



roaming\_policy  
samplingprofiler  
search  
SecTVOutService  
security\_policy  
sensorService  
shutdownlogger  
simphonebook  
statusbar  
SurfaceFlinger  
telephony.registry  
textservices  
throttle  
tvoutService  
TvoutService\_C  
uimode  
usagestats  
usb  
vibrator  
voip  
vpn\_policy  
wallpaper  
wifi  
wifi\_policy  
wifip2p  
window

In above list, we see that there're various functional services are running on Android device. When debug engineering is necessary, we could get a lot of useful information from dumpsys for debugging purpose.

We've discussed the MonkeyRunner Control with Jython script in separate article. We can check the testing result by comparing image. However, we always hope to acquire more clues to point out the root cause of problem.

Typically, I illustrate two situations. First one is when the problem is caused by up layer (Framework layer or UI representation), but it's work normally at lower layer ( E.g. driver). For instance, when trying to switch Bluetooth On, you may observe the icon on UI which remains Off state. But the driver of Bluetooth has been powered on. In another situation we can think about is opposite to last case

Now we have another choice to make result more accurately. Fortunately, we can monitor both system status by using parameter inspection from outputted information of dumpsys on Android device and UI comparison by using MonkeyRunner manner as the necessary testing criteria.

**Usage**  
dumpsys [running\_service\_name]

In case nothing is followed by dumpsys, the dumpsys will output all the information of running services.

**What information can be found in Dumpsys ?**

Dumpsys outputs various message to depict system status of an Android device. Let's talk about some frequent used messages.

When you need power relative information, you can get them by following information.

Battery Information from Dumpsys

Execute the command of "adb shell dumpsys battery", you may see the following information.

Current Battery Service state:  
AC powered: false  
USB powered: true  
status: 2  
health: 2  
present: true  
level: 100  
scale: 100  
voltage:4191  
temperature: 350  
technology: Li-ion

From above information, you can get the information, including type of power source, battery capacity, measured battery voltage, measured temperature and so on.

The definitions of each parameter from battery information are as follows,

- ❑AC powered:false (Power source)
- ❑USB powered:true (Power source)
- ❑status:5 (see next section)
- ❑health:2 (see next section)
- ❑present:true (indicating whether a battery is present.)
- ❑level:100 (returns battery level as a percentage)
- ❑scale:100 (maximum battery level)
- ❑voltage: 4195 (an integer containing the current battery voltage level)
- ❑temperature: 380 (an integer containing the current battery temperature)
- ❑technology: Li-ion (technology of the current battery)

With respect to status in battery information, the definition of value is as follows,  
Defined in android.os.BatteryManager  
❑BATTERY\_STATUS\_UNKNOWN (0x00000001)  
❑BATTERY\_STATUS\_CHARGING (0x00000002)  
❑BATTERY\_STATUS\_DISCHARGING (0x00000003)  
❑BATTERY\_STATUS\_NOT\_CHARGING (0x00000004)  
❑BATTERY\_STATUS\_FULL (0x00000005)

With respect to health in battery information, the definition of value is as follows,

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Defined in android.os.BatteryManager  
❑BATTERY\_HEALTH\_UNKNOWN (0x00000001)  
❑BATTERY\_HEALTH\_GOOD (0x00000002)  
❑BATTERY\_HEALTH\_OVERHEAT (0x00000003)  
❑BATTERY\_HEALTH\_DEAD (0x00000004)  
❑BATTERY\_HEALTH\_OVER\_VOLTAGE (0x00000005)  
❑BATTERY\_HEALTH\_UNSPECIFIED\_FAILURE(0x00000006)  
❑BATTERY\_HEALTH\_COLD (0x00000007)

When you need to get the information from Bluetooth you can use following information.

Bluetooth Information from Dumpsys

Execute the command of "adb shell dumpsys bluetooth", you may see the following information.

DUMP OF SERVICE bluetooth:  
mIsAirplaneSensitive = true  
mIsAirplaneToggleable = true  
Local address = 00:07:0B:16:23:AC  
Local name = MyBTPhone  
isDiscovering() = false

The definitions of Bluetooth information for each parameter are as follows,

Parameter	Value	Definition
mIsAirplaneSensitive	true   false	Airplane mode can prevent Bluetooth radio from being turned on
mIsAirplaneToggleable	true   false	Airplane mode can prevent Bluetooth radio from being turned on
Local name		Bluetooth device name
Local address		Bluetooth Address
isDiscovering	true   false	Discoverable for Bluetooth

The following information will tell you what the status for telecom is.  
telephony.registry Information from Dumpsys

Execute the command of "adb shell dumpsys telephony.registry", you may see the following information.

DUMP OF SERVICE telephony.registry:  
last known state:  
mCallState=0  
mCallIncomingNumber=  
mServiceState=0 home TTT TTT 46999 HSDPA:9 CSS not supported -1 -1 RoamInd=-1 DefRoamInd=-1 EmergOnly=false  
mSignalStrength=SignalStrength: 19 -1 -1 -1 -1 -1 -1 -1 -1 -1 gsm|lte 4  
mMessageWaiting=false  
mCallForwarding=false  
mDataActivity=0  
mDataConnectionState=0  
mDataConnectionPossible=true  
mDataConnectionReason=dataDisabled  
mDataConnectionApn=  
mDataConnectionLinkProperties=null  
mDataConnectionLinkCapabilities=null  
mCellLocation=Bundle[mParcelledData.dataSize=76]  
registrations: count=8

Note, the information telephony.registry provided is the last know state. It means it may not the state that device is running.

The definitions of telephony.registry information for each parameter are as follows,

Parameter	Definition/Value
mCallState	Call State 0 - CALL_STATE_IDLE(No activity.) 1 - CALL_STATE_RINGING 2 - CALL_STATE_OFFHOOK
mCallIncomingNumber	Last incoming call number
mServiceState	Radio service State 0 - STATE_IN_SERVICE(Normal operation condition, the phone is registered with an operator either in home network or in roaming. ) 1 - STATE_OUT_OF_SERVICE (Phone is not registered with any operator, the phone can be currently searching a new operator to register to, or not searching to registration at all, or registration is denied, or radio signal is not available. ) 2 - STATE_EMERGENCY_ONLY (The phone is registered and locked. Only emergency numbers are allowed. ) 3 - STATE_POWER_OFF(Radio of telephony is explicitly powered off.)
SignalStrength	Radio Signal Strength (RSSI)
mMessageWaiting	Radio Message Waiting true   false
mCallForwarding	Radio Call Forwarding true   false
mDataActivity	0 - Radio Data Call Activity: DATA_ACTIVITY_NONE(No traffic.) 1- DATA_ACTIVITY_IN(Currently receiving IP PPP traffic.) 2 - DATA_ACTIVITY_OUT(Currently sending IP PPP traffic.)

	3 - DATA_ACTIVITY_INOUT(Currently both sending and receiving IP
mDataConnectionState	Radio Data Connection State 0 - DATA_DISCONNECTED (Disconnected. IP traffic not available. ) 1- DATA_CONNECTING(Currently setting up a data connection.) 2 - DATA_CONNECTED (Connected. IP traffic should be available.) 3 - DATA_SUSPENDED (Suspended. The connection is up, but IP traffic is temporarily unavailable. For example, in a 2G network, data activity may be suspended when a voice call arrives.)
mActiveDataConnectionState	Radio Data Connection State 0 - DATA_DISCONNECTED (Disconnected. IP traffic not available. ) 1- DATA_CONNECTING(Currently setting up a data connection.) 2 - DATA_CONNECTED (Connected. IP traffic should be available.) 3 - DATA_SUSPENDED (Suspended. The connection is up, but IP traffic is temporarily unavailable. For example, in a 2G network, data activity may be suspended when a voice call arrives.)
mDataConnectionPossible	Active Radio Data Connection true   false
mDataConnectionReason	Reason for data Connection
mDataConnectionApn	APN Name
mDataConnectionInterfaceName	Name of data connection interface
mCellLocation	Information of Cell Location
registrations: count	Recording count of registration

When you want to know the status of WiFi, you can refer to following information.

WiFi Information from Dumpsys

Execute the command of "adb shell dumpsys wifi", you may see the following information.

DUMP OF SERVICE wifi:  
Wi-Fi is enabled  
Stay-awake conditions: 0  
Internal state:  
current HSM state: ConnectedState  
mLinkProperties InterfaceName: wlan0 LinkAddresses: [1.1.2.3/24 ] Routes: [0.0.0.0/0 -> 1.1.2.6,] DnsAddresses: [1.1.2.1,] HttpProxy: [ProxyProperties.mHost == null]  
mWifiInfo SSID: Google, BSSID: 00:08:0a:02:03:08, MAC: 00:00:00:00:00:80, Supplicant state: COMPLETED, RSSI: -63, Link speed: 13, Net ID: 1, Explicit connect: true  
mDhcpInfoInternal addr: 1.1.2.3/24 mRoutes: 0.0.0.0/0 -> 1.1.2.6 | dns: 1.1.2.6, dhcpServer: 1.1.2.6 leaseDuration: 7200  
mNetworkInfo NetworkInfo: type: WIFI[], state: CONNECTED/CONNECTED, reason:(unspecified), extra: (none), roaming: false, failover: false, isAvailable: true  
mLastSignalLevel 3  
mLastBssid 00:00:00:00:00:00  
mLastNetworkId 1  
mReconnectCount 0  
mIsScanMode false  
Supplicant status  
bssid=00:00:00:00:00:00  
ssid=Google  
id=1  
mode=station  
pairwise\_cipher=CCMP  
group\_cipher=CCMP  
key\_mgmt=WPA2-PSK  
wpa\_state=COMPLETED  
ip\_address=1.1.2.3  
address=00:00:00:00:00:00

The definitions of wifi information for each parameter are as follows,

Parameter	Value	Definition
Wi-Fi is	disabled   connected enabled   disconnected	Wi-Fi Radio State
Stay-awake conditions		Stay-awake conditions value
Internal state		Internal state
interface		Netowrk Interface
runState		Run State
SSID		Wi-Fi AP's SSID
BSSID		BSSID of Wi-Fi AP
MAC		MAC Address for Wi-Fi
Supplicant state		Supplicant state for Wi-Fi
RSSI		RSSI for Wi-Fi
Link speed		Link speed for Wi-Fi

Net ID		Net ID for Wi-Fi
ipaddr		Obtained IP Address for Wi-Fi
gateway		Gateway for Wi-Fi
netmask		Netmask for Wi-Fi
dns1		Primary DNS for Wi-Fi
dns2		Secondary DNS for Wi-Fi
DHCP server		DHCP address for Wi-Fi
scanModeActive	true   false	Scan Mode Active for Wi-Fi
haveIpAddress	true   false	Have IP Address for Wi-Fi
obtainingIpAddress	true   false	Obtaining Ip Address for Wi-Fi
lastSignalLevel		Last Signal Level for Wi-Fi
explicitlyDisabled		Explicitly Disabled for Wi-Fi

There're more information you can get from dumpsys for your purpose. Aforementioned has provided you a good start on how to get them. Now, it's your turn.

When you want to know what network interface you are using, you can look at following information.

Connectivity Information from Dumpsys

Execute the command of "adb shell dumpsys connectivity", you may see the following information.

DUMP OF SERVICE connectivity:  
NetworkInfo: type: mobile[UMTS], state: DISCONNECTED/DISCONNECTED, reason: dataDisabled, extra: vivi, roaming: false, failover: false, isAvailable: true  
Mobile data state: DISCONNECTED  
Data enabled: user=true, policy=true  
  
Active network: WIFI  
NetworkInfo: type: WIFI[], state: CONNECTED/CONNECTED, reason: (unspecified), extra: (none), roaming: false, failover: false, isAvailable: true  
android.net.wifi.WifiStateTracker@00000000  
...

The definitions of connectivity information for each parameter are as follows,

Parameter	Value	Definition
Active network	WiFi   UMTS	Check if Active Network is transmitted by WiFi or UMTS
NetworkInfo: type: mobile		NetworkInfo: type for mobile: HSDPA UMTS
state	UNKNOWN / IDLE	Radio State
	CONNECTED CONNECTED	
	DISCONNECTED DISCONNECTED	
Extra		NetworkInfo: Carrier Name
roaming	true   false	Roaming state
failover	true   false	
isAvailable	true   false	Check if Mobile network is available

How Jython and MonkeyRunner use these information to do automated testings ?

Using shell command in MonkeyRunner and executing dumpsys service\_name, you can get the particular information from it and parse/filter those information by Jython Script. Hence, you can use these information for your testing or control purpose.

Reference

Dumpsys, <http://source.android.com/tech/input/dumpsys.html>

張貼者： Carl Chen at New Taipei City 於 上午2:14


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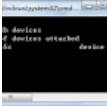
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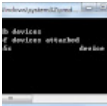
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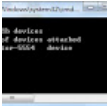
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