In this document

(#limitations)

(#runningemulator)

emulator (#tasks)

and help (#extended)

tools (#compare)

(#navigate)

(#about)

About the Android Emulator

prerequisites (#dependencies)

Dependencies and

What's not supported

Run an app in the Android

Launch the Android Emulator

Navigate the emulator screen

Perform basic tasks in the

Extended controls, settings,

Compare Android Emulator

Emulator (#runningapp)

without running an app

Android Developers

Run Apps on the Android Emulator

The Android Emulator simulates various Android phone, tablet, Android Wear, and Android TV devices on your computer. It comes with predefined configurations for popular device types and can transfer data faster than a device connected over USB.

The Android Emulator provides almost all the capabilities of a real Android device. You can simulate incoming phone calls and text messages, specify the location of the device, simulate different network speeds, simulate rotation and other hardware sensors, access the Google Play store, and much more.

Watch the following video for an overview of some emulator features.

About the Android Emulator

Each instance of the emulator uses an Android Virtual Device (AVD) to configure its size, form factor, Android version, and various hardware characteristics. To effectively test your app, you should create an AVD that models each device type that your app is designed to support.

Each AVD functions as an independent device, with its own private storage for user data, SD card, and so on. By default, the emulator stores the user data, SD card data, and cache in directory specific to that AVD. When you launch the emulator, it loads the user data and SD card data from the AVD directory.

To create and manage AVDs, use the AVD Manager (https://developer.android.com/tools/devices/managing-avds.html).

Dependencies and prerequisites

The version of Android Emulator described in this page requires the following:

- Android Studio 2.0 (https://developer.android.com/studio/) or higher
- Android Emulator (https://developer.android.com/studio/releases/emulator.html)
- SDK Tools 25.0.10 or higher
- System requirements (https://developer.android.com/sdk/index.html#Requirements) for the accelerated emulator
- Newly created AVDs to replace any AVDs for emulator 24.0.x or lower
- Active network connection for certain operations, such as testing app features that require it
- adb integration enabled through Tools > Android > Enable ADB Integration

What's not supported

The Android Emulator supports most features of a device, but doesn't include virtual hardware for:

- WiFi
- Bluetooth
- NFC
- SD card insert/eject
- Device-attached headphones
- USB

The watch emulator for Android Wear doesn't support the Overview (Recent Apps) button, D-pad, and fingerprint sensor.

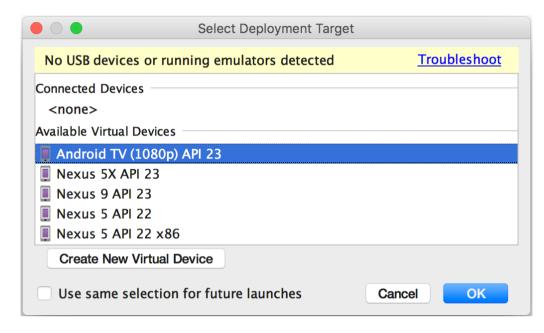
Run an app in the Android Emulator

You can run an app from an Android Studio project. Or, you can run an app that's been installed on the emulator as you would run any app on a device.

To start the emulator and run an app in your project:

1. Open an Android Studio project and click Run 🕨.

The Select Deployment Target dialog appears.



2. If you receive an error or warning message at the top of the dialog, click the link to correct the problem or get more information.

The **No USB devices or running emulators detected** warning means that you don't currently have any emulators running, or any detected hardware devices connected to your computer. If you don't have hardware devices connected to your computer, or any emulators running, you can ignore the message.

Some errors you must fix before you can continue, such as certain Hardware Accelerated Execution Manager (Intel® HAXM) errors.

For Mac, if you see a Warning: No DNS servers found error when starting the emulator, check to see whether you have an /etc/resolv.conf file. If not, enter the following command in a terminal window:

```
ln -s /private/var/run/resolv.conf /etc/resolv.conf
```

3. In the Select Deployment Target dialog, select an existing emulator definition, and then click OK.

If you don't see a definition you want to use, click **Create New Virtual Device** to launch the AVD Manager. After you define a new AVD, in the **Select Deployment Target** dialog, click **OK**.

If you want to use this emulator definition as the default for your project, select **Use same selection for future launches**.

Launch the Android Emulator without running an app

To start the emulator:

- 1. Open the AVD Manager (https://developer.android.com/tools/devices/managing-avds.html).
- 2. Double-click an AVD, or click **Run** .

The Android Emulator appears.

While the emulator is running, you can run Android Studio projects and choose the emulator as the target device. You can also drag one or more APKs onto the emulator to install them, and then run them.

Navigate the emulator screen

Use your computer mouse pointer to mimic your finger on the touchscreen; select menu items and input fields; and click buttons and controls. Use your computer keyboard to type characters and enter emulator shortcuts.

Feature	Description
Swipe the screen	Point to the screen, press and hold the primary mouse button, swipe across the screen, and then release.
Drag an item	Point to an item on the screen, press and hold the primary mouse button, move the item, and then release.
Tap (touch)	Point to the screen, press the primary mouse button, and then release. For example, you could click a text field to start typing in it, select an app, or press a button.
Double tap	Point to the screen, press the primary mouse button quickly twice, and then release.
Touch and hold	Point to an item on the screen, press the primary mouse button, hold, and then release. For example, you could open options for an item.
Туре	You can type in the emulator by using your computer keyboard, or using a keyboard that pops up on the emulator screen. For example, you could type in a text field after you selected it.
Pinch and spread	Pressing Control or Command (#) brings up a pinch gesture multi-touch interface. The mouse acts as the first finger, and across the anchor point is the second finger. Drag the cursor to move the first point. Clicking the left mouse button acts like touching down both points, and releasing acts like picking both up.
Vertical swipe	Open a vertical menu on the screen and use the scroll wheel (also called the mouse wheel) to scroll through the menu items until you see the one you want. Click the menu item to select it.

Perform basic tasks in the emulator

The panel on the right side of the emulator lets you perform various tasks. You can also drag files onto the emulator to install apps and download files.

Feature	Description	Keyboard Shortcut
Close	Close the emulator.	
Minimize	Minimize the emulator window.	
Resize	Resize the emulator as you would any other operating system window. The emulator maintains an aspect ratio appropriate for your device.	Command+Up and Command+Down
Power $\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \$	Click to turn the screen on or off. Click and hold to turn the device on or off.	Control+P Command+P
Volume Up	Click to view a slider control and turn the volume up. Click again to turn it up more, or use the slider control to change the volume.	Control+= Command+=
Volume Down	Click to view a slider control and turn the volume down. Click again to turn it down more, or use the slider control to change the volume.	Control+- Command+-

Rotate Left	Rotate the device 90 degrees counterclockwise.	Control+Left Command+Left
Rotate Right	Rotate the device 90 degrees clockwise.	Control+Right Command+Right
Take Screenshot o	Click to take a screenshot of the device. The default save location is your computer desktop. To change the save location, select > Settings. The emulator creates a file with the name Screenshot_yyyymmdd-hhmmss. png using the year, month, day, hour, minute, and second of the capture, for example, Screenshot_20160219-145848.png.	Control+S Command+S
Enter Zoom Mode ⊕	 Click so the cursor changes to the zoom icon: Left-click the screen to zoom in by 25%, up to a maximum of about twice the screen resolution of the virtual device. Right-click to zoom out. Left-click and drag to select a box-shaped area to zoom in on. Right-click and drag a selection box to reset to default zoom. Control-click to touch the screen while in zoom mode. Click Enter Zoom Mode again to return to normal screen size. 	Control+Z Command+Z While in zoom mode: Control+Up Control+Down Control+Shift+Up Control+Shift+Down Control+Shift+Left Control+Shift+Right Command+Up and Command+Down Command+Shift+Up and Command+Shift+Up and Command+Shift+Down Command+Shift+Down Command+Shift+Left and Command+Shift+Right
Back ⊲	Return to the previous screen, or close a dialog box, an options menu, the Notifications panel, or the onscreen keyboard.	Control+Backspace Command+Backspace
Home O	Return to the Home screen. Press and hold to open the item specific to your API level.	Control+H Command+H
Overview (Recent Apps)	Tap to open a list of thumbnail images of apps you've worked with recently. To open an app, tap it. To remove a thumbnail from the list, swipe it left or right. This button isn't supported for Android Wear.	Control+O Command+O
Menu	Type the keyboard shortcut to simulate the Menu button, for example, to open the menu for the selected app.	Control+M Command+M
More	Click to access other features and settings, described in the next table.	
Install an APK	Drag an APK file onto the emulator screen. An APK Installer dialog appears. When the installation completes, you can view the app in your apps list. The app didn't install if a dialog appears that says "APK failed to install."	
Add a file	Drag any file onto the emulator screen. It's placed in the /sdcard/Download/ directory, which you can view from Android Studio using the Device File Explorer (https://developer.android.com/studio/debug/device-file-explorer.html), Or find them from the device using app called Downloads or Files (depending on your device version).	
Toggle trackball mode		F6

Extended controls, settings, and help

The extended controls let you send data, change device properties, control apps, and more. To open the **Extended controls** window, click **More** ••• in the emulator panel.

Feature	Description	Keyboard Shortcuts
Location	The emulator lets you simulate "my location" information: the location where the emulated device is currently located. For example, if you click My Location • in Google Maps and then send a location, the map shows it.	Control+Shift+L Command+Shift+L
	To send a GPS location:	
	1. Select Decimal or Sexagesimal .	
	2. Specify the location.	
	In decimal mode, enter a Latitude value in the range -90.0 to +90.0 degrees and a Longitude value in the range -180.0 to +180.0 degrees.	
	In sexigesimal mode, enter a three-part Latitude value in the range -90 to +90 degrees, 0 to 59 minutes, and 0.0 to 60.0 seconds. Enter a Longitude value in the range -180 to +180 degrees, 0 to 59 minutes, and 0.0 to 60.0 seconds.	
	For the latitude, - indicates south and + indicates north; for the longitude, - indicates west and + indicates east. The + is optional.	
	Optionally specify an Altitude value in the range -1,000.0 to +10,000.0 meters.	
	3. Click Send .	
	To use geographic data from a GPS exchange format (GPX) or Keyhole Markup Language (KML) file:	
	1. Click Load GPX/KML.	
	2. In the file dialog, select a file on your computer and click Open .	
	3. Optionally select a Speed .	
	The speed defaults to the Delay value (Speed 1X). You can increase the speed by double (Speed 2X), triple (Speed 3X), and so on.	
	4. Click Run ▶.	
Cellular	The emulator lets you simulate various network conditions. You can approximate the network speed for different network protocols, or you can specify Full , which transfers data as quickly as your computer allows. Specifying a network protocol is always slower than Full . You can also specify the voice and data network status, such as roaming. The defaults are set in the AVD.	Control+Shift+C Command+Shift+C
	Select a Network type :	
	GSM - Global System for Mobile Communications	
	HSCSD - High-Speed Circuit-Switched Data	
	GPRS - Generic Packet Radio Service	
	EDGE - Enhanced Data rates for GSM Evolution	
	UMTS - Universal Mobile Telecommunications System	
	HSPDA - High-Speed Downlink Packet Access	
	LTE - Long-Term Evolution	
	• Full (default)	

	Select a Signal strength :	
	None	
	• Poor	
	Moderate (default)	
	• Good	
	Great	
	Select a Voice status, Data status , or both:	
	Home (default)	
	Roaming	
	Searching	
	Denied (emergency calls only)	
	Unregistered (off)	
Battery	You can simulate the battery properties of a device to see how your app performs under different conditions. To select a Charge level , use the slider control.	Control+Shift+B Command+Shift+B
	Select a Charger connection value:	
	• None	
	AC charger	
	Select a Battery health value:	
	Good (default)	
	• Failed	
	• Dead	
	Overvoltage	
	Overheated	
	Unknown	
	Select a Battery status value:	
	Unknown	
	Charging (default)	
	Discharging	
	Not charging	
	• Full	
Phone	The emulator lets you simulate incoming phone calls and text messages.	Control+Shift+P Command+Shift+P
	To initiate a call to the emulator:	
	1. Select or type a phone number in the From field.	
	2. Click Call Device .	
	3. Optionally click Hold Call to put the call on hold.	
	4. To end the call, click End Call .	
	To send a text message to the emulator:	
	1. Select or type a phone number in the From field.	
	2. Type a message in the SMS message field.	
	,,	

	3. Click Send Message .	
Directional Pad	If the AVD has the directional pad enabled in the hardware profile, you can use the directional pad controls with the emulator. However, not all devices can support the directional pad; for example, an Android watch. The buttons simulate the following actions: Up Left Select Right	Control+Shift+D Command+Shift+D
	Rewind Play Fast Pause Forward	
Fingerprint	This control can simulate 10 different fingerprint scans. You can use it to test fingerprint integration in your app. This feature is disabled for Android 5.1 (API level 22) and lower, and for Android Wear. To simulate a fingerprint scan on the virtual device: 1. Prepare an app to receive a fingerprint. 2. Select a Fingerprint value.	Control+Shift+F Command+Shift+F
	3. Click Touch Sensor .	
Virtual sensors > Accelerometer	This control lets you test your app against changes in device position, orientation, or both. For example, you can simulate gestures such as tilt and rotation. The accelerometer doesn't track the absolute position of the device: it just detects when a change is occurring. The control simulates the way accelerometer and magnetometer sensors would respond when you move or rotate a real device.	Control+Shift+V Command+Shift+V
	The control reports TYPE_ACCELEROMETER (https://developer.android.com/reference/android/hardware/Sensor.html#TYPE_ACCELEROMETER) events on the x, y, and z axis. These values include gravity. For example, if the device is suspended in outer space, it would experience zero acceleration (all of x, y, and z will be 0). When the device is on Earth and laying screen up on top of a table, the acceleration is 0, 0, and 9.8 because of gravity.	
	The control also reports TYPE_MAGNETIC_FIELD (https://developer.android.com/reference/android/hardware /Sensor.html#TYPE_MAGNETIC_FIELD) events, which measure the ambient magnetic field on the x, y and z axis in micro-Tesla (µT).	
	To rotate the device around the x, y, and z axes, select Rotate and do one of the following: • Adjust the Yaw , Pitch , and Roll sliders and observe the position in	
	 Move the device representation in the upper pane and observe the Yaw, Pitch, and Roll and how the resulting accelerometer values change. 	
	See Computing the Device's Orientation (https://developer.android.com/guide /topics/sensors/sensors_position.html#sensors-pos-orient) for more information about how yaw, pitch, and roll are calculated.	

To move the device horizontally (x) or vertically (y), select Move and do one of the following: Adjust the X and Y sliders and observe the position in the upper pane. • Move the device representation in the upper pane and observe the X and Y slider values and how the resulting accelerometer values change. To position the device at 0, 90, 180, or 270 degrees: • In the **Device rotation** area, select a button to change the rotation (https://developer.android.com/reference/android /view/Display.html#getRotation()). As you adjust the device, the **Resulting values** fields change accordingly. These are the values that an app can access. For more information about these sensors, see Sensors Overview (https://developer.android.com/guide/topics/sensors/sensors_overview.html), Motion Sensors (https://developer.android.com/guide/topics/sensors /sensors_motion.html), and Position Sensors (https://developer.android.com /guide/topics/sensors/sensors_position.html). You can import the AccelerometerPlay app (https://github.com /googlesamples/android-AccelerometerPlay) to try out the **Accelerometer** control. Select **File > New > Import Sample** and select the app in the dialog. This app is showcased in the emulator video on this page. Virtual sensors The emulator can simulate various position and environment sensors. Control+Shift+V Command+Shift+V > Additional It lets you adjust the following sensors so you can test them with your sensors app: Ambient temperature - This environmental sensor measures ambient air temperature. • Magnetic field - This position sensor measures the ambient magnetic field on the X, Y and Z axis, respectively. The values are in micro-Teslas (µT). Proximity - This position sensor measures the distance from an object; for example, it can notify a phone that a face is close to it to make a call. Light - This environmental sensor measures illuminance. Pressure - This environmental sensor measures ambient air pressure. • Relative Humidity - This environmental sensor measures ambient relative humidity. For more information about these sensors, see Sensors Overview (https://developer.android.com/guide/topics/sensors/sensors_overview.html), Position Sensors (https://developer.android.com/guide/topics/sensors /sensors_position.html), and Environment Sensors (https://developer.android.com/guide/topics/sensors/sensors_environment.html). Settings > Control+Shift+S You can specify the following settings: Command+Shift+S General • Emulator window theme - Select Light or Dark. • Send keyboard shortcuts to - By default, some keyboard combinations will trigger emulator control shortcuts. If you're developing an app that includes keyboard shortcuts, such as one targeted at devices with Bluetooth keyboards, you can change this setting to send all keyboard input to the virtual device, including

	 Screenshot save location - Click the folder icon to specify a location to save screenshots of the emulator screen. Use detected ADB location - If you're running the emulator from Android Studio, you should select this setting (the default). If you run the emulator from outside Android Studio and want it to use a specific adb executable, deselect this option and specify the SDK Tools location. If this setting is incorrect, features such as drag-and-drop app install and file copy, and screenshot capture won't work. When to send crash reports - Select Always, Never, or Ask. 	
Settings > Proxy	By default, the emulator uses the Android Studio HTTP proxy settings, but this screen allows you to manually define an HTTP proxy configuration for the emulator.	
Help > Keyboard Shortcuts	See the keyboard shortcuts that the emulator accepts. For the shortcuts to work, you need to: • Select Settings > Send keyboard shortcuts to > Emulator controls (default).	F1 Command/
Help > Emulator Help	To go to the online documentation for the emulator, click Documentation . To file a bug against the emulator, click File a Bug . For more information, see how to report emulator bugs (https://developer.android.com/studio/report-bugs.html#emulator-bugs).	F1 Command/
Help > About	See which adb port the emulator uses, as well as the Android and emulator version numbers. Compare the latest available emulator version with your version to determine if you have the latest software installed.	F1 Command/
	The emulator serial number is emulator -adb_port, which you can specify as an adb command line option, for example.	

Compare Android Emulator tools

The following table compares the tasks you can perform using the emulator UI (https://developer.android.com/studio /run/emulator.html), AVD Manager, commonly used command-line startup options (https://developer.android.com/studio /run/emulator-commandline.html#startup-options), and the Emulator Console (https://developer.android.com/studio/run/emulator-console.html). In the AVD Manager, you can set hardware profile (https://developer.android.com/studio/run/managing-avds.html#hpproperties) and AVD (https://developer.android.com/studio/run/managing-avds.html#avdproperties) properties.

The table compares features that are similar, but not necessarily with identical functionality, between different emulator tools.

Although not listed in the table, the adb utility also supports commands for interacting with virtual devices, as described in Android Debug Bridge (https://developer.android.com/studio/command-line/adb.html). For example, you can install an app on a virtual device by using Android Studio (https://developer.android.com/studio/run/emulator.html#runningapp), the emulator UI (https://developer.android.com/studio/run/emulator.html#tasks), or adb (https://developer.android.com/studio/command-line/adb.html#move). You can copy a file to a virtual device using the emulator UI or adb (https://developer.android.com/studio/command-line/adb.html#copyfiles), and copy a file from a virtual device using adb.

Remember that to use certain features of the emulator with your apps, you need to enable them through various <uses-feature> (https://developer.android.com/guide/topics/manifest/uses-feature-element.html) elements and manifest permission (https://developer.android.com/reference/android/Manifest.permission.html) constants, just as you would if you ran them on a hardware device.

User	Hardware Profile	AVD Property	Command-Line Startup	Console

Interface Control	Property		Option	Command	
Device Hardware					
	Device Type: Phone/Tablet, Android Wear, Android TV				
Back, Home, Overview, Menu	Input: Has Hardware Buttons (Back/Home /Menu)				
Settings: Send keyboard shortcuts to	Input: Has Hardware Keyboard	Keyboard Input			
Directional Pad	Navigation Style: None, D-pad, Trackball, Wheel				
Toggle trackball mode (F6)					
Zoom Mode					
Battery				power command	
Phone				gsm and sms send commands	
Rotate	Supported Device States	Startup: Orientation		rotate command	
	Camera	Camera (can choose webcam)	-camera-back -camera-front -webcam-list		
Take Screenshot					
Settings: Screenshot save location					
Orientation Location Virtual sensors	Sensors: Accelerometer, Gyroscope, GPS, Proximity Sensor			geo command	
Fingerprint				finger command	
Volume			-noaudio -no-audio		
				event command	
Disk Images an	d Memory				
		Memory and Storage: SD Card	-sdcard		
		Memory and Storage: Internal Storage			

	RAM	Memory and Storage: RAM	-memory	
		Memory and Storage: VM Heap		vm command
	In the Your Virtual Devices Manager, right-click an AV Data (https://developer.android./run/managing-avds.html#emula	D and select Wipe	-wipe-data	
Network	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,			
				network status command
			-dns-server	
			-http-proxy	
	Network: Latency		-netdelay	network delay command
			-netfast	
Cellular: Network Type	Network: Speed		-netspeed	network speed command
Voice status Data status				gsm command
Signal strength				
Settings: Use detected ADB location			-port -ports	
				redir command
			-tcpdump	network capture start and network capture stop commands
System				
	In the System Image (https://developer.android.com/savds.html#systemimagepage) p Manager, select a systeminal by the s	age of the AVD image capable of eloper.android.com	-accel -accel-check -no-accel	
	Multi-Core CPU			
			-engine	
	Emulated Performance: Graphics — hardware, software, or auto		-gpu	
			-nojni -no-jni	

			-selinux	
			{disabled permissive}	
			-timezone	
			-version	
UI				
Settings: Emulator window theme				
Resize	Screen Size and Screen Resolution			window command
	Round			
			-no-boot-anim	
	Default Skin	Device Frame and Custom Skin Definition		
			-screen {touch multi- touch no-touch}	
Debug				
			-debug tags -debug- tag -debug-no- tag	
			-logcat	
			-show-kernel	
			-verbose	



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