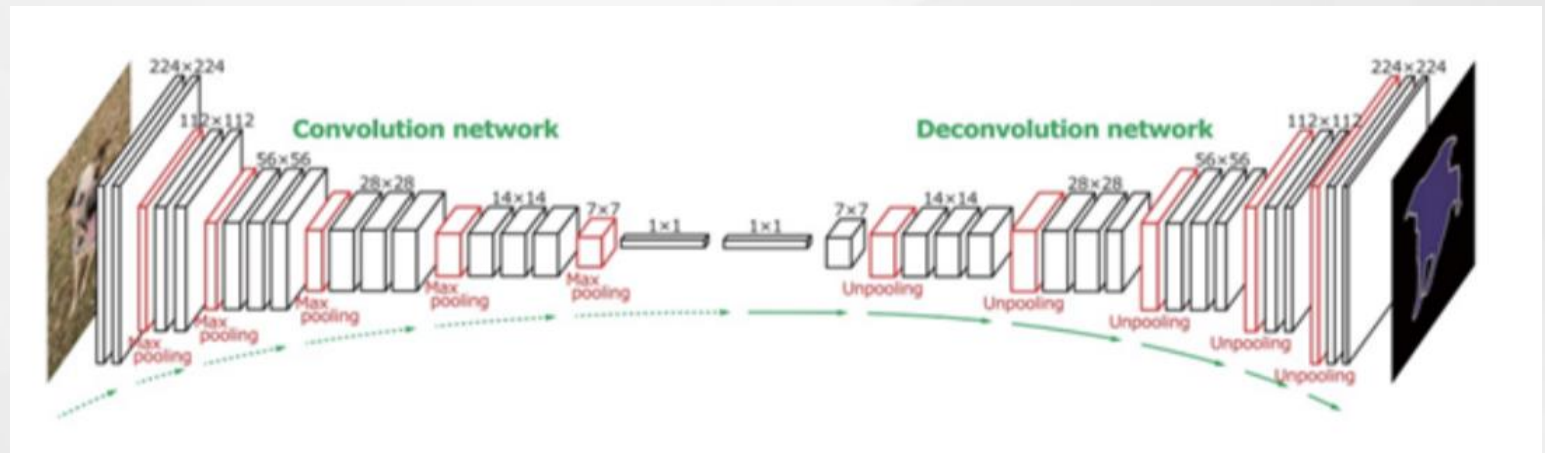


Chapter 03. 이미지 처리 분야 딥러닝 모델 (Image Segmentation)

Convolution and Deconvolution Network



FCN 의 문제점



(a) Inconsistent labels due to large object size



(b) Missing labels due to small object size

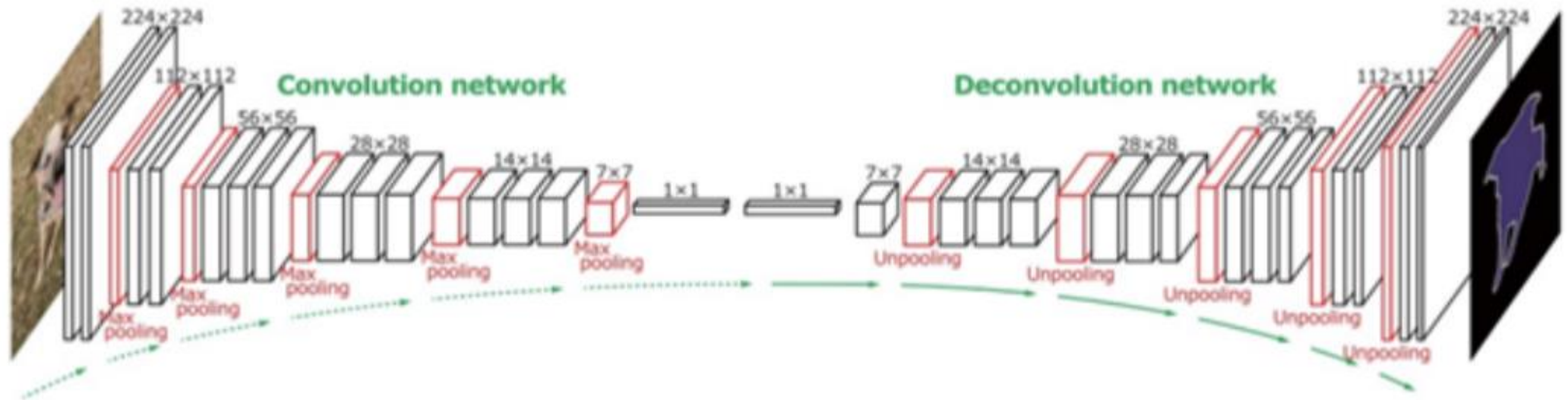
Convolution :

제한된 Receptive Field

Downsampling -> Upsampling :

smoothing

Convolution and Deconvolution Network

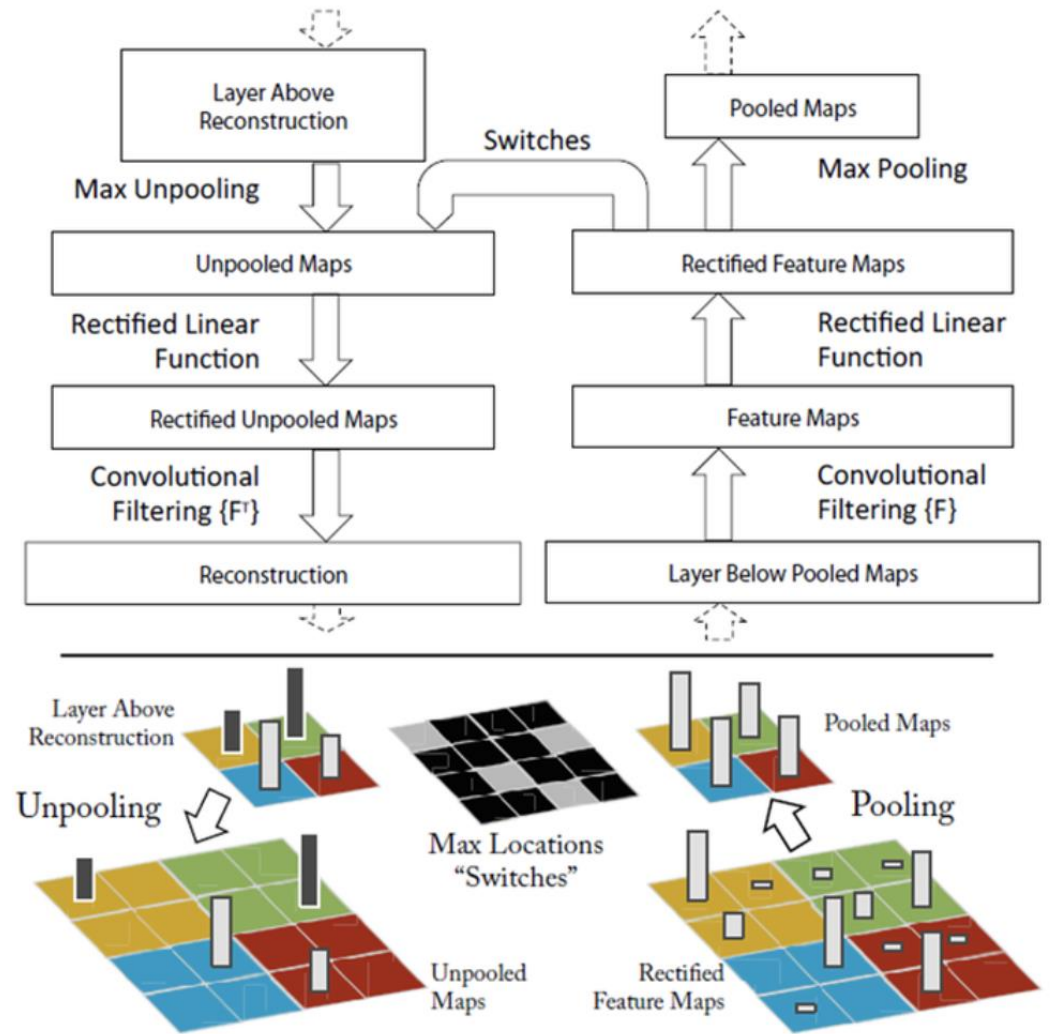
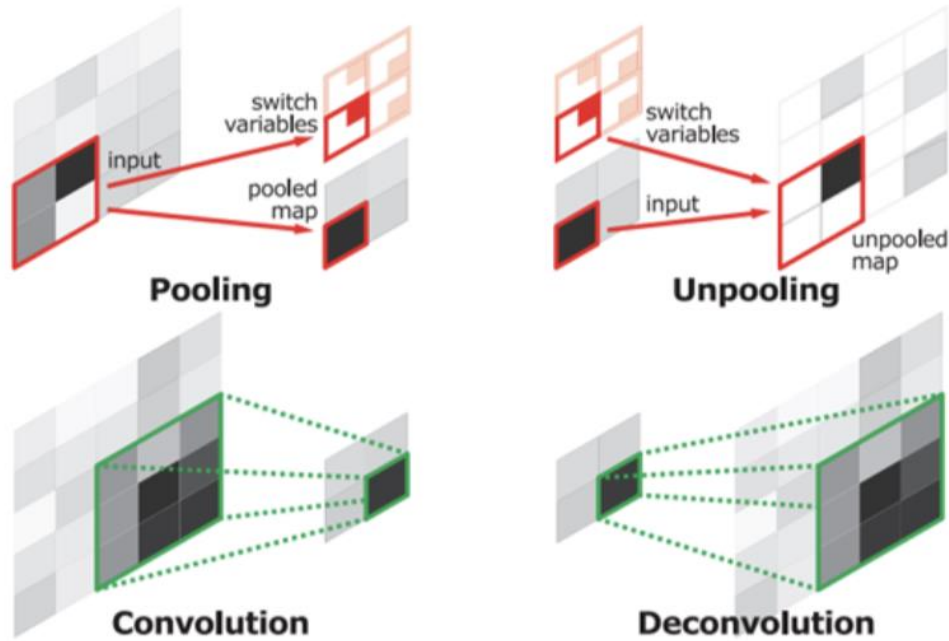


대칭적 구조

VGG - 16

Max pooling 시 최대 지점 저장 switch (ZFNet)

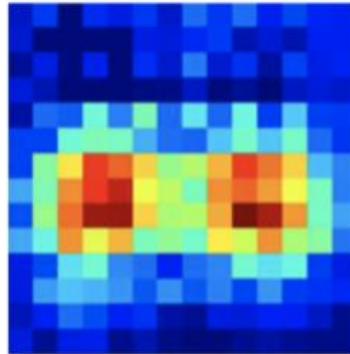
Switch Variable



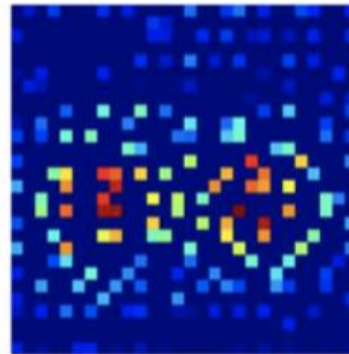
Deconvolution



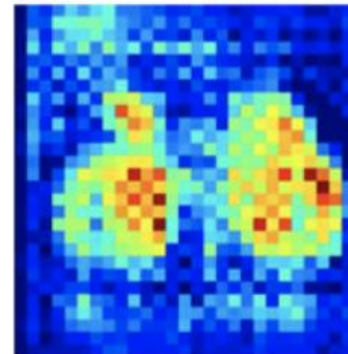
(a)



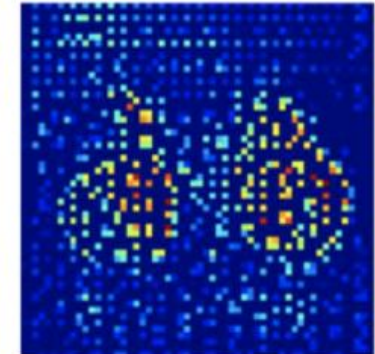
(b)



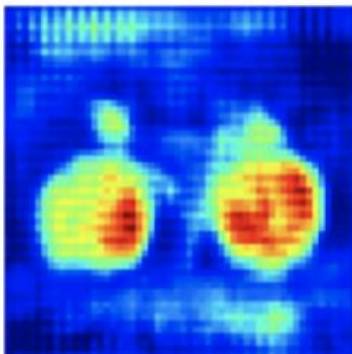
(c)



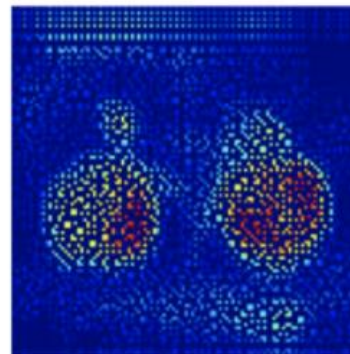
(d)



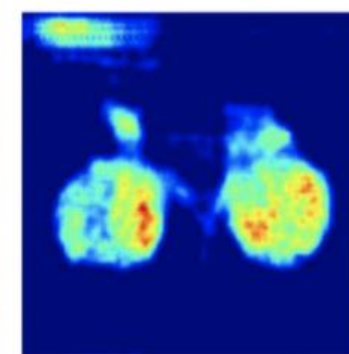
(e)



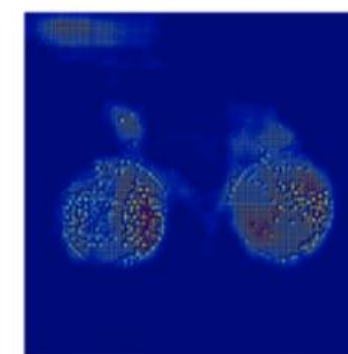
(f)



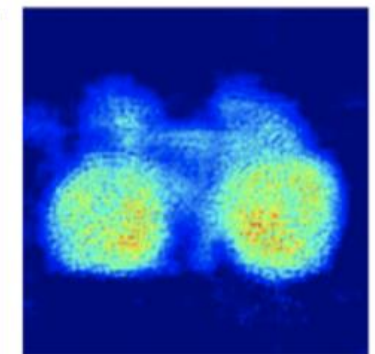
(g)



(h)



(i)



(j)

FCN vs Convolution and Deconvolution

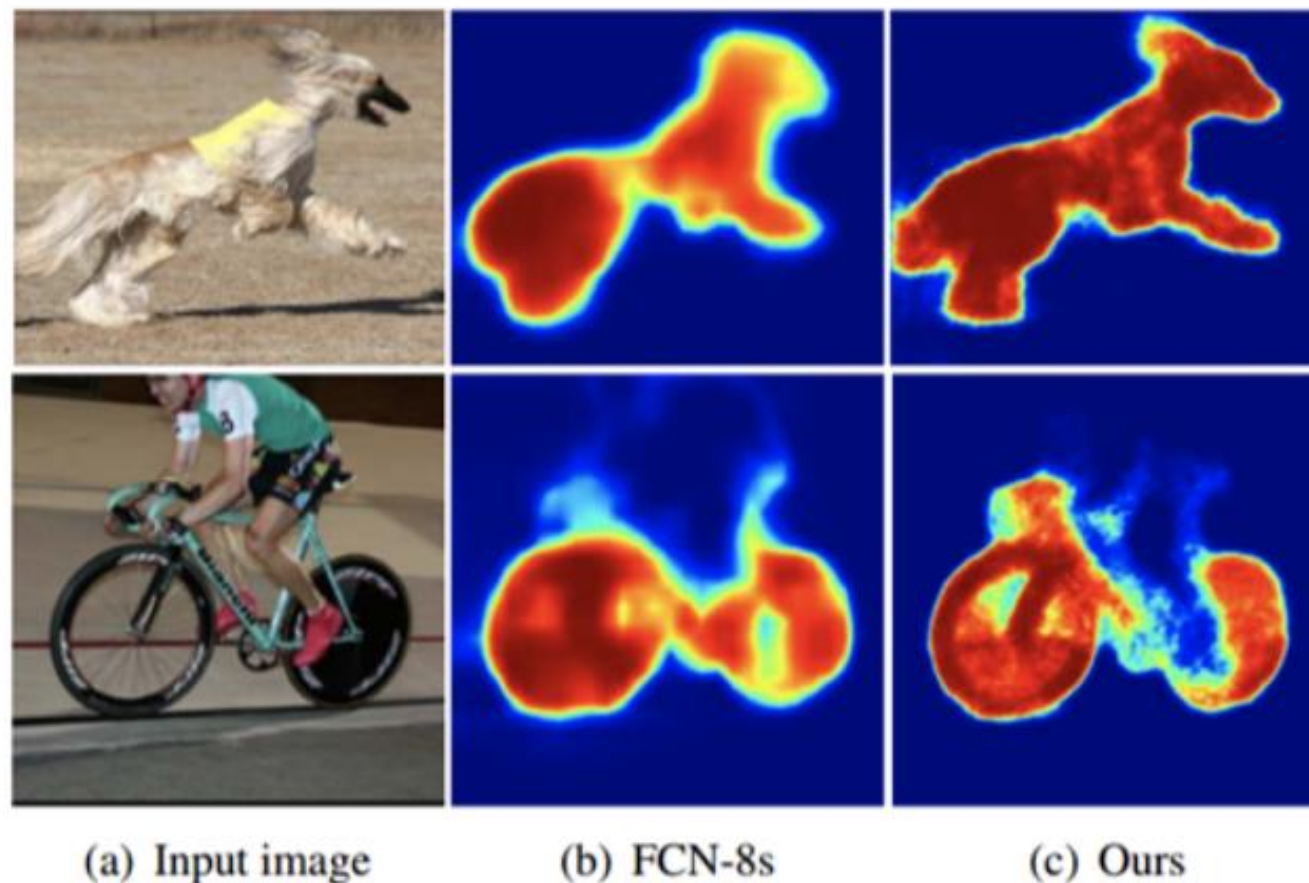
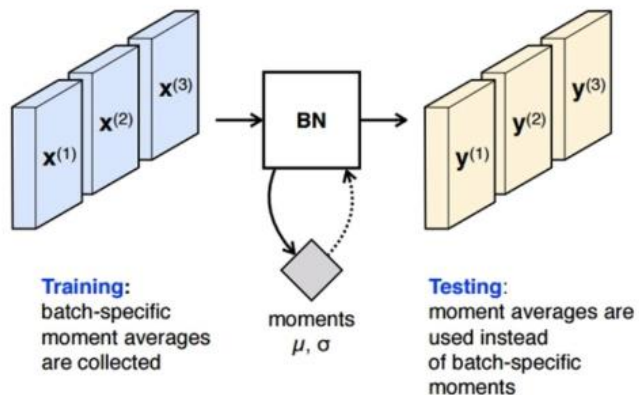


Figure 5. Comparison of class conditional probability maps from FCN and our network (top: dog, bottom: bicycle).

Convolution and Deconvolution Network

2개의 VGG - 16 -> Overfitting

Bath Normalization



Data Augmentation

Pascal VOC 데이터 이용
약 300만장, Titan X GPU 학습 6일

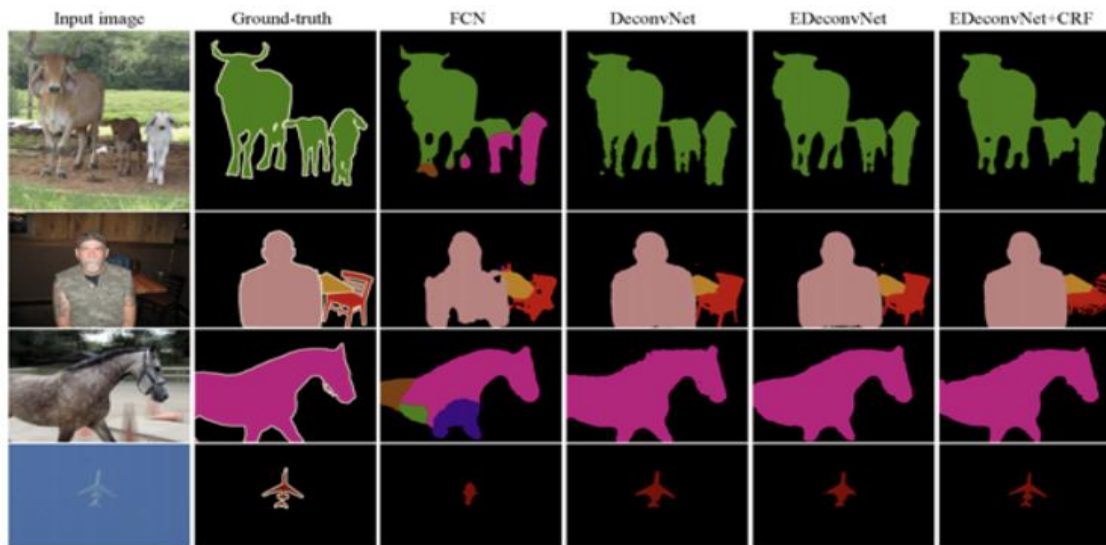
2 stage training

1) Easy image :

centered , small object size variance
(20 만장)

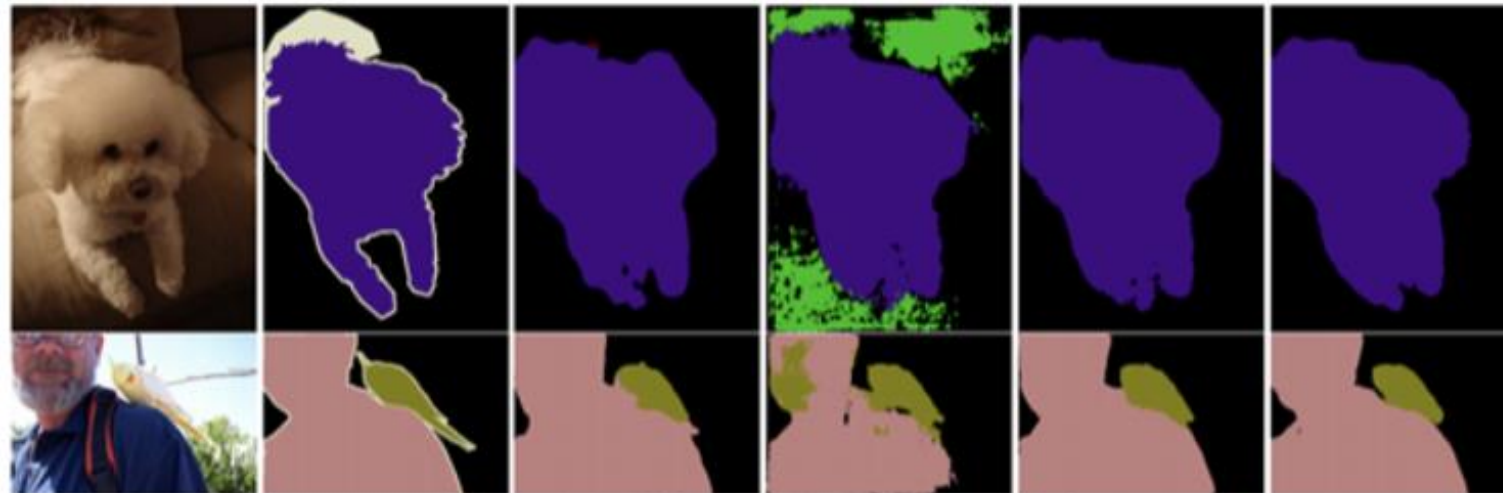
2) Hard image :

Various position, size variance
(270 만장)

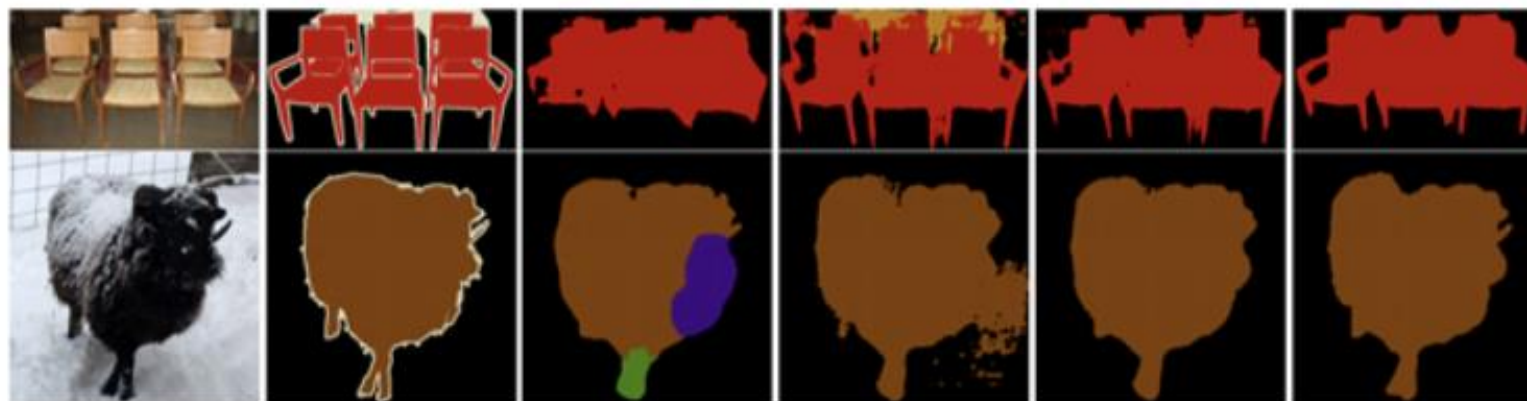


(a) Examples that our method produces better results than FCN [19].

Convolution and Deconvolution Network



(b) Examples that FCN produces better results than our method.



(c) Examples that inaccurate predictions from our method and FCN are improved by ensemble.

Thank You