Finetuning Llama 2 7b Foundational Model for Healthcare Dataset

1. Pre-trained Model Evaluation

1.1. Deploy the Llama2 Model on AWS Sagemaker

```
The next cell will take some time to run. It is deploying a large language model, and that takes time. You'll see dashes (--) while it is being deployed. Please be patient! You'll see an exclamation point at the end of the dashes (---!) when the model is deployed and then you can continue running the next cells.

You might see a warning "For forward compatibility, pin to model_version..." You can ignore this warning, just wait for the model to deploy.

[4]: from sagemaker.jumpstart.model import JumpStartModel

model = JumpStartModel(model_id=model_id, model_version=model_version, instance_type="ml.g5.2xlarge")

predictor = model.deploy()

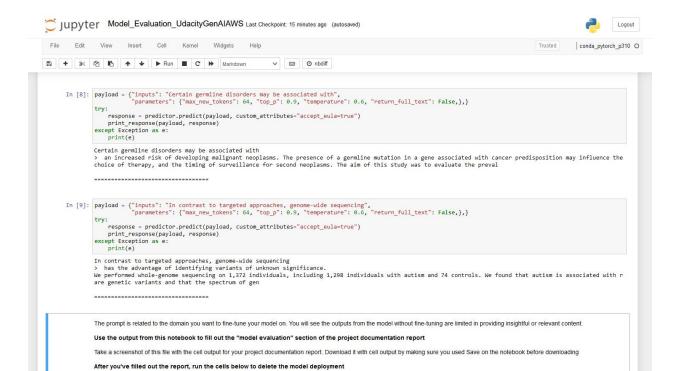
For forward compatibility, pin to model_version='2.*' in your JumpStartModel or JumpStartEstimator definitions. Note that major version upgrades may have different EULA acceptance terms and input/output signatures.

Using wulnerable JumpStart model 'meta-textgeneration-llama-2-7b' with wildcard version identifier '2.*'. You can pin to version '2.1.8' for more stable results. Note that models may have different input/output signatures after a major version upgrade.
```

1.2. Evaluate the Pre-trained Llama2 Text Generation Large Language Model for Domain Knowledge

```
Jupyter Model_Evaluation_UdacityGenAIAWS Last Checkpoint: 13 minutes ago (unsaved changes)
                                                                                                                                                                                                  Logout
 File Edit View Insert Cell Kernel Widgets Help
                                                                                                                                                                        Trusted conda_pytorch_p310 O
B + % @ B ↑ ↓ ▶ Run ■ C ▶ Markdown
                                                                             ∨ 🖾 ⊙ nbdiff
      In [6]: payload = {
    "inputs": "Myeloid neoplasms and acute leukemias derive from",
                    "parameters": {
    "max_new_tokens": 64,
    "top_p": 0.9,
    "temperature": 0.6,
    "return_full_text": False,
                response = predictor.predict(payload, custom_attributes="accept_eula=true")
print_response(payload, response)
except Exception as e:
    print(e)
                Myeloid neoplasms and acute leukemias derive from

> myeloid stem cells and are characterized by the presence of immature myeloid cells, including promyelocytes, myelocytes, metamyelocytes, and band cells. M
yeloid neoplasms are classified as acute myeloid leukemia (AML)
      print_response(payload, response)
except Exception as e:
print(e)
                     response = predictor.predict(payload, custom_attributes="accept_eula=true")
                Genomic characterization is essential for
                > The development of molecular diagnostics.
The development of molecular diagnostics.
The authors thank the members of the UMMS-MGH Center for Molecular Discovery for their assistance in the development of the method. The authors also thank the members of the UMMS-MGH Center for Molecular Discovery for their
               -----
      rry:
    response = predictor.predict(payload, custom_attributes="accept_eula=true")
    print_response(payload, response)
except Exception as e:
    print(e)
```



IF YOU FAIL TO RUN THE CELLS BELOW YOU WILL RUN OUT OF BUDGET TO COMPLETE THE PROJECT

2. Fine-tuning a Large Language Model

2.1. Fine-tune a Large Language Model with a Domain-Specific Dataset

```
[4]: from sagemaker.jumpstart.estimator import JumpStartEstimator
      import boto3
      estimator = JumpStartEstimator(model_id=model_id, environment={"accept_eula": "true"},instance_type = "ml.g5.2xlarge")
      estimator.set_hyperparameters(instruction_tuned="False", epoch="5")
      #Fill in the code below with the dataset you want to use from above
      \textit{\#example: estimator.fit}(\{\textit{"training": f"s3://genaiwithawsproject2024/training-datasets/finance"}\})
      # s3://genaiwithawsproject202406/training-datasets/medicalDataset.txt
      estimator.fit(\{"training": f"s3://genaiwithawsproject202406/training-datasets/medicalDataset.txt"\})
        PEFF modules are saved in saved_peft_model director
       best eval loss on epoch 4 is 2.4424901008605957
       Epoch 5: train_perplexity=7.6446, train_epoch_loss=2.0340, epcoh time 9.125123106000046s
       INFO:root:Key: avg\_train\_prep, \ Value: \ 7.934391975402832
       INFO:root:Key: avg_train_loss, Value: 2.0708813667297363
INFO:root:Key: avg_eval_prep, Value: 11.927809715270996
       INFO:root:Key: avg_eval_loss, Value: 2.4785332679748535
       INFO:root:Key: avg_epoch_time, Value: 9.401695886800008
       INFO:root:Key: avg_checkpoint_time, Value: 0.7507950958000151
       INFO:root:Combining pre-trained base model with the PEFT adapter module.
      Loading checkpoint shards: 0% | 0/2 [00:00<7, ?it/s]
Loading checkpoint shards: 50% | 1/2 [00:29<00:29, 29.77s/it]
Loading checkpoint shards: 100% | 2/2 [00:35<00:00, 17.63s/it]
Loading checkpoint shards: 100% | 2/2 [00:35<00:00, 17.63s/it]
       INFO:root:Saving the combined model in safetensors format.
       INFO:root:Saving complete.
       INFO:root:Copying tokenizer to the output directory.
       INFO:root:Putting inference code with the fine-tuned model directory.
       2024-06-14 15:48:52,021 sagemaker-training-toolkit INFO Waiting for the process to finish and give a return code.
       2024-06-14 15:48:52,021 sagemaker-training-toolkit INFO
                                                                            Done waiting for a return code. Received 0 from exiting process.
       2024-06-14 15:48:52,022 sagemaker-training-toolkit INFO
                                                                           Reporting training SUCCESS
       2024-06-14 15:48:59 Uploading - Uploading generated training model 2024-06-14 15:49:42 Completed - Training job completed
       Training seconds: 701
       Billable seconds: 701
```

3. Evaluate the Fine-tuned Llama2 Large Language Model

3.1. Deploy the Fine-tuned Llama2 Model on AWS Sagemaker

```
Deploy the fine-tuned model

Next, we deploy the domain fine-tuned model. We will compare the performance of the fine-tuned and pre-trained model.

[5]: finetuned_predictor = estimator.deploy()

No instance type selected for inference hosting endpoint. Defaulting to ml.g5.2xlarge.

INFO:sagemaker.jumpstart:No instance type selected for inference hosting endpoint. Defaulting to ml.g5.2xlarge.

INFO:sagemaker:Creating model with name: meta-textgeneration-llama-2-7b-2024-06-14-15-51-19-257

INFO:sagemaker:Creating endpoint-config with name meta-textgeneration-llama-2-7b-2024-06-14-15-51-19-254

INFO:sagemaker:Creating endpoint with name meta-textgeneration-llama-2-7b-2024-06-14-15-51-19-254
```

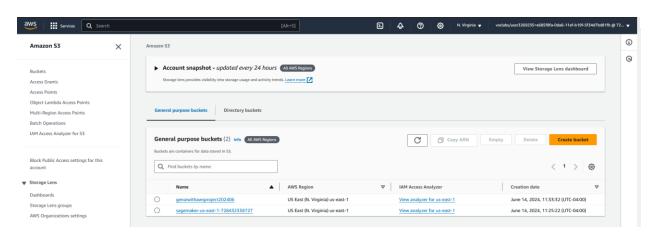
3.2. Evaluate the Fine-tuned Llama2 Text Generation Large Language Model on Text Generation Tasks and Domain Knowledge

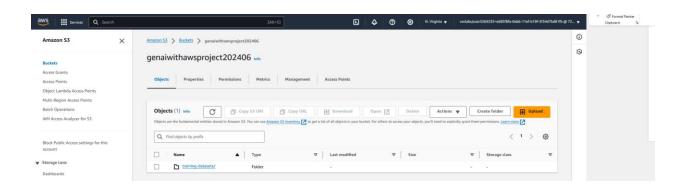
```
[7]: payload = {
         "inputs": "Myeloid neoplasms and acute leukemias derive from",
              "max_new_tokens": 64,
             "top_p": 0.9,
             "temperature": 0.6,
             "return_full_text": False,
         response = finetuned_predictor.predict(payload, custom_attributes="accept_eula=true")
         print_response(payload, response)
     except Exception as e:
        print(e)
      Myeloid neoplasms and acute leukemias derive from
      > [{'generated_text': ' myeloid progenitor cells. Myeloid progenitor cells are present in the bone marrow, but they can also be found in
      the peripheral blood, in the spleen, and in the liver. Myeloid progenitor cells are the precursors of white blood'}]
[8]: payload = {"inputs": "Genomic characterization is essential for",
                 "parameters": {"max_new_tokens": 64, "top_p": 0.9, "temperature": 0.6, "return_full_text": False,},}
         response = finetuned_predictor.predict(payload, custom_attributes="accept_eula=true")
         print_response(payload, response)
     except Exception as e:
        print(e)
      Genomic characterization is essential for
      > [{'generated_text': ' the identification of genetic variants that may affect drug response, but the cost of sequencing has limited the
      application of this approach to clinical care. Genetic variants identified in the context of clinical trials can be used to inform clini
      cal practice, but their clinical utility is limited by their rarity and'}]
```

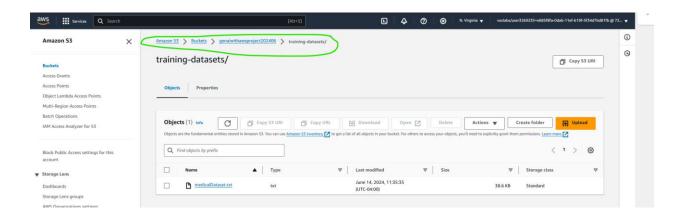
```
[9]: payload = {"inputs": "Certain germline disorders may be associated with",
                                          "parameters": {"max_new_tokens": 64, "top_p": 0.9, "temperature": 0.6, "return_full_text": False,},}
                       response = finetuned_predictor.predict(payload, custom_attributes="accept_eula=true")
                       print response(payload, response)
               except Exception as e:
                    print(e)
                Certain germline disorders may be associated with
                 > [{'generated_text': ' an increased risk of developing certain types of cancer. Some of these disorders are inherited from a parent, wh
                ile others may be acquired later in life.\nGermline genetic testing is a type of genetic testing that looks for changes in your DNA that
                may increase your risk of developing cancer. This type of'}]
[10]: \  \  \, \text{payload = } \{\text{"inputs": "In contrast to targeted approaches, genome-wide sequencing", and the property of t
                                           "parameters": {"max_new_tokens": 64, "top_p": 0.9, "temperature": 0.6, "return_full_text": False,},}
                        response = finetuned_predictor.predict(payload, custom_attributes="accept_eula=true")
                        print_response(payload, response)
               except Exception as e:
                In contrast to targeted approaches, genome-wide sequencing
                > [{'generated_text': ' of a large number of tumors from the same cancer type can reveal the genomic landscape of the disease and thus i
                 dentify potential drivers of the disease.\nThe aim of this study is to establish a large-scale sequencing of primary tumors and metastas
                es from patients with colorectal cancer. The'}]
```

4. S3 Bucket screenshots

4.1. Healthcare dataset location







4.2. Metadata - fine-tuned model weights

