



Introducing JSON

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ECMA-404 The JSON Data Interchange Standard.

JSON (JavaScript Object Notation) is a lightweight data-interchange format. It is easy for humans to read and write. It is easy for machines to parse and generate. It is based on a subset of the JavaScript Programming Language Standard ECMA-262 3rd Edition - December 1999. JSON is a text format that is completely language independent but uses conventions that are familiar to programmers of the C-family of languages, including C, C++, C#, Java, JavaScript, Perl, Python, and many others. These properties make JSON an ideal data-interchange language.

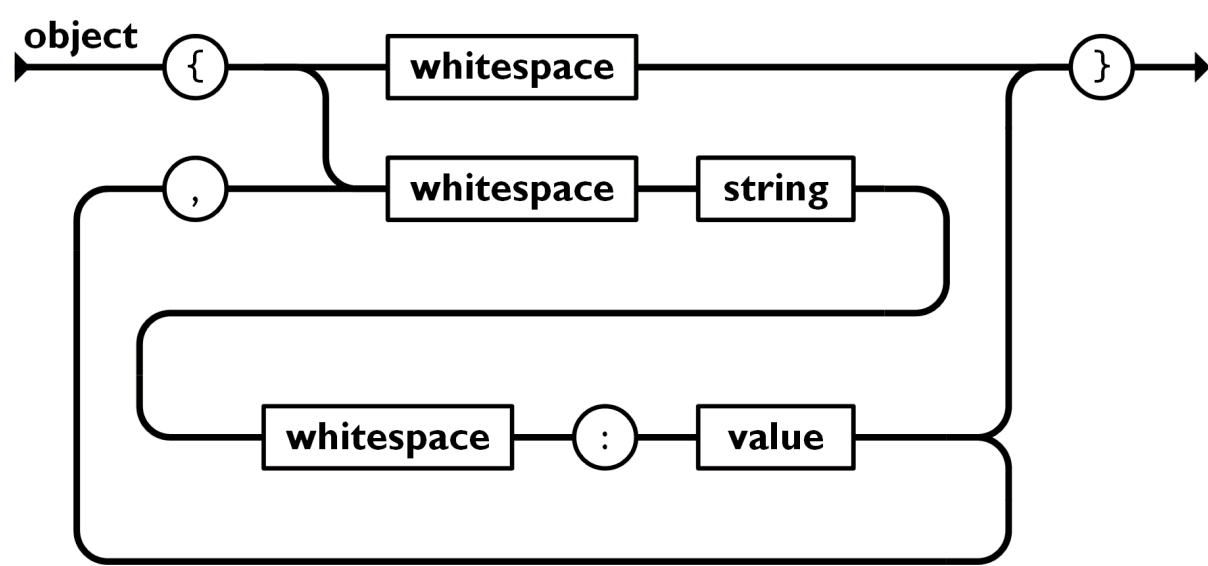
JSON is built on two structures:

- A collection of name/value pairs. In various languages, this is realized as an *object*, record, struct, dictionary, hash table, keyed list, or associative array.
- An ordered list of values. In most languages, this is realized as an *array*, vector, list, or sequence.

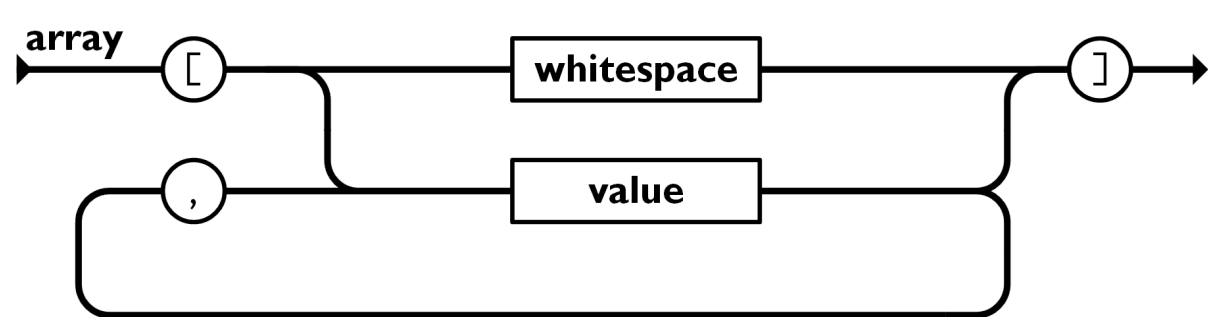
These are universal data structures. Virtually all modern programming languages support them in one form or another. It makes sense that a data format that is interchangeable with programming languages also be based on these structures.

In JSON, they take on these forms:

An *object* is an unordered set of name/value pairs. An object begins with { *left brace* and ends with } *right brace*. Each name is followed by : *colon* and the name/value pairs are separated by , *comma*.

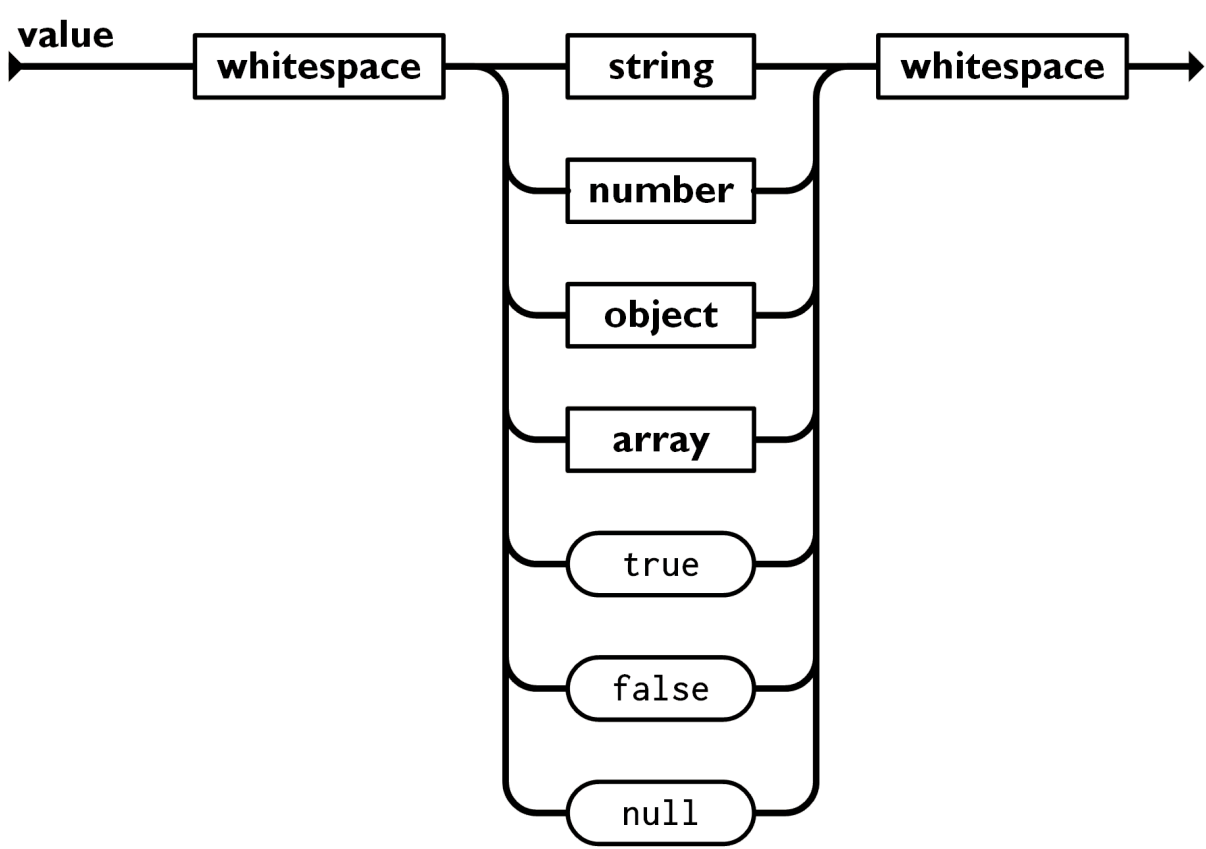


An *array* is an ordered collection of values. An array begins with [*left bracket* and ends with] *right bracket*. Values are separated by , *comma*.



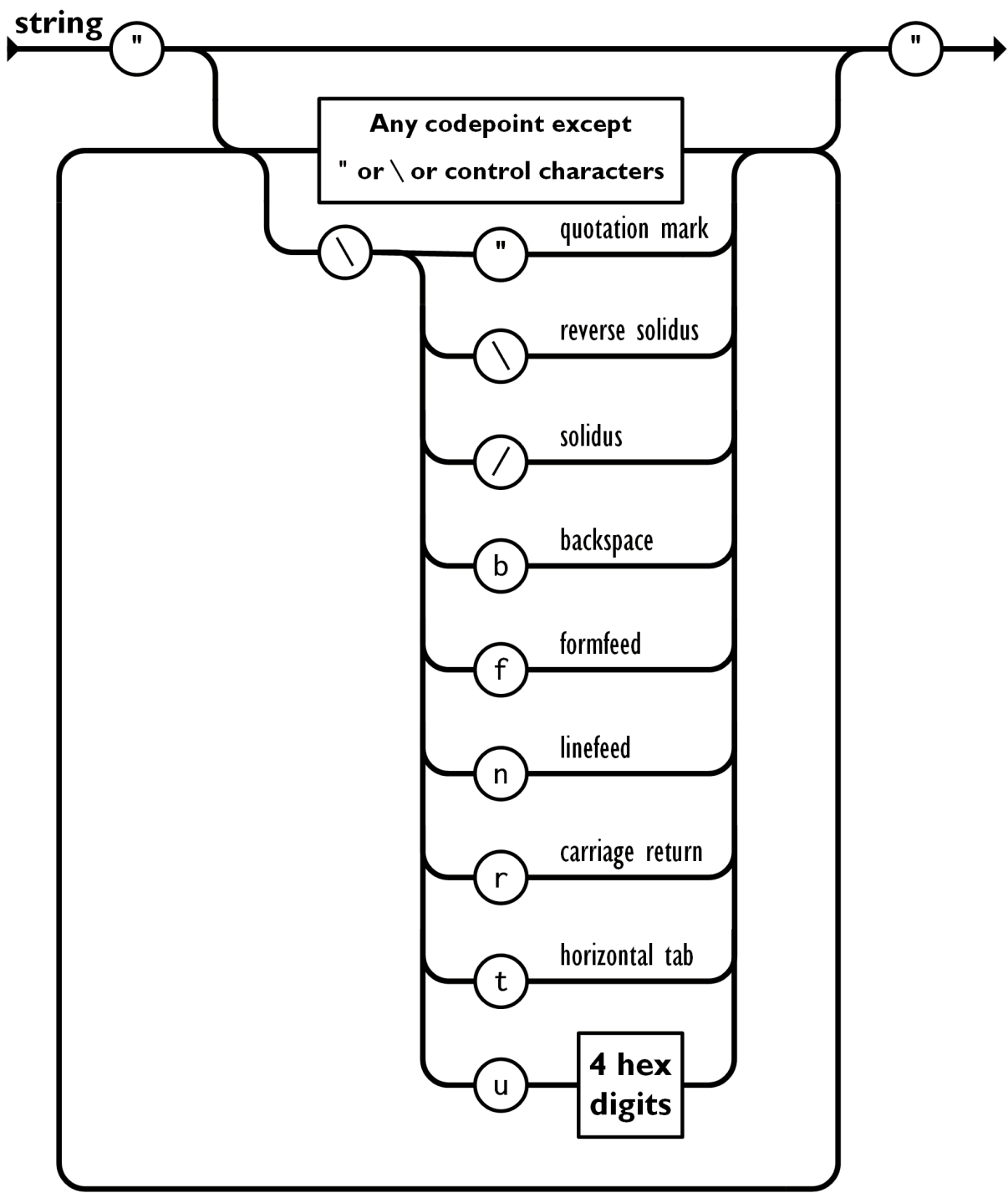
A *value* can be a *string* in double quotes, or a *number*, or true or false or null, or an *object* or an *array*. These structures can be nested.

json	element
value	object array string number "true" "false" "null"
object	'{' ws '}' '{' members '}'
members	member member ' , ' members
member	ws string ws ': ' element
array	'[' ws ']' '[' elements ']'
elements	element element ' , ' elements
element	ws value ws
string	'"'" characters '"'
characters	" " character characters
character	'0020' . '10FFFF' - "'" - '\\' '\\' escape
escape	'\"' '\\' '/' 'b' 'f' 'n' 'r' 't' 'u' hex hex hex hex
hex	digit 'A' . 'F' 'a' . 'f'
number	integer fraction exponent
integer	digit onenine digits '-' digit '-' onenine digits
digits	digit digit digits

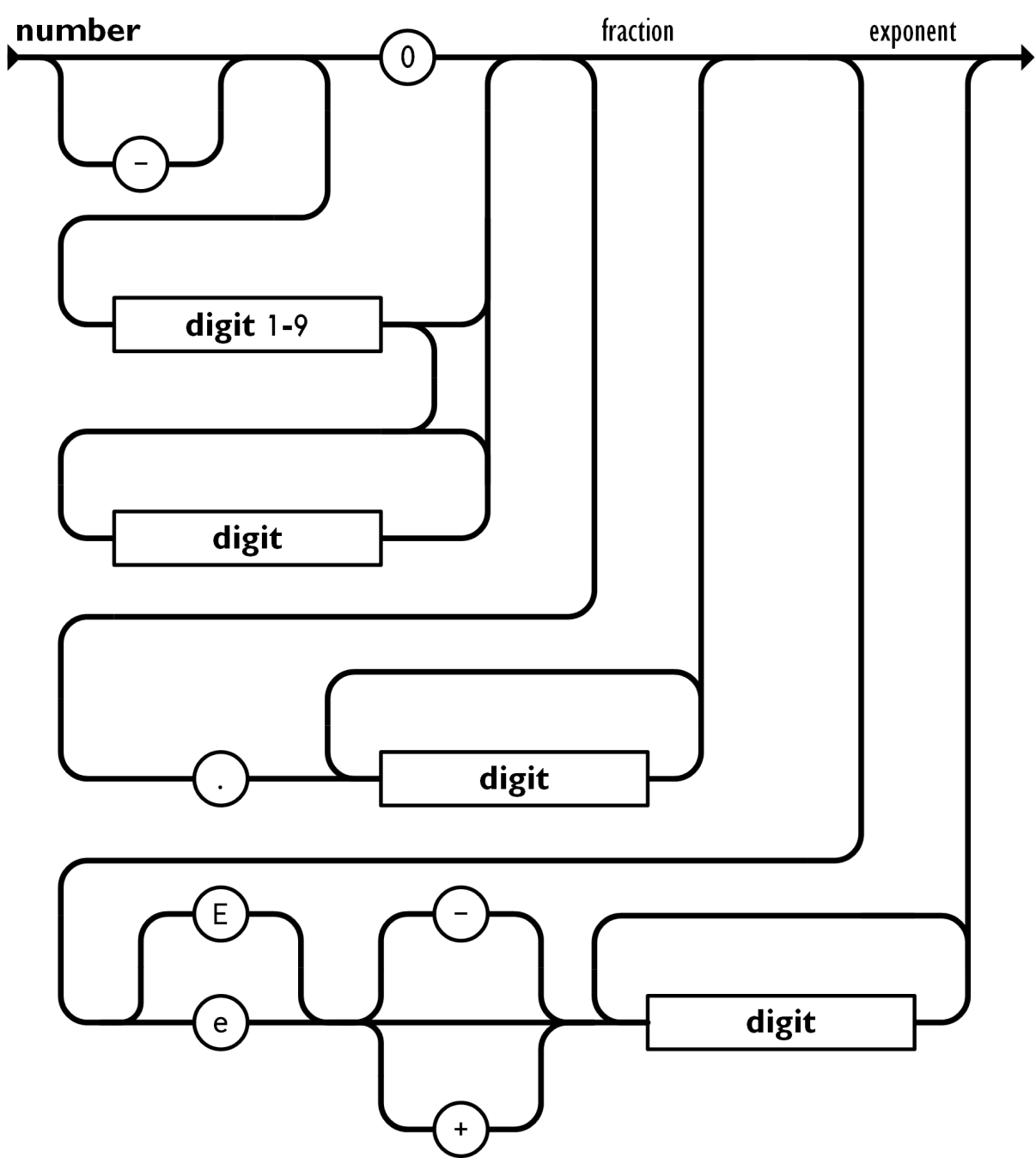


digit	'0'
onenine	'1' . '9'
fraction	"." digits
exponent	"E" sign digits
sign	"+"
	"-"
ws	" "
	'0020' ws
	'000A' ws
	'000D' ws
	'0009' ws

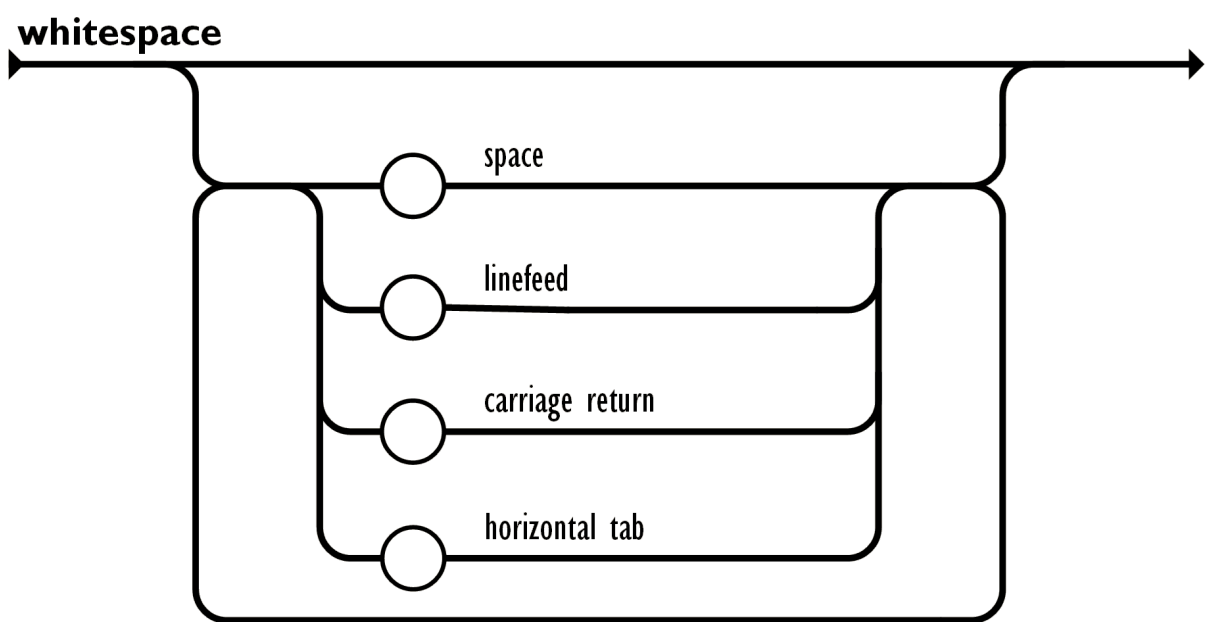
A *string* is a sequence of zero or more Unicode characters, wrapped in double quotes, using backslash escapes. A character is represented as a single character string. A string is very much like a C or Java string.



A *number* is very much like a C or Java number, except that the octal and hexadecimal formats are not used.



Whitespace can be inserted between any pair of tokens. Excepting a few encoding details, that completely describes the language.



8th	ColdFusion	Net.Data
json	SerializeJSON	netdata-json
ActionScript	D	Nim
ActionScript3	std.json	Module json
Ada	asdf	Objective C
GNATCOLL.JSON	vibe.data.json	NSJSONSerialization
AdvPL	Dart	json-framework
JSON-ADVPL	json library	JSONKit
APL	Delphi	yajl-objc
□JSON	Delphi Web Utils	TouchJSON
ASP	JSON Delphi Library	OCaml
JSON for ASP	E	jsonm
JSON ASP utility class	JSON in TermL	PascalScript
AWK	Erlang	JsonParser
JSON.awk	erl-json	Perl
rhawk	Fantom	CPAN
BlitzMax	Json	Photoshop
bmx-rjson	FileMaker	JSON Photoshop Scripting
C	JSON	PHP
JSON_checker	Fortran	PHP 5.2
YAJL	json-fortran	PicoLisp
LibU	YAJL-Fort	picolisp-json
json-c	jsonff	Pike
json-parser	Go	Public.Parser.JSON
jsonsl	package json	Public.Parser.JSON2
WJElement	Groovy	PL/SQL
M's JSON parser	groovy-io	pljson
cJSON	Haskell	PureBasic
Jansson	RJson package	JSON

	jsmn	json package	Puredata
	parson		PuRestJson
	ujson4c	JSON-java	Python
	frozen	JSONUtil	The Python Standard Library
	microjson	jsonp	simplejson
	mjson	Json-lib	pyson
	progbase	Stringtree	Yajl-Py
	lwjson	SOJO	ultrajson
	cisson	json-taglib	metamagic.json
C++		Flexjson	progbase
	JSONKit	Argo	R
	jsonme--	jsonij	rjson
	ThorsSerializer	fastjson	jsonlite
	JsonBox	mjson	Racket
	jvar	jjson	json-parsing
	rapidjson	json-simple	Rebol
	JSON for Modern C++	json-io	json.r
	minijson	google-gson	RPG
	jsoncons	FOSS Nova JSON	JSON Utilities
	jsoncpp	Corn CONVERTER	Rust
	univalue	Apache johnzon	Serde JSON
	ArduinoJson	Genson	json-rust
	QJson	cookjson	Ruby
	CAJUN	progbase	yajl-ruby
	libjson	jackson	json-stream
	nosjob	MOXy	progbase
	JSON library for IoT	JavaScript	Scala
	qmjson	JSON	circe
	JSON Support in Qt	json2.js	Scheme
	JsonWax for Qt	clarinet	MZScheme
	progbase	Oboe.js	JSON-struct
	Qentem-Engine	progbase	Shell
C#		LabVIEW	Jshon
	fastJSON	flatten	JSON.sh
	JSON_checker	Lisp	jwalk
	Json.NET	Common Lisp JSON	Squeak
	JSON for .NET	LiveCode	Squeak
	Manatee Json	mergJSON	Tcl
	FastJsonParser	LotusScript	JSON
	LightJson	JSON LS	Visual Basic
	Liersch.Json	Lua	VB-JSON
	Liersch.JsonSerialization	JSON Modules	PW.JSON
	progbase	M	.NET-JSON-Transformer
	JSON Essentials	DataBallet	progbase
Clojure		Matlab	Visual FoxPro
	data.json	JSONlab	fwJSON
Cobol		20565	JSON
	Redvers COBOL JSON Interface	23393	vfpjson

- Videos about JSON
- Videos about the JSON Logo
- Heresy & Heretical Open Source: A Heretic's Perspective
- *How JavaScript Works* by Douglas Crockford