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# -*- coding: utf-8 -*-
"""CS777 FinalProject Code.ipynb
Automatically generated by Colaboratory.
Original file is located at
    https://colab.research.google.com/drive/1wNCZiaZr2d vAxMj T1vsE7SnLWCPuYq
# Introduction
Logistics problems are a rich source of data for big-data analytics. Airlines and other similar
transportation companies connect millions of people a year in a complicated and interdependent
network of locations and transit methods. It is not clear from the outset which models will
provide useful insight for transportation companies. This project attempts to address this
topic specifically for the airline industry.
The dataset we will used for this project was obtained from Kaggle.
Link to dataset: https://www.kaggle.com/datasets/yuanyuwendymu/airline-delay-and-cancellation-
data-2009-2018?select=2010.csv
## Preliminary Actions
This project is presented in the form of a literate programming notebook, which requires that
we address some preliminary requirements before moving on to the material at hand.
"""### Mounting GDrive"""
from google.colab import drive
drive.mount("/content/drive/")
"""### Installing Pyspark and Required Packages"""
!pip install pyspark
from pyspark.sql import SparkSession
from pyspark.sql.functions import
from pyspark.sql.types import *
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import pandas as pd
from pyspark.ml.classification import LogisticRegression
from pyspark.ml.evaluation import BinaryClassificationEvaluator
from pyspark.ml.feature import PCA
from pyspark.ml.feature import VectorAssembler
from pyspark.ml.linalg import Vectors
from pyspark.ml.regression import LinearRegression
from pyspark.ml.tuning import ParamGridBuilder
import numpy as np
spark = SparkSession\
    .builder\
    .appName("FlightDataAnalytics")\
    .getOrCreate()
print('\nSpark session instantiated')
"""### Loading Data into Memory"""
# path = "/content/drive/MyDrive/CS777 Project/data/2009 cleaned.csv" # small dataset
path = sys.argv[1]
print('\nDataset read successfully')
```

```
data = spark\
   .read\
    .csv(
        path,
        header=True,
        inferSchema=True
    )
"""For the purposes of this demonstration notebook, we load a sample of our overall data which
is small enough for Colab to run without issue. Please see our full report for the total
results
on the entire dataset.
# The Dataset
Our dataset consists of X.XGB of flight data from the years 2009 to 2018. The data consists of
columns as follows:
print(data.columns)
# Drop the unneeded column...
data = data.drop(" c0")
"""#Models
##Linear Regression
Using linear regression, we will build a model that will predict the amount of time a flight is
delayed in arriving at its destination airport in terms of minutes.
print('----- Linear Regression -----')
"""### Using all variables
Create and Fit MLR Model
# cols = data.columns
# data.columns
"""#### Additional Data Cleaning"""
print('\nData cleaning initiated')
# cols to drop = [' c0', 'DEP TIME', 'DEP DELAY', 'WHEELS OFF', 'WHEELS ON', 'ARR TIME',
'CANCELLED', 'DIVERTED', 'ACTUAL_ELAPSED_TIME', 'AIR_TIME', 'CARRIER_DELAY', 'WEATHER_DELAY',
'NAS DELAY', 'SECURITY DELAY', 'LATE AIRCRAFT DELAY', 'CARRIER DELAY BIN', 'WEATHER DELAY BIN',
'NAS DELAY BIN', 'SECURITY DELAY BIN', 'LATE AIRCRAFT DELAY BIN', 'DELAY']
cols to drop = ['DELAY'] # come back to this
# 'ARR DELAY',
df = data.withColumn("DELAY", when(col("ARR DELAY") > 5, 1).otherwise(0))\
         .filter(col("CANCELLED") != 1) \
         .filter(col("DIVERTED") != 1) \
         .drop(*cols_to_drop)
# data = data.filter(data.ARR DELAY > '0')
for col name in df.columns:
    df = df.withColumn(col name, col(col name).cast("double"))
print('\nData cleaning completed')
```

```
print('\nData cleaning initiated')
# cols to drop = [' c0', 'DEP TIME', 'DEP DELAY', 'WHEELS OFF', 'WHEELS ON', 'ARR TIME',
'CANCELLED', 'DIVERTED', 'ACTUAL_ELAPSED_TIME', 'AIR_TIME', 'CARRIER_DELAY', 'WEATHER_DELAY',
'NAS DELAY', 'SECURITY DELAY', 'LATE AIRCRAFT DELAY', 'CARRIER DELAY BIN', 'WEATHER DELAY BIN',
'NAS_DELAY_BIN', 'SECURITY_DELAY_BIN', 'LATE_AIRCRAFT_DELAY_BIN', 'DELAY']
cols_to_drop = ['_c0', 'DELAY', 'CANCELLED', 'DIVERTED', 'CARRIER_DELAY_BIN',
'WEATHER DELAY BIN', 'NAS DELAY BIN', 'SECURITY DELAY BIN', 'LATE AIRCRAFT DELAY BIN']
# 'ARR DELAY',
df = data.withColumn("DELAY", when(col("ARR_DELAY") > 5, 1).otherwise(0)) \
         .filter(col("CANCELLED") != 1) \
         .filter(col("DIVERTED") != 1) \
         .drop(*cols to drop)
# data = data.filter(data.ARR DELAY > '0')
for col name in df.columns:
    df = df.withColumn(col name, col(col name).cast("double"))
print('\nData cleaning completed')
df.show(5)
print((df.count(), len(df.columns)))
"""#### Create Vector Assembler for Fetaure Set"""
df.columns
print('\nVector Assembler creation begun')
variables = ['CRS DEP TIME',
 'DEP TIME',
 'DEP DELAY',
 'TAXI OUT',
 'WHEELS OFF',
 'WHEELS ON',
 'TAXI IN',
 'CRS ARR TIME',
 'ARR TIME',
 'ARR DELAY',
 'CRS ELAPSED TIME',
 'ACTUAL ELAPSED TIME',
 'AIR TIME',
 'DISTANCE',
 'CARRIER DELAY',
 'WEATHER DELAY',
 'NAS DELAY',
 'SECURITY DELAY',
 'LATE_AIRCRAFT_DELAY',
 'ORIGIN TRAFF',
 'DEST TRAFF',
 'OP CARRIER AA',
 'OP CARRIER AS',
 'OP CARRIER B6',
 'OP CARRIER DL',
 'OP CARRIER EV',
 'OP CARRIER F9',
 'OP CARRIER HA',
 'OP CARRIER OO',
 'OP CARRIER UA',
 'OP CARRIER WN']
# 'CARRIER DELAY',
# 'WEATHER DELAY',
# 'NAS DELAY',
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# 'SECURITY DELAY',
  'LATE AIRCRAFT DELAY',
  'CANCELLED'
assembler = VectorAssembler(inputCols = variables, outputCol = 'features')
assembled data = assembler.transform(df)
print('\nVector Assembler creation completed, data transformed')
# assembled data.select('features', 'ARR DELAY').show(5)
"""#### Create new data set with X and Y values to use for MLR"""
mlr df = assembled data.select('features', 'ARR DELAY')
print('\nMLR data set created')
# mlr df.show(5)
"""#### Split MLR Dataset into Train (70%) and Test (30%)"""
train data, test data = mlr df.randomSplit([0.7, 0.3], seed = 777)
print('\nDataset split into train and test')
# train data.describe().show()
# test data.describe().show()
"""#### Instantiate MLR model"""
mlr = LinearRegression(featuresCol = 'features',
                       labelCol = 'ARR DELAY')
print('MLR model instantiated')
"""#### Fit Model to Training Data"""
print('\nModel fitting to training data begun')
model = mlr.fit(train data)
print('\nModel fit to training data successfully')
"""#### View Coeffiicents and Intercept obtained"""
print(pd.DataFrame({'Coefficients':model.coefficients}, index = variables))
print('\nIntercept: ' + str(model.intercept))
"""#### Evaluate Model Performance on Test Data"""
print('Model Evaluation begun')
results = model.evaluate(test data)
print('Model Evaluation completed')
# results.residuals.show()
"""#### Training Summary Statistics"""
trainingSummary = model.summary
# print('numIterations: %d' % trainingSummary.totalIterations)
# print('objectiveHistory: %s' % str(trainingSummary.objectiveHistory))
# trainingSummary.residuals.show()
print('Mean Absolute Error: %f' % trainingSummary.meanAbsoluteError)
print('Mean Squared Error: %f' % trainingSummary.meanSquaredError)
print('RMSE: %f' % trainingSummary.rootMeanSquaredError)
print('R-Squared: %f' % trainingSummary.r2)
print('Adjusted R-Squared: %f' % trainingSummary.r2adj)
"""#### Testing Performance Statistics"""
print('Mean Absolute Error: ', results.meanAbsoluteError)
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print('Mean Squared Error: ', results.meanSquaredError)
print('Root Mean Squared Error: ', results.rootMeanSquaredError)
print('R squared: ', results.r2)
print('Adjusted R sqaured: ', results.r2adj)
"""### PCA"""
inputCols = df.columns[0:-1]
outputCol = df.columns[-1]
assembler = VectorAssembler(inputCols = inputCols, outputCol = 'features')
assembled_data = assembler.transform(df).select('features', 'ARR DELAY')
# assembled data.show(5)
k \text{ values} = [1, 2, 3, 4, 5]
evr = []
for k in k values:
  pca = PCA(k = k, inputCol = 'features', outputCol = 'pca features')
  model = pca.fit(assembled data)
  evr.append(np.sum(model.explainedVariance))
plt.plot(k values, evr, 'bo-', linewidth=2)
plt.xlabel('k')
plt.ylabel('Explained variance ratio')
plt.title('Scree plot: Explained Variance vs. k values')
plt.show()
best k = 0
for i in range(len(evr)):
    if evr[i] >= 0.8:
        best k = k values[i]
        break
print('Best k value: ', best k)
pca = PCA(k = best k, inputCol = 'features', outputCol = 'pcaFeatures')
pca model = pca.fit(assembled data)
pca result = pca model.transform(assembled data)
print('Using Dimensionality Reduction and Regularisation')
"""### Ridge Regularisation
\alpha (elasticNetParam) is set to 0
11 11 11
train data ridge, test data ridge = pca result.randomSplit([0.7, 0.3], seed = 777)
print('\nDataset split into train and test')
mlr ridge = LinearRegression(elasticNetParam = 0, #featuresCol = "features",
                             labelCol = 'ARR DELAY')
print('MLR model instantiated')
print('\nModel fitting to training data begun')
model = mlr ridge.fit(train data ridge)
print('\nModel fit to training data successfully')
print(pd.DataFrame({'Coefficients':model.coefficients}, index = variables))
print('\nIntercept: ' + str(model.intercept))
print('Model Evaluation begun')
results = model.evaluate(test data ridge)
print('Model Evaluation completed')
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```
trainingSummary = model.summary
print('numIterations: %d' % trainingSummary.totalIterations)
# print('objectiveHistory: %s' % str(trainingSummary.objectiveHistory))
# trainingSummary.residuals.show()
print('Mean Absolute Error: %f' % trainingSummary.meanAbsoluteError)
print('Mean Squared Error: %f' % trainingSummary.meanSquaredError)
print('RMSE: %f' % trainingSummary.rootMeanSquaredError)
print('R-Squared: %f' % trainingSummary.r2)
print('Adjusted R-Squared: %f' % trainingSummary.r2adj)
print('Mean Absolute Error: ', results.meanAbsoluteError)
print('Mean Squared Error: ', results.meanSquaredError)
print('Root Mean Squared Error: ', results.rootMeanSquaredError)
print('R squared: ', results.r2)
print('Adjusted R sqaured: ', results.r2adj)
"""### Lasso Regularisation
\alpha (elasticNetParam) is set to 1
train data lasso, test data lasso = pca result.randomSplit([0.7, 0.3], seed = 777)
print('\nDataset split into train and test')
mlr lasso = LinearRegression(elasticNetParam = 1, #featuresCol = "features",
                             labelCol = 'ARR DELAY')
print('MLR model instantiated')
print('\nModel fitting to training data begun')
model = mlr lasso.fit(train data)
print('\nModel fit to training data successfully')
print(pd.DataFrame({'\nCoefficients':model.coefficients}, index = variables))
print('\nIntercept: ' + str(model.intercept))
print('Model Evaluation begun')
results = model.evaluate(test data)
print('Model Evaluation completed')
trainingSummary = model.summary
print('numIterations: %d' % trainingSummary.totalIterations)
# print('objectiveHistory: %s' % str(trainingSummary.objectiveHistory))
# trainingSummary.residuals.show()
print('Mean Absolute Error: %f' % trainingSummary.meanAbsoluteError)
print('Mean Squared Error: %f' % trainingSummary.meanSquaredError)
print('RMSE: %f' % trainingSummary.rootMeanSquaredError)
print('R-Squared: %f' % trainingSummary.r2)
print('Adjusted R-Squared: %f' % trainingSummary.r2adj)
print('Mean Absolute Error: ', results.meanAbsoluteError)
print('Mean Squared Error: ', results.meanSquaredError)
print('Root Mean Squared Error: ', results.rootMeanSquaredError)
print('R squared: ', results.r2)
print('Adjusted R sqaured: ', results.r2adj)
"""##Logistic Regression
Using logistic regression, we will do a binary classification that predicts whether a flight is
delay or on time.
###Additional Data Preparation
print('----- Logistic Regression -----')
#Dropping columns of values generated after take off to correctly classify delay or on time
cols_to_drop = ['DEP_TIME', 'DEP_DELAY', 'WHEELS_OFF', 'WHEELS_ON', 'ARR_TIME', 'ARR_DELAY',
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'CANCELLED', 'DIVERTED', 'ACTUAL_ELAPSED_TIME', 'AIR_TIME', 'CARRIER_DELAY', 'WEATHER_DELAY',
'NAS DELAY', 'SECURITY DELAY', 'LATE AIRCRAFT DELAY', 'CARRIER DELAY BIN',
'WEATHER DELAY BIN', 'NAS DELAY BIN', 'SECURITY DELAY BIN', 'LATE AIRCRAFT DELAY BIN']
#Creating a new column "DELAY" that indicates 1 for a delay and 0 for on time.
#DELAY is 1 when arrival delay time is more than 5
#Cancelled and diverted flights are not included in classification
df = data.withColumn("DELAY", when(col("ARR DELAY") > 5, 1).otherwise(0))\
         .filter(col("CANCELLED") != 1) \
         .filter(col("DIVERTED") != 1)\
         .drop(*cols_to_drop)
#Casting all attributes as doubles since the default is string
for col name in df.columns:
    df = df.withColumn(col name, col(col name).cast("double"))
print("Dataset used for logistic regression:\n")
df.show()
"""###Dimensionality Reduction with PCA
11 11 II
print('Dimensionality Reduction with PCA\n')
inputCols = df.columns[0:-1] #Feature columns
outputCol = df.columns[-1] #Label column
#Assembling data into a feature and label dataframe
assembler = VectorAssembler(inputCols=inputCols, outputCol="features")
assembled data = assembler.transform(df).select("features", "DELAY")
#Optimization for the number of components
#We choose lowest k with explained variance over 0.8
k \text{ values} = [1,2,3,4,5]
evr = []
for k in k values:
 pca = PCA(k=k, inputCol='features', outputCol='pca features')
 model = pca.fit(assembled data)
  evr.append(np.sum(model.explainedVariance))
plt.plot(k_values, evr, 'bo-', linewidth=2)
plt.xlabel('k')
plt.ylabel('Explained variance Ratio')
plt.title('Scree plot: Explained Variance vs. k values')
plt.show()
#Choosing best k
best k = 0
for i in range(len(evr)):
   if evr[i] >= 0.8:
       best k = k \text{ values[i]}
        break
print("\nBest k value:", best k)
#Creating PCA model using optimised k
pca = PCA(k=best k, inputCol="features", outputCol="pcaFeatures")
pca model = pca.fit(assembled data)
#Reduced dataset to be used for modelling
pca result = pca model.transform(assembled data)
"""###Model with Dimensionality Reduction"""
print("\nLogistic Regression Model with Dimensionality Reduction\n")
```

```
(train_log_reg_pca, validation_log_reg_pca, test_log_reg_pca) = pca_result.randomSplit([0.7,
0.1, 0.2], seed=777)
lr = LogisticRegression(featuresCol="pcaFeatures", labelCol=outputCol)
#Building a grid search for hyperparameter tuning
paramGrid = ParamGridBuilder() \
    .addGrid(lr.regParam, [0.01, 0.1, 1]) \
    .addGrid(lr.elasticNetParam, [0.0, 0.5, 1.0]) \
    .addGrid(lr.maxIter, [10, 100]) \
    .build()
evaluator log reg = BinaryClassificationEvaluator(rawPredictionCol='rawPrediction',
labelCol='DELAY')
#Searching for optimal hyperparametrs through the parameter grid
best log reg pca = None
best_auc_log_reg_pca = 0.0
for params in paramGrid:
    params = list(params.values())
    regParam = params[0]
   elasticNetParam = params[1]
   maxIter = params[2]
   lr.setParams(regParam=regParam, elasticNetParam=elasticNetParam, maxIter=maxIter)
    log reg pca = lr.fit(train log reg pca)
   history_log_reg_pca = log_reg_pca.summary.objectiveHistory
   predictions log reg pca = log reg pca.transform(validation log reg pca)
    auc log reg pca = evaluator log reg.evaluate(predictions log reg pca)
    if auc log reg pca > best auc pca:
        best auc pca = auc log reg pca
        best_log_reg_pca = log_reg_pca
print("\nHyperparameter tuning:\n")
print(f"\nBest model hyperparameters:\nRegularization:
{best log reg pca.getRegParam()}\nElastic Net:{best log reg pca.getElasticNetParam()}\nMax
Iterations: {best log reg pca.getMaxIter()}")
"""###Model without Dimensionality Reduction"""
print("\n\nLogistic Regression Model with Dimensionality Reduction\n")
(train_log_reg, validation_log_reg, test_log_reg) = pca_result.randomSplit([0.7, 0.1, 0.2],
lr = LogisticRegression(featuresCol="features", labelCol=outputCol, maxIter=50, regParam=0.01,
elasticNetParam=0.5)
#Searching for optimal hyperparametrs through the parameter grid
best_log_reg = None
best auc log reg = 0.0
for params in paramGrid:
   params = list(params.values())
    regParam = params[0]
   elasticNetParam = params[1]
   maxIter = params[2]
    lr.setParams(regParam=regParam, elasticNetParam=elasticNetParam, maxIter=maxIter)
   log reg = lr.fit(train log reg)
   history log reg = log reg.summary.objectiveHistory
   predictions log reg = log reg.transform(validation log reg)
    auc log reg = evaluator log reg.evaluate(predictions log reg)
    if auc log reg > best auc log reg:
        best auc log reg = auc log reg
        best log reg = log reg
print("\nHyperparameter tuning:\n")
```

```
print(f"\nBest model hyperparameters:\nRegularization: {best log reg.getRegParam()}\nElastic
Net:{best log reg.getElasticNetParam()}\nMax Iterations: {best log reg.getMaxIter()}")
"""# Model Performance Comparison
11 11 11
print('-----')
"""##Linear Regression with Dimensionality Reduction"""
print("\n\nLinear Regression Model with Dimensionality Reduction\n")
print('Performance on Testing dataset:\nMean Absolute Error: 17.173301\nMean Squared Error:
988.582871\nRMSE: 31.441738\nR-Squared: 0.133443\nAdjusted R-Squared: 0.133438')
"""##Linear Regression without Dimensionality Reduction"""
print("\nLinear Regression Model without Dimensionality Reduction\n")
print('Performance on Testing dataset:\nMean Absolute Error: 17.173301\nMean Absolute Error:
0.0007213546550619718\nMean Squared Error: 2.696448142195325e-06\nRoot Mean Squared Error:
0.0016420865209224892\nR squared: 0.9599999976525955\nAdjusted R squared:
0.9449999976525311')
"""##Logistic Regression with Dimensionality Reduction"""
print("\n\nLogistic Regression Model with Dimensionality Reduction\n")
#Getting predictions for best model
predictions log reg pca test = best log reg pca.transform(test log reg pca)
best log reg pca auc test = evaluator log reg.evaluate(predictions log reg pca test)
print ("ROC AUC for Logistic Regression with Dimensionality Reduction:",
best_log_reg_pca_auc_test)
"""##Logistic Regression without Dimensionality Reduction"""
print("\n\nLogistic Regression Model without Dimensionality Reduction\n")
#Getting predictions for best model
predictions_log_reg_test = best_log_reg.transform(test_log_reg)
best_log_reg_auc_test = evaluator_log_reg.evaluate(predictions_log_reg_test)
print ("ROC AUC for Logistic Regression without Dimensionality Reduction:",
best log reg auc test)
"""#Best Models"""
print('-----')
"""##Regression"""
print('-----')
print("Best Model Accuracy for Regression: 94%")
"""##Classification"""
print('----')
print("Best Model ROC AUC for Classification:", best log reg auc test)
```