

Power Supply & Filtering

The Schottky diode acts as an OR-gate. When the 12V power supply is connected, there is 5V on the anode(+) and 12V on the cathode(-) resulting in the diode not conducting. When there is only 5V supplied from the USB, there is 5V on the anode(+) and approx. 4.5V on the cathode(-), making the diode conduct properly.

All pins except SW, B5T and IN can only handle voltages between -0.3V and 6V.

$82\mu / (120\mu + 82\mu) \oplus 5V (\sqrt{USB}) = 2.029V$
 $82\mu / (120\mu + 82\mu) \oplus 12V = 4.871V$

FB (Feedback voltage) needs to be between 0.790 V and 0.830 V
 $(15k + 270) / (4.7k + 15k + 270) * 3.3V = 0.80923 V$

[illegible]

MCU STM32F405

Power supply filtering

The inductor together with the capacitors in parallel form a low pass filter with $F_c = \frac{1}{2\pi\sqrt{L(C_1+C_2)}}$

Analog power supply filtering

Decoupling capacitors were recommended in the datasheet for STM32F405. Should be placed close to the MCU.

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Boot mode

I2C Pull-up resistors

Crystal Oscillator

Load resistor needs to have a tolerance of 30ppm = $\pm 0.003\%$

$C = 2 * (C_{load} - C_{stray})$

Sheet: /
File: STM32F405RG + Gyro + I2C.sch
Title: STM32F405RG-GYRO-I2C-UART-USB

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