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Android adb bugreport工具分析和使用

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bugreport是什么,怎么用?

Android系统想要成为一个功能完备,生态繁荣的操作系统,那就必须提供完整的应用开发环境。 而在应用开发中,app程序的调试分析是日常生产中进程会进行的工作。Android为了方便开发人员分析整个系统平台和某个app在运行一段时间之内的所有信息,专门开发了bugreport工具。这个工具使用起来十分简单,只要在终端执行(linux或者win):

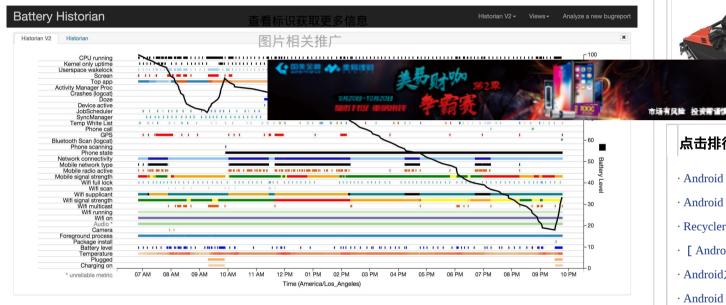


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即可生成bugreport文件。但是有一个问题是,这个生成的文件有的时候异常庞大,能够达到 15M+,想一想对于一个txt文本格式的文件内容长度达到了15M+是一个什么概念,如果使用文本工具打 开查看将是一个噩梦。因此google针对android 5.0 (api 21)以上的系统开发了一个叫做battery historian的分析工具,这个工具就是用来解析这个txt文本文件,然后使用web图形的形式展现出来, 这样出来的效果更加人性化,更加可读。它的基本界面像下面这个样子:



目前google已经将bettery histZ喎�"/kf/ware/vc/" target="_blank"

class="keylink">vcmlhbr+q1LTBy6Osv6rUtM/uxL+1xLXY1rejujxiciAvPg0KPGEgaHJlZj0="https://github.co historian">https://github.com/google/battery-historian

google写了一个比较详细的说明文档,大家可以自行查阅一下。这个工具可以查看以下信息:

- <code class="hljs avrasm"><code class="hljs applescript">Brightness?
- CPU running
- Charging on
- Charging status
- Health
- JobScheduler
- Kernel only uptime
- Level

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数据还是比较详细的。

当然,同样的bugreport数据也可以有不同的解析和阅读方式,你如果不太喜欢google的battery historian的话,你还有别的选择,那就是选择Sony开源的ChkBugReport,这个工具提供了不同于 battery historian的视角去解读bugreport文件,见面简单明了:







http://developer.sonymobile.com/2012/01/25/new-bugreport-analysis-tool-released-as-open-

source/

开源地址首页:

https://github.com/sonyxperiadev/ChkBugReport

这里说明一下,笔者使用过ChkBugReport这个工具,感觉很不错,最好结合google的battery

historian;另外ChkBugReport这个工具还有一点bug,不过不影响使用。

bugreport的原理是什么?



海参价格





下面我们简要分析一下adb bugreport运行的原理。我们知道,使用bugreport只要执行adb bugreport命令就可以了,因此我们的分析肯定是从adbd这个daemon进程开始,我们查看这个进程的代码的时候发现这里处理了bugreport选项:

adb_commandline@system/core/adb/commandline.cpp

```
else if (!strcmp(argv[0], "bugreport")) {
    if (argc != 1) return usage(); 查看标识获取更多信息
    return send_shell_command(ttype, seria医片烟镜程产bugreport");
}
```

◆ 国美氣體 国美英理财了 注册领<mark>888</mark>元红度

我们可以清楚地看到,这里判断如果附带的参数是bugreport的话

send_shell_command函数处理,这个函数的代码比较简单,我们就不分析了,这个函数的功能就是使用shell执行参数中的命令,因此我们这里相当于执行了bugreport命令。

在android设备中,bugreport命令存在于system/bin/目录下,这是一个可执行文件,所以我们要查看这个可执行文件实现的地方,它的实现代码在/frameworks/native/cmds/bugreport/目录下:

Name		Date	Size
		13-0ct-2015	4 KiB
Android.mk	H A D	13-0ct-2015	198
bugreport.cpp	H A D	13-0ct-2015	2.9 KiB

我们看到,bugreport的实现是比较简单的,只有一个Android.mk和一个cpp实现代码,我们先看一下Android.mk文件:

```
1 LOCAL_PATH:= $(call my-dir)
2 include $(CLEAR_VARS)
3
4 LOCAL_SRC_FILES:= bugreport.cpp
5
6 LOCAL_MODULE:= bugreport
7
8 LOCAL_CFLAGS := -Wall
9
10 LOCAL_SHARED_LIBRARIES := libcutils
11
12 include $(BUILD_EXECUTABLE)
13
```



海参价格



这里我们看到该目录下的代码会被编译成一个名字叫做bugreport的可执行文件,这就是我们想要找

的。现在我们看一下bugreport.cpp文件的实现,这个文件中代码比较简单,只有一个main函数:

```
<code class="hljs avrasm"><code class="hljs applescript"><code clas?:</pre>
    // dumpstate, then connect to the dumpstate local client to read the
    // output. All of the dumpstate output is written to stdout, includir
     // any errors encountered while reading/writing the output.
     int main() {
      // Start the dumpstate service.
 6
       property set("ctl.start", "dumpstate");
 7
 8
      // Socket will not be available until service starts.
10
       int s;
      for (int i = 0; i < 20; i++) {
11
         s = socket_local_client("dumpstate", ANDROID_SOCKET_NAMESPACE_RES
12
                                 SOCK STREAM);
13
         if (s >= 0)
14
15
           break:
        // Try again in 1 second.
16
17
         sleep(1);
18
19
       if (s == -1) {
20
         printf("Failed to connect to dumpstate service: %s\n", strerror(e
21
22
         return 1;
23
       }
24
25
      // Set a timeout so that if nothing is read in 3 minutes, we'll sto
      // reading and guit. No timeout in dumpstate is longer than 60 seconds.
26
      // so this gives lots of leeway in case of unforeseen time outs.
27
28
       struct timeval tv;
29
       tv.tv sec = 3 * 60;
30
       tv.tv usec = 0;
       if (setsockopt(s, SOL_SOCKET, SO_RCVTIMEO, &tv, sizeof(tv)) == -1)
31
         printf("WARNING: Cannot set socket timeout: %s\n", strerror(errno
32
33
34
35
       while (1) {
         char buffer[65536];
36
         ssize_t bytes_read = TEMP_FAILURE_RETRY(read(s, buffer, sizeof(bu
37
         if (bytes read == 0) {
38
39
           break:
40
         } else if (bytes_read == -1) {
          // EAGAIN really means time out, so change the errno.
41
```



|海参价格



```
42
           if (errno == EAGAIN) {
43
             errno = ETIMEDOUT;
44
           printf("\nBugreport read terminated abnormally (%s).\n", strent
45
46
           break;
47
48
49
         ssize t bytes to send = bytes read;
50
         ssize t bytes written;
         do {
51
52
           bytes written = TEMP FAILURE RETRY(write(STDOUT FILENO,
53
                                                     buffer + bytes read -
                                                     bytes to send));
54
55
           if (bytes written == -1) {
             printf("Failed to write data to stdout: read %zd, trying to s
56
                    bytes read, bytes to send, strerror(errno));
57
58
             return 1;
59
           bytes to send -= bytes written;
60
         } while (bytes written != 0 && bytes to send > 0);
61
62
63
64
       close(s);
65
       return 0;
    }</code></code></code>
66
```



|海参价格



这里的代码非常简单,主要的逻辑就是:

- 1.启动dumpstate service
- 2. 和dumpstate service建立socket链接
- 3. 从socket中读取数据,并且答应到stdout中
- 4. 读取完成之后关闭socket, 然后退出

因此,我们分析的重点需要转移到dumpstate中了。这里说明一下,前面启动dumpstate service的方法是使用系统属性来实现,这个属性的改变消息会被init进程收到,然后init进程会启动dumpstate这个服务。

dumpstate其实也是一个可执行文件,也存在于system/bin目录下。现在我们明白了,其实bugreport 就是dumpstate,只是bugreport将dumpstate包装了一下而已。

现在我们需要分析一下dumpstate的实现,它的实现代码在:frameworks/native/cmds/dumpstate目录下,我们看下这个目录下的代码结构:

Name		Date	Size
		13-0ct-2015	4 KiB
Android.mk	H A D	13-0ct-2015	510
dumpstate.c	H A D	13-0ct-2015	26.2 KiB
dumpstate.h	H A D	13-0ct-2015	2.8 KiB
libdumpstate_default.c	H A D	13-0ct-2015	677
utils.c	H A D	13-0ct-2015	24.1 KiB

这里的代码也是十分简单,只要少数的几个实现文件,其中main函数在dumpstate.c文件中,这个main函数我们这里不详细分析了,总结下它的主要工作:

- 1. 根据启动参数, 初始化相关资源
- 2. 如果启动参数中带有-s的话(init启动会加上这个参数),就表示使用socket,那么就启动socket, 并且在这个socket中等待链接。
- 3. 如果client端(也就是bugreport进程)链接成功,那就初始化所要用到的内存,并且设置优先级为较高优先级,防止被OOM干掉。
- 4. 然后使用vibrator震动一下(如果设备有这个硬件的话),提示用户开始截取log了
- 5. 调用dumpstate函数开始真正的dump工作
- 6. dump完成之后再次调用vibrator震动3次,提示用户dump完成。

现在我们看下dumpstate函数的实现:



|海参价格





```
property_get("ro.baseband", radio, "(unknown)");
13
14
        property_get("ro.bootloader", bootloader, "(unknown)");
15
         property_get("gsm.operator.alpha", network, "(unknown)");
         strftime(date, sizeof(date), "%Y-%m-%d %H:%M:%S", localtime(&nov
16
17
18
         printf("== dumpstate: %s\n", date);
19
20
         21
22
         printf("\n");
23
         printf("Build: %s\n", build);
         printf("Build fingerprint: '%s'\n", fingerprint); /* format is :
24
25
         printf("Bootloader: %s\n", bootloader);
26
        printf("Radio: %s\n", radio);
         printf("Network: %s\n", network);
27
28
29
         printf("Kernel: ");
         dump_file(NULL, "/proc/version");
30
31
         printf("Command line: %s\n", strtok(cmdline buf, "\n"));
32
         printf("\n");
33
         dump_dev_files("TRUSTY VERSION", "/sys/bus/platform/drivers/trus
34
35
         run_command("UPTIME", 10, "uptime", NULL);
         dump_files("UPTIME MMC PERF", mmcblk0, skip_not_stat, dump_stat_
36
         dump_file("MEMORY INFO", "/proc/meminfo");
37
         run_command("CPU INFO", 10, "top", "-n", "1", "-d", "1", "-m", 'run_command("PROCRANK", 20, "procrank", NULL);
38
39
         dump_file("VIRTUAL MEMORY STATS", "/proc/vmstat");
40
         dump_file("VMALLOC INFO", "/proc/vmallocinfo");
41
        dump_file("SLAB INFO", "/proc/slabinfo");
dump_file("ZONEINFO", "/proc/zoneinfo");
42
43
         dump_file("PAGETYPEINFO", "/proc/pagetypeinfo");
44
         dump_file("BUDDYINFO", "/proc/buddyinfo");
45
         dump_file("FRAGMENTATION INFO", "/d/extfrag/unusable_index");
46
47
         dump file("KERNEL WAKELOCKS", "/proc/wakelocks");
48
         dump_file("KERNEL WAKE SOURCES", "/d/wakeup_sources");
49
         dump_file("KERNEL CPUFREQ", "/sys/devices/system/cpu/cpu0/cpufre")
50
         dump_file("KERNEL SYNC", "/d/sync");
51
52
         run_command("PROCESSES", 10, "ps", "-P", NULL);
53
         run_command("PROCESSES AND THREADS", 10, "ps", "-t", "-p", "-P",
54
         run_command("PROCESSES (SELINUX LABELS)", 10, "ps", "-Z", NULL)
55
         run_command("LIBRANK", 10, "librank", NULL);
56
57
58
         do_dmesg();
59
```



|海参价格



```
run_command("LIST OF OPEN FILES", 10, SU_PATH, "root", "lsof", 1
  60
                      for_each_pid(do_showmap, "SMAPS OF ALL PROCESSES");
  61
                      for_each_tid(show_wchan, "BLOCKED PROCESS WAIT-CHANNELS");
  62
  63
  64
                      if (screenshot_path[0]) {
  65
                               ALOGI("taking screenshot\n");
                              run command(NULL, 10, "/system/bin/screencap", "-p", screens
  66
  67
                              ALOGI("wrote screenshot: %s\n", screenshot path);
  68
                      }
  69
                      // dump file("EVENT LOG TAGS", "/etc/event-log-tags");
  70
  71
                      // calculate timeout
  72
                      timeout = logcat timeout("main") + logcat timeout("system") + logcat timeou
  73
                      if (timeout < 20000) {
  74
                               timeout = 20000;
  75
                      run command("SYSTEM LOG", timeout / 1000, "logcat", "-v", "threa
  76
                      timeout = logcat_timeout("events");
  77
  78
                      if (timeout < 20000) {
  79
                               timeout = 20000;
  80
                      run command("EVENT LOG", timeout / 1000, "logcat", "-b", "events
  81
  82
                      timeout = logcat timeout("radio");
                      if (timeout < 20000) {
  83
  84
                               timeout = 20000;
  85
                      run command("RADIO LOG", timeout / 1000, "logcat", "-b", "radio'
  86
  87
                      run_command("LOG STATISTICS", 10, "logcat", "-b", "all", "-S", 1
  88
  89
  90
                      /* show the traces we collected in main(), if that was done */
  91
                      if (dump traces path != NULL) {
                               dump_file("VM TRACES JUST NOW", dump_traces_path);
  92
  93
  94
                      /* only show ANR traces if they're less than 15 minutes old */
  95
  96
                      struct stat st;
                      char anr_traces_path[PATH_MAX];
  97
  98
                      property get("dalvik.vm.stack-trace-file", anr traces path, "")
  99
                      if (!anr_traces_path[0]) {
                               printf("*** NO VM TRACES FILE DEFINED (dalvik.vm.stack-trace)
100
                      } else {
101
                          int fd = TEMP_FAILURE_RETRY(open(anr_traces_path,
102
103
                                                                                                     O RDONLY | O CLOEXEC | O NOF(
104
                          if (fd < 0) {
105
                                   printf("*** NO ANR VM TRACES FILE (%s): %s\n\n", anr_trace
106
                          } else {
```



海参价格



```
dump file_from_fd("VM TRACES AT LAST ANR", anr_traces_path
107
108
109
110
111
          /* slow traces for slow operations */
112
          if (anr_traces_path[0] != 0) {
113
              int tail = strlen(anr traces path)-1;
114
              while (tail > 0 && anr traces path[tail] != '/') {
115
                  tail--;
116
117
              int i = 0;
118
              while (1) {
119
                  sprintf(anr traces path+tail+1, "slow%02d.txt", i);
120
                  if (stat(anr traces path, &st)) {
121
                      // No traces file at this index, done with the file:
122
                      break:
123
                  dump_file("VM TRACES WHEN SLOW", anr_traces_path);
124
125
                  i++;
126
127
          }
128
129
          int dumped = 0;
130
          for (size_t i = 0; i < NUM_TOMBSTONES; i++) {</pre>
131
              if (tombstone data[i].fd != -1) {
132
                  dumped = 1;
133
                  dump file from fd("TOMBSTONE", tombstone data[i].name, 1
134
                  tombstone data[i].fd = -1;
135
136
137
          if (!dumped) {
138
              printf("*** NO TOMBSTONES to dump in %s\n\n", TOMBSTONE DIR
139
140
          dump_file("NETWORK DEV INFO", "/proc/net/dev");
141
          dump_file("QTAGUID NETWORK INTERFACES INFO", "/proc/net/xt_qtagu
142
          dump_file("QTAGUID NETWORK INTERFACES INFO (xt)", "/proc/net/xt_
143
          dump_file("OTAGUID CTRL INFO", "/proc/net/xt_qtaguid/ctrl");
144
          dump_file("QTAGUID STATS INFO", "/proc/net/xt_qtaguid/stats");
145
146
147
          if (!stat(PSTORE_LAST_KMSG, &st)) {
148
              /* Also TODO: Make console-ramoops CAP SYSLOG protected. */
149
              dump_file("LAST KMSG", PSTORE_LAST_KMSG);
150
          } else {
151
              /* TODO: Make last kmsq CAP SYSLOG protected. b/5555691 */
              dump_file("LAST KMSG", "/proc/last_kmsg");
152
153
```



海参价格



```
154
155
          /* kernels must set CONFIG_PSTORE_PMSG, slice up pstore with dev
          run_command("LAST LOGCAT", 10, "logcat", "-L", "-v", "threadtime
156
                                                    "-b" "all" "-d", "*:\
157
158
159
          /* The following have a tendency to get wedged when wifi drivers
160
          run command("NETWORK INTERFACES", 10, "ip", "link", NULL);
161
162
          run_command("IPv4 ADDRESSES", 10, "ip", "-4", "addr", "show", Nl
163
          run_command("IPv6 ADDRESSES", 10, "ip", "-6", "addr", "show", Nl
164
165
          run_command("IP RULES", 10, "ip", "rule", "show", NULL);
166
          run_command("IP RULES v6", 10, "ip", "-6", "rule", "show", NULL"
167
168
169
          dump route tables();
170
          run_command("ARP CACHE", 10, "ip", "-4", "neigh", "show", NULL);
171
          run_command("IPv6 ND CACHE", 10, "ip", "-6", "neigh", "show", Nl
172
173
          run_command("IPTABLES", 10, SU_PATH, "root", "iptables", "-L", '
174
          run_command("IP6TABLES", 10, SU_PATH, "root", "ip6tables", "-L",
175
          run_command("IPTABLE NAT", 10, SU_PATH, "root", "iptables", "-t'
176
177
          /* no ip6 nat */
          run_command("IPTABLE RAW", 10, SU_PATH, "root", "iptables", "-t'
178
179
          run command("IP6TABLE RAW", 10, SU PATH, "root", "ip6tables", "
180
181
          run_command("WIFI NETWORKS", 20,
                  SU_PATH, "root", "wpa_cli", "IFNAME=wlan0", "list_network"
182
183
184
      #ifdef FWDUMP bcmdhd
          run_command("ND OFFLOAD TABLE", 5,
185
                  SU_PATH, "root", "wlutil", "nd_hostip", NULL);
186
187
          run_command("DUMP WIFI INTERNAL COUNTERS (1)", 20,
188
                  SU_PATH, "root", "wlutil", "counters", NULL);
189
190
          run_command("ND OFFLOAD STATUS (1)", 5,
191
                  SU_PATH, "root", "wlutil", "nd_status", NULL);
192
193
194
      #endif
          dump_file("INTERRUPTS (1)", "/proc/interrupts");
195
196
          run_command("NETWORK DIAGNOSTICS", 10, "dumpsys", "connectivity'
197
198
199
     #ifdef FWDUMP_bcmdhd
200
          run_command("DUMP WIFI STATUS", 20,
```



海参价格



```
201
                 SU_PATH, "root", "dhdutil", "-i", "wlan0", "dump", NULL"
202
203
          run command("DUMP WIFI INTERNAL COUNTERS (2)", 20,
204
                 SU_PATH, "root", "wlutil", "counters", NULL);
205
         run_command("ND OFFLOAD STATUS (2)", 5,
206
207
                 SU PATH, "root", "wlutil", "nd status", NULL);
208
     #endif
         dump_file("INTERRUPTS (2)", "/proc/interrupts");
209
210
211
         print properties();
212
213
         run_command("VOLD DUMP", 10, "vdc", "dump", NULL);
214
          run_command("SECURE CONTAINERS", 10, "vdc", "asec", "list", NULL
215
216
          run command("FILESYSTEMS & FREE SPACE", 10, "df", NULL);
217
          run_command("LAST RADIO LOG", 10, "parse_radio_log", "/proc/last
218
219
220
         printf("----- BACKLIGHTS -----\n");
221
         printf("LCD brightness=");
         dump_file(NULL, "/sys/class/leds/lcd-backlight/brightness");
222
223
         printf("Button brightness=");
         dump file(NULL, "/sys/class/leds/button-backlight/brightness");
224
225
          printf("Keyboard brightness=");
226
         dump_file(NULL, "/sys/class/leds/keyboard-backlight/brightness")
         printf("ALS mode=");
227
         dump file(NULL, "/sys/class/leds/lcd-backlight/als");
228
229
         printf("LCD driver registers:\n");
         dump_file(NULL, "/sys/class/leds/lcd-backlight/registers");
230
         printf("\n");
231
232
         /* Binder state is expensive to look at as it uses a lot of memo
233
         dump_file("BINDER FAILED TRANSACTION LOG", "/sys/kernel/debug/b:
234
235
         dump file("BINDER TRANSACTION LOG", "/sys/kernel/debug/binder/ti
         dump_file("BINDER TRANSACTIONS", "/sys/kernel/debug/binder/trans
236
         dump_file("BINDER STATS", "/sys/kernel/debug/binder/stats");
dump_file("BINDER STATE", "/sys/kernel/debug/binder/state");
237
238
239
240
         241
         printf("== Board\n");
242
         243
244
          dumpstate_board();
         printf("\n");
245
246
247
         /* Migrate the ril_dumpstate to a dumpstate_board()? */
```



海参价格



```
248
                 char ril dumpstate timeout[PROPERTY VALUE MAX] = {0};
249
                 property_get("ril.dumpstate.timeout", ril_dumpstate_timeout, "3(
250
                 if (strnlen(ril dumpstate timeout, PROPERTY VALUE MAX - 1) > 0)
251
                        if (0 == strncmp(build_type, "user", PROPERTY_VALUE_MAX - 1
252
                               // su does not exist on user builds, so try running with
253
                               // This way any implementations of vril-dump that do not
254
                               // root can run on user builds.
255
                               run command("DUMP VENDOR RIL LOGS", atoi(ril dumpstate 1
256
                                              "vril-dump", NULL);
257
                        } else {
258
                                run_command("DUMP VENDOR RIL LOGS", atoi(ril_dumpstate_1
                                             SU PATH, "root", "vril-dump", NULL);
259
260
261
                 }
262
263
                 264
                 printf("== Android Framework Services\n");
265
                 266
267
                 /* the full dumpsys is starting to take a long time, so we need
268
                       to increase its timeout. we really need to do the timeouts :
                       dumpsvs itself... */
269
270
                  run command("DUMPSYS", 60, "dumpsys", NULL);
271
                 272
273
                 printf("== Checkins\n");
274
                 275
276
                 run_command("CHECKIN BATTERYSTATS", 30, "dumpsys", "batterystats
                 run_command("CHECKIN MEMINFO", 30, "dumpsys", "meminfo", "--checrun_command("CHECKIN NETSTATS", 30, "dumpsys", "netstats", "--checrun_command("CHECKIN PROCSTATS", 30, "dumpsys", "procstats", "-crun_command("CHECKIN USAGESTATS", 30, "dumpsys", "usagestats", "-crun_command("CHECKIN USAGESTATS", "-crun_command("CHECKIN USAGESTATS"), "-crun_command("CHECKIN USAGESTATS", "-crun_command("CHECKIN USAGESTATS"), "-crun_command("CHECKIN USAGESTATS"), "-crun_command("CHECKIN USAGESTATS"), "-crun_command("CHECKIN USAGESTATS"), "-crun_command("CHECKIN USAGESTAT
277
278
279
280
                 run_command("CHECKIN PACKAGE", 30, "dumpsys", "package", "--chec
281
282
                 283
                 printf("== Running Application Activities\n");
284
285
                 286
                 run_command("APP ACTIVITIES", 30, "dumpsys", "activity", "all",
287
288
                 289
                 printf("== Running Application Services\n");
290
291
                 292
293
                 run_command("APP_SERVICES", 30, "dumpsys", "activity", "service'
294
```



|海参价格



```
295
         printf("== Running Application Providers\n");
 296
 297
          298
          run_command("APP SERVICES", 30, "dumpsys", "activity", "provider
 299
 300
 301
 302
          printf("== dumpstate: done\n");
 303
         304
 305
      }</code></code></code>
  上面的代码比较长,是因为所要dump的模块太多,但是基本逻辑还是比较清楚的,我们看到基本
的数据来源就是:
1.系统属性
2./proc和/sys节点文件
3.执行shell命令获得相关输出
4.logcat输出
5.Android Framework Services信息基本使用dumpsys命令通过binder调用服务中的dump函数获得信
息
这里我们需要看一下dumpsys命令的实现,这个命令也是比较简单,实现全部在main函数中:
     <code class="hljs avrasm"><code class="hljs applescript"><code clas?:</pre>
  1
  2
  3
         signal(SIGPIPE, SIG IGN);
        sp<iservicemanager> sm = defaultServiceManager();
        fflush(stdout);
  6
        if (sm == NULL) {
            ALOGE("Unable to get default service manager!");
            aerr << "dumpsys: Unable to get default service manager!" <<</pre>
            return 20;
 10
 11
 12
         Vector<string16> services;
        Vector<string16> args;
 13
        bool showListOnly = false;
 14
        if ((argc == 2) && (strcmp(argv[1], "-1") == 0)) {
 15
            showListOnly = true;
 16
 17
```







```
18
         if ((argc == 1) || showListOnly) {
19
             services = sm->listServices();
             services.sort(sort_func);
20
21
             args.add(String16("-a"));
22
         } else {
23
             services.add(String16(argv[1]));
24
             for (int i=2; i 1) {
25
             // first print a list of the current services
             aout << "Currently running services:" << endl;</pre>
26
27
28
             for (size_t i=0; i<n; ibinder=""> service = sm->checkService(
29
                 if (service != NULL) {
                     aout << " " << services[i] << endl;
30
31
32
             }
33
34
35
         if (showListOnly) {
36
             return 0;
37
38
         for (size_t i=0; i<n; ibinder=""> service = sm->checkService(service)
39
             if (service != NULL) {
40
                 if (N > 1) {
41
42
                     aout << "-----
                                -----" << endl:
43
                     aout << "DUMP OF SERVICE " << services[i] << ":" << 6</pre>
44
45
                 int err = service->dump(STDOUT FILENO, args);
46
47
                 if (err != 0) {
48
                     aerr << "Error dumping service info: (" << strerror(</pre>
                             << ") " << services[i] << endl;
49
50
51
             } else {
52
                 aerr << "Can't find service: " << services[i] << endl;</pre>
53
54
55
56
         return 0;
    }</n;></n;></argc;></string16></string16></iservicemanager></code></c</pre>
57
 我们看到它的代码逻辑就是,通过Binder的SM查找参数中的service,然后通过:
1 <code class="hljs avrasm"><code class="hljs applescript"><code class?'
```







这句来调用service的dump函数。

dumpstate会调用到所有binder中的service的dump函数,因为dumpstate函数执行了这一句:

直接执行dumpsys,没有参数,并且注释中也说的很清楚,就是采集所有的信息。这会执行以下service的dump函数(执行dumpsys | grep "DUMP OF SERVICE"可以看到):

```
<code class="hljs avrasm"><code class="hljs applescript"><code class="hljs applescript"><code class="hljs avrasm"><code class="hljs applescript"><code class="hljs avrasm"><code class="hljs applescript"><code class="hljs applescript"><code class="hljs applescript"><code class="hljs applescript"><code class="hljs applescript"><code class="hljs applescript"></code class="hljs a
             DUMP OF SERVICE SurfaceFlinger:
            DUMP OF SERVICE accessibility:
             DUMP OF SERVICE account:
             DUMP OF SERVICE activity:
             DUMP OF SERVICE alarm:
             DUMP OF SERVICE android.security.keystore:
             DUMP OF SERVICE android.service.gatekeeper.IGateKeeperService:
             DUMP OF SERVICE appops:
             DUMP OF SERVICE appwidget:
10
             DUMP OF SERVICE assetatlas:
11
             DUMP OF SERVICE audio:
12
             DUMP OF SERVICE backup:
13
14
             DUMP OF SERVICE battery:
             DUMP OF SERVICE batteryproperties:
15
             DUMP OF SERVICE batterystats:
16
             DUMP OF SERVICE bluetooth_manager:
17
             DUMP OF SERVICE carrier config:
18
             DUMP OF SERVICE clipboard:
19
20
             DUMP OF SERVICE commontime_management:
             DUMP OF SERVICE connectivity:
21
             DUMP OF SERVICE consumer ir:
23
             DUMP OF SERVICE content:
             DUMP OF SERVICE country detector:
24
             DUMP OF SERVICE cpuinfo:
25
26
             DUMP OF SERVICE dbinfo:
             DUMP OF SERVICE device policy:
27
             DUMP OF SERVICE deviceidle:
28
             DUMP OF SERVICE devicestoragemonitor:
30
             DUMP OF SERVICE diskstats:
             DUMP OF SERVICE display:
31
             DUMP OF SERVICE display.gservice:
```



海参价格





```
DUMP OF SERVICE dreams:
    DUMP OF SERVICE drm.drmManager:
35
    DUMP OF SERVICE dropbox:
36
    DUMP OF SERVICE ethernet:
37
    DUMP OF SERVICE fingerprint:
38
    DUMP OF SERVICE gfxinfo:
    DUMP OF SERVICE graphicsstats:
39
    DUMP OF SERVICE imms:
40
    DUMP OF SERVICE input:
41
    DUMP OF SERVICE input method:
42
    DUMP OF SERVICE iphonesubinfo:
43
44
    DUMP OF SERVICE isms:
    DUMP OF SERVICE isub:
45
    DUMP OF SERVICE jobscheduler:
46
    DUMP OF SERVICE launcherapps:
47
    DUMP OF SERVICE location:
48
    DUMP OF SERVICE lock settings:
49
    DUMP OF SERVICE media.audio_flinger:
50
51
    DUMP OF SERVICE media.audio policy:
52
    DUMP OF SERVICE media.camera:
    DUMP OF SERVICE media.camera.proxy:
53
    DUMP OF SERVICE media.player:
54
55
    DUMP OF SERVICE media.radio:
    DUMP OF SERVICE media.resource_manager:
56
57
    DUMP OF SERVICE media. sound trigger hw:
    DUMP OF SERVICE media projection:
58
    DUMP OF SERVICE media router:
59
    DUMP OF SERVICE media session:
60
    DUMP OF SERVICE meminfo:
61
62
    DUMP OF SERVICE midi:
63
    DUMP OF SERVICE mount:
    DUMP OF SERVICE netpolicy:
64
    DUMP OF SERVICE netstats:
    DUMP OF SERVICE network_management:
66
    DUMP OF SERVICE network score:
67
68
    DUMP OF SERVICE nfc:
69
    DUMP OF SERVICE notification:
    DUMP OF SERVICE package:
70
71
    DUMP OF SERVICE permission:
    DUMP OF SERVICE persistent_data_block:
72
    DUMP OF SERVICE phone:
73
    DUMP OF SERVICE power:
74
75
    DUMP OF SERVICE print:
    DUMP OF SERVICE processinfo:
76
    DUMP OF SERVICE procstats:
77
78
    DUMP OF SERVICE restrictions:
    DUMP OF SERVICE rttmanager:
```



海参价格



```
DUMP OF SERVICE samplingprofiler:
     DUMP OF SERVICE scheduling policy:
     DUMP OF SERVICE search:
 82
     DUMP OF SERVICE sensorservice:
 83
 84
      DUMP OF SERVICE serial:
 85
     DUMP OF SERVICE servicediscovery:
     DUMP OF SERVICE simphonebook:
 86
 87
     DUMP OF SERVICE sip:
     DUMP OF SERVICE statusbar:
 88
     DUMP OF SERVICE telecom:
 89
 90
     DUMP OF SERVICE telephony.registry:
 91
      DUMP OF SERVICE textservices:
 92
     DUMP OF SERVICE trust:
     DUMP OF SERVICE uimode:
     DUMP OF SERVICE updatelock:
 94
     DUMP OF SERVICE usagestats:
 95
     DUMP OF SERVICE usb:
 96
 97
      DUMP OF SERVICE user:
      DUMP OF SERVICE vibrator:
 98
 99
     DUMP OF SERVICE voiceinteraction:
     DUMP OF SERVICE wallpaper:
100
     DUMP OF SERVICE webviewupdate:
101
102
     DUMP OF SERVICE wifi:
     DUMP OF SERVICE wifip2p:
103
     DUMP OF SERVICE wifiscanner:
104
105
     DUMP OF SERVICE window:</code></code></code></code></code></code></code></code>
```

这里总结以下,上面的bugreport整体逻辑如下图描述(如果图片太小看不清,请下载图片并查

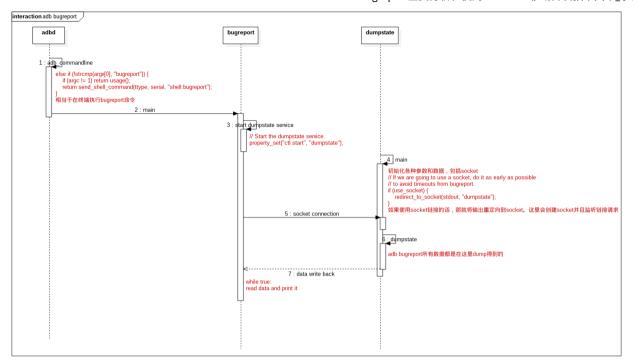
看):



海参价格







adb bugreport的其他选项

bugreport本身并没有什么选项,主要是通过dumpsys等命令配合完成,详见battery historian项 目主页:https://github.com/google/battery-historian,以下是个总结:

- 1). 重置电池统计信息:
- <code class="hljs avrasm"><code class="hljs applescript"><code class?'</pre>
 - 2). Wakelock analysis全部wakelock信息:
- <code class="hljs avrasm"><code class="hljs applescript"><code class?'</pre>
- 3). Kernel trace analysis分析内核,主要分析wakeup source和wakelock activities,首先使能 kernel分析:







```
<code class="hlis avrasm"><code class="hlis applescript"><code clas?:</pre>
            $ adb shell
            # Set the events to trace.
            $ echo "power:wakeup_source_activate" >> /d/tracing/set_event
            $ echo "power:wakeup_source_deactivate" >> /d/tracing/set_event
            # The default trace size for most devices is 1MB, which is relatively
            # 8MB to 10MB should be a decent size for 5-6 hours of logging.
10
11
            $ echo 8192 > /d/tracing/buffer size kb
12
           $ echo 1 > /d/tracing/tracing on</code></code></code></code></code></code></code></code></code></code></code></code></code></code></code></code></code></code></code></code></code></code></code></code></code></code></code></code></code></code></code></code></code></code></code></code></code></code></code></code></code></code></code></code></code></code></code></code></code></code></code></code></code></code></code></code></code></code></code></code></code></code></code></code></code></code></code></code></code></code></code></code></code></code></code></code></code></code></code></code></code></code></code></code></code></code></code></code></code></code></code></code></code></code></code></code></code></code></code></code></code></code></code></code></code></code></code></code></code>
13
    然后获得log:
```

<code class="hljs avrasm"><code class="hljs applescript"><code class?'</pre> \$ adb pull /d/tracing/trace <some path=""> # Take a bug report at this time. \$ adb bugreport > bugreport.txt</some></code></code></code></code></code>











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