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高通电池管理基于QPNP电压模式

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MSM8909+Android5.1.1电池管理(3)--PMIC VM-BMS(qpnp-vm-bms.txt学习)

来源: http://www.infocool.net/kb/Android/201611/225970.html

CV:Constant Voltage恒压

SMMB charger: Switch-ModeBattery Charger and Boost peripheral开关模式电池充电器和升压外围设备

OCV: Open circuitvoltage EOC: End OfCharge充电结束

UUC: UnusableCapacity不可用电量

对应的源代码文件为\kernel\drivers\power\qpnp-vm-bms.c,高通QPNP电压模式的PMIC电池管理系统(Qualcomm'sQPNP Voltage-Mode(VM) PMIC Battery Management System),提供接口给客户端来读取电池相关属性,它的主要功能是基于周期性采样VBAT(vattery voltage)来计算SOC(state ofcharge)

下面学习kernel\Documentation\devicetree\bindings\power\qpnp-vm-bms.txt

父节点需要的属性如下, 见kernel\arch\arm\boot\dts\gcom\msm-pm8909.dtsi文件的pm8909 bms: gcom,vmbms节点



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```
- compatible : Must be "gcom,gpnp-vm-bms" for the BM driver.
                 - reg
                             :Offset and length of the PMIC peripheral register map.
                 比如reg = <0x4000 0x100>;
                 - interrupts : The interrupt mappings.
                          The format should be
ß
                          <slave-id peripheral-idinterrupt-number>.
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                 比如interrupts = <0x0 0x40 0x0>,
                                         <0x00x40 0x3>,
<0x00x40 0x4>,
                                         <0x00x40 0x5>:
\odot
                 - interrupt-names: names for the mappedbms interrupt
&
                         Thefollowing interrupts are required:
                         0: leave CV state离开恒压状态
                         1: enter CV state
                         2: good ocv generated
                         3: ocv thr
                         4: fifo update
                         5: fsm state changed
                 比如interrupt-names = "leave cv",
                                          "ocv thr",
                                          "fifo_update_done",
                                          "fsm_state_change";
                 Additionally, optional subnodes may beincluded:
                 此外,可选的子节点可包含:
                 - gcom,batt-pres-status: A subnode with aregister address for the SMBB
                         batteryinterface's BATT_PRES_STATUS register. If this node is
                         added, then the BMS will try to detect offmode battery removal
                         viathe battery interface's offmode battery removal circuit.
                 这是带有一个关于SMMB电池接口寄存器BATT PRES STATUS地址的子节点,如果增加了此节点,BMS将会尝试通过电
                 池接口的offmode电池接插电路检测offmode电池接插
                 qcom,batt-pres-status@1208 {
                                 reg= <0x1208 0x1>;
```



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```
- gcom, battery-data: A phandle to a nodecontaining the available battery data
                        profiles. See the batterydata bindings documentation for more
                        details.
                 此节点的值是一个phandle,它指向一个包含有效电池曲线数据的节点,详见
                \kernel\Documentation\devicetree\bindings\batterydata\batterydata.txt
                 在kernel\arch\arm\boot\dts\gcom\msm8909-grd-skue.dtsi中定义
0
                    qrd_batterydata:qcom,battery-data {
                        qcom,rpull-up-kohm= <0>;
                        qcom,vref-batt-therm= <1800000>;
\odot
                        #include"batterydata-qrd-skue-4v35-2000mah.dtsi"
                    };
                 &pm8909_bms {
                    status= "okay";
                    gcom,resume-soc= <95>;
                    gcom,use-reported-soc;
                    qcom,force-bms-active-on-charger;
                    qcom,battery-data = <&qrd_batterydata>;
                Parent node required properties:
                父节点需要的属性
                 - qcom,v-cutoff-uv : cutoff voltage wherethe battery is considered dead in
                            micro-volts(微伏).
                 关机电压,用于计算SOC,如修改关机电压,除了修改这里,还需要修改电池曲线数据的qcom,v-cutoff-uv,其实最好是用
                 电池曲线数据里的。
                 比如qcom,v-cutoff-uv = <3400000>;
                - qcom,max-voltage-uv: maximum voltage forthe battery in micro-volts.
                 电池最大的电压,单位为毫伏,比如qcom,max-voltage-uv =<4200000>;
                 - gcom,r-conn-mohm: connector resistancein milli-ohms.
                 连接器电阻,如qcom,r-conn-mohm = <0>;
```

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- qcom,shutdown-soc-valid-limit: If theocv upon restart is within this distanceof the shutdown ocv, the BMS will try to force thenew SoC to the old one to provide charge continuity.

Thatis to say,

if(abs(shutdown-soc - current-soc) < limit)

thenuse old SoC.

如qcom,shutdown-soc-valid-limit =<100>;

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- qcom,low-soc-calculate-soc-threshold :The SoC threshold for when

 $the periodic \ calculate_soc \ work \ speeds \ up. \ This \ ensures$

SoCis updated in userspace constantly when we are near shutdown.

当SOC低于此阈值,calculate_soc缩短工作周期,这样可以在接近关机的时候不断地更新用户空间的SOC。如qcom,low-soc-calculate-soc-threshold =<15>;

 qcom,low-voltage-threshold: The batteryvoltage threshold in micro-volts for whenthe BMS tries to wake up and hold a wakelock to ensurea clean shutdown.

低压阈值,用于关机,当达到此值BMS尝试唤醒和持有唤醒锁来保证一个干净的关机。如qcom,low-voltage-threshold = <3450000>:

- qcom,low-voltage-calculate-soc-ms : Thetime period between subsequent

SoCrecalculations when the current voltage is below qcom,low-voltagethreshold. This takes precedence over qcom,low-soc-calculate-soc-ms.

当电池电压低于qcom,low-voltage threshold,随后重新计算soc的时间周期,者优先于qcom,low-soc-calculate-soc-ms,如qcom,low-voltage-calculate-soc-ms = <1000>;。

- qcom,low-soc-calculate-soc-ms: The timeperiod between subsequent

SoCrecalculations when the current SoC is below qcom,low-soc-calculate-soc-threshold. This takes precedenceover qcom,calculate-soc-ms.

当前SOC低于qcom,low-soc-calculate-soc-threshold时,随后重新计算SOC的时间周期,这优先于qcom,calculate-soc-ms,如low-soc-calculate-soc-ms = <5000>;

- gcom,calculate-soc-ms: The time periodbetween subsequent SoC

recalculations when the current SoC is above or equal qcom,low-soc-calculate-soc-threshold.

当前SOC>= qcom,low-soc-calculate-soc-threshold时的计算soc的时间周期。如qcom,calculate-soc-ms =<20000>;

 - qcom,volatge-soc-timeout-ms: The timeoutperiod after which the module starts reportingvolage based SOC and does not use the VMBMS algorithmfor SOC calculation.

如果没有使用VMBMS算法来计算SOC,模块在此时间后基于SOC来报告电压。如qcom,volatge-soc-timeout-ms = <60000>:

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- qcom,bms-vadc: Corresponding VADCdevice's phandle.

相应的VADC设备的phandle, qcom,bms-vadc = <&pm8909_vadc>;

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 - qcom,bms-adc_tm: Corresponding ADC_TMdevice's phandle to set recurring measurements andreceive notifications for vbatt.

相应ADC_TM设备的phandle,用于设置循环测量和接受vbatt的通知。如qcom,bms-adc_tm =<&pm8909_adc_tm>;

- qcom,pmic-revid : Phandle pointing to therevision peripheral node.

指向revision外围节点的phandle,如gcom,pmic-revid = <&pm8909 revid>;

Parent node Optional properties

父节点可选属性

- qcom,s1-sample-interval-ms: The samplingrate in ms of the accumulator in state

 ${\sf S1.(i.e)}$ the rate at which the accumulator is being

filledwith vbat samples. Minimum value = 0 and

Maximumvalue = 2550ms.

- gcom,s2-sample-interval-ms: The samplingrate in ms of the accumulator in state

S2.(i.e) the rate at which the accumulator is being

filledwith vbat samples. Minimum value = 0 and

Maximumvalue = 2550ms.

- qcom,s1-sample-count: The number of samples to be accululated for one FIFO in

stateS1. Possible values are - 0, 4, 8, 16, 32, 64, 128,

256.

- gcom,s2-sample-count: The number of samples to be accululated for one FIFO in

stateS2. Possible values are - 0, 4, 8, 16, 32, 64, 128,

256.

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 qcom,s1-fifo-legth: Number of FIFO's to be filled in state S1, togenerate thefifo update done interrupt. Possile values - 0 to 8

- qcom,s2-fifo-legth: Number of FIFO's to be filled in state S2, togenerate $the \textit{fifo_update_done} \ interrupt. \ Possible \ values-0 \ to \ 8$

上面几个可选属性没有用到就不描述了。

 qcom,force-s3-on-suspend : Bool propertyto force the BMS into S3 (sleep) state whileentering into system suspend.

如有此项,当系统休眠时此属性强迫BMS进入S3(sleep)状态。

- qcom,force-bms-active-on-charger: Boolproperty to keep BMS FSM active ifcharger is present.

只要充电器在,保证BMS FSM激活状态。

- qcom,report-charger-eoc : Bool propertyto indicate if BMS needs to indicate EOCto charger.

指示BMS需要通知EOC(充电结束)给充电器

 qcom,ignore-shutdown-soc: A boolean thatcontrols whether BMS will tryto force the startup SoC to be the same as the shutdownSoC. Defining it will make BMS ignore the shutdownSoC.

控制BMS是否尝试去强迫启动时SOC和关机SOC一样,如果定义此项将使BMS忽略关机SOC,这意味着开机时不会用上次关机SOC,一般情况下都需要这样,所以没有采用此属性

 - qcom,use-voltage-soc : A boolean thatcontrols whether BMS will use voltage-basedSoC instead of a coulomb counter based one.Voltage-based SoC will not guarantee linearity.

BMS根据此项的值来决定是否采用基于电压的SOC来替代基于库伦电量计的方式,基于电压的SOC不保证线性性。

qcom,disable-bms: Bool property to disable the VMBMS hardware module.
 Enablethis property if BMS is not supported or an external fuelgauge is used.

此属性用于关闭VM BMS硬件模块,在不支持BMS或是使用一个外部电量计时使能此属性。

 - qcom,s3-ocv-tolerence-uv : The S3 stateOCV tolerence threshold in uV. The LSBvalue is 300uV and maximum value is 76500uV. S3状态OCV相容阈值,最低值是300uV和最大值是76500uV。

 - qcom,low-soc-fifo-length: The fifolength (of S2 STATE) to be used at lower SOCs.If this value is not specified the system uses defaultlenght.

低SOC时S2状态FIFO长度,如果没有指定则系统采用默认长度,这里为qcom,low-soc-fifo-length= <2>;

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 - qcom,resume-soc: Capacity in percent at which charging should resume whena fully charged battery drops below this level.

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当充满的电池百分比低于此值,则重新开始充电。如qcom,resume-soc =<99>;

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 - qcom,low-temp-threshold : The temperaturethreshold below which the IBAT averagingand UUC smoothening is disabled. This value isin deci-degrees centigrade. If not specified it defaultsto 0.

当温度阈值低于此值,禁用IBAT求取平均值和UUC(不可用电量)平滑功能,如没指定默认为0,我们这里没有指定。

qcom,ibat-avg-samples: The number of samples to be averaged for IBAT estimation. If not specified it defaults to 16.
 Thepossible values are 1 to 16.

IBAT平均值估算的采用次数,如没有指定默认为16,有效值1~16,我们没有指定。

 - qcom,batt-aging-comp: A boolean thatdefines if battery aging compensation isenabled.

定义此项表示使能电池老化补偿,但我没有用到,建议使用。

- qcom,use-reported-soc: Bool property toenable the reported_soc logic. To
enablethis feature, qcom,resume-soc must be defined as
aproper value. The BMS is also required to control the
charging,discharging and recharging.

此项使能reported_soc逻辑,而且要定义qcom,resume-soc为一个合适的值,BMS也需要控制充电、停止充电和重新充电。高通给出的代码默认是定义qcom,use-reported-soc,但我们核心板厂家注释掉此项,并增加qcom,report-charger-eoc

qcom,batt-pres-status node requiredproperties:

gcom,batt-pres-status节点需要的属性值

- reg : offset and length of the PMIC LBCbattery interface BATT_PRES_STATUS register.

```
如qcom,batt-pres-status@1208 {
                                 reg= <0x1208 0x1>;
                             };
                 qcom,qpnp-chg-pres required properties:
                 - reg : offset and length of the PMIC LBCcharger interafce CHARGER_OPTION
                         register.
                 如qcom,qpnp-chg-pres@1008 {
0
                                 reg= <0x1008 0x1>;
\odot
&
                                                                     Д
```

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njT4rH7buWTsuyPbPyDsnyRz5LNYUNq1ULNzmvRqnHDknAwBUAqM0ZFb5HD0mhYqn0KsTWYs0ZNGujYkPHTYn1mk0AqGujYkn10snjf10APGujYLnWm4n1c0ULl85H00TZbqnW0v0AP

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说到电池,也许大家觉得没什么神秘的,确实是没什么神秘的,大家也没重视,先问大家一个问题,一般手机电池的电压是多少?一般到多少电压会关机?哈哈,是不是似懂非懂的样子,,电池分为高压电池和低压电池,低压的...

Zli215512 (http://blog.csdn.net/Zli215512) 2016-12-29 14:42 2272

高通平台工作总结(二) (/fuyongming/article/details/50676581)

1. 修改I2C_4的驱动能力解决I2C通信不稳定问题。 由于I2C_4的通信不稳定导致SMB1360充电功能不正常 , 解决方案是修改文件msm8916-pinctrl.d...



fuyongming (http://blog.csdn.net/fuyongming) 2016-02-16 20:08
\$\mathbb{Q}\$1731



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QPNP 8909 8916 充电相关 (/qlq314886248/article/details/52251595)

最近一直在搞电源管理相关内容,之前是8610的bms,现在8916的bms,发现两者还是有点区别的,8916把对last_ocv_uv的 估值算法分装成执行文件,作为服务一直运行。 电源管理方面,...

qlq314886248 (http://blog.csdn.net/qlq314886248) 2016-08-19 15:48 🕮773

宽电压大电流单节锂电池充电管理方案 (/hengzi603/article/details/51958601)

微源半导体的LP28601是一种高集成度3.5A开关模式电池充电管理和系统电源路径管理器件,适用于单颗锂离子电池和锂聚 合物电池。 该器件支持宽输入电压(5V/7V/9V/12V)快速充电和5V/2A...

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目前(2012-6)人们主要使用两种监测方法: (1)电流积分(current integration)为基础; 前者依据一种稳健的思想,即如果 对所有电池的充、放电流进行积分,就可以得出剩余电量的...



ywxiao66 (http://blog.csdn.net/ywxiao66) 2015-12-10 13:59 🕮 10099

关于用ARM 自带ADC 测量电池电压存在的问题 (//qxandroid2012/article/details/7990284)

ARM 自带的ADC 测量电池电压,节省了不少成本,在精度要求不是很高的场合,比较实用。但是如果一些电池负载能力不强 的,在外设电流变大的时候,就会出现抖动。 比如这个帖子的现象是非常普遍的 htt...

Igxandroid2012 (http://blog.csdn.net/lgxandroid2012) 2012-09-18 09:27

锂电池电压和容量关系 (/nathan_haitian/article/details/50365024)

1. 新电池的电压对容量的关系 测试对象:国产和日产电芯各一种(都是主流电芯生产商), 为避免不必要的纠纷, 所有资料中均不明写电芯厂家. 下同. ...

nathan haitian (http://blog.csdn.net/nathan haitian) 2015-12-20 17:55 @5657

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四旋翼电池电压与油门曲线拟合 (/zzw5945/article/details/54577867)

还在继续做着咱的四旋翼,我自己的飞控板子上集成有蜂鸣器。电池12v左右的电压通过4个100k的大电阻分压,然后用stm3 2的AD进行数据的采集。 蜂鸣器和电池电压测量电路图如下: 航模电池...

zzw5945 (http://blog.csdn.net/zzw5945) 2017-01-16 22:03 Q405

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锂电池的充电电压和电流应该是多少 (/data_backups/article/details/47414817)

有上图可以看出,锂电池充电电流和电压是动态变化的,这是由锂电池本身的化学物质决定的。所以需要根据锂电池本身的充电特性来配置充电IC的性能,以达到正确,安全,高效的使用锂电池。日常表述中的"锂电池充电电...

锂电池电压电量关系 (/joysonqin/article/details/60870779)

锂离子电池开路电压与电池容量的对应关系分析,先给出一个表格:如下,百分比是电池的剩余容量,右侧是对应的电池的开路电压(OCV). 100%----4.20V 90%---...

JoysonQin (http://blog.csdn.net/JoysonQin) 2017-03-08 13:46 (2)375