

How to profile C++ application with Callgrind / KCacheGrind

Baptiste Wicht — 2011-09-01 08:25 — 18 Comments

I have shown before how to profile a C++ application using the Linux perf tools (<http://www.baptiste-wicht.com/2011/07/profile-applications-linux-perf-tools/>). In this post, we will see how to profile the same kind of application using Callgrind. Callgrind is a tool in part of the Valgrind toolchain. It is running in Valgrind framework. The principle is not the same. When you use Callgrind to profile an application, your application is transformed in an intermediate language and then ran in a virtual processor emulated by valgrind. This has a huge run-time overhead, but the precision is really good and your profiling data is complete. An application running in Callgrind can be 10 to 50 times slower than normally.

The output of Callgrind is flat cal graph that is not really usable directly. In this post, we will use KCachegrind to display the informations about the profiling of the analyzed application.

Installation

First of all, you need to install Callgrind and KCachegrind. You also need to install graphviz in order to view the call graph in KCachegrind. The applications are already packaged for the most important Linux distributions. You can just use apt-get to install them:

```
sudo apt-get install valgrind kcache-grind graphviz
```

or aptitude:

```
sudo aptitude install valgrind kcache-grind graphviz
```

or whatever your favourite package manager is.

Usage

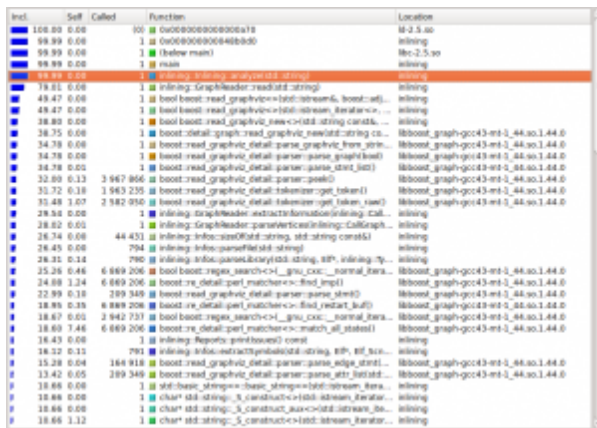
We have to start by profiling the application with Callgrind. To profile an application with Callgrind, you just have to prepend the Callgrind invocation in front of your normal program invocation:

```
valgrind --tool=callgrind program [program_options]
```

The result will be stored in a callgrind.out.XXX file where XXX will be the process identifier.

You can read this file using a text editor, but it won't be very useful because it's very cryptic. That's here that KCacheGrind will be useful. You can launch KCacheGrind using command line or in the program menu if your system installed it here. Then, you have to open your profile file.

The first view present a list of all the profiled functions. You can see the inclusive and the self cost of each function and the location of each one.



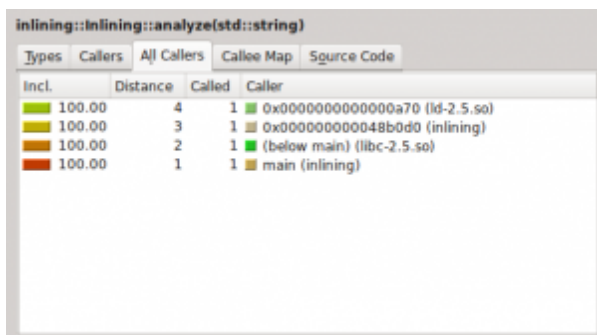
Incl.	Self	Called	Function	Location
100.00	0.00	1	@ 0x0000000000000a70	ld-2.5.so
99.99	0.00	1	@ 0x0000000000004b00	inlining
99.99	0.00	1	(below main)	libc-2.5.so
99.99	0.00	1	@ main	inlining
19.81	0.00	1	@ inlining::Inlining::analyze(std::string)	inlining
48.47	0.00	1	@ boost::read_graphviz::read_std_string	inlining
48.47	0.00	1	@ boost::read_graphviz::read_std_string::boost::detail::string::basic_stringbuf::basic_stringbuf<char, std::char_traits<char>, std::allocator<char>>::basic_stringbuf<char, std::char_traits<char>, std::allocator<char>>	inlining
38.80	0.00	1	@ boost::read_graphviz::read_std_string::boost::detail::string::basic_stringbuf::basic_stringbuf<char, std::char_traits<char>, std::allocator<char>>	inlining
38.75	0.00	1	@ boost::read_graphviz::read_std_string::boost::detail::string::basic_stringbuf::basic_stringbuf<char, std::char_traits<char>, std::allocator<char>>	inlining
34.78	0.00	1	@ boost::read_graphviz::read_std_string::boost::detail::string::basic_stringbuf::basic_stringbuf<char, std::char_traits<char>, std::allocator<char>>	inlining
34.78	0.00	1	@ boost::read_graphviz::read_std_string::boost::detail::string::basic_stringbuf::basic_stringbuf<char, std::char_traits<char>, std::allocator<char>>	inlining
34.78	0.00	1	@ boost::read_graphviz::read_std_string::boost::detail::string::basic_stringbuf::basic_stringbuf<char, std::char_traits<char>, std::allocator<char>>	inlining
32.89	0.13	3 967 866	@ boost::read_graphviz::read_std_string::boost::detail::string::basic_stringbuf::basic_stringbuf<char, std::char_traits<char>, std::allocator<char>>	inlining
32.72	0.10	3 943 235	@ boost::read_graphviz::read_std_string::boost::detail::string::basic_stringbuf::basic_stringbuf<char, std::char_traits<char>, std::allocator<char>>	inlining
32.48	1.07	2 982 930	@ boost::read_graphviz::read_std_string::boost::detail::string::basic_stringbuf::basic_stringbuf<char, std::char_traits<char>, std::allocator<char>>	inlining
28.94	0.00	1	@ inlining::Inlining::analyze(std::string)	inlining
28.82	0.00	1	@ inlining::Inlining::analyze(std::string)	inlining
26.74	0.00	44 433	@ inlining::Inlining::analyze(std::string)	inlining
26.45	0.00	794	@ inlining::Inlining::analyze(std::string)	inlining
26.31	0.14	790	@ inlining::Inlining::analyze(std::string)	inlining
25.26	0.46	6 889 206	@ boost::read_graphviz::read_std_string::boost::detail::string::basic_stringbuf::basic_stringbuf<char, std::char_traits<char>, std::allocator<char>>	inlining
24.88	1.24	6 889 206	@ boost::read_graphviz::read_std_string::boost::detail::string::basic_stringbuf::basic_stringbuf<char, std::char_traits<char>, std::allocator<char>>	inlining
22.99	0.18	289 349	@ boost::read_graphviz::read_std_string::boost::detail::string::basic_stringbuf::basic_stringbuf<char, std::char_traits<char>, std::allocator<char>>	inlining
18.89	0.39	8 889 208	@ boost::read_graphviz::read_std_string::boost::detail::string::basic_stringbuf::basic_stringbuf<char, std::char_traits<char>, std::allocator<char>>	inlining
18.87	0.02	2 942 737	@ boost::read_graphviz::read_std_string::boost::detail::string::basic_stringbuf::basic_stringbuf<char, std::char_traits<char>, std::allocator<char>>	inlining
18.60	7.46	6 889 206	@ boost::read_graphviz::read_std_string::boost::detail::string::basic_stringbuf::basic_stringbuf<char, std::char_traits<char>, std::allocator<char>>	inlining
18.43	0.00	1	@ inlining::Inlining::analyze(std::string)	inlining
18.12	0.11	793	@ inlining::Inlining::analyze(std::string)	inlining
15.28	0.04	164 918	@ boost::read_graphviz::read_std_string::boost::detail::string::basic_stringbuf::basic_stringbuf<char, std::char_traits<char>, std::allocator<char>>	inlining
13.42	0.05	289 349	@ boost::read_graphviz::read_std_string::boost::detail::string::basic_stringbuf::basic_stringbuf<char, std::char_traits<char>, std::allocator<char>>	inlining
13.86	0.00	1	@ std::basic_stringbuf::basic_stringbuf<char, std::char_traits<char>, std::allocator<char>>	inlining
13.86	0.00	1	@ char* std::string::S_construct<char, std::char_traits<char>, std::allocator<char>>	inlining
13.86	1.12	1	@ char* std::string::S_construct<char, std::char_traits<char>, std::allocator<char>>	inlining

(../wp-content/uploads

/2011/09/first-view2.png)

Once you click on a function, the other views are filled with information.

The view in upper right part of the window gives some information about the selected function.



Incl.	Distance	Called	Caller
100.00	4	1	@ 0x0000000000000a70 (ld-2.5.so)
100.00	3	1	@ 0x0000000000004b00 (inlining)
100.00	2	1	@ (below main) (libc-2.5.so)
100.00	1	1	@ main (inlining)

(../wp-content/uploads

/2011/09/second-view.png)

The view have several tabs presenting different information:

- Types : Present the types of events that have been recorded. In our case, it's not really interesting, it's just the number of instructions fetch

- Callers : List of the direct callers
- All Callers : List of all the callers, it seems the callers and the callers of the callers
- Callee Map : A map of the callee, personally, I do not really understand this view, but it's a kind of call graph representing the cost of the functions
- Source code : The source code of the function if the application has been compiled with the debug symbol

And finally, you have another view with data about the selected function.

Incl.	Self	Distance	Calling	Callee
79.01	0.00	1	1	inlining::GraphReader::read(std::string) (inlining)
49.47	0.00	2	1	bool boost::read_graphviz<>(std::istream&, bo...
49.47	0.00	3	1	bool boost::read_graphviz<>(std::istream_ite...
38.81	0.00	4	1	bool boost::read_graphviz_new<>(std::string c...
38.75	0.00	5	1	boost::detail::graph::read_graphviz_new(std::st...
34.79	0.00	6	1	boost::read_graphviz_detail::parse_graphviz_fro...
34.78	0.00	7	1	boost::read_graphviz_detail::parser::parse_grap...
34.78	0.01	8	1	boost::read_graphviz_detail::parser::parse_stmt...
32.00	0.13	9-12 (11)	3 967 866	boost::read_graphviz_detail::parser::peek() (b...
31.72	0.10	10-13 (12)	1 963 228	boost::read_graphviz_detail::tokenizer::get_tok...
31.48	1.07	11-14 (13)	2 582 041	boost::read_graphviz_detail::tokenizer::get_tok...
29.54	0.00	2	1	inlining::GraphReader::extractInformationInlini...
28.02	0.01	3	1	inlining::GraphReader::parseVerticesInlining::C...
26.74	0.00	4	44 431	inlining::Infos::sizeOf(std::string, std::string co...
26.45	0.00	5	794	inlining::Infos::parseFile(std::string) (inlining)
26.31	0.14	6	790	inlining::Infos::parseLibrary(std::string, EIP, inli...
25.24	0.46	12-16 (15)	6 869 182	bool boost::regex_search<>(_gnu_cxx::_nor...
24.07	1.24	13-17 (16)	6 864 398	boost::re_detail::perl_matcher<>::find_impl() (l...
22.99	0.10	9	209 349	boost::read_graphviz_detail::parser::parse_stmt...
18.94	0.35	14-18 (17)	6 864 398	boost::re_detail::perl_matcher<>::find_restart...
18.67	0.01	12-15 (14)	2 942 727	bool boost::regex_search<>(_gnu_cxx::_nor...
18.59	7.46	15-19 (18)	6 864 398	boost::re_detail::perl_matcher<>::match_all_st...

(../wp-content/uploads

/2011/09/third-view.png)

Again, several tabs:

- Callees : The direct callees of the function
- Call Graph : The call graph from the function to the end
- All Callees : All the callees and the callees of the callees
- Caller Map : The map of the caller, again not really understandable for me
- Machine Code : The machine code of the function if the application has been profiled with --dump-instr=yes option

You have also several display options and filter features to find exactly what you want and display it the way you want.

The information provided by KCacheGrind can be very useful to find which functions takes too much time or which functions are called too much.

I hope this article will be useful.

C++ Linux Performances Tools

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Source ([profile-c-application-with-callgrind-kcachegrind.wp](#))