

Exploratory Data Analysis (EDA) – Descriptive Analysis

Weekly Purchase Trends Analysis

On which day of the week do customers make the most purchases?

1. Overview

This analysis investigates weekly purchasing behavior to identify which day of the week generates the highest customer spending. By analyzing transaction data across the seven-day week, we gain valuable insights into customer habits and uncover trends that can inform sales, staffing, and marketing strategies. The results are presented visually to clearly highlight the strongest and weakest days for business activity.

2. Goal

- To explore and visualize customer purchasing trends by day of the week.
- To identify which day(s) customers make the highest volume of purchases.
- To identify low-performing days that may benefit from promotional strategies.
- To quantify the total sales generated on each day to uncover patterns or spikes.
- To provide data-backed insights that support demand forecasting, staffing, and promotional planning

3. Business Challenge

- Lack of clarity on which days drive the highest or lowest sales, leading to ineffective resource allocation.
- Difficulty in aligning marketing campaigns or promotional offers with peak customer activity.
- Underutilization of workforce scheduling and inventory management due to limited insight into weekly demand trends.
- Missed opportunities to capitalize on high-traffic days to increase revenue and customer engagement.

4. Methodology

- Aggregate Sales Data: Group total sales by day of the week to understand daily revenue

patterns.

- Visualize the Trends: Use a clean, formatted bar chart to highlight purchase trends.
- Reorder Days: Arrange days in chronological order (Mon–Sun) for intuitive interpretation.
- Apply Formatting: Enhance readability through label formatting, gridlines, and static axis ticks.
- Interpret Results: Identify peak sales day(s) and draw conclusions to inform business strategy.

Import necessary libraries

```
In [5]: import pandas as pd
import os
import glob
```

Combine the sales data from all months into a single consolidated CSV file

```
In [7]: folder_path = r"C:\Monthly_Sales"

# Retrieve all CSV files from the folder using glob
all_files = glob.glob(os.path.join(folder_path, "*.csv"))

# All CSV files combined as one DataFrame
all_data = pd.concat([pd.read_csv(file) for file in all_files], ignore_index=True)

# Merged DataFrame saved into a new CSV
output_file = os.path.join(folder_path, "all_data.csv")
all_data.to_csv(output_file, index=False)

print("All files integrated into:", output_file)
```

All files integrated into: C:\Monthly_Sales\all_data.csv

Load the updated DataFrame

```
In [9]: # Skip Blank Rows if present in the dataset

df = pd.read_csv(r'C:\Monthly_Sales\all_data.csv', skip_blank_lines=True)
df.head()
```

Out[9]:

	Order ID	Product Name	Units Purchased	Unit Price	Order Date	Delivery Address
0	175667	iPhone	1	700.0	04/24/24 19:12	135 Meadow St, Boston, MA 02215
1	175668	AA Batteries (4-pack)	1	5.84	04/20/24 13:45	592 4th St, San Francisco, CA 94016
2	175669	AA Batteries (4-pack)	1	5.84	04/28/24 09:17	632 Park St, Dallas, TX 75001
3	175670	AA Batteries (4-pack)	2	5.84	04/23/24 14:06	131 Pine St, San Francisco, CA 94016
4	175671	Samsung Odyssey Monitor	1	409.99	04/23/24 12:13	836 Forest St, Boston, MA 02215

In [10]: `df.shape`

Out[10]: (9834269, 6)

Data Cleaning Process

Thoroughly clean and standardize the data to eliminate errors, ensure consistency, and build a solid foundation for meaningful insights.

Find and remove rows with NaN values

In [13]: `df.isna().sum()`

Out[13]:

Order ID	25536
Product Name	25536
Units Purchased	25538
Unit Price	25538
Order Date	25539
Delivery Address	25540

dtype: int64

In [14]: *# If Nan value is present in Order ID and Unit Purchased, it will be impossible to
Therefore, drop Nan values in Order ID and Units Purchased.*

```
df.dropna(subset=['Order ID', 'Units Purchased'], inplace=True)
```

In [15]: *# Check if Nan value is present*

```
df.isna().sum()
```

```
Out[15]: Order ID      0
         Product Name  0
         Units Purchased  0
         Unit Price    0
         Order Date    1
         Delivery Address  2
         dtype: int64
```

```
In [16]: # Further check if any NaN values or blank rows are present
```

```
blank_rows_na = df[df.isnull().any(axis=1)]
blank_rows_na
```

```
Out[16]:
```

	Order ID	Product Name	Units Purchased	Unit Price	Order Date	Delivery Address
2195228	Charging Cable	1	14.95	05/24/24 07:04	852 Hickory St, San Francisco, CA 94016	NaN
3001506	150766	iPhone	1	7	NaN	NaN

Find and remove rows with duplicate values

```
In [18]: # Find duplicate values
```

```
df.duplicated()
```

```
Out[18]: 0      False
         1      False
         2      False
         3      False
         4      False
         ...
         9834264    True
         9834265    True
         9834266    True
         9834267    True
         9834268    True
         Length: 9808731, dtype: bool
```

```
In [19]: # Remove duplicated values
```

```
df.drop_duplicates(inplace = True)
```

```
In [20]: # Check again for duplicated values
```

```
df.duplicated()
```

```
Out[20]: 0      False
         1      False
         2      False
         3      False
         4      False
         ...
        172530   False
        2195228   False
        3001506   False
        6370083   False
        6403571   False
        Length: 171546, dtype: bool
```

Verify and fix incorrect data types in the dataset

```
In [22]: # check for data types

df.dtypes
```

```
Out[22]: Order ID      object
         Product Name  object
         Units Purchased object
         Unit Price    object
         Order Date    object
         Delivery Address object
         dtype: object
```

Fix incorrect data types

```
In [24]: df['Order Date'] = pd.to_datetime(df['Order Date'], format='%m/%d/%y %H:%M', errors='coerce')

df['Units Purchased'] = pd.to_numeric(df['Units Purchased'], errors='coerce')

df['Unit Price'] = pd.to_numeric(df['Unit Price'], errors='coerce')
```

```
In [25]: # Verify the presence of NaN values remaining in the columns as a result of using e

df.isna().sum()
```

```
Out[25]: Order ID      0
         Product Name  0
         Units Purchased 1
         Unit Price    2
         Order Date    3
         Delivery Address 2
         dtype: int64
```

```
In [26]: df = df.dropna()
```

Change the data type to optimize memory usage (Optional)

```
In [28]: df['Order ID'] = pd.to_numeric(df['Order ID'], downcast='integer')
df['Product Name'] = df['Product Name'].astype('category')
```

```
df['Units Purchased'] = df['Units Purchased']. astype('int8')  
df['Unit Price'] = pd.to_numeric(df['Unit Price'], downcast='float')  
df['Delivery Address'] = df['Delivery Address'].astype('category')
```

Expand the dataset with supplementary columns

Add month column

```
In [31]: df['Month'] = df['Order Date'].dt.month  
df
```

Out[31]:

	Order ID	Product Name	Units Purchased	Unit Price	Order Date	Delivery Address	Month
0	175667	iPhone	1	700.00000	2024-04-24 19:12:00	135 Meadow St, Boston, MA 02215	4
1	175668	AA Batteries (4-pack)	1	5.84000	2024-04-20 13:45:00	592 4th St, San Francisco, CA 94016	4
2	175669	AA Batteries (4-pack)	1	5.84000	2024-04-28 09:17:00	632 Park St, Dallas, TX 75001	4
3	175670	AA Batteries (4-pack)	2	5.84000	2024-04-23 14:06:00	131 Pine St, San Francisco, CA 94016	4
4	175671	Samsung Odyssey Monitor	1	409.98999	2024-04-23 12:13:00	836 Forest St, Boston, MA 02215	4
...
172528	248378	Google Phone	1	600.00000	2024-09-02 08:53:00	668 Wilson St, Boston, MA 02215	9
172529	248379	Alienware Monitor	1	400.98999	2024-09-04 22:58:00	466 2nd St, Boston, MA 02215	9
172530	248380	AAA Batteries (4-pack)	1	4.99000	2024-09-04 13:09:00	133 Walnut St, Seattle, WA 98101	9
6370083	252436	Apple AirPods Headphones	1	150.00000	2024-10-14 16:44:00	740 Dogwood St, Boston, \rA 02215	10
6403571	233092	USB-C Charging Cable	1	11.95000	2024-08-28 12:39:00	740 Dogwood St, Boston, \rA 02215	8

171543 rows × 7 columns

```
In [32]: df['Month Name'] = df['Order Date'].dt.strftime('%B')
df
```

Out[32]:

	Order ID	Product Name	Units Purchased	Unit Price	Order Date	Delivery Address	Month	M N
0	175667	iPhone	1	700.00000	2024-04-24 19:12:00	135 Meadow St, Boston, MA 02215	4	
1	175668	AA Batteries (4-pack)	1	5.84000	2024-04-20 13:45:00	592 4th St, San Francisco, CA 94016	4	
2	175669	AA Batteries (4-pack)	1	5.84000	2024-04-28 09:17:00	632 Park St, Dallas, TX 75001	4	
3	175670	AA Batteries (4-pack)	2	5.84000	2024-04-23 14:06:00	131 Pine St, San Francisco, CA 94016	4	
4	175671	Samsung Odyssey Monitor	1	409.98999	2024-04-23 12:13:00	836 Forest St, Boston, MA 02215	4	
...	
172528	248378	Google Phone	1	600.00000	2024-09-02 08:53:00	668 Wilson St, Boston, MA 02215	9	Septer
172529	248379	Alienware Monitor	1	400.98999	2024-09-04 22:58:00	466 2nd St, Boston, MA 02215	9	Septer
172530	248380	AAA Batteries (4-pack)	1	4.99000	2024-09-04 13:09:00	133 Walnut St, Seattle, WA 98101	9	Septer
6370083	252436	Apple AirPods Headphones	1	150.00000	2024-10-14 16:44:00	740 Dogwood St, Boston, MA 02215	10	Oct

	Order ID	Product Name	Units Purchased	Unit Price	Order Date	Delivery Address	Month	Min
6403571	233092	USB-C Charging Cable	1	11.95000	2024-08-28 12:39:00	740 Dogwood St, Boston, MA 02215	8	Aug

171543 rows × 8 columns

Add week day column

```
In [34]: df['Day of Week'] = df['Order Date'].dt.strftime('%a')
df
```

Out[34]:

	Order ID	Product Name	Units Purchased	Unit Price	Order Date	Delivery Address	Month	M N
0	175667	iPhone	1	700.00000	2024-04-24 19:12:00	135 Meadow St, Boston, MA 02215	4	
1	175668	AA Batteries (4-pack)	1	5.84000	2024-04-20 13:45:00	592 4th St, San Francisco, CA 94016	4	
2	175669	AA Batteries (4-pack)	1	5.84000	2024-04-28 09:17:00	632 Park St, Dallas, TX 75001	4	
3	175670	AA Batteries (4-pack)	2	5.84000	2024-04-23 14:06:00	131 Pine St, San Francisco, CA 94016	4	
4	175671	Samsung Odyssey Monitor	1	409.98999	2024-04-23 12:13:00	836 Forest St, Boston, MA 02215	4	
...	
172528	248378	Google Phone	1	600.00000	2024-09-02 08:53:00	668 Wilson St, Boston, MA 02215	9	Septer
172529	248379	Alienware Monitor	1	400.98999	2024-09-04 22:58:00	466 2nd St, Boston, MA 02215	9	Septer
172530	248380	AAA Batteries (4-pack)	1	4.99000	2024-09-04 13:09:00	133 Walnut St, Seattle, WA 98101	9	Septer
6370083	252436	Apple AirPods Headphones	1	150.00000	2024-10-14 16:44:00	740 Dogwood St, Boston, \rA 02215	10	Oct

	Order ID	Product Name	Units Purchased	Unit Price	Order Date	Delivery Address	Month	Min
6403571	233092	USB-C Charging Cable	1	11.95000	2024-08-28 12:39:00	740 Dogwood St, Boston, MA 02215	8	Aug

171543 rows × 9 columns

Add hour column

```
In [36]: df['Hour'] = df['Order Date'].dt.hour
df
```

Out[36]:

	Order ID	Product Name	Units Purchased	Unit Price	Order Date	Delivery Address	Month	M N
0	175667	iPhone	1	700.00000	2024-04-24 19:12:00	135 Meadow St, Boston, MA 02215	4	
1	175668	AA Batteries (4-pack)	1	5.84000	2024-04-20 13:45:00	592 4th St, San Francisco, CA 94016	4	
2	175669	AA Batteries (4-pack)	1	5.84000	2024-04-28 09:17:00	632 Park St, Dallas, TX 75001	4	
3	175670	AA Batteries (4-pack)	2	5.84000	2024-04-23 14:06:00	131 Pine St, San Francisco, CA 94016	4	
4	175671	Samsung Odyssey Monitor	1	409.98999	2024-04-23 12:13:00	836 Forest St, Boston, MA 02215	4	
...	
172528	248378	Google Phone	1	600.00000	2024-09-02 08:53:00	668 Wilson St, Boston, MA 02215	9	Septer
172529	248379	Alienware Monitor	1	400.98999	2024-09-04 22:58:00	466 2nd St, Boston, MA 02215	9	Septer
172530	248380	AAA Batteries (4-pack)	1	4.99000	2024-09-04 13:09:00	133 Walnut St, Seattle, WA 98101	9	Septer
6370083	252436	Apple AirPods Headphones	1	150.00000	2024-10-14 16:44:00	740 Dogwood St, Boston, \rA 02215	10	Oct

	Order ID	Product Name	Units Purchased	Unit Price	Order Date	Delivery Address	Month	Month Name
6403571	233092	USB-C Charging Cable	1	11.95000	2024-08-28 12:39:00	740 Dogwood St, Boston, MA 02215	8	August

171543 rows × 10 columns

Add city column

```
In [38]: def city(address):  
         return address.split(",")[1].strip(" ")  
  
         def state_abbrev(address):  
             return address.split(",")[2].split(" ")[1]  
  
         df['City'] = df['Delivery Address'].apply(lambda x: f"{city(x)} ({state_abbrev(x)})"  
         df.head()
```

Out[38]:

	Order ID	Product Name	Units Purchased	Unit Price	Order Date	Delivery Address	Month	Month Name	Day of Week
0	175667	iPhone	1	700.00000	2024-04-24 19:12:00	135 Meadow St, Boston, MA 02215	4	April	Wed
1	175668	AA Batteries (4-pack)	1	5.84000	2024-04-20 13:45:00	592 4th St, San Francisco, CA 94016	4	April	Sat
2	175669	AA Batteries (4-pack)	1	5.84000	2024-04-28 09:17:00	632 Park St, Dallas, TX 75001	4	April	Sun
3	175670	AA Batteries (4-pack)	2	5.84000	2024-04-23 14:06:00	131 Pine St, San Francisco, CA 94016	4	April	Tue
4	175671	Samsung Odyssey Monitor	1	409.98999	2024-04-23 12:13:00	836 Forest St, Boston, MA 02215	4	April	Tue

Organize Data by Order Date Chronologically and Reindex

```
In [40]: df = df.sort_values(by = 'Order Date')  
df
```

Out[40]:

	Order ID	Product Name	Units Purchased	Unit Price	Order Date	Delivery Address	Month	Month Name
78282	160155	Alienware Monitor	1	400.989990	2024-01-01 05:04:00	765 Ridge St, Portland, OR 97035	1	January
68761	151041	AAA Batteries (4-pack)	1	4.990000	2024-01-01 05:04:00	964 Lakeview St, Atlanta, GA 30301	1	January
64303	146765	AAA Batteries (4-pack)	1	4.990000	2024-01-01 05:20:00	546 10th St, San Francisco, CA 94016	1	January
63092	145617	Amana Washing Machine	1	600.000000	2024-01-01 05:24:00	961 Meadow St, Portland, OR 97035	1	January
74502	156535	iPhone	1	700.000000	2024-01-01 05:45:00	451 Elm St, Los Angeles, CA 90001	1	January
...
44457	297748	iPhone	1	700.000000	2025-01-01 02:37:00	258 Forest St, Los Angeles, CA 90001	1	January
30663	284606	Bose SoundSport Headphones	1	99.989998	2025-01-01 02:50:00	211 Johnson St, Boston, MA 02215	1	January
49246	302330	AA Batteries (4-pack)	1	5.840000	2025-01-01 03:03:00	665 6th St, San Francisco, CA 94016	1	January
30770	284711	AA Batteries (4-pack)	1	5.840000	2025-01-01 03:19:00	250 8th St, San Francisco, CA 94016	1	January

	Order ID	Product Name	Units Purchased	Unit Price	Order Date	Delivery Address	Month	Month Name
50619	303626	USB-C Charging Cable	3	11.950000	2025-01-01 04:43:00	651 Lakeview St, Dallas, TX 75001	1	January

171543 rows × 11 columns

```
In [41]: df = df.reset_index(drop=True)
df
```


Out[41]:

	Order ID	Product Name	Units Purchased	Unit Price	Order Date	Delivery Address	Month	Month Name
0	160155	Alienware Monitor	1	400.989990	2024-01-01 05:04:00	765 Ridge St, Portland, OR 97035	1	January
1	151041	AAA Batteries (4-pack)	1	4.990000	2024-01-01 05:04:00	964 Lakeview St, Atlanta, GA 30301	1	January
2	146765	AAA Batteries (4-pack)	1	4.990000	2024-01-01 05:20:00	546 10th St, San Francisco, CA 94016	1	January
3	145617	Amana Washing Machine	1	600.000000	2024-01-01 05:24:00	961 Meadow St, Portland, OR 97035	1	January
4	156535	iPhone	1	700.000000	2024-01-01 05:45:00	451 Elm St, Los Angeles, CA 90001	1	January
...
171538	297748	iPhone	1	700.000000	2025-01-01 02:37:00	258 Forest St, Los Angeles, CA 90001	1	January
171539	284606	Bose SoundSport Headphones	1	99.989998	2025-01-01 02:50:00	211 Johnson St, Boston, MA 02215	1	January
171540	302330	AA Batteries (4-pack)	1	5.840000	2025-01-01 03:03:00	665 6th St, San Francisco, CA 94016	1	January
171541	284711	AA Batteries (4-pack)	1	5.840000	2025-01-01 03:19:00	250 8th St, San Francisco, CA 94016	1	January

	Order ID	Product Name	Units Purchased	Unit Price	Order Date	Delivery Address	Month	Month Name
171542	303626	USB-C Charging Cable	3	11.950000	2025-01-01 04:43:00	651 Lakeview St, Dallas, TX 75001	1	January

171543 rows × 11 columns

Add Total Sales column

```
In [43]: df['Total Sales'] = df['Units Purchased'] * df['Unit Price']  
df.head()
```

Out[43]:

	Order ID	Product Name	Units Purchased	Unit Price	Order Date	Delivery Address	Month	Month Name	Day of Week
0	160155	Alienware Monitor	1	400.98999	2024-01-01 05:04:00	765 Ridge St, Portland, OR 97035	1	January	Mon
1	151041	AAA Batteries (4-pack)	1	4.99000	2024-01-01 05:04:00	964 Lakeview St, Atlanta, GA 30301	1	January	Mon
2	146765	AAA Batteries (4-pack)	1	4.99000	2024-01-01 05:20:00	546 10th St, San Francisco, CA 94016	1	January	Mon
3	145617	Amana Washing Machine	1	600.00000	2024-01-01 05:24:00	961 Meadow St, Portland, OR 97035	1	January	Mon
4	156535	iPhone	1	700.00000	2024-01-01 05:45:00	451 Elm St, Los Angeles, CA 90001	1	January	Mon

Format Unit Price and Total Sales to 2 decimal places

```
In [45]: df['Unit Price'] = df['Unit Price'].apply(lambda x: "%.2f" % x)
```

```
In [46]: df['Total Sales'] = df['Total Sales'].apply(lambda x: "%.2f" % x)
df.head()
```

Out[46]:

	Order ID	Product Name	Units Purchased	Unit Price	Order Date	Delivery Address	Month	Month Name	Day of Week	Hc
0	160155	Alienware Monitor	1	400.99	2024-01-01 05:04:00	765 Ridge St, Portland, OR 97035	1	January	Mon	
1	151041	AAA Batteries (4-pack)	1	4.99	2024-01-01 05:04:00	964 Lakeview St, Atlanta, GA 30301	1	January	Mon	
2	146765	AAA Batteries (4-pack)	1	4.99	2024-01-01 05:20:00	546 10th St, San Francisco, CA 94016	1	January	Mon	
3	145617	Amana Washing Machine	1	600.00	2024-01-01 05:24:00	961 Meadow St, Portland, OR 97035	1	January	Mon	
4	156535	iPhone	1	700.00	2024-01-01 05:45:00	451 Elm St, Los Angeles, CA 90001	1	January	Mon	

Format Unit Price and Total Sales to numeric

```
In [48]: df['Unit Price'] = pd.to_numeric(df['Unit Price'])
df['Total Sales'] = pd.to_numeric(df['Total Sales'])
```

Plot Daily Sales

```
In [88]: import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import matplotlib.ticker as ticker

daily_sales = df.groupby('Day of Week', observed=False)['Total Sales'].sum().sort_v
daily_sales

# Reorder the days
day_order = ['Mon', 'Tue', 'Wed', 'Thu', 'Fri', 'Sat', 'Sun']
daily_sales = daily_sales.reindex(day_order)
```

```
# Print the values
print("\nDaily Sales:")
for day, value in daily_sales.items():
    print(f"{day}: ${value:,.2f}")

# Plot
ax = daily_sales.plot(kind='bar', title="Daily Sales")

ax.set_xlabel('Day of Week')
ax.set_ylabel('Total Sales in USD ($)')

ax.get_yaxis().set_major_formatter(plt.FuncFormatter(lambda x, _: f'{int(x):,}'))

plt.xticks(rotation=0)
plt.grid(linewidth=0.1)

plt.show()
```

Daily Sales:

Mon: \$5,680,848.22

Tue: \$5,752,431.54

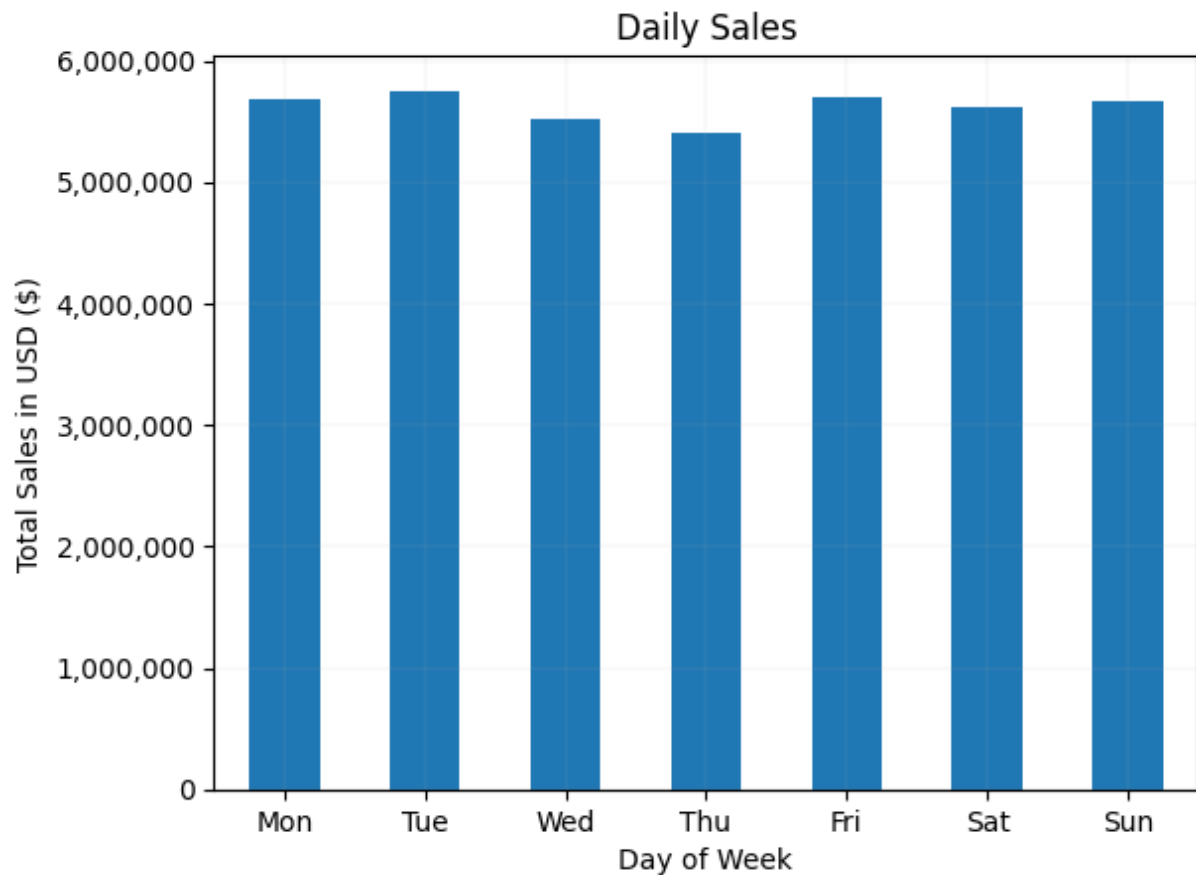
Wed: \$5,512,430.03

Thu: \$5,409,331.67

Fri: \$5,699,756.06

Sat: \$5,615,146.40

Sun: \$5,659,661.11



Key Insights

1. Tuesday is the peak day for customer purchases, bringing in the highest total sales of \$5.75M.
2. Friday and Sunday closely follow as strong performers, with sales of 5.70M and 5.66M, respectively.
3. Thursday records the lowest sales volume of the week at \$5.41M, suggesting it's the least active day for purchases.
4. Overall, weekday performance is fairly balanced, with a slight edge on early and late-week days (Tue & Fri).
5. Weekends (Sat & Sun) remain strong, especially Sunday with \$5.66M, which may reflect increased leisure-time shopping behavior

Strategic Recommendations

1. Leverage Tuesday as a peak opportunity day: Launch new products, promotions, or campaigns on Tuesdays to capitalize on high customer engagement.
2. Boost Thursday performance: Introduce limited-time deals or loyalty incentives to draw traffic and increase conversions on this underperforming day.
3. Optimize operations on high-volume days: Ensure sufficient staffing, stock availability, and support coverage on Tuesday, Friday, and Sunday.
4. Consider a midweek marketing strategy: Use Wednesday and Thursday to engage inactive customers with personalized offers to smooth weekly revenue peaks.
5. Data-Driven Scheduling: Use this trend insight to inform marketing schedules, delivery logistics, and customer support planning.