

Modeling Schistosomiasis Transmission in Togo's Ogou District

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Here I apply a set of ordinary differential equations adapted from Soklow et al. 2017 to which I have added (ι, y, z) to reflect local dynamics observed during fieldwork contributing to Schistosomiasis transmission in Ogou. I also developed an equation to describe the likelihood of mass drug administration (MDA) success as a function of the variables f, a, p , *unknown* affecting treatment compliance.

presence and awake, history of adverse reactions, having eaten something on any given distribution day treatable population is defined as modified by incorporating (ι and $?$) to fit the particular setting in Togo's Ogou district. I incorporated ... term into Eq (1) to reflect a consistent number of Ghanaian immigrants belonging to the ($?$) culture who may have joined the community without having received preventative chemotherapy, increasing the susceptible human population phenomenon observed during fieldwork. Adapted a nonlinear model accounting for snail dispersal

The first equation (1) describes the rate of human population change in endemic villages. the per capita natality rate μ_H represents population growth, to which I incorporated a variable ι representing net migration given the importance of an influx of untreated persons to the transmission dynamics offset by parasite-induced death given α parasitic pathogenicity. including the mating pair dynamics ($?$) and the impact of poor sanitation (variable) This N_v is the symbol for the population...

$$\dot{N}_v = \mu_H \iota (H_v - N_v) - \alpha P_v \quad (1)$$

$$\dot{P}_v = F_v N_v - (\mu_H + \mu_P + \alpha) P_v - \alpha \frac{k+1}{k} \frac{P_v^2}{N_v} \quad (2)$$

$$\dot{S}_w = v S_w [1 - \gamma_w (S_w + E_w + I_w)] - \mu_S S_w - \rho M_w S_w + D_w^s \quad (3)$$

$$\dot{E}_w = \rho M_w S_w - (\mu_s + \eta) I_w + D_w^E \quad (4)$$

$$\dot{I}_w = \delta E_w - (\mu_s + \eta) I_w + D_w^I \quad (5)$$

$$\dot{C}_w = \zeta I_w - \mu_c C_w + L_w^I \quad (6)$$

$$\dot{M}_w = \varrho M_w + L_w^M \quad (7)$$

$$F_v = \beta \sum_{j=1}^{n_w} \Omega_v w C_w \quad (8)$$

$$F_v = \beta \sum_{j=1}^{n_w} \Omega_v w C_w \quad (9)$$

n_v villages

n_w water points

N_v human population size in each village

P_v total number of parasites in human hosts in each village

S_w susceptible snails in freshwater source

E_w exposed snails in freshwater source

I_w infected snails in freshwater source

C_w concentration of cercariae in freshwater source

M_w concentration of miracidia in freshwater source

P_v total number of adult parasites

μ_H natural human host mortality

μ_P per capita parasite mortality

v intrinsic natality rate

γ_w site-specific effect of density dependence

μ_s mortality rate of susceptible snails

ρ human contamination rate

$$\rho \cap \alpha \quad (10)$$