

# **Design, Develop, and Deploy**

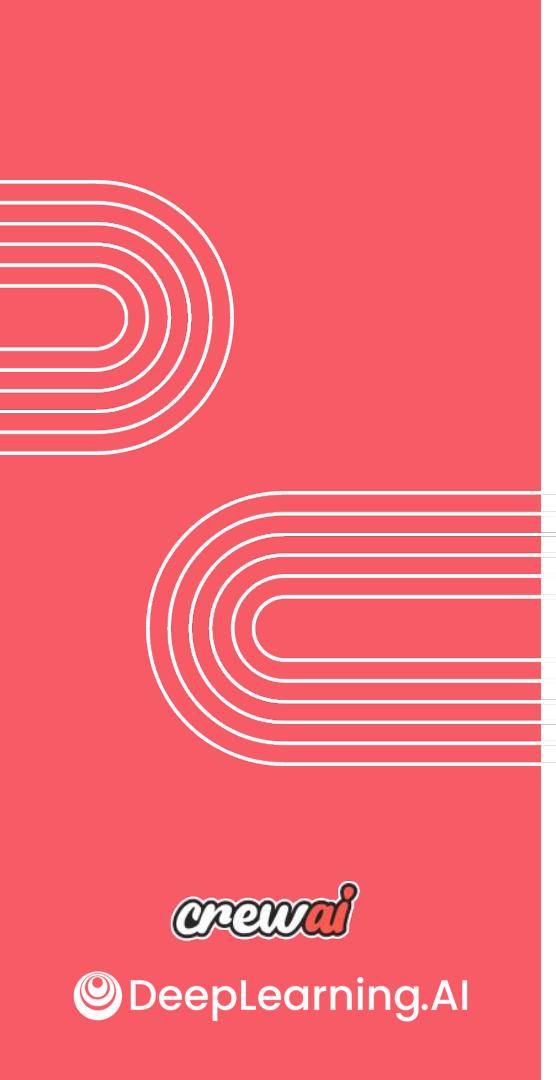
## **Multi-Agent Systems**

### **with CrewAI**

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Working with AI Agents





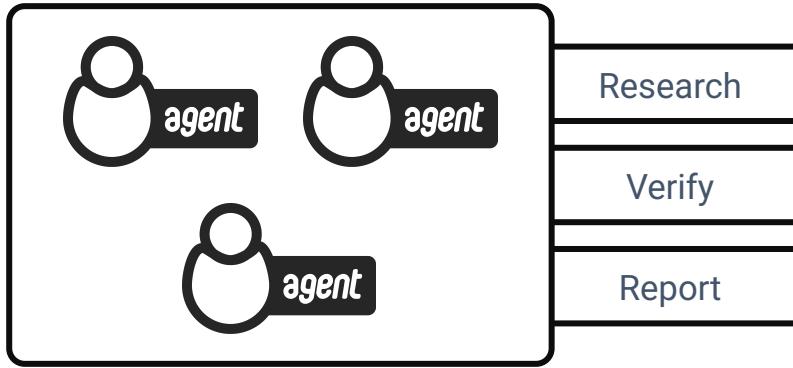
# Working with AI Agents

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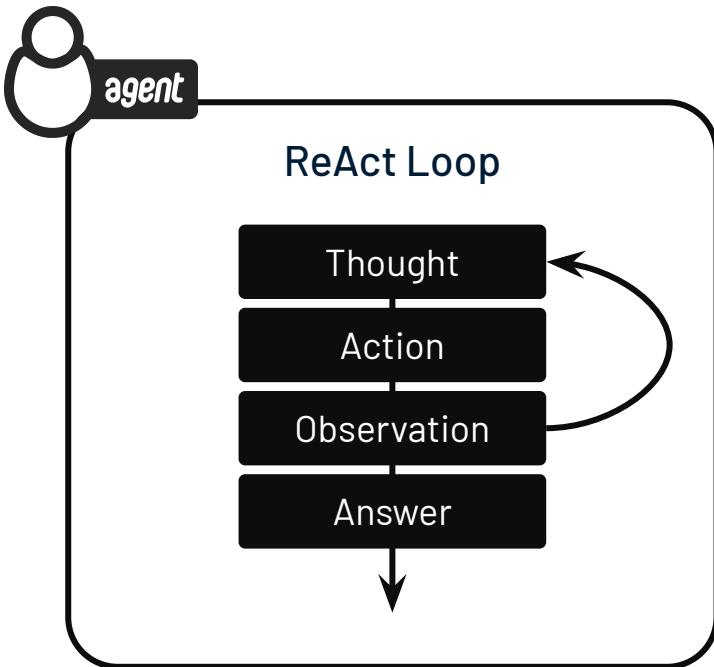
## Understanding AI Agent Workflows

*crewai*

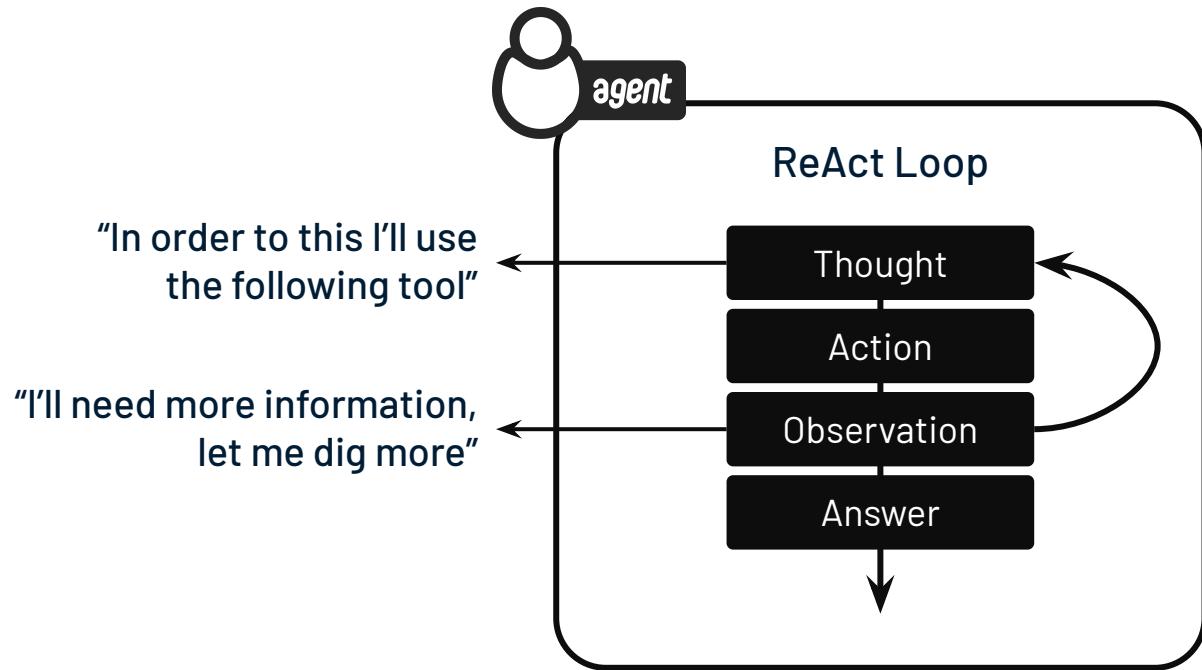
# Agent Workflows



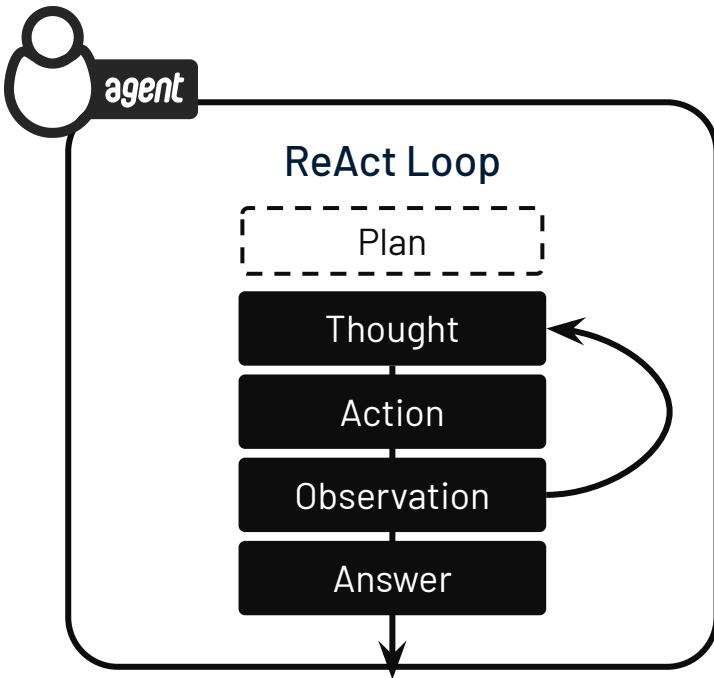
# Agent Workflows



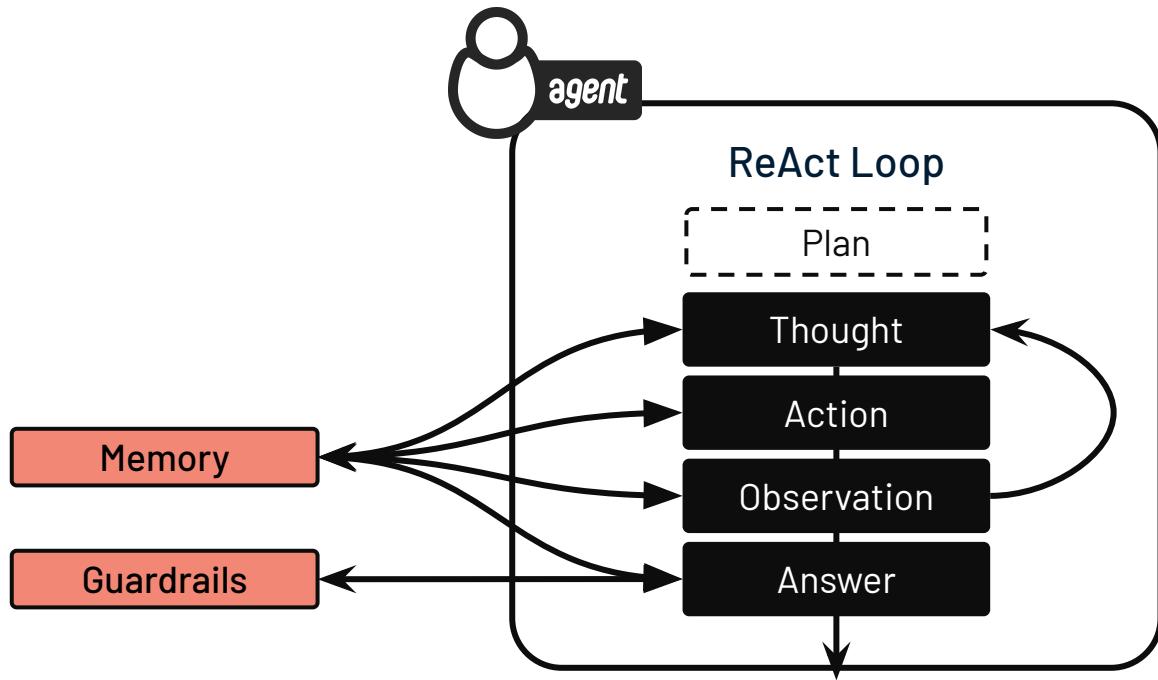
# Agent Workflows



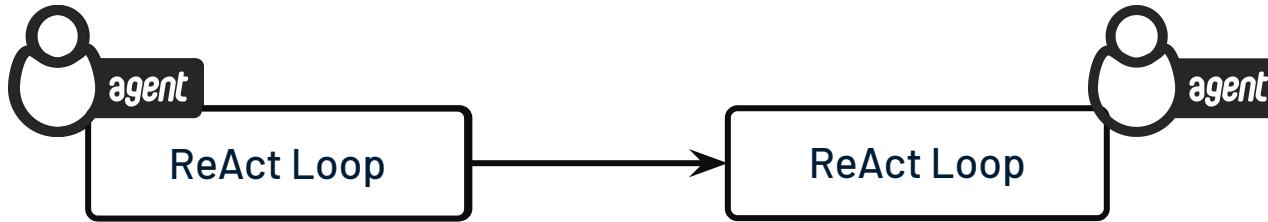
# Agent Workflows



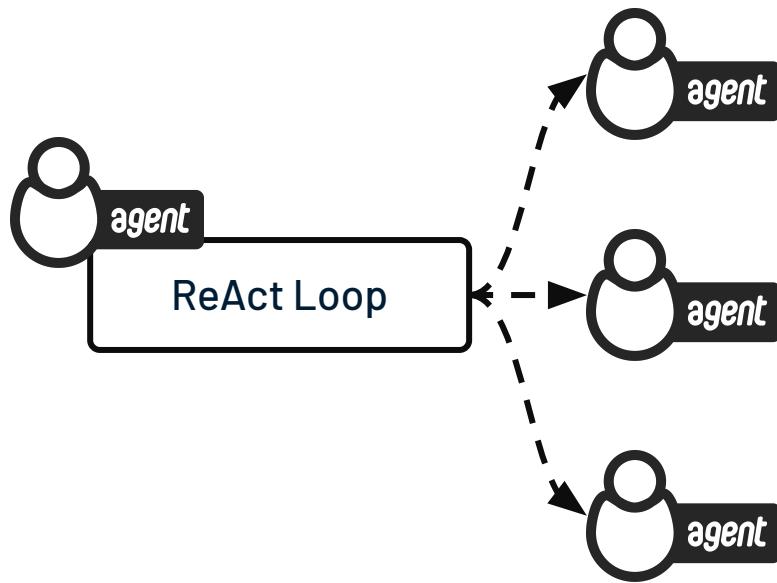
# Agent Workflows



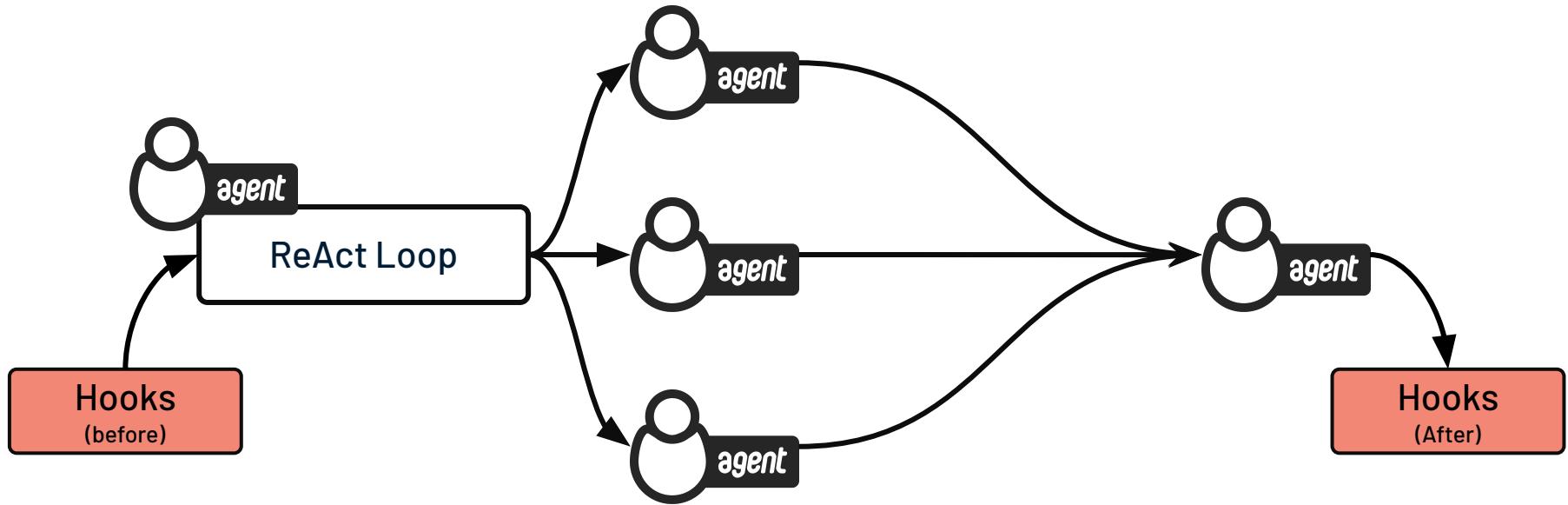
# Agent Workflows



# Agent Workflows



# Agent Workflows



# Controlling Agents

How to provide deterministic controls on probabilistic systems?

## Memory

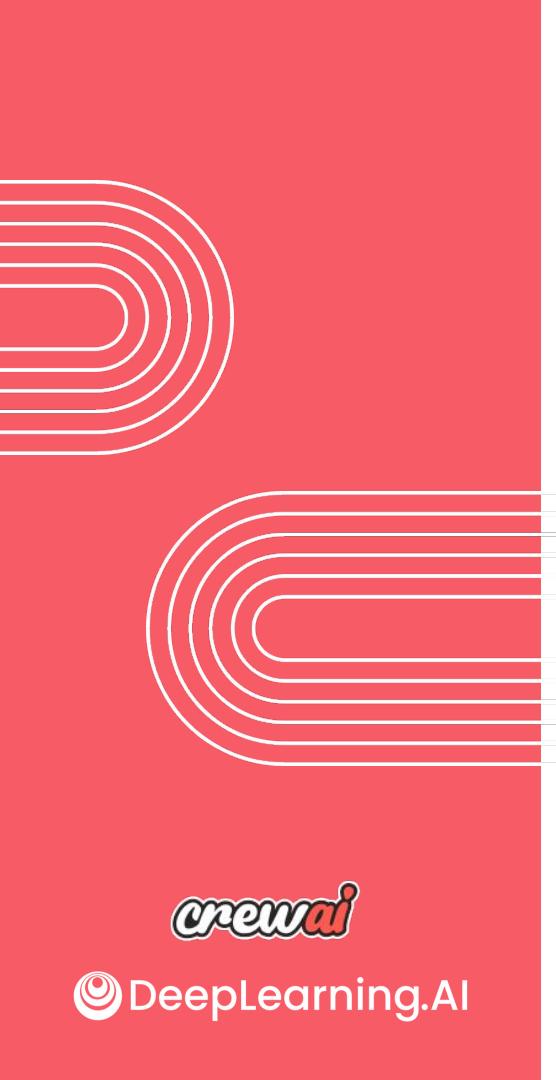
Dynamically update context to help agents learn and get better over time

## Guardrails

Adding either deterministic or probabilistic (LLM as judge) checks on output

## Hooks

Execute deterministic code either before or after Agents



# Working with AI Agents

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Incorporating Memory  
and Knowledge

*crewai*

# Agentic Memory

How to provide agents the ability to **remember** information?

## Short Term

Stores data from past executions to add context that gets shared among agents

## Long Term

Reflects on differences between expect outputs and actual outputs on tasks to improve agents through feedback

## Entity

Collects facts about recognizable people, companies, locations, products, etc

# Entity Memory

Pretend news article (by ChatGPT)

Renewable energy corporations such as Tesla, led by CEO Elon Musk, and Ørsted, based in Denmark, are at the forefront of the transition to sustainable energy. Meanwhile, tech giants like Google, under the leadership of Sundar Pichai, and Microsoft, with CEO Satya Nadella at the helm, are investing heavily in renewable energy projects and carbon offset programs to achieve carbon neutrality. Notably, countries like Germany, with its ambitious Energiewende policy, and China, the world's largest emitter of greenhouse gases, are implementing aggressive strategies to reduce emissions and accelerate the adoption of renewable energy. Additionally, startups like Beyond Meat, founded by Ethan Brown, and Impossible Foods, led by CEO Pat Brown, are disrupting the food industry with plant-based alternatives, significantly reducing the environmental impact of food production.

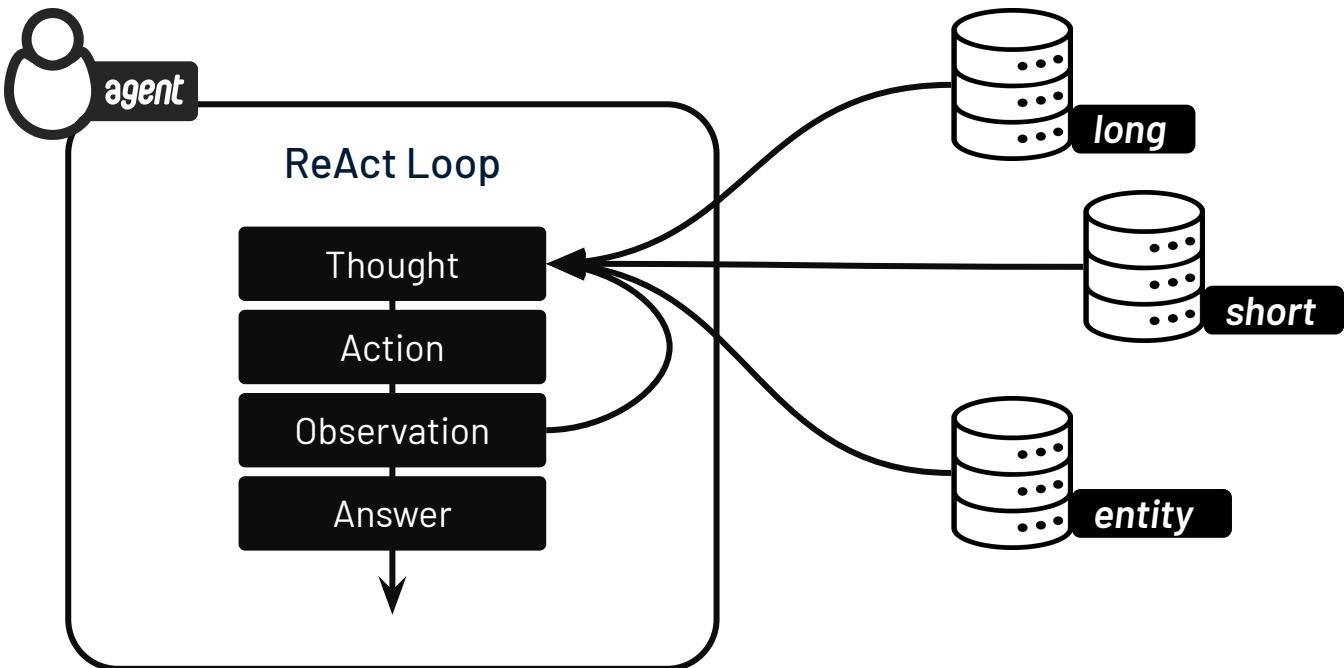
## Entities

- persons,
- organizations,
- locations

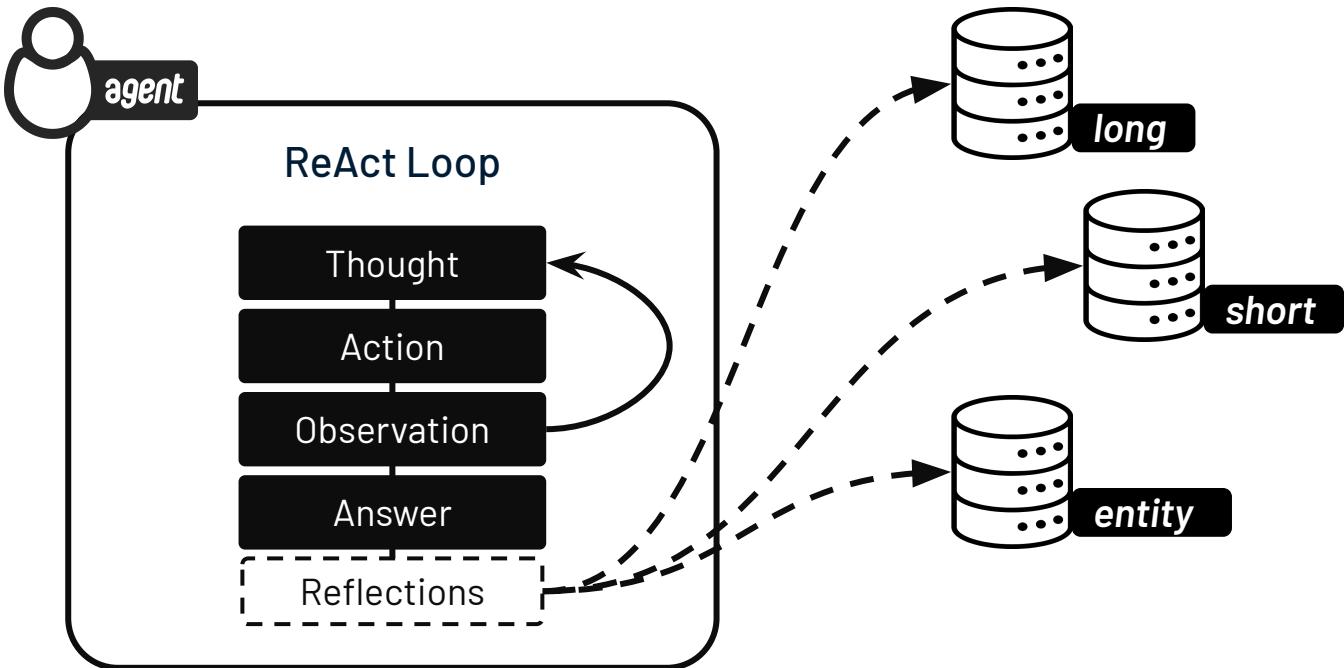
# Adding Memory to Crews

```
planning_crew = Crew(  
    agents=[code_explorer, documentation_planner],  
    tasks=[analyze_codebase, create_documentation_plan],  
    memory=True,  
    verbose=False  
)  
  
planning_crew.kickoff()
```

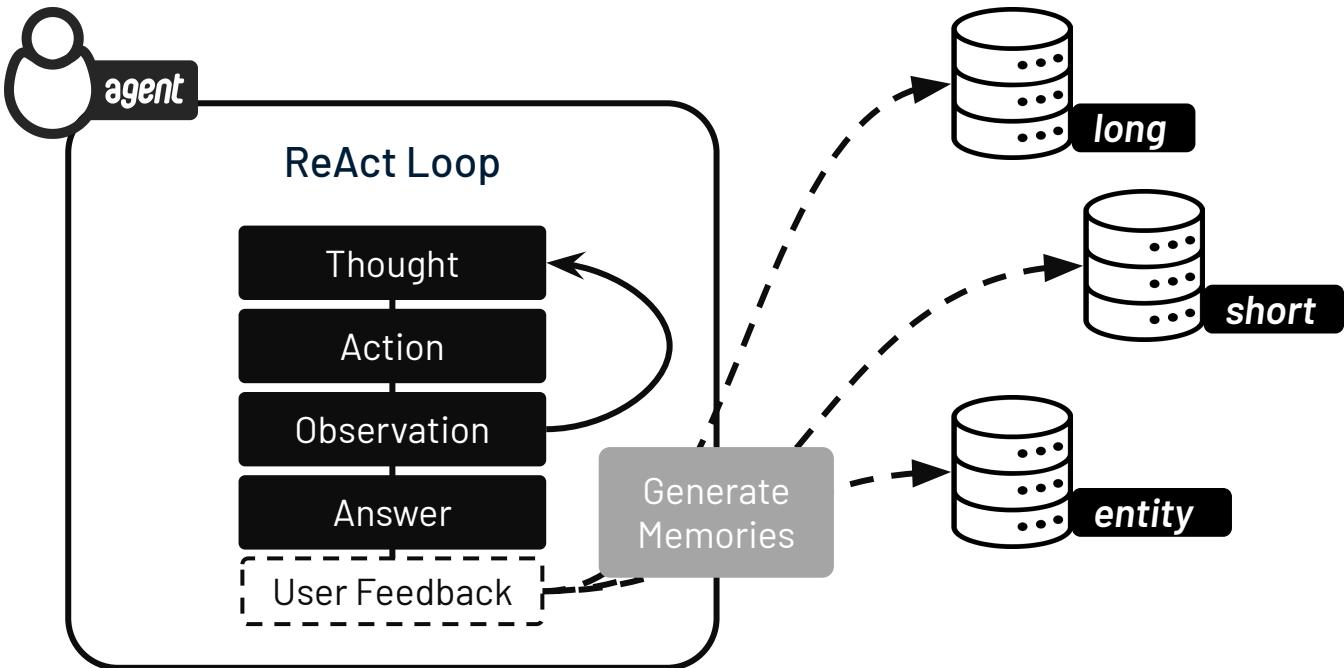
# Agentic Memory



# Agentic Memory



# Agentic Memory



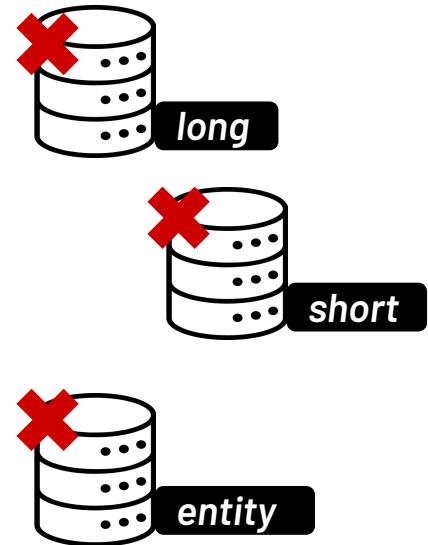
# Agentic Memory

**Generate Memories**

**Training with Feedback**

# Removing Data from Memory

```
C:>  
crewai reset-memories
```



# Removing Data from Memory

```
from crewai import Crew

crew = Crew(agents=[...], tasks=[...], memory=True)

# Reset specific memory types
crew.reset_memories(command_type='short')      # Short-term memory
crew.reset_memories(command_type='long')         # Long-term memory
crew.reset_memories(command_type='entity')       # Entity memory
```

# Agentic Memory

Whether you generate memories or train with feedback, the additional context can measurably impact agent performance



Helpful for controlling...

- Behavior
- Format
- Style

# Agentic Memory vs Agentic Knowledge

## Memory

- Internal information adapted from previous executions
- Selectively added to agent's context during current execution
- Updated from feedback by human users or LLM-as-a-Judge

## Knowledge

- External information retrieved from different sources
- Selectively added to agent's context from flat files or vector databases
- Not updated from feedback.  
Pre-filled at run-time.

# Agentic Knowledge

## Text Sources

- Raw Text
- Text Files
- PDF Documents

## Structured Data

- CSV Files
- Excel Spreadsheets
- JSON Documents

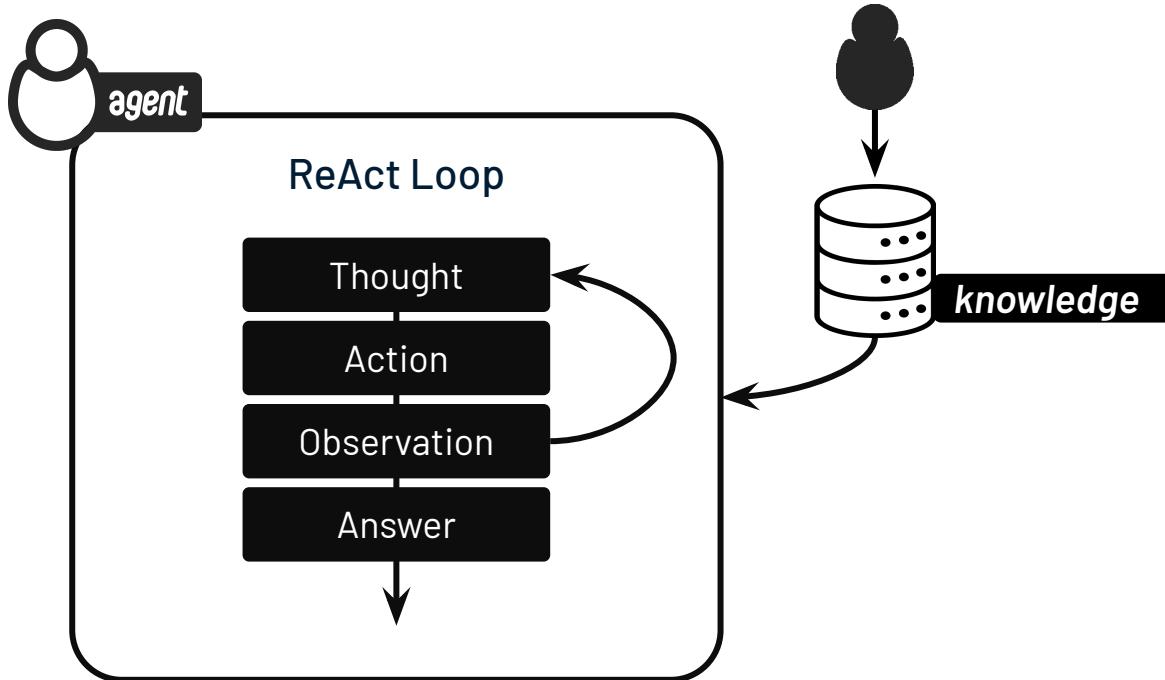
```
from crewai import Agent, Task
from crewai.knowledge.source.string_knowledge_source import StringKnowledgeSource

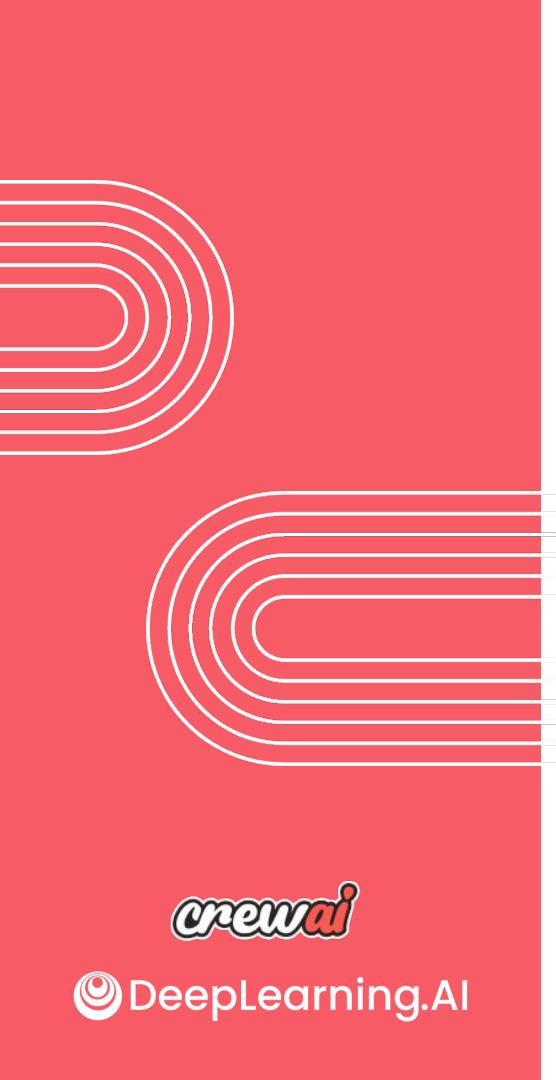
content = "User's name is John. He is 30 years old and lives in San Francisco."
string_source = StringKnowledgeSource(content=content)

agent = Agent(
    role="About User",
    goal="You know everything about the user.",
    backstory="You are a master at understanding people and their preferences.",
    knowledge_sources=[string_source],
)
```

```
from crewai import Agent, Task  
from crewai.knowledge.source.string_knowledge_source import StringKnowledgeSource  
  
content = "User's name is John. He is 30 years old and lives in San Francisco."  
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# Agentic Knowledge





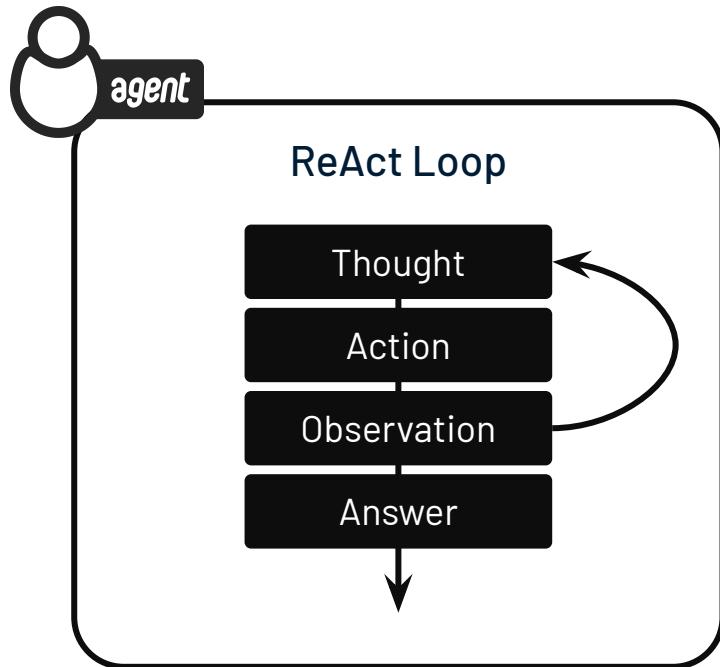
# Working with AI Agents

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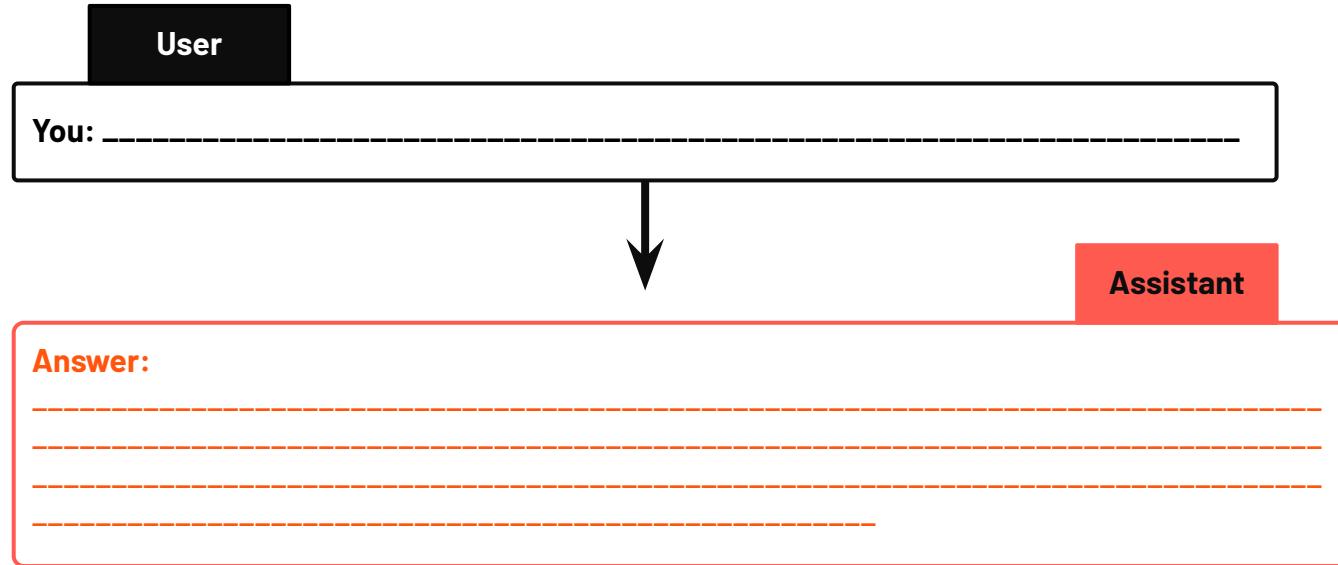
## Controlling Agents with Guardrails

crewai

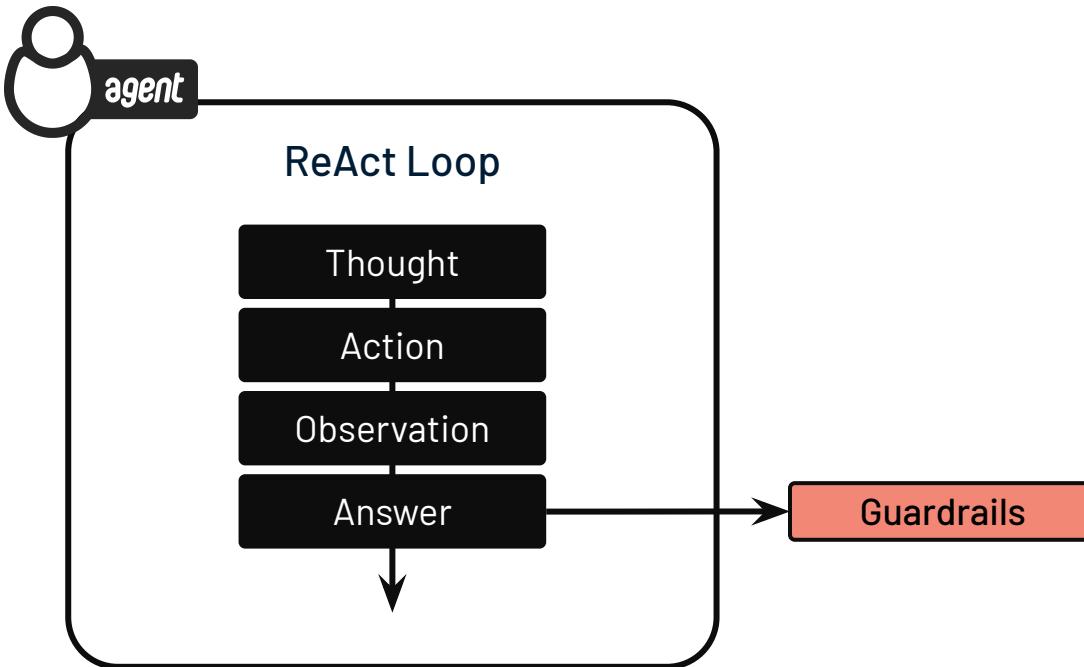
# Agent Guardrails



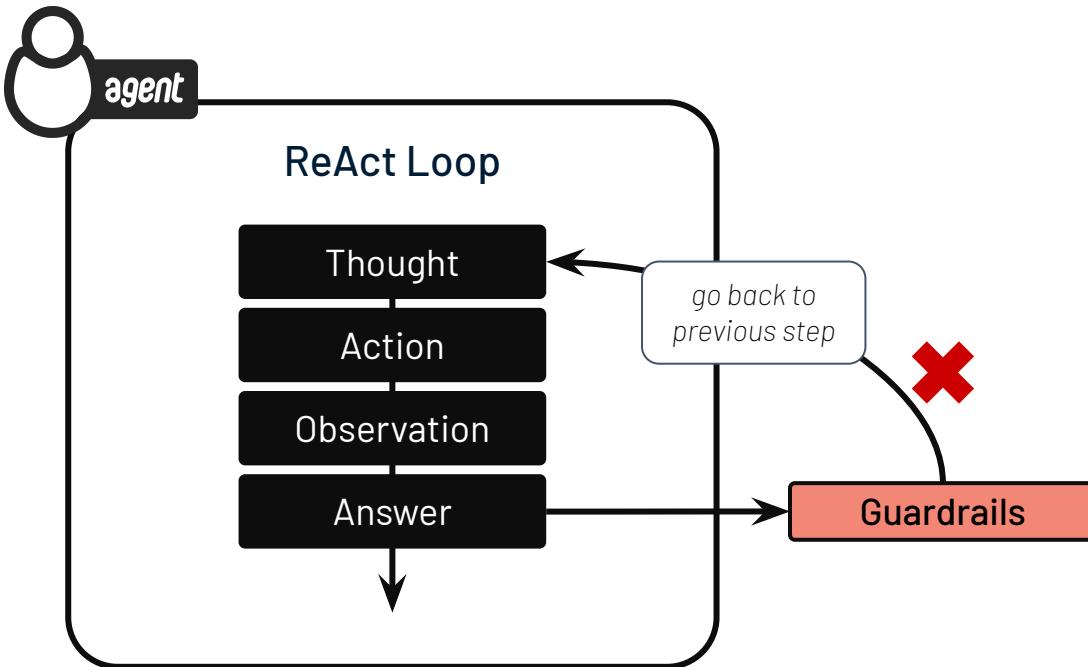
# Agent Guardrails



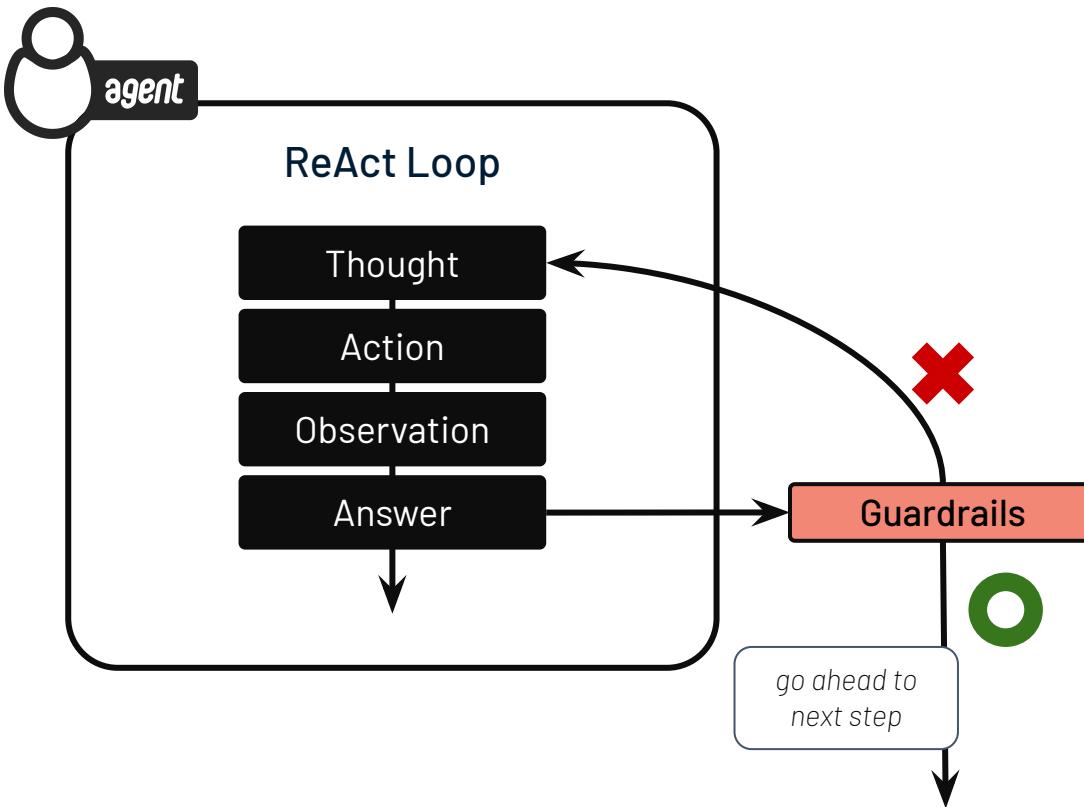
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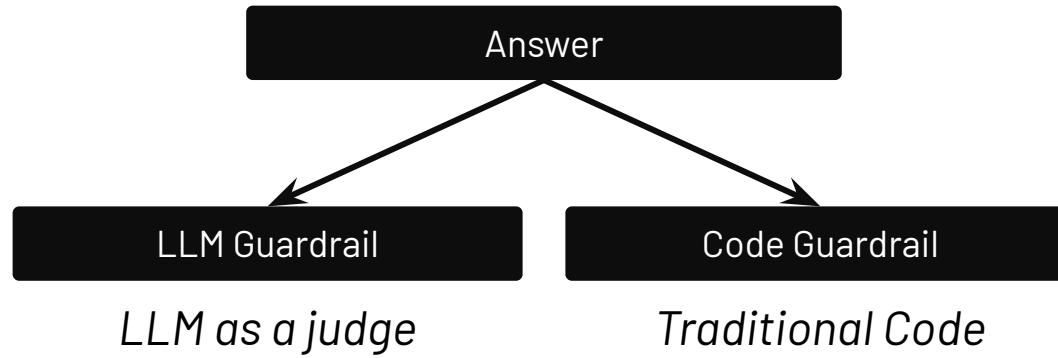
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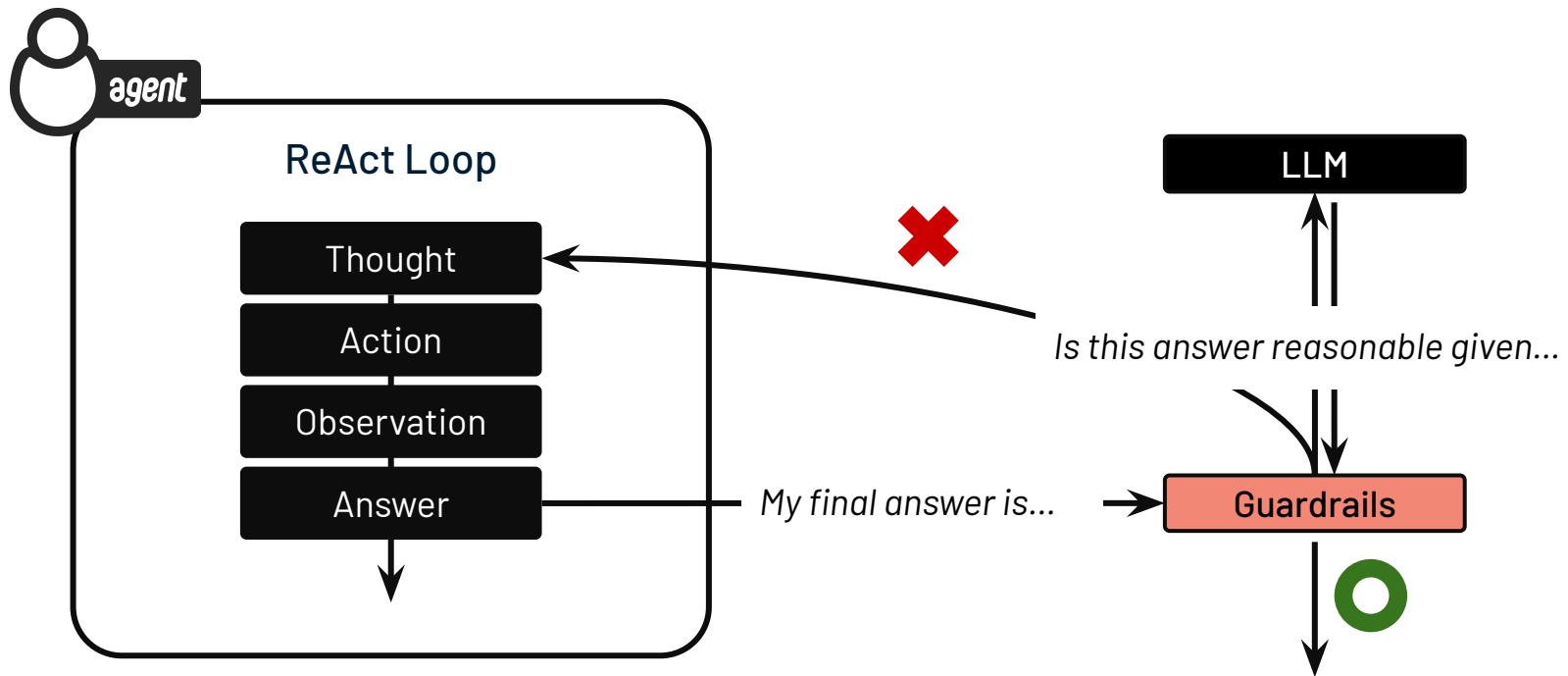
# Agent Guardrails



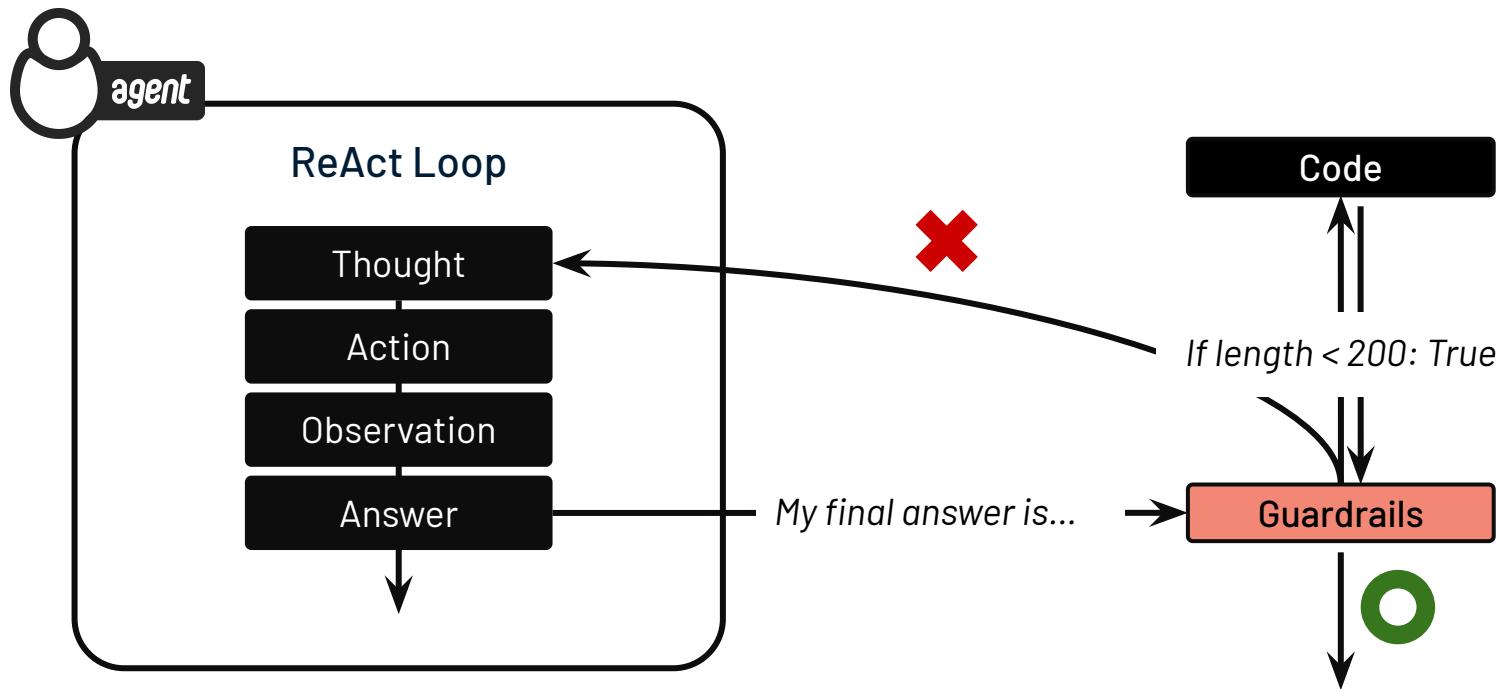
# Deterministic Guardrails vs Probabilistic Guardrails

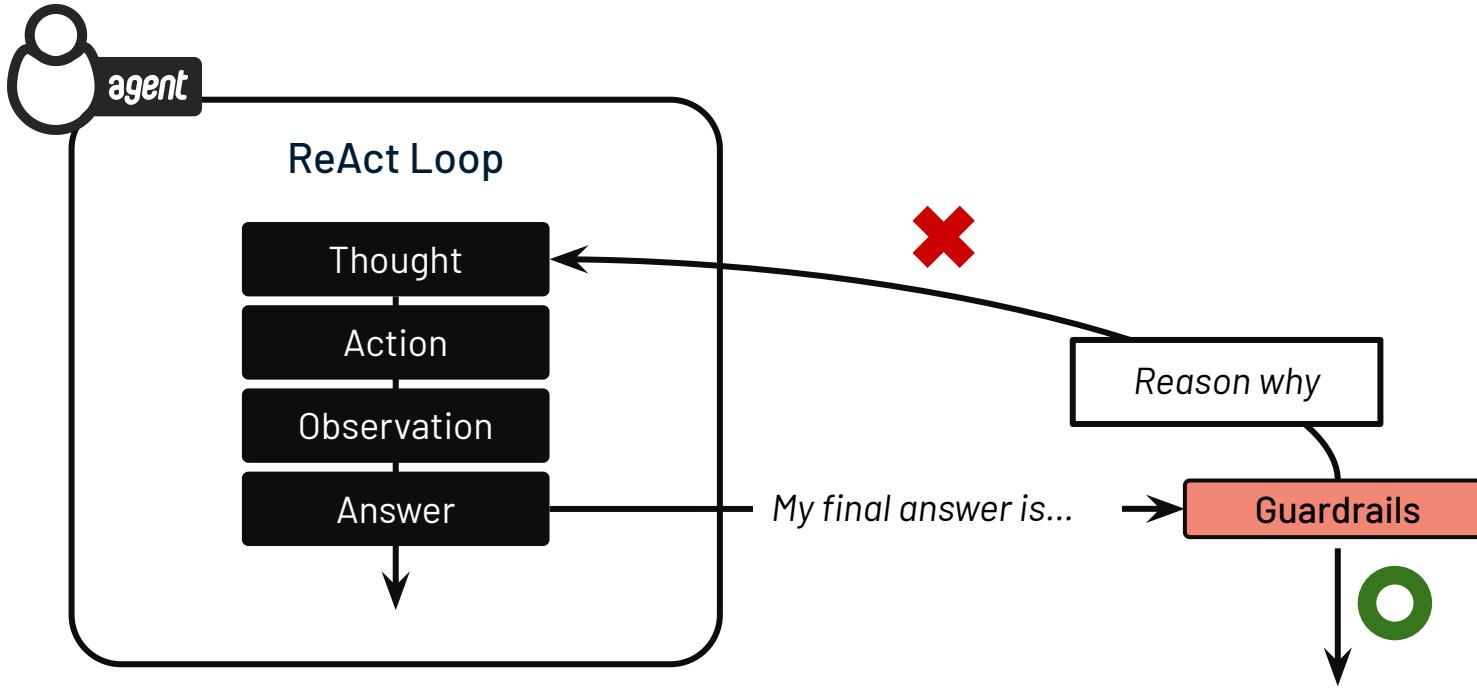


## LLM Guardrail



## Code Guardrail





```
from typing import Tuple, Any

def word_count_guardrail(output: str) -> Tuple[bool, Any]:
    """check word count of string"""

    word_count = len(output.split())
    if (word_count < 200):
        return (True, output)
    else:
        return (False, "Word count exceeds limit of 200")
```

```
from crewai import Agent, Task

copywriter = Agent(role='Copywriter',
                    goal='Create persuasive marketing copy',
                    backstory='An expert in writing engaging promotional content')

copywriting_task = Task(description="Write marketing copy for the new product",
                        expected_output="A brief paragraph with marketing copy",
                        agent=copywriter,
                        guardrail=word_count_guardrail)
```

```
from crewai import Agent, Task

copywriter = Agent(role='Copywriter',
                    goal='Create persuasive marketing copy',
                    backstory='An expert in writing engaging promotional content')

copywriting_task = Task(description="Write marketing copy for the new product",
                        expected_output="A brief paragraph with marketing copy",
                        agent=copywriter,
                        guardrails=[word_count_guardrail])
```

```
from crewai import Agent, Task
from crewai.tasks.llm_guardrail import LLMGuardrail
copywriter = Agent(role='Copywriter',
                    goal='Create persuasive marketing copy',
                    backstory='An expert in writing engaging promotional content')

tone_guardrail = LLMGuardrail(description="Ensure writing has positive tone")
copywriting_task = Task(description="Write marketing copy for the new product",
                        expected_output="A brief paragraph with marketing copy",
                        agent=copywriter,
                        guardrails=[word_count_guardrail, tone_guardrail])
```

# **Enforcing structured output**

***Getting results in the format you expect***

# Structured Output

- Include a formatter agent
    - If format is important, make it a specialized role. Easier to test
  - Use Pydantic models

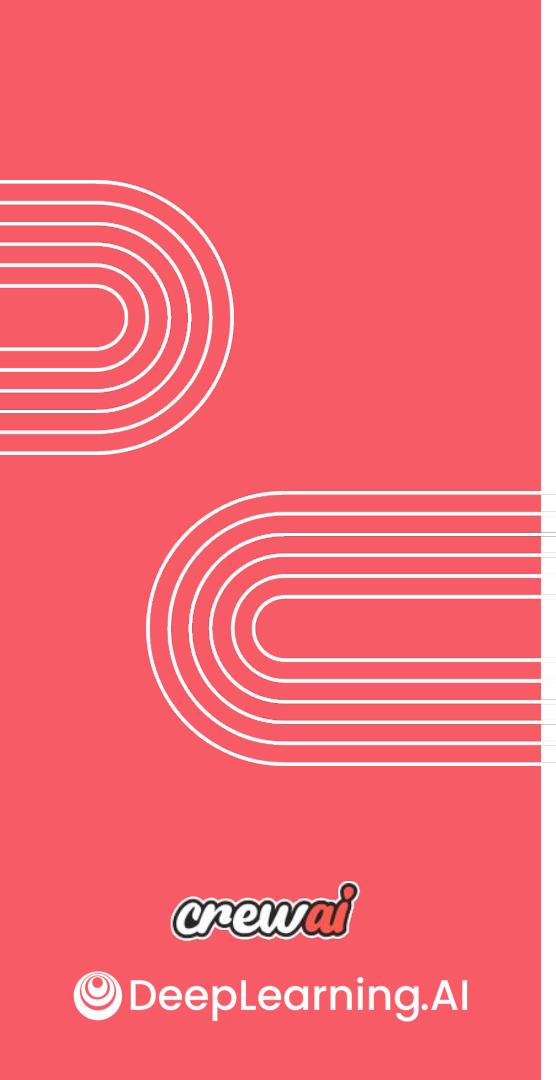
```
from pydantic import BaseModel
from typing import Optional, List

class UserQuery(BaseModel):
    text: str
    intent: Optional[str] = None
    entities: List[str] = []
    confidence: Optional[float] = None
```

# Structured Output

- Include a formatter agent
  - If format is important, make it a specialized role. Easier to test
- Use Pydantic models

```
task = Task(  
    description=(  
        "Given a message, produce: text, intent, entities and"  
        "confidence (0-1). Keep it concise."  
    ),  
    expected_output="JSON: text, intent, entities, confidence.",  
    agent=query_agent,  
    output_pydantic=UserQuery # alternative to output_json=UserQuery  
)
```



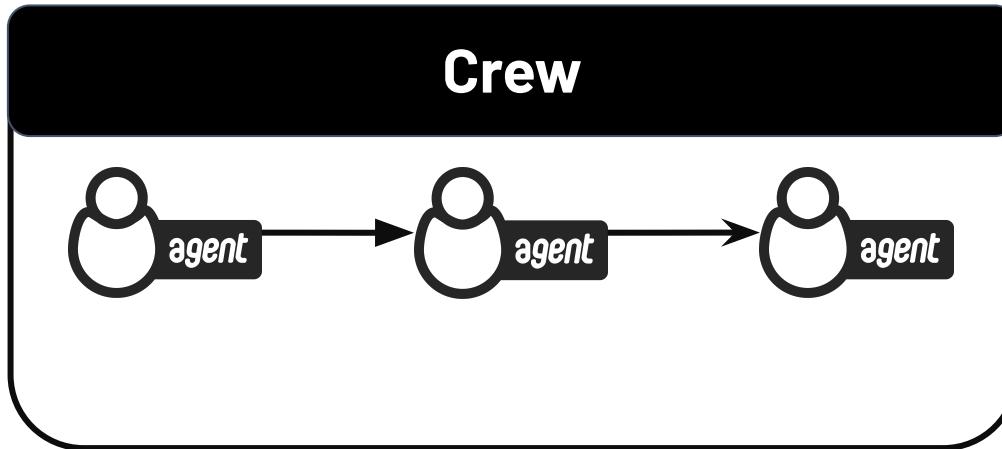
# Working with AI Agents

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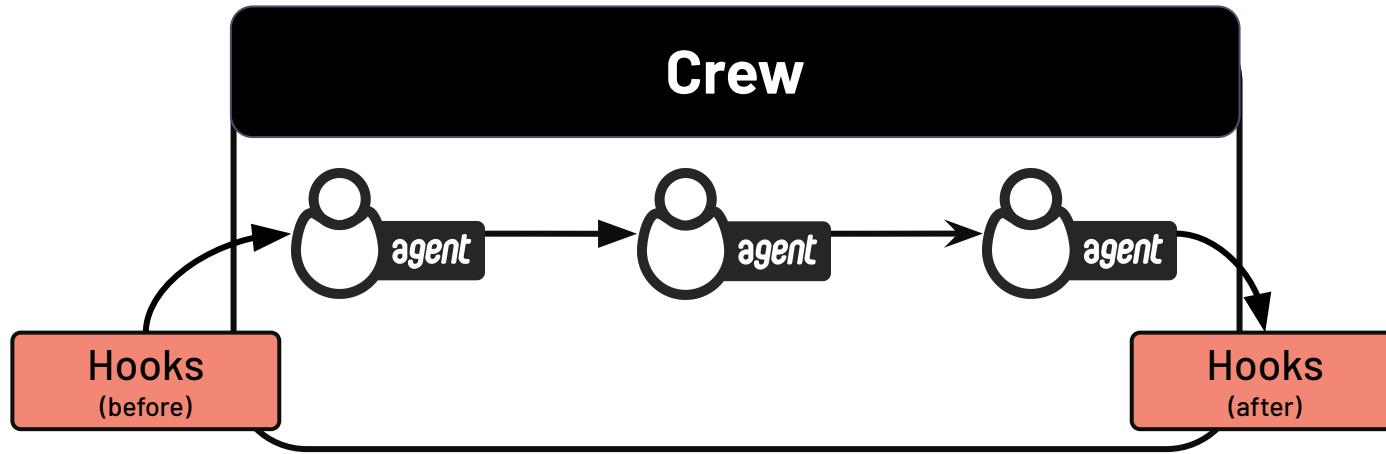
Controlling Agents with  
Execution Hooks

crewai

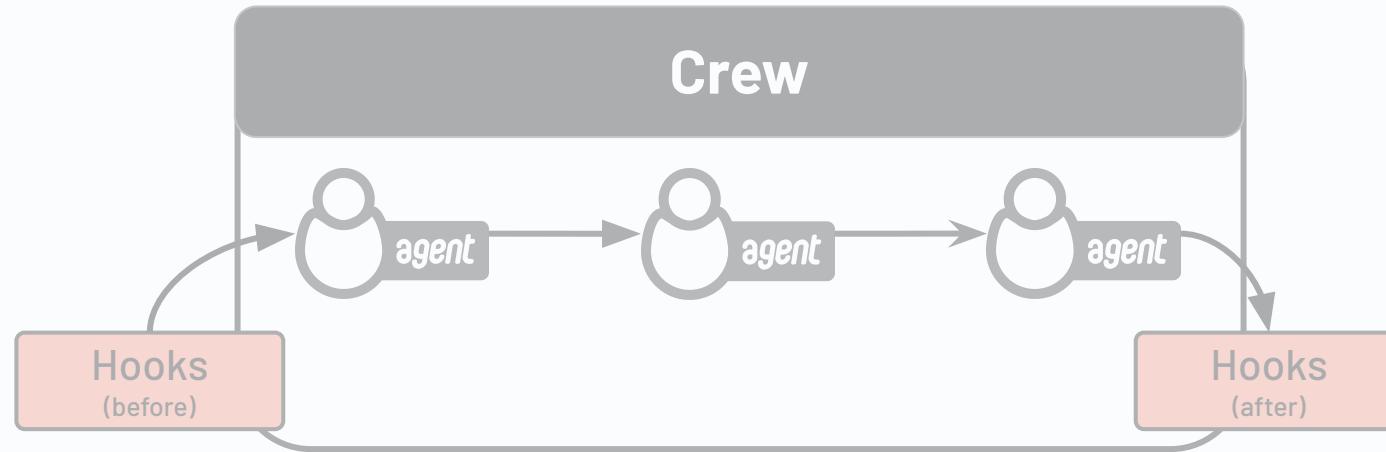
# Execution Hooks



# Execution Hooks

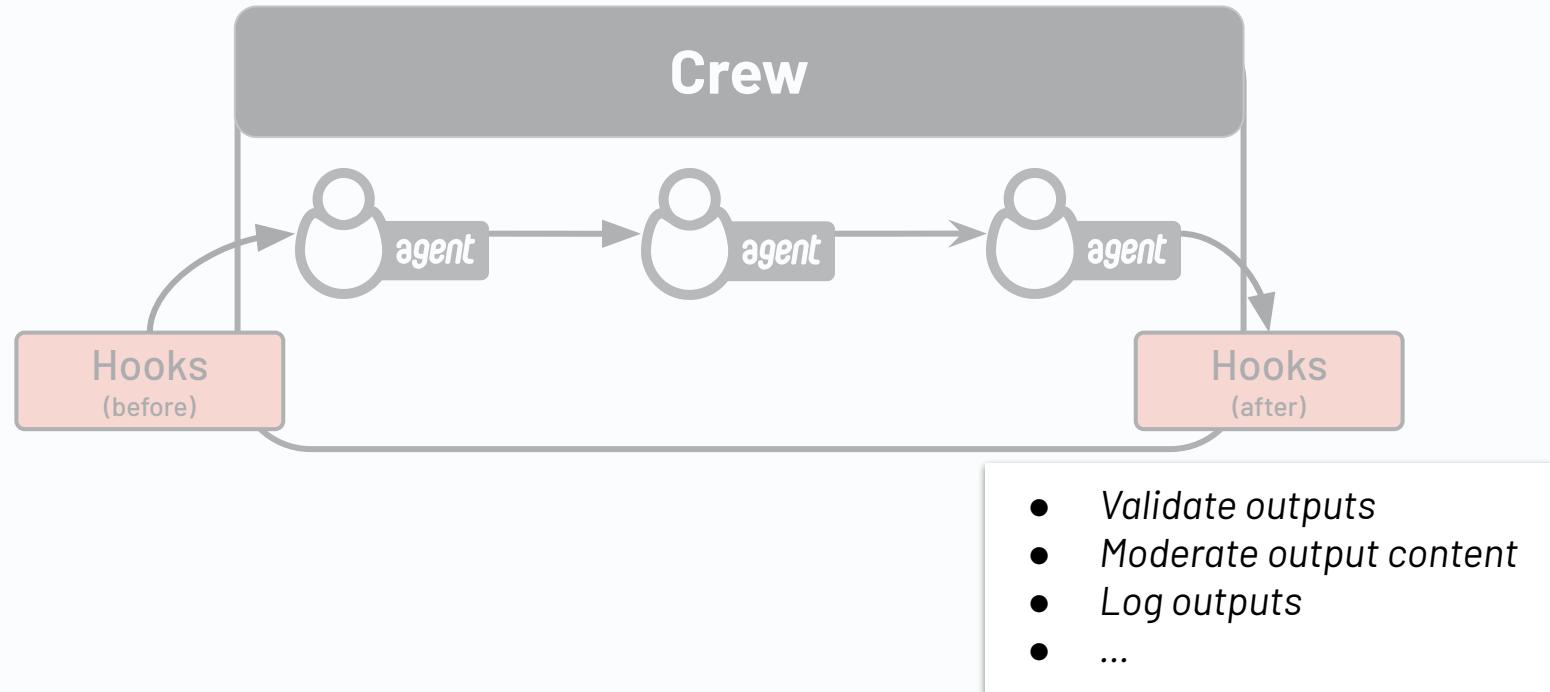


# Execution Hooks



- Fetch input data
- Clean input data
- Check inputs for PII
- ...

# Execution Hooks



```
# pre-hook function
def format_phone_pre_hook(inputs):
    phone = inputs.get("phone_number", "")
    digits = ''.join(filter(str.isdigit, phone))
    formatted = f"({digits[:3]}) {digits[3:6]}-{digits[6:]}"
    inputs["phone_number"] = formatted
    return inputs

# post-hook function
def confirm_phone_post_hook(outputs):
    phone = outputs.get("phone_number", "")
    safe_display = "(XXX) XXX-" + phone[-4:]      # Obfuscate first 6 digits
    confirmation = f"Phone number {safe_display} successfully processed"
    return confirmation
```

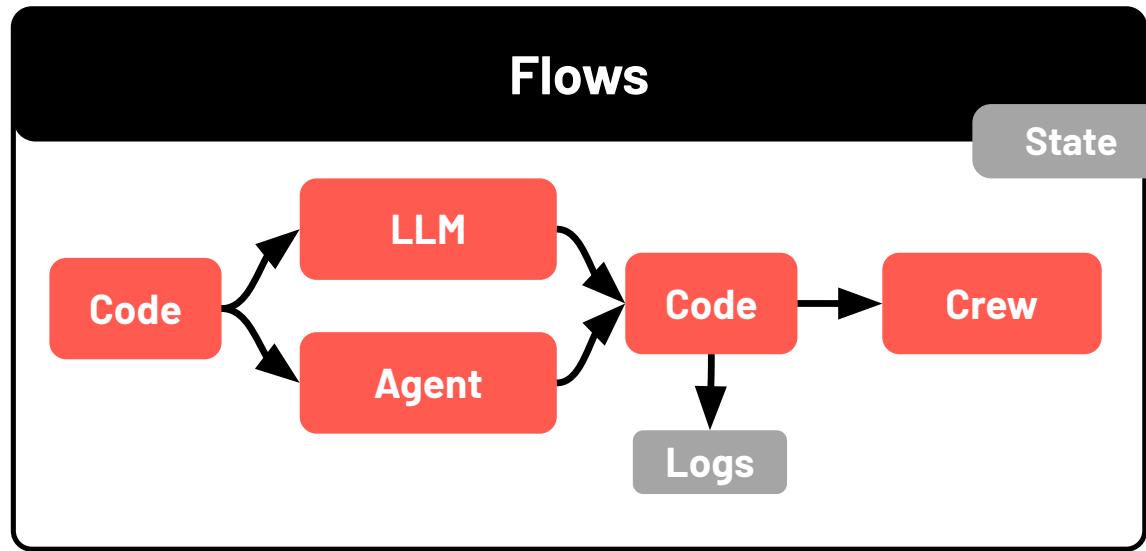
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    inputs["phone_number"] = formatted
    return inputs

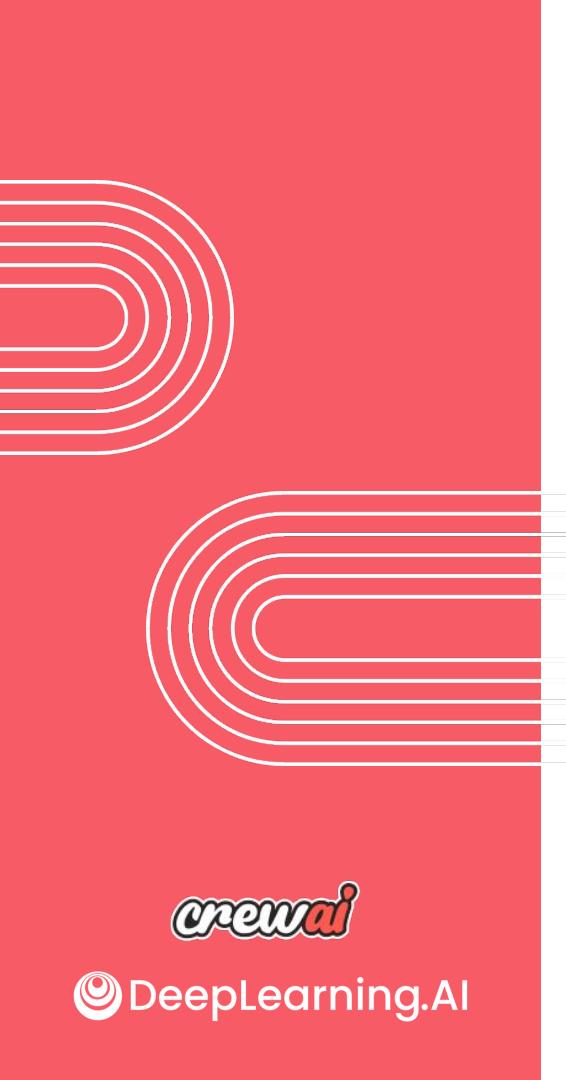
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    phone = outputs.get("phone_number", "")
    safe_display = "(XXX) XXX- " + phone[-4:]      # Obfuscate first 6 digits
    confirmation = f"Phone number {safe_display} successfully processed"
    return confirmation
```

```
# define task with hooks
validate_task = Task(
    description="Collect, process, and store contact information from users.",
    expected_output="A confirmation message about the valid and invalid fields
with PII masked.",
    agent=validator_agent,
    pre_hooks=[format_phone_pre_hook],
    post_hooks=[confirm_phone_post_hook],
)
```

**It's about systems  
that are reliable**

# Flows





# Working with AI Agents

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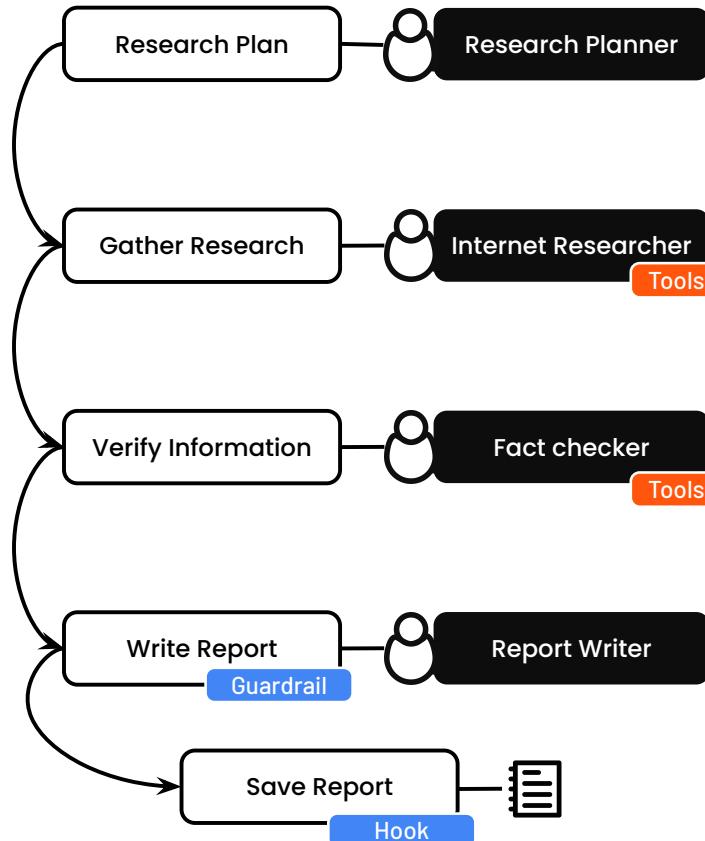
## Building a Deep Research Crew

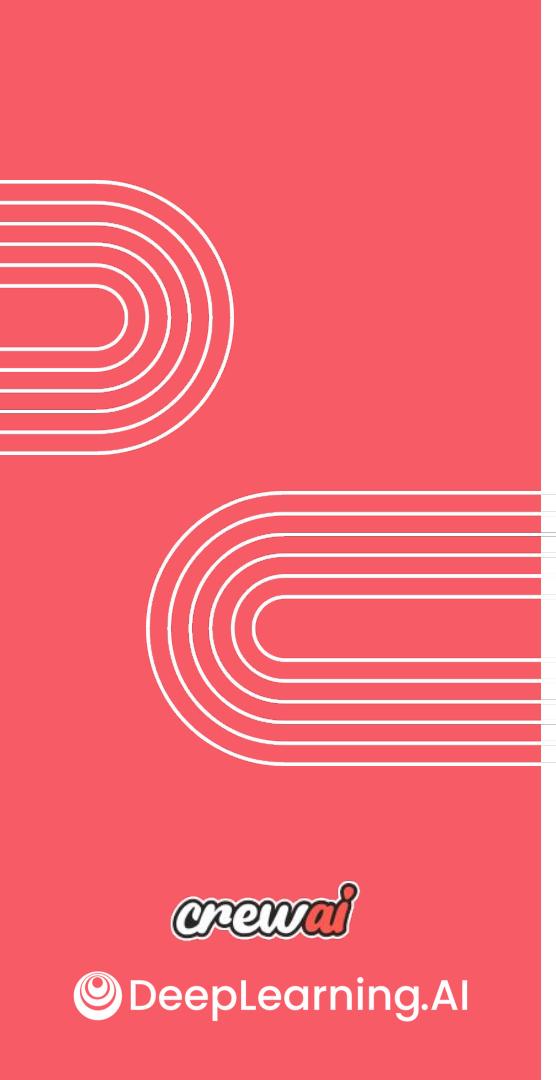
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# Deep Research Crew (Sequential)



Memory





# Working with AI Agents

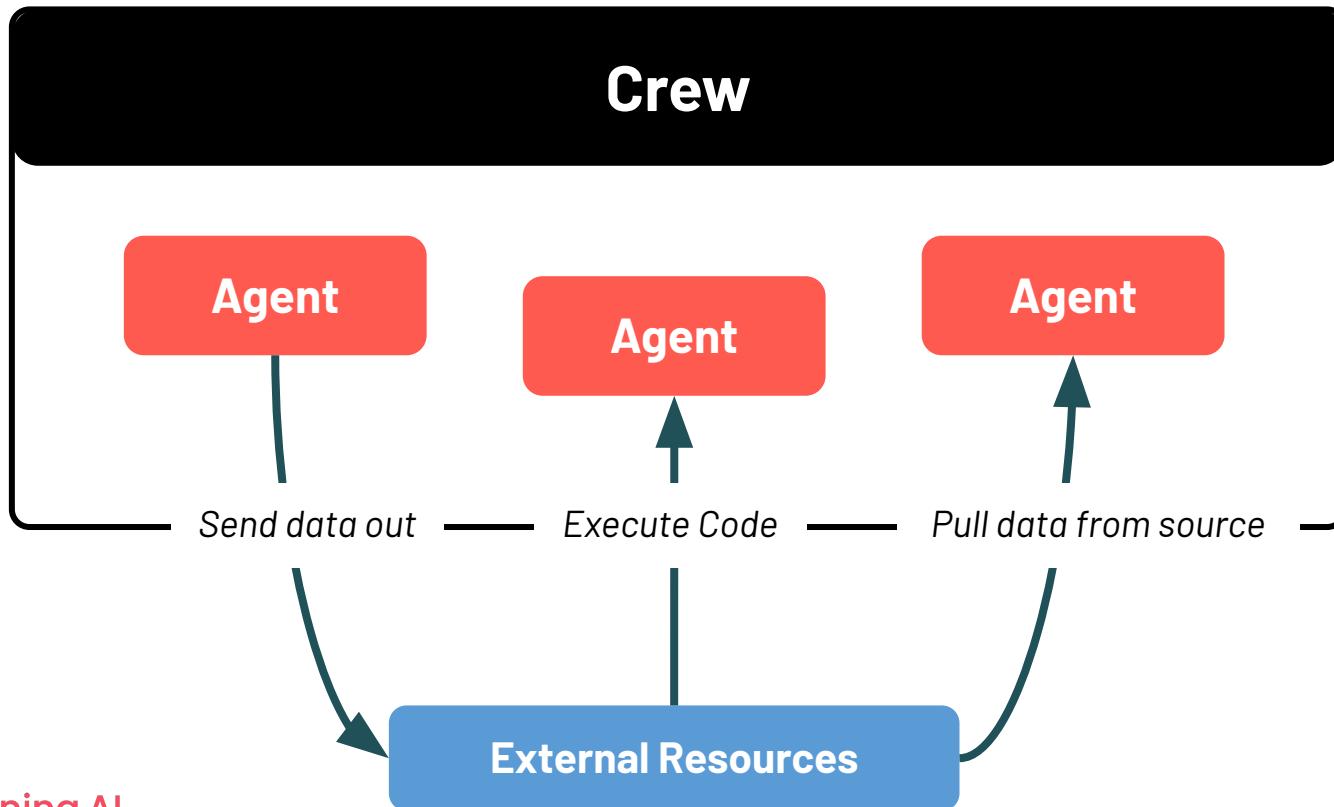
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## Using Tools in Agents

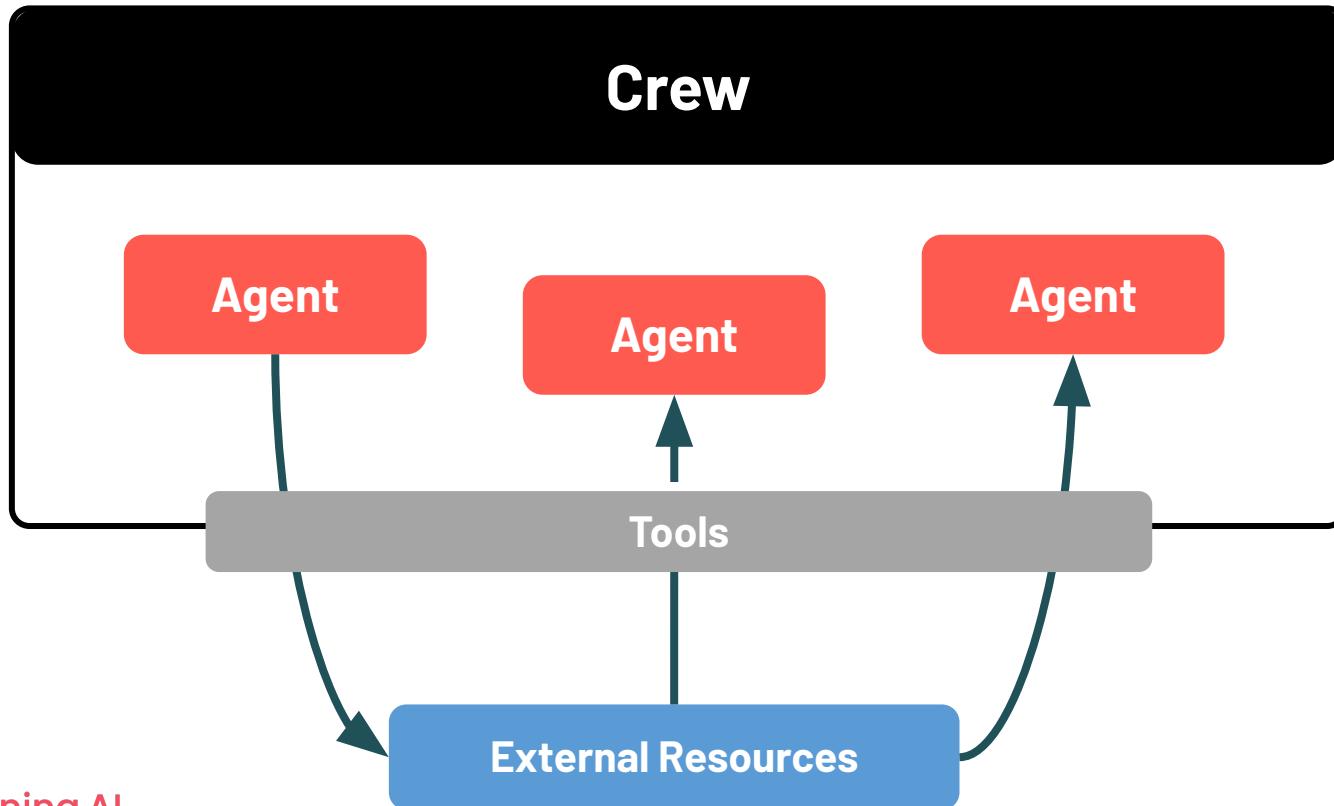
*crewai*

 DeepLearning.AI

# Accessing External Resources



# Accessing External Resources



# Tool Calling

- Tools provides capabilities to agents
- Access to too many tools can degrade performance
- Common tools include
  - Files & Folder
  - Web Scraping & Browsing
  - Database Connections
  - Code Execution



# Importance of Tool Calling

- **Utility:** extends agent capabilities by integrating tools into their react loop
- **Flexibility:** users can make custom tools to meet their specific needs

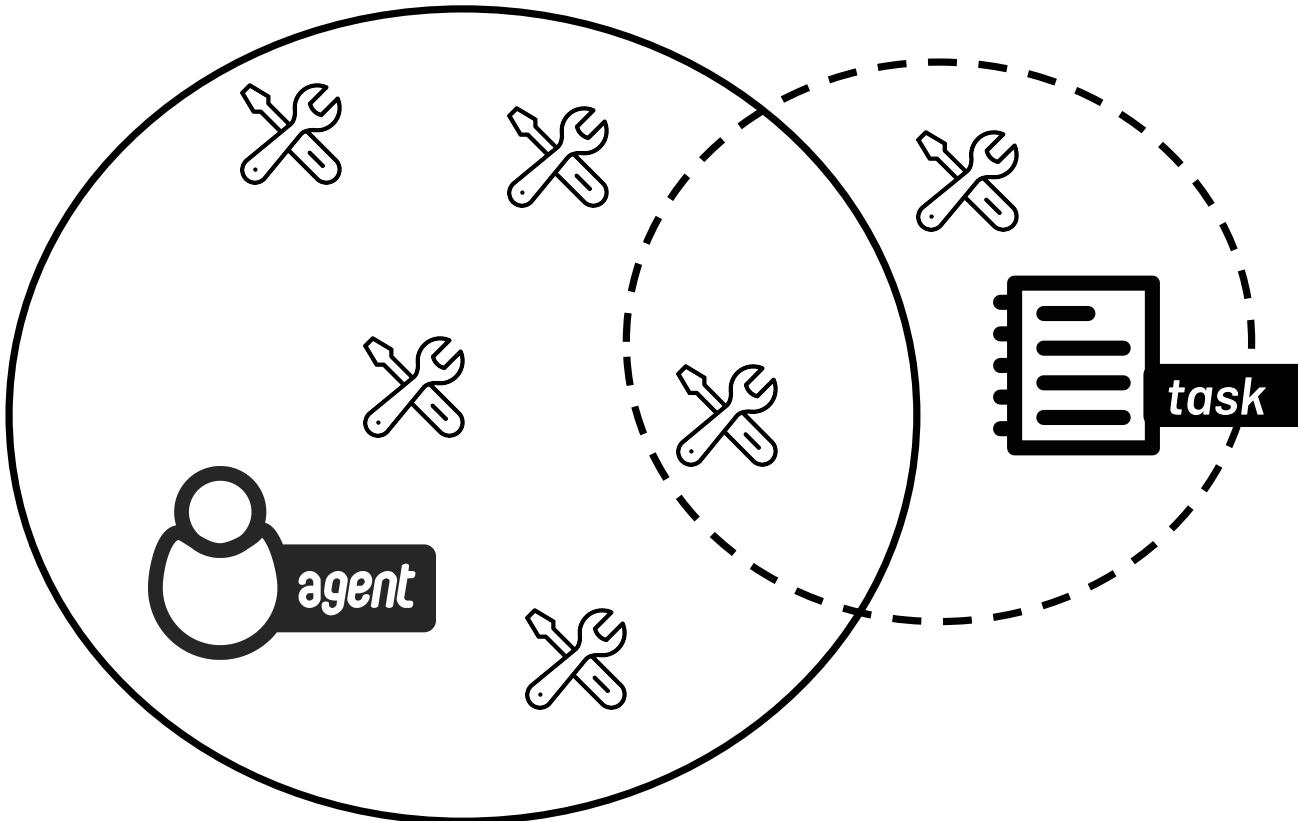


# Considerations for Tool Calling

- **Error Handling:** robust exception handling to ensure graceful failures
- **Caching:** cross-agent caching to optimize performance and reduce redundant operations
- **Asynchronous Support:** handles both synchronous and asynchronous tools, enabling non-blocking operations



# Precedence in Tool Calling



# Components of Tools



## Simple Interface

- Name
- Description
- Inputs

## Custom Code

- Authentication
- API Calling
- Service Connection

# Components of Tools

## Tool

*Possible Agent Action*

**Simple Interface**

**Custom Code**

## Scrape Website Tool

**Name:** Read website content

**Description:** A tool that can be used to read a website content.

**Inputs:** { website\_url: str }

## Custom Code

*Simple scraping logic using http requests*

```
import requests
from crewai_tools import tool

@tool("Read website content")
def read_website_content(website_url: str) -> str:
    """A tool that can be used to read website content."""
    try:
        response = requests.get(website_url, timeout=5)
        response.raise_for_status()
        return response.text
    except Exception as e:
        return f"Failed to read website: {str(e)}"
```

```
from crewai import Agent

agent = Agent(
    role='Web Reader',
    goal='Understand and summarize content from websites',
    backstory='You specialize in reading and summarizing website content.',
    tools=[read_website_content],
    verbose=True,
    memory=True
)
```

# Enterprise Connectors

<b>Box</b>  <p>Connect to your Box account to access, create, and update files in Box. Increase your team's productivity by keeping your Box account up to date - without manual data entry. Our Box integration enables...</p> <p> Connect</p> <p></p>	<b>Gmail</b>  <p>Connect to your Gmail account to manage your emails and drafts in Gmail. Increase your team's productivity by keeping your Gmail account up to date - without manual data entry. Our Gmail integration enables yo...</p> <p></p>	<b>Google Calendar</b>  <p>Connect your Google account and sync events with your Google Calendar. Increase your productivity by ensuring your schedule is always up to date - without manual data entry. Our Google Calendar...</p> <p></p>
<b>Confluence</b>  <p>Connect to your Confluence account access, create, and update their documents in Confluence. Increase your team's productivity by keeping your Confluence account up to date - without manual data entry. Our...</p> <p> Connect</p>	<b>Asana</b>  <p>Connect to your users' Asana account to access, create, and update their tasks or projects in Asana. Paragon enables you to sync data between your app and your users' Asana accounts, for example: • Create or...</p> <p> Connect</p>	<b>Salesforce</b>  <p>Connect your Salesforce account and sync your Salesforce accounts, contacts, leads, or opportunities. Enable your sales team to close more deals by keeping your Salesforce CRM records up to date - without...</p> <p> Connect</p>
<b>Zendesk</b>  <p>Connect your Zendesk account to sync tickets from your Zendesk Support account. Enable your support team to deliver better customer experiences by keeping their Zendesk tickets up to date - without manual data entry...</p> <p> Connect</p>	<b>Shopify</b>  <p>Connect your Shopify store and sync your Shopify customers, orders, or products. Grow your business faster by keeping your Shopify store up to date - without manual data entry. Our Shopify integration enables you t...</p> <p> Connect</p>	<b>ClickUp</b>  <p>Connect to your ClickUp account to manage your tasks in ClickUp. Increase your team's productivity by keeping your ClickUp spaces up to date - without manual data entry. Our ClickUp integration enables you t...</p> <p> Connect</p>
<b>Stripe</b>  <p>Connect your Stripe account and sync your Stripe customers, payments, or products. Grow your business faster by keeping your Stripe account up to date - without manual data entry. Our Stripe integration enables you ...</p> <p> Connect</p>	<b>Jira</b>  <p>Connect your Jira Software account to create or update issues in your Jira projects. Increase your team's productivity by keeping your Jira projects and issues up to date - without manual data entry. Our Jira...</p> <p> Connect</p>	<b>Google Sheets</b>  <p>Connect your Google account and sync data with your Google Sheets spreadsheets. Our Google Sheets integration enables you to: • Automatically create or update rows in Google Sheets • Sync...</p> <p></p>
<b>Microsoft Teams</b>  <p>Connect your Teams workspace to receive notifications and alerts in Teams. Stay connected to important activity by bringing it all together in your Teams workspace. Our Teams integration enables you to:&lt;br&gt;...</p> <p> Connect</p> <p></p>	<b>GitHub</b>  <p>Connect to your GitHub account to manage your issues, releases, repositories, and more in GitHub. Increase your team's productivity by keeping your GitHub account up to date - without manual data entry. Our...</p> <p></p>	<b>HubSpot</b>  <p>Connect your HubSpot account to sync records from your HubSpot CRM. Enable your sales team to close more deals by keeping your HubSpot CRM records up to date - without manual data entry. Our HubSpot...</p> <p></p>

```
from crewai import Agent
from crewai_tools import CrewaiEnterpriseTools

# Get enterprise tools (Gmail tool will be included)
enterprise_tools = CrewaiEnterpriseTools(enterprise_token="your_enterprise_token")

# Create an agent with Gmail capabilities
email_agent = Agent(role="Email Manager",
                     goal="Manage and organize email communications",
                     backstory="An AI assistant specialized in email",
                     tools=[enterprise_tools])
```

```
from crewai import Agent  
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# Get enterprise tools (Gmail tool will be included)  
enterprise_tools = CrewaiEnterpriseTools(enterprise_token="your_enterprise_token")  
  
# Create an agent with Gmail capabilities  
email_agent = Agent(role="Email Manager",  
                      goal="Manage and organize email communications",  
                      backstory="An AI assistant specialized in email",  
                      tools=[enterprise_tools])
```

# Tool Repository



## Tools

Collaborate by sharing tools within your organization, or publish them publicly to contribute with the community.



### Getting Started

1. Creating a new tool? Use `crewai tool create your-tool`
2. Ready to share your tool? Publish with `crewai tool publish`
3. Want to use a tool? Install it with `crewai tool install your-tool`



### Your Tools



#### Youtube Tool Public

Youtube Integration Tool



#### Databricks Integration Private

Power up your crews with databricks\_tool



#### Internal Support System Private

Integration with CrewAI Internal Support System

# Tool Reliability

How to configure tools for reliable run-time behavior?

## Force Return

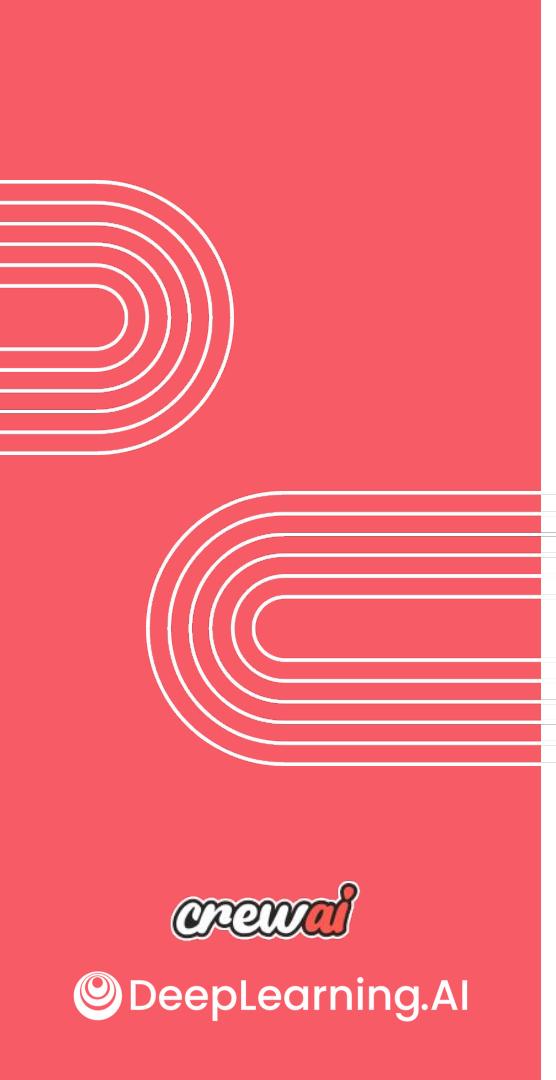
Directly return the output of tool by specifying `return_direct=True` in agent

## Rate Limits

Use retry logic and a max usage limit to help agents recover from temporary failures while preventing infinite loops

## Tool Repository

Promotes reuse and sharing of tools across multiple agents and tasks



# Working with AI Agents

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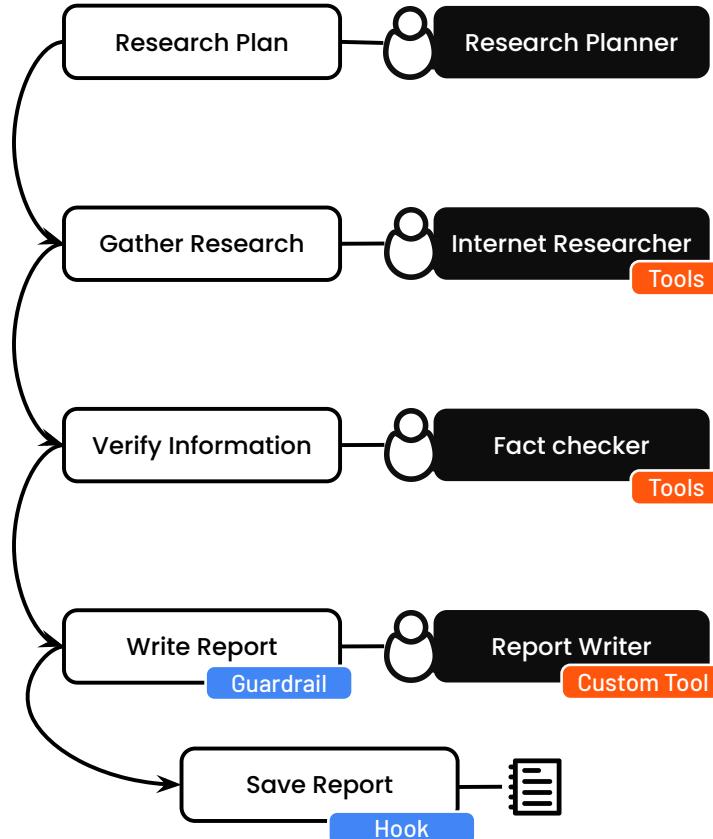
Adding Tools to the  
Deep Research Crew

crewai

# Deep Research Crew (Sequential)



Memory





# Working with AI Agents

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## Adopting Model Context Protocol

*crewai*

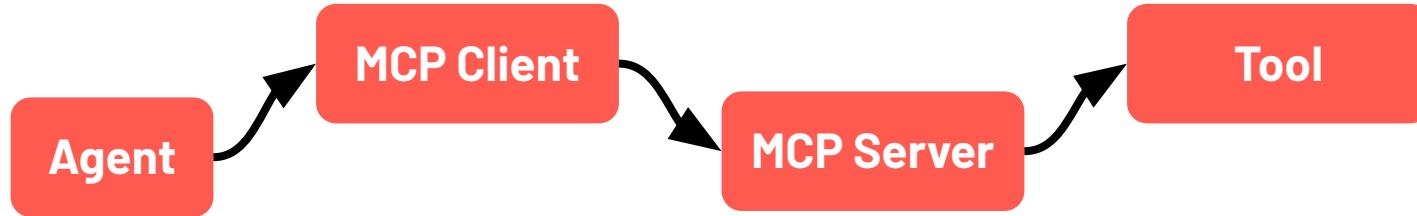
# Why have protocols for AI?

- Everyone exposes tools differently
- Integrations require custom adapters
- Difficult to share tools among multiple agents
- Entire companies built around integrations

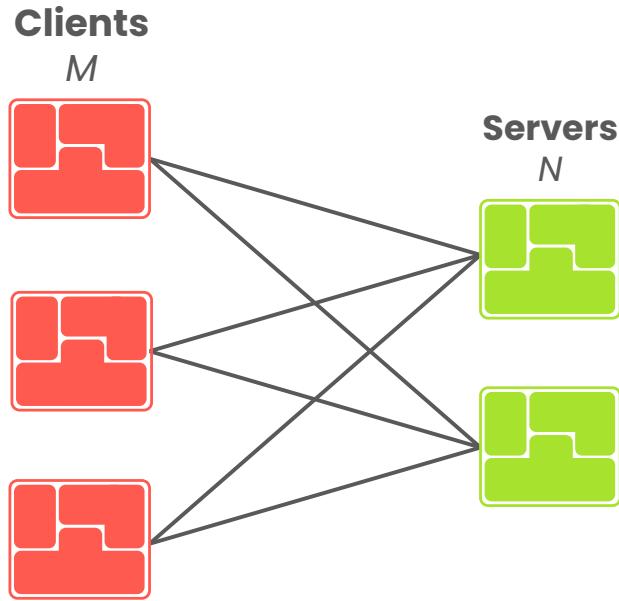


# What is Model Context Protocol?

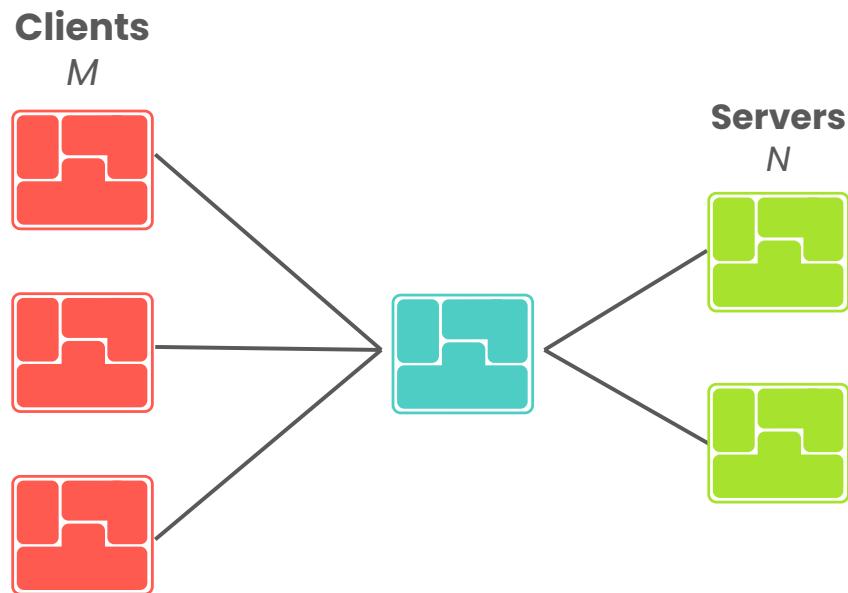
- Open protocol for tools, resources, prompts.
- JSON-RPC 2.0 under the hood.
- Client ↔ Server architecture.



# What is Model Context Protocol?

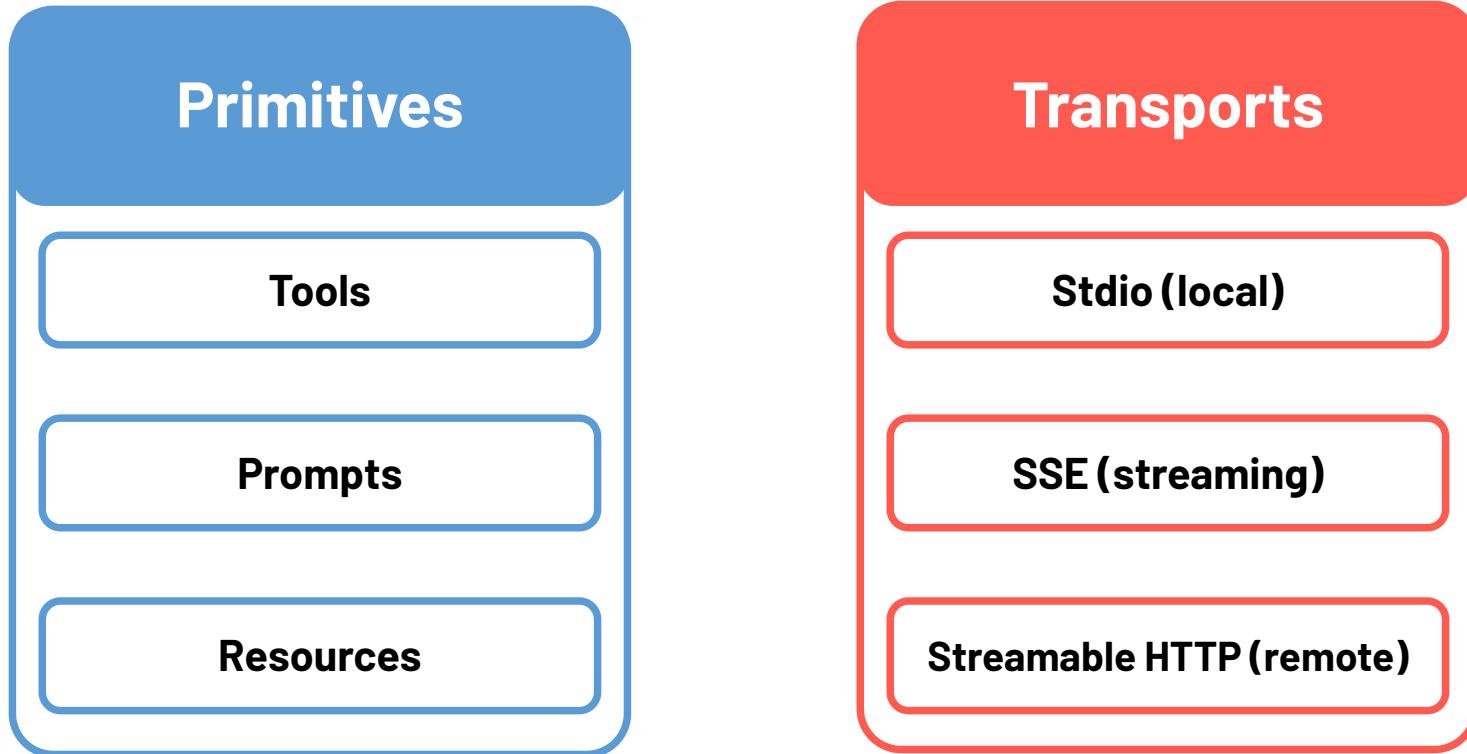


**No MCP**  
 $M \times N$  Connections

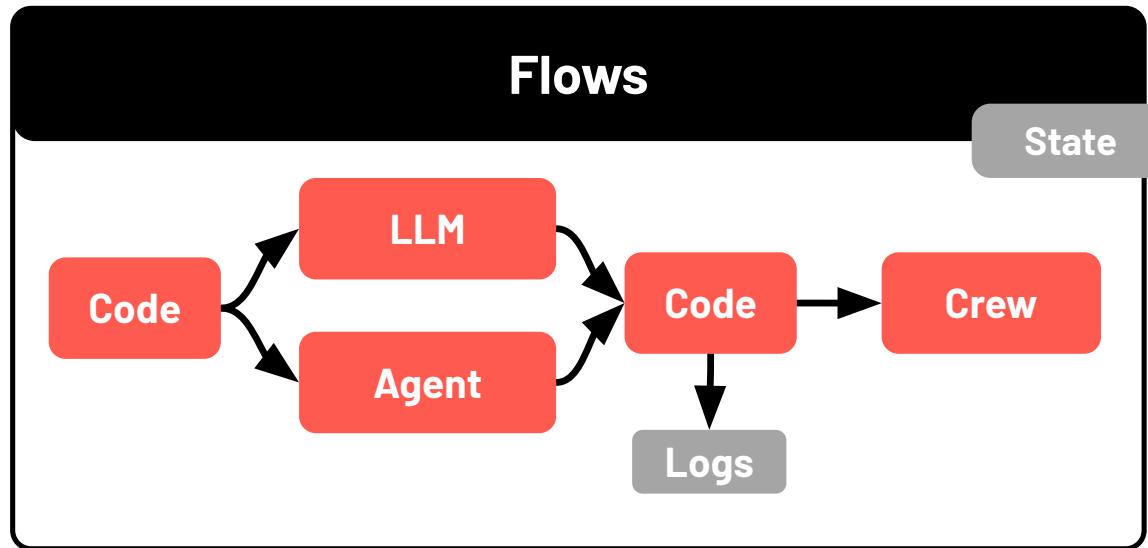


**MCP**  
 $M + N$  Connections

# Components of MCP

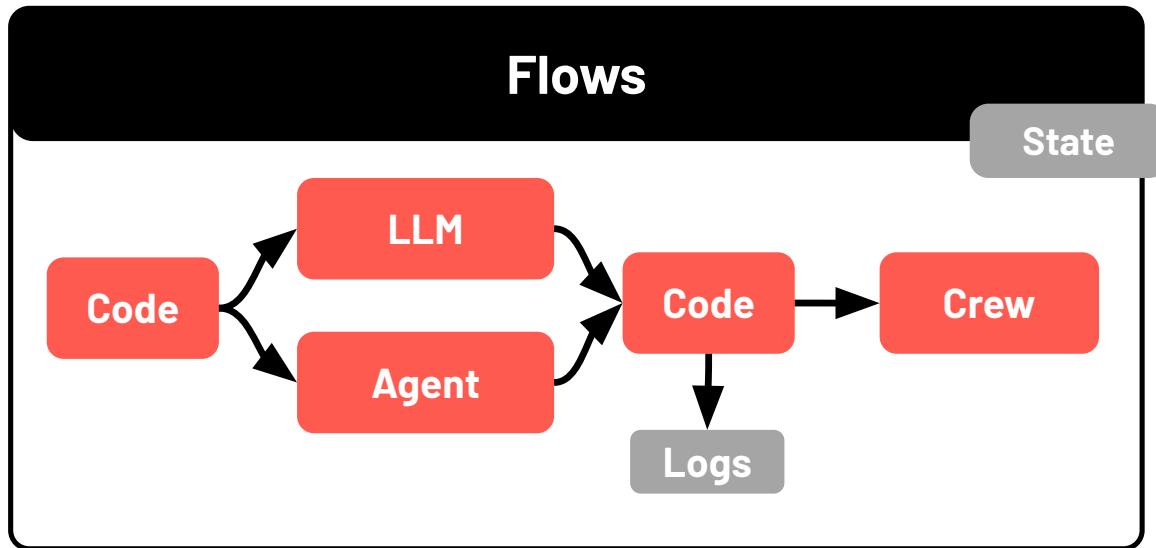


# CrewAI and MCP



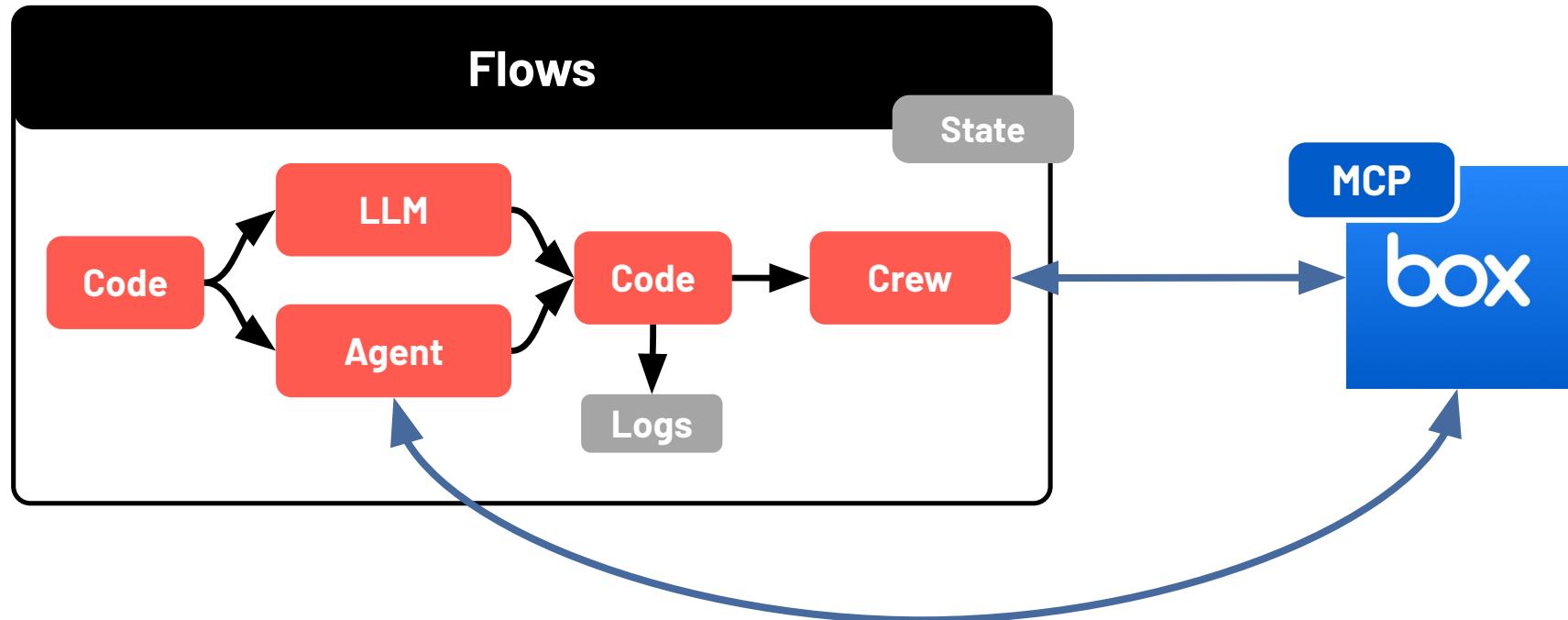
- Agents both inside crews and outside of crews can use MCP Servers
- Allowing them to filter and aggregate tools

# CrewAI and MCP



- Crews themselves can become MCP Servers
- Allowing them to be used by other agents

# CrewAI and MCP



```
from crewai import Agent  
from crewai_tools import MCPServerAdapter  
  
server_params = {"url": "http://localhost:8000/sse",  
                 "transport": "sse"}
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```
with MCPServerAdapter(server_params) as mcp_tools:
    print(f"Available tools: {[tool.name for tool in mcp_tools]}")
```

```
my_agent = Agent(
    role="MCP Tool User",
    goal="Utilize tools from an MCP server.",
    backstory="I can connect to MCP servers and use their tools.",
    tools=[mcp_tools])
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# Safeguards for MCP

**Before using an MCP server, you must trust it!**

- SSE transports can be vulnerable if not properly secured.
- Always validate Origin headers on incoming SSE connections
- Avoid binding servers to all interfaces locally - bind only to localhost instead
- Implement proper authentication for all SSE connections

# Safeguards for MCP

**Before using an MCP server, you must trust it!**

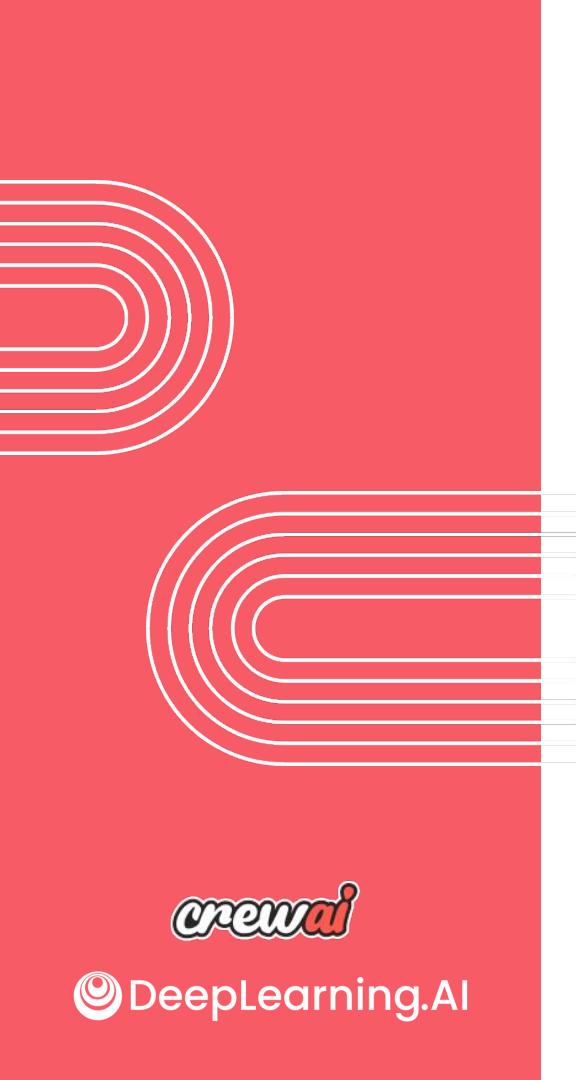
HTTP ports can be vulnerable if not properly secured.  
Without these protections, attackers could use **DNS rebinding** to interact with local MCP servers from remote websites.

- Avoid binding servers to all interfaces locally – bind only to localhost instead
- Implement proper authentication for all SSE connections

# Outlook for MCP

- Reuse tools across frameworks/agents
- Standardize integrations inside large orgs
- Expose a crew as a service (future)
- Overhead for small/local scripts





# Working with AI Agents

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## Building a Meeting Preparation Co-Pilot

*crewai*

# Let's Build it Live

[app.crewai.com](https://app.crewai.com)

Incognito

Sign in



login.crewai.com/client\_id/client\_012NUQWBJASPPN3SWUMST7BO0&redirect\_uri=https%3A%2F%2Fapp.crewai.com%2Fauth%2Fomega%2Fcallback&response\_type=code&state=&authorisation\_scope\_=0:DTA3N7XWD4IKPASEMUTX...

Chat



Email

Your email address

Continue

OR

G Continue with Google

Don't have an account? Sign up