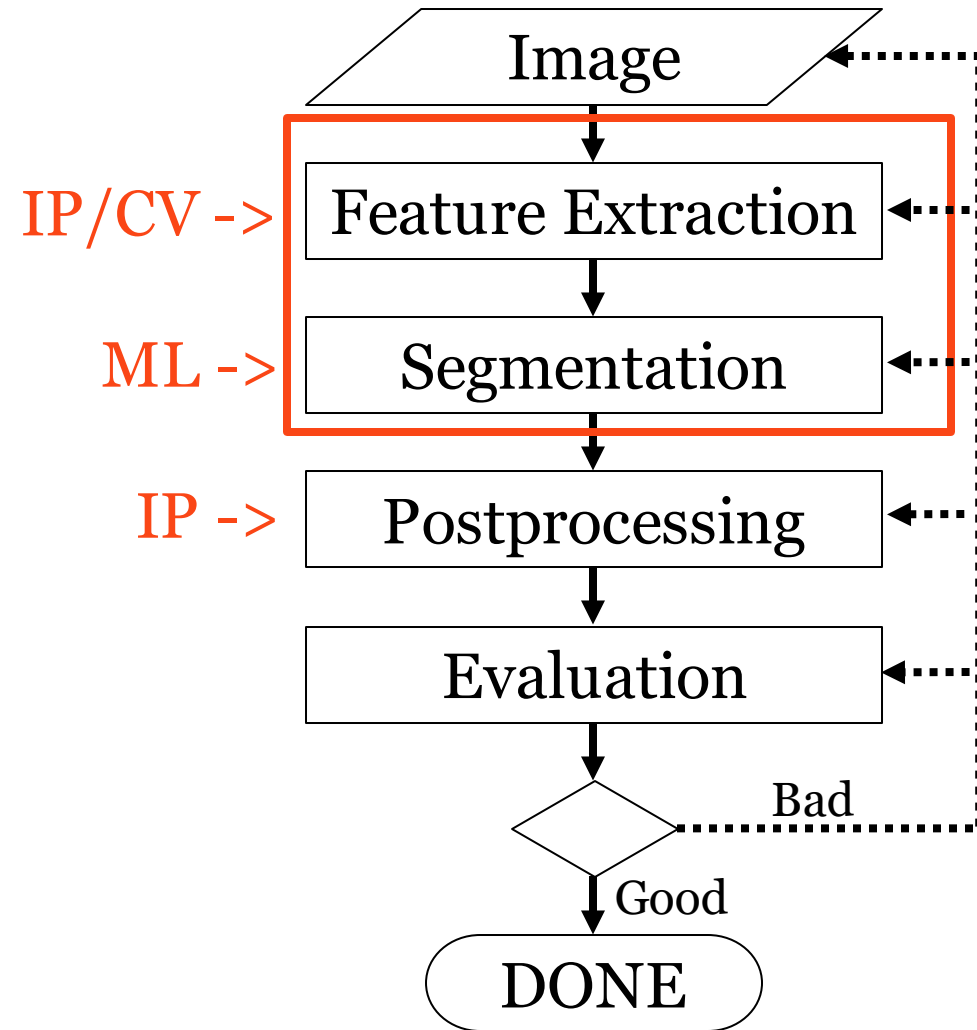
Refer to the prerequisites and documentation!

Machine Learning

- Machine Learning (ML) AI that learns patterns from data
 - Unsupervised
 - Supervised
 - Others (e.g. reinforcement, semi-supervised, etc.)
- TL;DR:
 - Unsupervised: learns without ground truth
 - Supervised: learns from ground truth

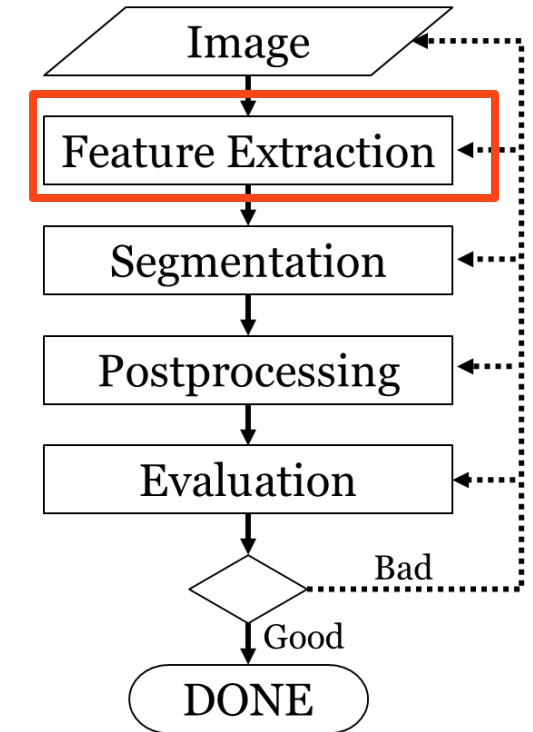
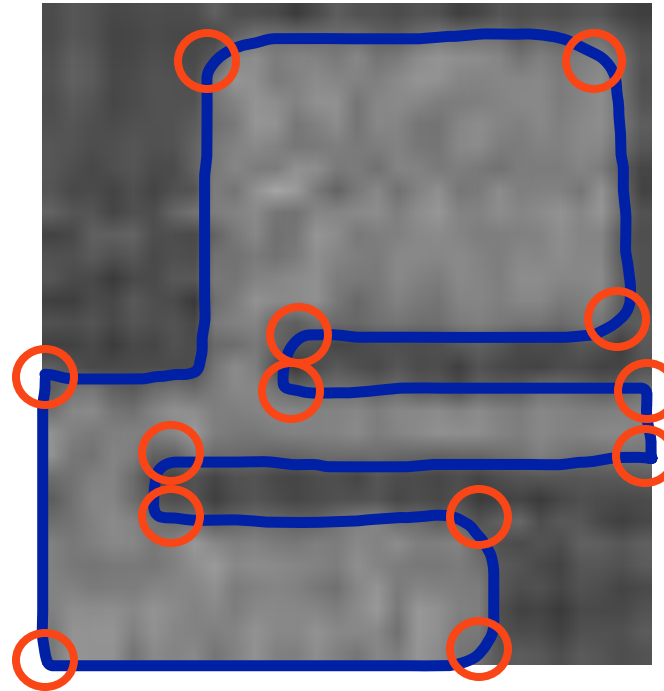


Typical ML Segmentation Pipeline



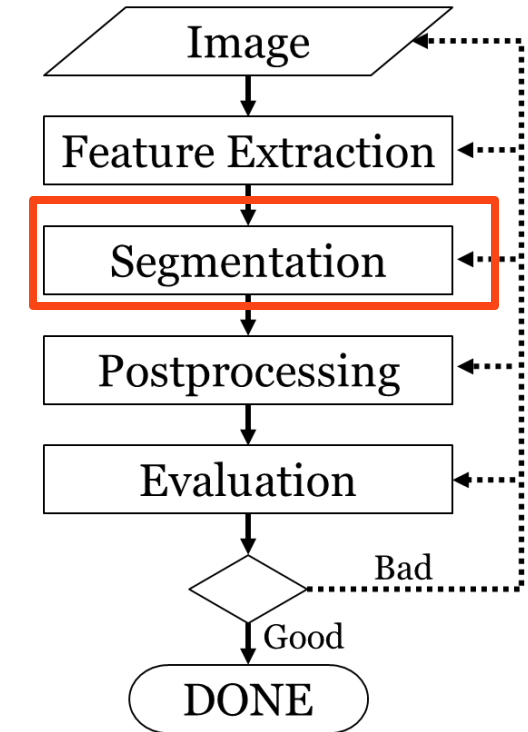
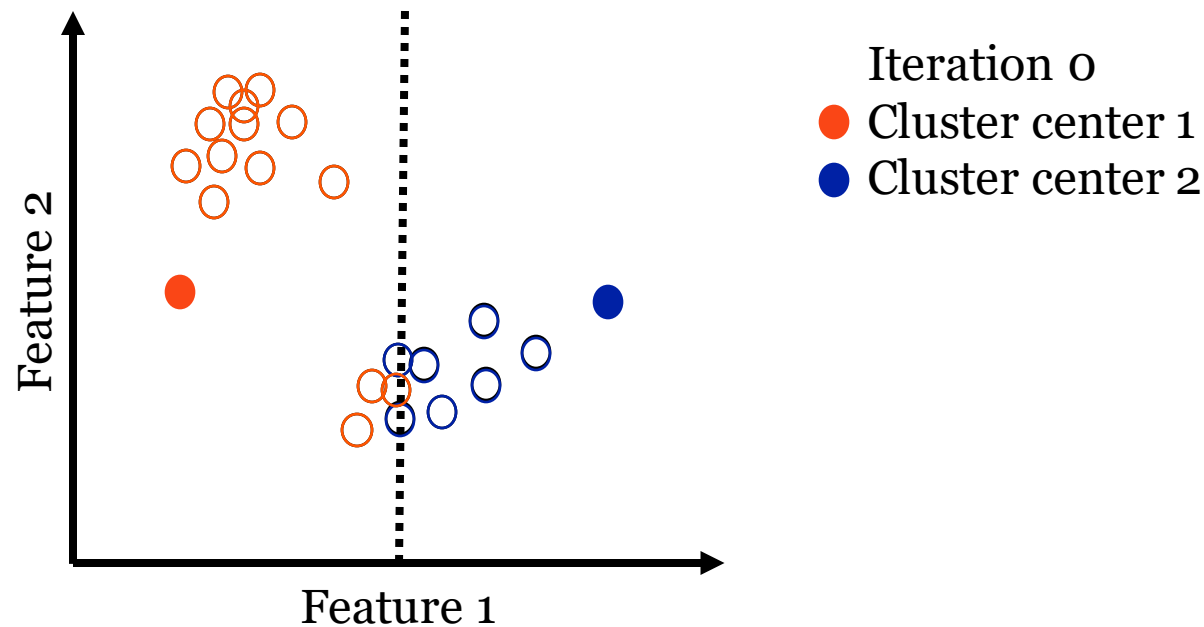
Feature Extraction

- Techniques to obtain information from input
- Example features:
 - Intensity
 - Edges
 - Corners
 - Others (e.g. blobs, circles, etc.)



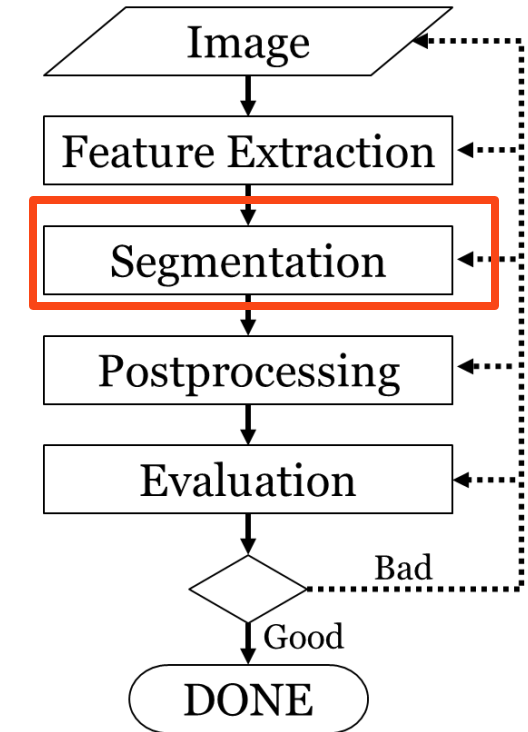
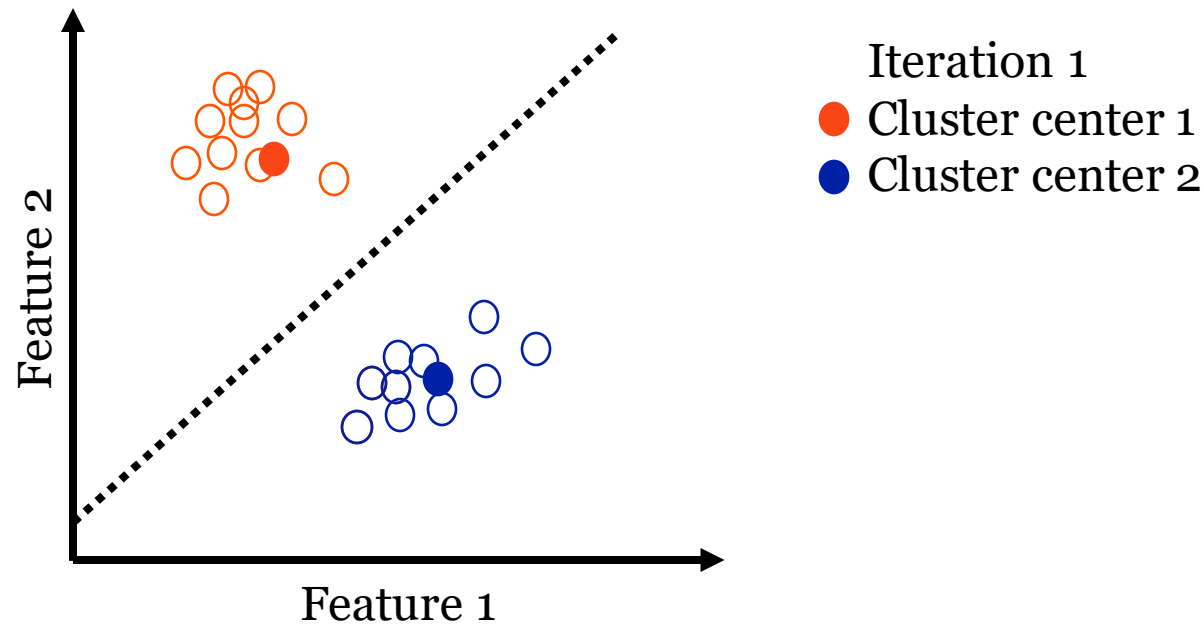
Segmentation Method 3: k-Means Clustering

- Unsupervised ML technique
- Iteratively groups data based on inter-cluster variance
- Needs: number of clusters, input features



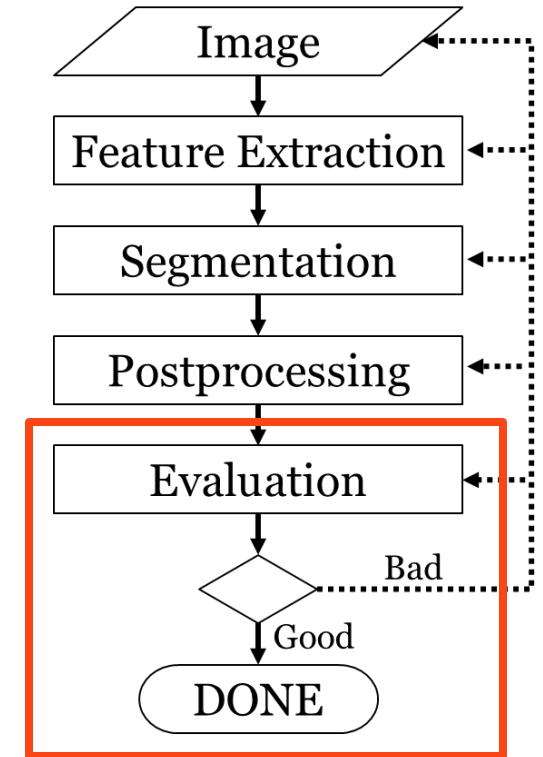
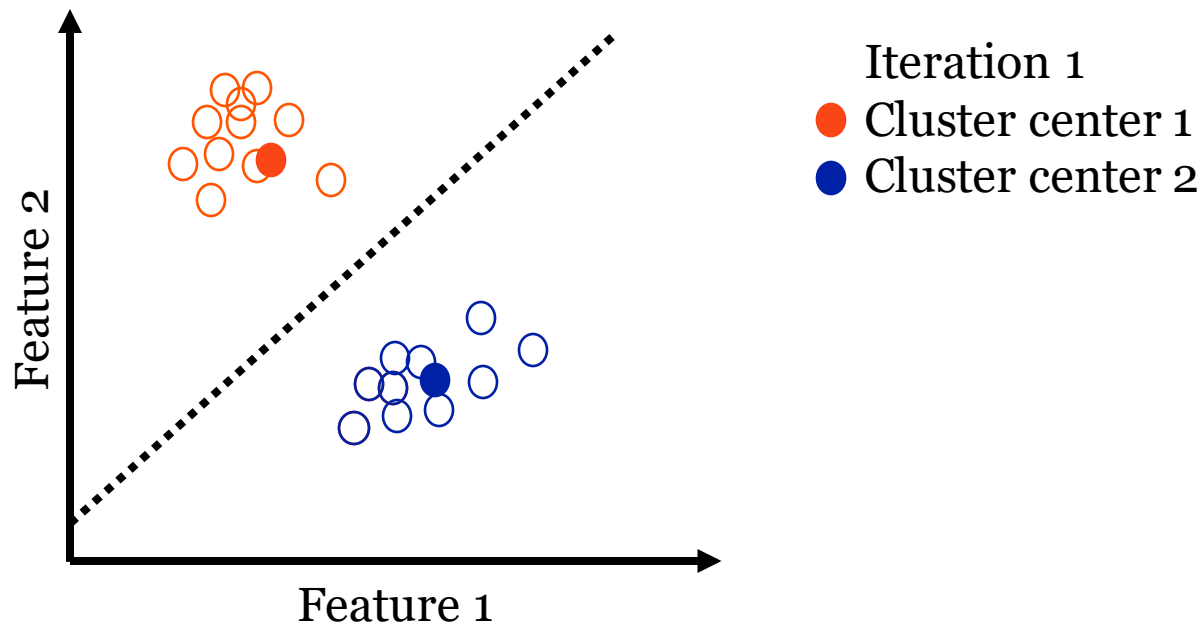
Segmentation Method 3: k-Means Clustering

- Unsupervised ML technique
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Model Interpretation: k-Means Clustering

- Explainable AI (XAI) helps humans understand AI algorithms
- k-means clustering: view cluster centers



Extensions

- Feature Extraction
 - Other filters and features: rectangle detection
 - Feature selection: Linear Discriminant Analysis (LDA)
 - Feature normalization: Standard Scalar
- Segmentation
 - Other clustering algorithms: Spectral Clustering, Bisecting k-means

Experiment!

Key Takeaways

1. Introduced Unsupervised Machine Learning
2. Feature Extraction: blurring, edges, corners
3. Segmentation: k-means clustering
4. Explainable AI: cluster centers
5. Extensions

Next: supervised learning