

# 分类问题

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2015 年 11 月 27 日

需要安装的包：ISLR MASS class e1071 party nnet

```
rm(list = ls(all = TRUE))
options(digits = 4 )
```

数据来自标普 500 在 2001 年和 2005 年的 1250 个观测。

目的：利用前四天的涨跌情况来预测明天的涨跌。

模型评估：预测的准确率

```
library(ISLR)
names(Smarket)

## [1] "Year"      "Lag1"      "Lag2"      "Lag3"      "Lag4"      "Lag5"
## [7] "Volume"    "Today"     "Direction"

head(Smarket)

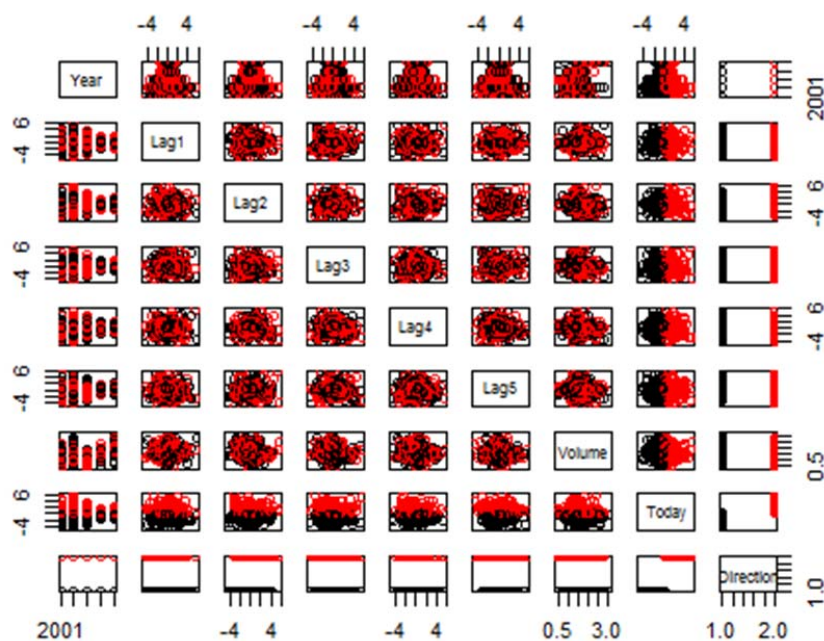
##   Year  Lag1  Lag2  Lag3  Lag4  Lag5 Volume  Today Direction
## 1 2001  0.381 -0.192 -2.624 -1.055  5.010  1.191  0.959      Up
## 2 2001  0.959  0.381 -0.192 -2.624 -1.055  1.296  1.032      Up
## 3 2001  1.032  0.959  0.381 -0.192 -2.624  1.411 -0.623     Down
## 4 2001 -0.623  1.032  0.959  0.381 -0.192  1.276  0.614      Up
## 5 2001  0.614 -0.623  1.032  0.959  0.381  1.206  0.213      Up
## 6 2001  0.213  0.614 -0.623  1.032  0.959  1.349  1.392      Up

summary(Smarket)

##      Year      Lag1      Lag2      Lag3
## Min.   :2001  Min.   :-4.922  Min.   :-4.922  Min.   :-4.922
## 1st Qu.:2002  1st Qu.: -0.640  1st Qu.: -0.640  1st Qu.: -0.640
## Median :2003  Median :  0.039  Median :  0.039  Median :  0.038
## Mean   :2003  Mean   :  0.004  Mean   :  0.004  Mean   :  0.002
## 3rd Qu.:2004  3rd Qu.:  0.597  3rd Qu.:  0.597  3rd Qu.:  0.597
## Max.   :2005  Max.   :  5.733  Max.   :  5.733  Max.   :  5.733
##      Lag4      Lag5      Volume      Today
## Min.   :-4.922  Min.   :-4.922  Min.   :0.356  Min.   :-4.922
## 1st Qu.: -0.640  1st Qu.: -0.640  1st Qu.:1.257  1st Qu.: -0.640
## Median :  0.038  Median :  0.038  Median :1.423  Median :  0.038
## Mean   :  0.002  Mean   :  0.006  Mean   :1.478  Mean   :  0.003
## 3rd Qu.:  0.597  3rd Qu.:  0.597  3rd Qu.:1.642  3rd Qu.:  0.597
```

```
## Max. : 5.733 Max. : 5.733 Max. : 3.152 Max. : 5.733
## Direction
## Down:602
## Up :648
##
##
##
##
```

```
#?Smarket
pairs(Smarket,col=Smarket$Direction)
```



## Logistic regression

利用 Logistic regression

模型拟合:

```
glm.fit=glm(Direction~Lag1+Lag2+Lag3+Lag4+Lag5+Volume, data=Smarket,fam
ily=binomial)
summary(glm.fit)
```

```
##
## Call:
## glm(formula = Direction ~ Lag1 + Lag2 + Lag3 + Lag4 + Lag5 +
##      Volume, family = binomial, data = Smarket)
##
```

```
## Deviance Residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
##    -1.45    -1.20     1.07     1.15     1.33
##
## Coefficients:
##              Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
## (Intercept)  -0.12600    0.24074  -0.52    0.60
## Lag1         -0.07307    0.05017  -1.46    0.15
## Lag2         -0.04230    0.05009  -0.84    0.40
## Lag3          0.01109    0.04994   0.22    0.82
## Lag4          0.00936    0.04997   0.19    0.85
## Lag5          0.01031    0.04951   0.21    0.83
## Volume        0.13544    0.15836   0.86    0.39
##
## (Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)
##
##      Null deviance: 1731.2  on 1249  degrees of freedom
## Residual deviance: 1727.6  on 1243  degrees of freedom
## AIC: 1742
##
## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 3

glm.probs=predict(glm.fit,type="response")
glm.probs[1:5]

##      1      2      3      4      5
## 0.5071 0.4815 0.4811 0.5152 0.5108

glm.pred=ifelse(glm.probs>0.5,"Up","Down")
attach(Smarket)
table(glm.pred,Direction)

##           Direction
## glm.pred Down  Up
##      Down   145 141
##       Up    457 507

mean(glm.pred==Direction)

## [1] 0.5216
```

预测精度为 0.52

现在我们用 2005 年以前的数据作为训练集合，把 2005 年的数据作为测试集合：

```
train = Year<2005
glm.fit=glm(Direction~Lag1+Lag2+Lag3+Lag4+Lag5+Volume,
             data=Smarket,family=binomial, subset=train)
glm.probs=predict(glm.fit,newdata=Smarket[!train,],type="response")
glm.pred=ifelse(glm.probs >0.5,"Up","Down")
Direction.2005=Smarket$Direction[!train]
table(glm.pred,Direction.2005)
```

```
##          Direction.2005
## glm.pred Down Up
##      Down   77 97
##      Up    34 44

mean(glm.pred==Direction.2005)

## [1] 0.4802
```

用 2005 年以前的数据，建立 logistic 模型来预测 2005 年的数据，精度为 0.48

下面考虑只用最近两天来预测

```
glm.fit=glm(Direction~Lag1+Lag2,
             data=Smarket,family=binomial, subset=train)
glm.probs=predict(glm.fit,newdata=Smarket[!train,],type="response")
glm.pred=ifelse(glm.probs >0.5,"Up","Down")
table(glm.pred,Direction.2005)

##          Direction.2005
## glm.pred Down  Up
##      Down   35 35
##      Up    76 106

mean(glm.pred==Direction.2005)

## [1] 0.5595

106/(76+106)

## [1] 0.5824

(35+106)/length(Direction.2005)

## [1] 0.5595
```

精度为 0.56

## 线性判别分析

下面考虑使用线性判别分析：（使用最近两天来预测）

```
library(MASS)
## Linear Discriminant Analysis
lda.fit=lda(Direction~Lag1+Lag2,data=Smarket, subset=Year<2005)
lda.fit

## Call:
## lda(Direction ~ Lag1 + Lag2, data = Smarket, subset = Year <
##      2005)
##
## Prior probabilities of groups:
##   Down    Up
```

```
## 0.492 0.508
##
## Group means:
##      Lag1      Lag2
## Down  0.04279  0.03389
## Up    -0.03955 -0.03133
##
## Coefficients of linear discriminants:
##      LD1
## Lag1 -0.6420
## Lag2 -0.5135

Smarket.2005=subset(Smarket,Year==2005)
lda.pred=predict(lda.fit,Smarket.2005)
class(lda.pred)

## [1] "list"

data.frame(lda.pred)[1:5,]

##      class posterior.Down posterior.Up      LD1
## 999      Up      0.4902      0.5098 0.08293
## 1000     Up      0.4792      0.5208 0.59114
## 1001     Up      0.4668      0.5332 1.16723
## 1002     Up      0.4740      0.5260 0.83335
## 1003     Up      0.4928      0.5072 -0.03793

table(lda.pred$class,Smarket.2005$Direction)

##
##      Down  Up
## Down   35  35
## Up    76 106

mean(lda.pred$class==Direction.2005)

## [1] 0.5595
```

精度为 0.56

## 二次判别函数

```
qda.fit=qda(Direction~Lag1+Lag2 ,data=Smarket ,subset =train)
qda.fit

## Call:
## qda(Direction ~ Lag1 + Lag2, data = Smarket, subset = train)
##
## Prior probabilities of groups:
## Down Up
## 0.492 0.508
##
## Group means:
```

```
##          Lag1      Lag2
## Down  0.04279  0.03389
## Up    -0.03955 -0.03133

qda.class =predict(qda.fit,Smarket.2005)$class
table(qda.class,Direction.2005)

##          Direction.2005
## qda.class Down  Up
##      Down   30  20
##      Up    81 121

mean(qda.class == Direction.2005)

## [1] 0.5992
```

精度为 0.6

## KNN 算法

```
library(class)
#?knn
attach(Smarket)

## The following objects are masked from Smarket (pos = 5):
##
##      Direction, Lag1, Lag2, Lag3, Lag4, Lag5, Today, Volume, Year

train.X=cbind(Lag1 ,Lag2)[train ,]
test.X=cbind (Lag1 ,Lag2)[!train ,]
Xlag=cbind(Lag1,Lag2)
train.Direction =Direction[train]
train=Year<2005
knn.pred=knn(Xlag[train,],Xlag[!train,],Direction[train],k=2)
table(knn.pred,Direction[!train])

##
## knn.pred Down Up
##      Down   48 56
##      Up    63 85

mean(knn.pred==Direction[!train])

## [1] 0.5278

knn.pred2=knn(train.X,test.X,train.Direction,k=3)
table(knn.pred2,Direction[!train])

##
## knn.pred2 Down Up
##      Down   48 55
##      Up    63 86
```

```
mean(knn.pred2==Direction.2005)
```

```
## [1] 0.5317
```

0.54

## 支持向量机（svm）

考虑一种径向基函数核的支持向量机：

```
library("e1071")
```

```
#library(ISLR)
```

```
train = Year<2005
```

```
model <- svm(Direction~Lag1+Lag2, data = Smarket[train,], method = "C-classification", kernel = "radial", cost = 10, gamma = 0.1)
```

```
pred <- predict(model, Smarket[!train,])
```

```
Direction.2005=Smarket$Direction[!train]
```

```
table(Direction.2005)
```

```
## Direction.2005
```

```
## Down Up
```

```
## 111 141
```

```
table(pred)
```

```
## pred
```

```
## Down Up
```

```
## 27 225
```

```
table(pred, Direction.2005)
```

```
## Direction.2005
```

```
## pred Down Up
```

```
## Down 18 9
```

```
## Up 93 132
```

```
mean(pred==Direction.2005)
```

```
## [1] 0.5952
```

精度为 0.6

## 人工神经网络

使用一个中间层三个节点的神经网络

```
library(nnet)
```

```
set.seed(123)
```

```
model_nnet <- nnet(Direction~Lag1+Lag2, data = Smarket[train,], size = 3, rang = 0.3, decay = 5e-4, maxit = 200)
```

```
## # weights: 13
```

```
## initial value 693.467865
```

```

## iter 10 value 687.840415
## iter 20 value 683.220238
## iter 30 value 682.670126
## iter 40 value 682.510102
## iter 50 value 682.421389
## final value 682.418903
## converged

summary(model_nnet)

## a 2-3-1 network with 13 weights
## options were - entropy fitting decay=5e-04
## b->h1 i1->h1 i2->h1
## 1.74 0.11 -4.14
## b->h2 i1->h2 i2->h2
## -1.20 3.20 0.23
## b->h3 i1->h3 i2->h3
## 1.18 -2.69 -0.49
## b->o h1->o h2->o h3->o
## 4.47 0.81 -4.91 -4.90

pred <- predict(model_nnet, Smarket[!train,])
prednn <- ifelse(pred>0.5, "Up", "Down")
table(prednn)

## prednn
## Down Up
## 100 152

table(Direction.2005)

## Direction.2005
## Down Up
## 111 141

table(prednn, Direction.2005)

## Direction.2005
## prednn Down Up
## Down 47 53
## Up 64 88

mean(prednn==Direction.2005)

## [1] 0.5357

```

精度为 0.54