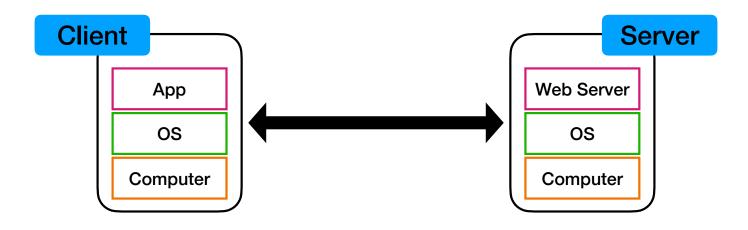


Session 5: The Cloud

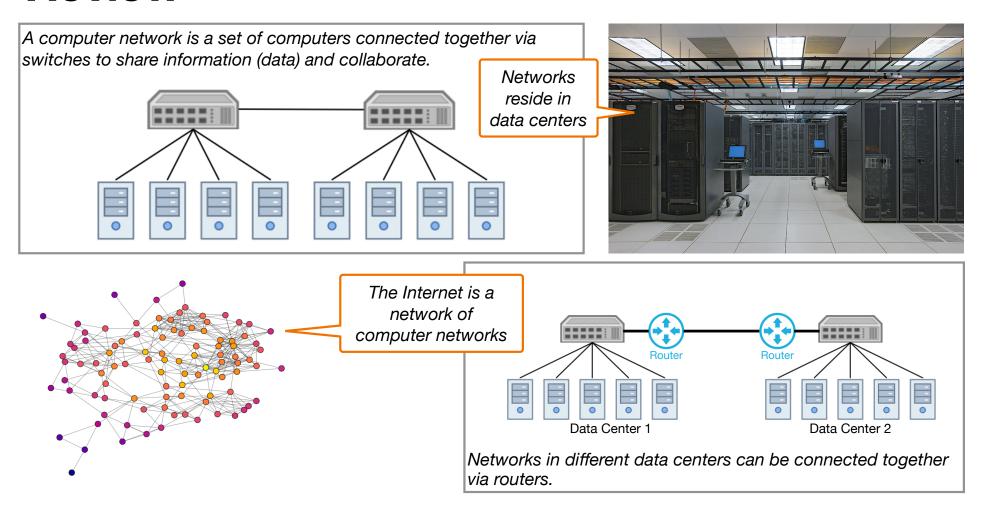
Mastering the Internet Duke OLLI Spring 2024

David Shamlin

Review



Review



What am I paying what I buy a digital device?

The main "decision points" you face when purchasing a device that affect price:

- 1. Screen (size & type)
- 2. CPU
- 3. RAM
- 4. Storage (size & type)

Examples

- Apple Macbook Pro
- <u>Chromebooks</u> (on Amazon)

What is the Cloud and why would I use it?

- What: using computer resources (CPU/RAM and/or Storage) owned and managed by a company like Apple, Google, or Microsoft
 - It's like leasing a house/car instead of purchasing
 - Note: cloud storage is often used by consumers's independent of cloud computing

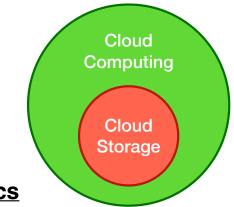
Whv

- Keep data synchronized across multiple personal device
- Backups
- Share data (e.g., pictures) with friends/family without making copies of the data
- Credit/edit your documents from any browser on any computer
- Allow others to collaboratively edit your documents Example Reduced cost
 - MacBook Air: \$1,100
 - HP Chromebook + 200GB cloud storage Storage
 - Two years: \$322
 - Five years: \$430

Definition of Cloud Computing

from Wikipedia

The *on-demand availability* of computer system resources, especially data storage (cloud storage) and computing power, without direct active management by the user. Large clouds often have functions distributed over multiple locations, each of which is a data center. Cloud computing relies on sharing of resources to achieve coherence and typically uses a pay-as-you-go model, which can help in reducing capital expenses but may also lead to unexpected operating expenses for users.



Essential Characteristics

- 1. On-demand self-service
- 2. Broad network access
- 3. Resource pooling
- 4. Rapid elasticity
- 5. Measured service

Reference: The NIST Definition of Cloud Computing

Leading Cloud Providers

Cloud Provider	Consumer Cloud	Commercial Cloud
Amazon		Amazon Web Services (AWS)
Apple	<u>iCloud</u>	
Google	Google Workspace	Google Cloud Platform (GCP)
Microsoft	Microsoft 365	<u>Azure</u>

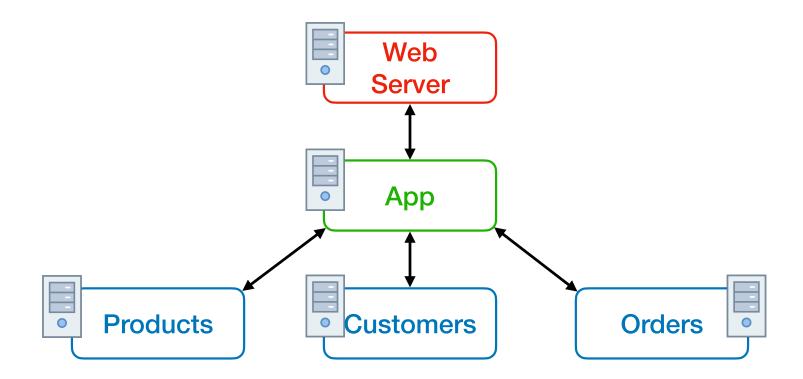
Advantages

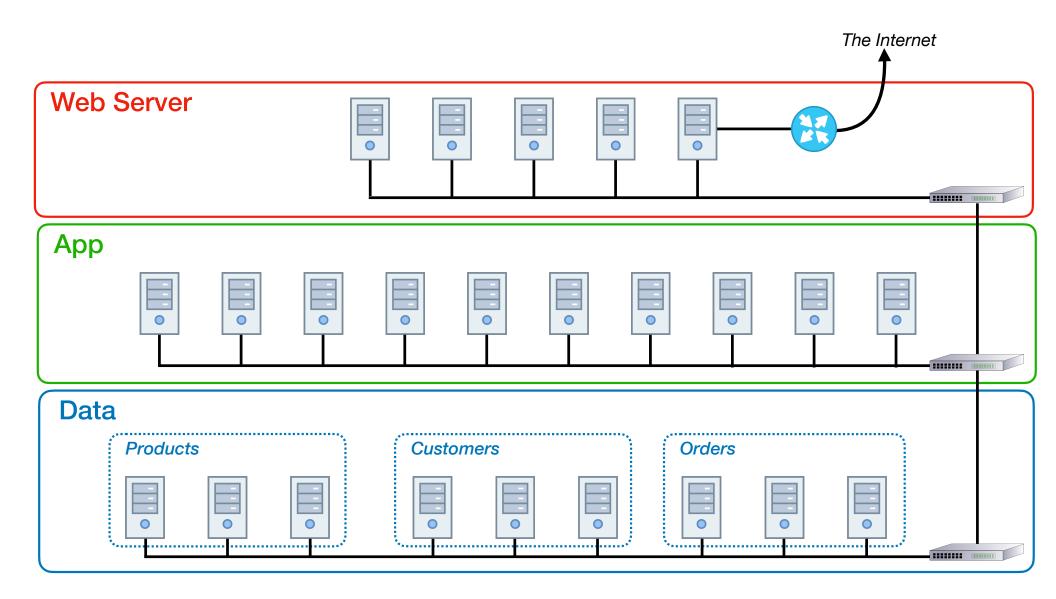
- Democratized access
 via reduced hardware costs
- 2. Easier maintenance
- 3. Versatility
- 4. Reliability
- 5. Disaster recovery

Disadvantages

- 1. Internet dependent
- 2. Vendor lock-in
- 3. Loss of control over data
- 4. Less control over maintenance
- 5. More appealing hacking target

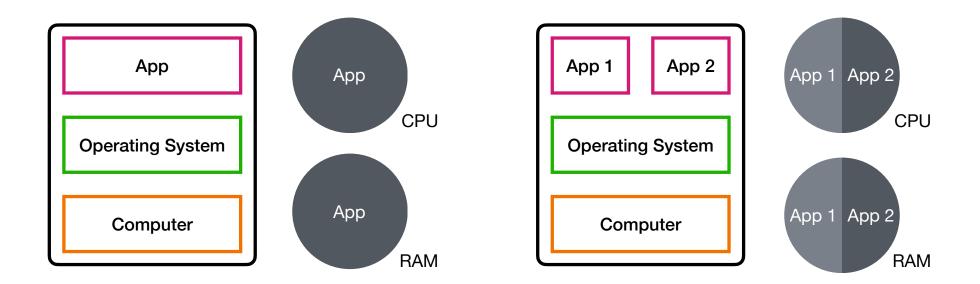
Example: Retail Site



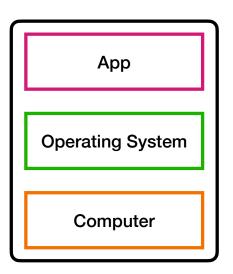


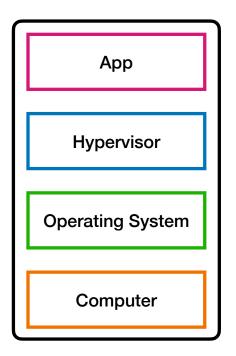
Multi-Tasking

One computer running multiple applications concurrently

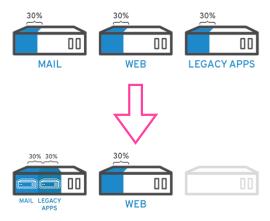


Virtualization

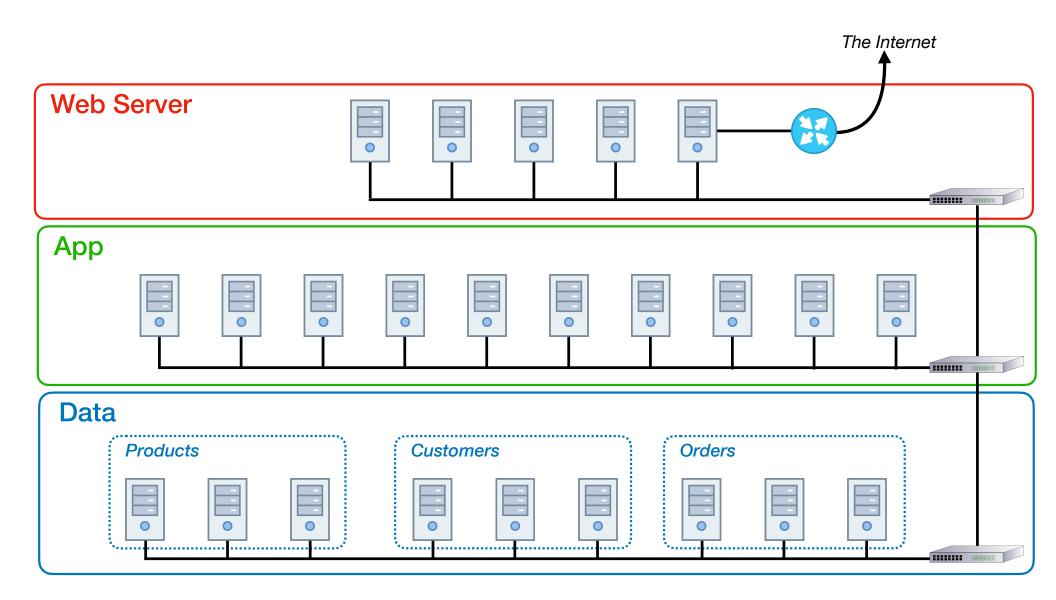




Virtualization create multiple virtual computers (a.k.a. **virtual machines** or **VMs**) on a single physical machine. These virtual machines can access all the parts of the physical machine, including the computer's CPU, memory and storage.



Each virtual machine runs on its own operating system and functions like a completely separate machine—even though it's sharing the resources of one physical computer. This is the key feature of virtualization: a single physical machine running multiple tasks simultaneously on different virtual machines, instead of several computers each running a single task.







App





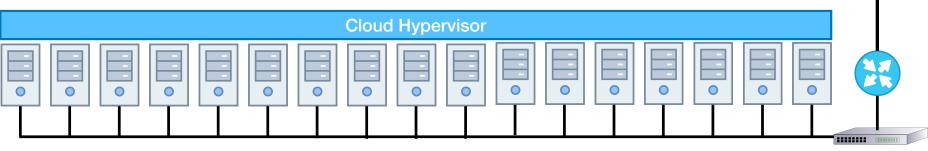






The Internet





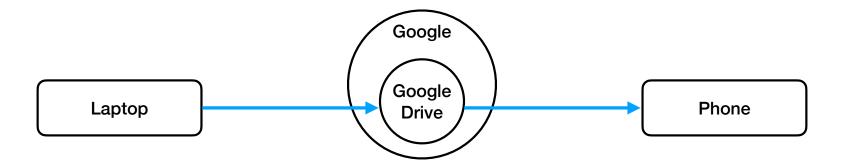
Definition of Cloud Storage

Cloud storage is a model of computer data storage in which data, said to be "[in] the cloud", is stored remotely [...] and is accessible to users over [...] the Internet. The physical storage spans multiple servers (sometimes in multiple locations), and the physical environment is [...] owned and managed by a cloud computing provider. These cloud storage providers are responsible for keeping the data available and accessible, and the physical environment secured, protected, and running. People [...] lease storage capacity from the providers to store [...] data.

Wikipedia

Syncing

• **Definition:** Sync is a shortcut for synchronization, which means data is consistent and accessible on two or more devices. When you synchronize files, such as images and videos, they become readily accessible on multiple devices.



Demos / Exercises

- Demo: Sync-ing photos and browser bookmarks
- Exercise: signing into & out of your Chrome Browser with your Google account
- Exercise: using Google Docs
 - Demo (Exercise ?): using Microsoft Word
- Exercise: collaborating with Google Sheets

Homework



- If you would like to revisit any of information covered in sessions 1-5 and/or have unanswered questions (ie, parking lot items) or new questions, please share them with David via an email to <u>olli.shamlin@gmail.com</u> by the end of day Friday.
- 2. For consideration (no promises!)...

Would you be interested in workshops in the Fall?

- 2 hour weekly sessions
- 2-4 people per session
- Each sessions content to be determined by you