

```
In [1]: import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
import warnings
warnings.filterwarnings('ignore')
```

```
In [2]: od=pd.read_csv('C:\\Users\\HP\\Documents\\Data Science\\Python\\E-Commerce_
```

```
In [3]: od
```

Out[3]:

	Customer ID	Order ID	Product	Units Sold	Date	Revenue	Cost
0	3	266868	Chocolate Chip	292	2/1/2020	1460.0	584.00
1	3	140794	Chocolate Chip	974	2/1/2020	4870.0	1948.00
2	3	684759	Chocolate Chip	2,518	6/1/2020	12590.0	5036.00
3	4	640447	Chocolate Chip	1,006	6/1/2020	5030.0	2012.00
4	2	898637	Chocolate Chip	367	7/1/2020	1835.0	734.00
...
695	3	853295	White Chocolate Macadamia Nut	2,826	5/1/2020	16956.0	7771.50
696	2	253981	White Chocolate Macadamia Nut	663	9/1/2020	3978.0	1823.25
697	4	208456	White Chocolate Macadamia Nut	2,574	11/1/2019	15444.0	7078.50
698	4	727940	White Chocolate Macadamia Nut	2,438	12/1/2019	14628.0	6704.50
699	4	414628	White Chocolate Macadamia Nut	914	12/1/2020	5484.0	2513.50

700 rows × 7 columns

```
In [4]: od.columns
```

Out[4]: Index(['Customer ID', 'Order ID', 'Product', 'Units Sold', 'Date', 'Revenue',
 'Cost'],
 dtype='object')

```
In [5]: od.shape
```

Out[5]: (700, 7)

```
In [6]: ▶ od.dtypes
```

```
Out[6]: Customer ID      int64
Order ID      int64
Product       object
Units Sold    object
Date          object
Revenue       float64
Cost          float64
dtype: object
```

```
In [7]: ▶ od.duplicated()
```

```
Out[7]: 0      False
1      False
2      False
3      False
4      False
...
695    False
696    False
697    False
698    False
699    False
Length: 700, dtype: bool
```

```
In [8]: ▶ od.isnull().sum()
```

```
Out[8]: Customer ID      0
Order ID      0
Product      0
Units Sold    0
Date          0
Revenue      0
Cost          0
dtype: int64
```

```
In [9]: ▶ od['Units Sold']=od['Units Sold'].str.replace(',', '').astype(float)
```

```
In [10]: ▶ od.head()
```

```
Out[10]:
```

	Customer ID	Order ID	Product	Units Sold	Date	Revenue	Cost
0	3	266868	Chocolate Chip	292.0	2/1/2020	1460.0	584.0
1	3	140794	Chocolate Chip	974.0	2/1/2020	4870.0	1948.0
2	3	684759	Chocolate Chip	2518.0	6/1/2020	12590.0	5036.0
3	4	640447	Chocolate Chip	1006.0	6/1/2020	5030.0	2012.0
4	2	898637	Chocolate Chip	367.0	7/1/2020	1835.0	734.0

```
In [11]: #Removing outliers based on the IQR method for numeric columns
numeric_cols=['Customer ID', 'Order ID', 'Product', 'Units Sold', 'Date', 'Cost']
```

```
In [12]: Q1 = od[numeric_cols].quantile(0.25)
Q3 = od[numeric_cols].quantile(0.75)
IQR= Q3-Q1
```

```
In [13]: Q1
```

```
Out[13]: Customer ID      2.000
Order ID      296211.500
Units Sold      905.000
Revenue      2854.000
Cost      1234.375
Name: 0.25, dtype: float64
```

```
In [14]: Q3
```

```
Out[14]: Customer ID      4.00
Order ID      710704.25
Units Sold      2229.50
Revenue      9580.00
Cost      3925.70
Name: 0.75, dtype: float64
```

```
In [15]: IQR
```

```
Out[15]: Customer ID      2.000
Order ID      414492.750
Units Sold      1324.500
Revenue      6726.000
Cost      2691.325
dtype: float64
```

```
In [16]: #Defining a threshold to identify outliers
threshold=1.5
```

```
In [17]: outlier_mask=((od[numeric_cols]<(Q1 - threshold*IQR)) | (od[numeric_cols]>(
```

```
In [18]: outlier_mask.iloc[:20]
```

```
Out[18]: 0      False
          1      False
          2      False
          3      False
          4      False
          5      False
          6      False
          7      False
          8      False
          9      False
         10      False
         11      False
         12      False
         13      False
         14      False
         15       True
         16      False
         17      False
         18      False
         19       True
         dtype: bool
```

```
In [19]: od_cleaned=od[~outlier_mask]
```

```
In [20]: od_cleaned.shape
```

```
Out[20]: (688, 7)
```

```
In [21]: od.head()
```

```
Out[21]:
```

	Customer ID	Order ID	Product	Units Sold	Date	Revenue	Cost
0	3	266868	Chocolate Chip	292.0	2/1/2020	1460.0	584.0
1	3	140794	Chocolate Chip	974.0	2/1/2020	4870.0	1948.0
2	3	684759	Chocolate Chip	2518.0	6/1/2020	12590.0	5036.0
3	4	640447	Chocolate Chip	1006.0	6/1/2020	5030.0	2012.0
4	2	898637	Chocolate Chip	367.0	7/1/2020	1835.0	734.0

```
In [22]: #To group the data by the "product" column
product_group = od.groupby('Product')
```

```
In [23]: product_summary = product_group.agg({
        'Units Sold' : 'sum',
        'Revenue': 'sum',
        'Cost': 'sum'})
```

In [24]: product_summary

Out[24]:

	Units Sold	Revenue	Cost
Product			
Chocolate Chip	338243.0	1691197.5	676479.000
Fortune Cookie	154201.0	154198.0	77099.000
Oatmeal Raisin	155318.0	776575.0	341693.000
Snickerdoodle	146849.0	587384.0	220269.000
Sugar	168787.0	506349.0	210978.750
White Chocolate Macadamia Nut	162426.0	974547.0	446667.375

In [25]: #To calculate profit margin in percentage
product_summary['Profit Margin'] = ((product_summary['Revenue'] - product_s

In [26]: product_summary['Profit Margin']

Out[26]:

Product	
Chocolate Chip	60.000000
Fortune Cookie	50.000000
Oatmeal Raisin	56.000000
Snickerdoodle	62.500000
Sugar	58.333333
White Chocolate Macadamia Nut	54.166667

Name: Profit Margin, dtype: float64

In [27]: #Sorting the products by revenue and units sold to find the best sellers
best_sellers_by_revenue = product_summary.sort_values(by='Revenue', ascending=
best_sellers_by_units_sold = product_summary.sort_values(by='Units Sold', a

In [28]: best_sellers_by_revenue

Out[28]:

	Units Sold	Revenue	Cost	Profit Margin
Product				
Chocolate Chip	338243.0	1691197.5	676479.000	60.000000
White Chocolate Macadamia Nut	162426.0	974547.0	446667.375	54.166667
Oatmeal Raisin	155318.0	776575.0	341693.000	56.000000
Snickerdoodle	146849.0	587384.0	220269.000	62.500000
Sugar	168787.0	506349.0	210978.750	58.333333
Fortune Cookie	154201.0	154198.0	77099.000	50.000000

```
In [29]: ▶ best_sellers_by_units_sold
```

```
Out[29]:
```

	Units Sold	Revenue	Cost	Profit Margin
Product				
Chocolate Chip	338243.0	1691197.5	676479.000	60.000000
Sugar	168787.0	506349.0	210978.750	58.333333
White Chocolate Macadamia Nut	162426.0	974547.0	446667.375	54.166667
Oatmeal Raisin	155318.0	776575.0	341693.000	56.000000
Fortune Cookie	154201.0	154198.0	77099.000	50.000000
Snickerdoodle	146849.0	587384.0	220269.000	62.500000

```
In [30]: ▶ od
```

```
Out[30]:
```

	Customer ID	Order ID	Product	Units Sold	Date	Revenue	Cost
0	3	266868	Chocolate Chip	292.0	2/1/2020	1460.0	584.00
1	3	140794	Chocolate Chip	974.0	2/1/2020	4870.0	1948.00
2	3	684759	Chocolate Chip	2518.0	6/1/2020	12590.0	5036.00
3	4	640447	Chocolate Chip	1006.0	6/1/2020	5030.0	2012.00
4	2	898637	Chocolate Chip	367.0	7/1/2020	1835.0	734.00
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697	4	208456	White Chocolate Macadamia Nut	2574.0	11/1/2019	15444.0	7078.50
698	4	727940	White Chocolate Macadamia Nut	2438.0	12/1/2019	14628.0	6704.50
699	4	414628	White Chocolate Macadamia Nut	914.0	12/1/2020	5484.0	2513.50

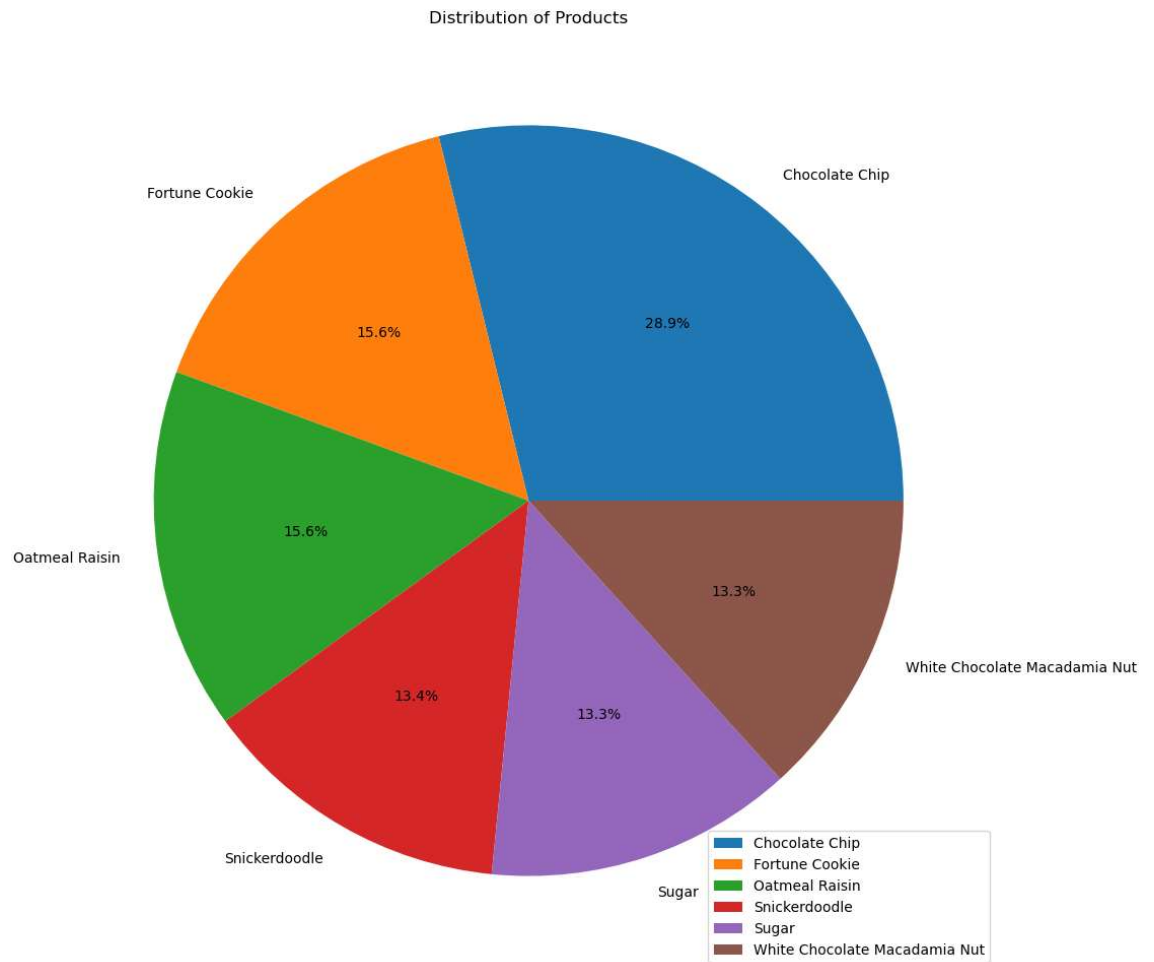
700 rows × 7 columns

```
In [31]: ▶ od['Product'].unique()
```

```
Out[31]: array(['Chocolate Chip', 'Fortune Cookie', 'Oatmeal Raisin',  
                'Snickerdoodle', 'Sugar', 'White Chocolate Macadamia Nut'],  
              dtype=object)
```

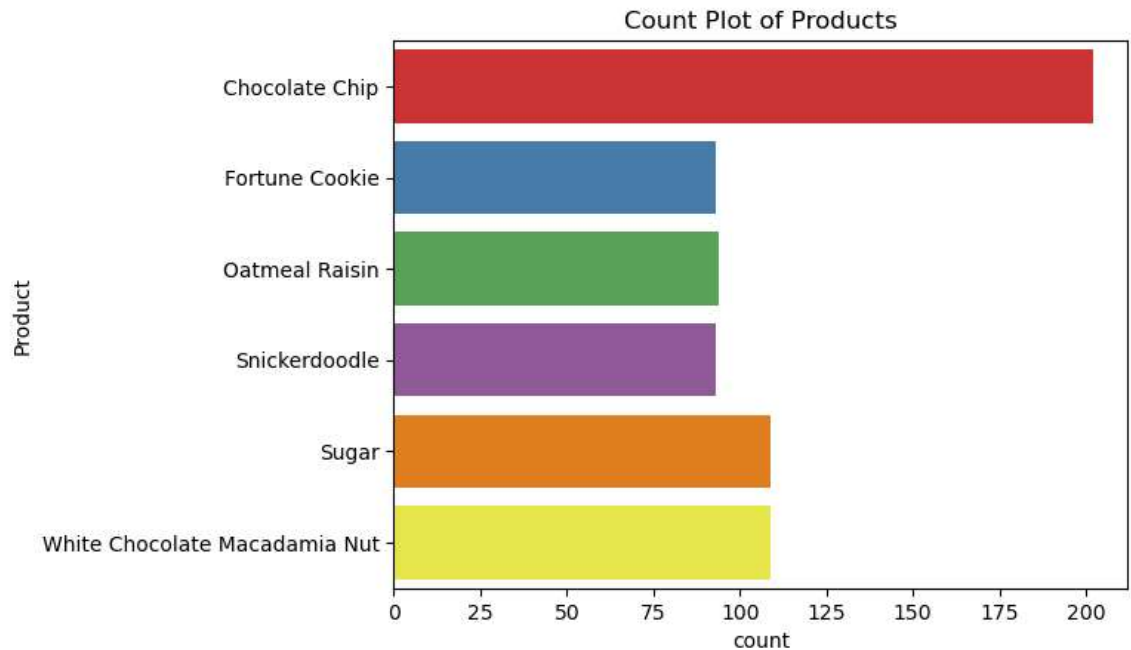
```
In [32]: ▶ #Explorative Data Analysis Using Matplotlib - Pie Chart
plt.figure(figsize=(12,12))
plt.pie(od['Product'].value_counts(), labels=['Chocolate Chip', 'Fortune Co
        'Snickerdoodle', 'Sugar', 'White Chocolate Macadamia Nut'], autopct=
plt.title('Distribution of Products')
plt.legend(loc='lower right')

plt.show()
```

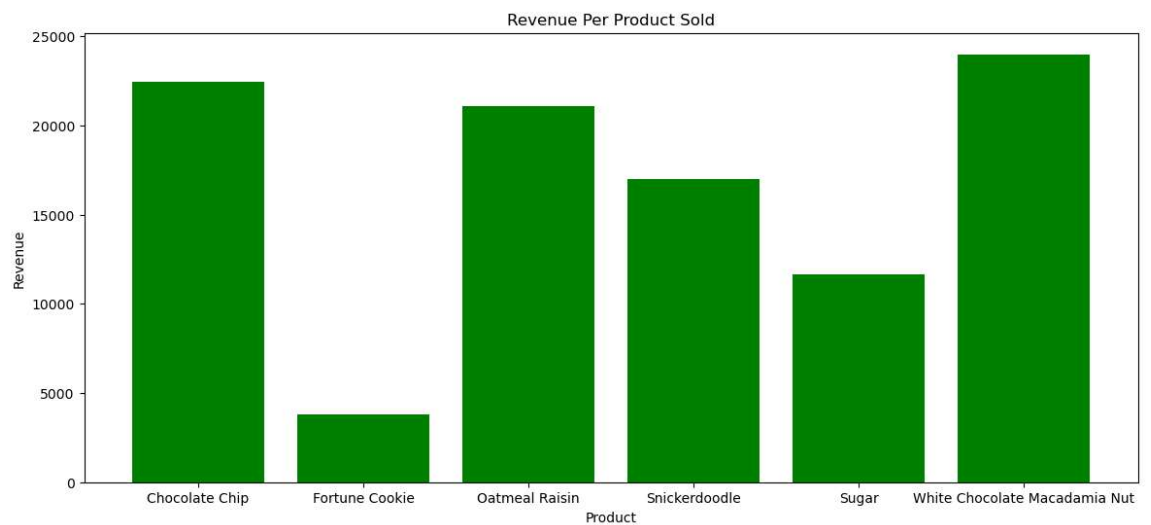


```
In [33]: #Count Plot using Seaborn  
sns.countplot(od,y='Product',palette="Set1" )  
plt.title('Count Plot of Products')
```

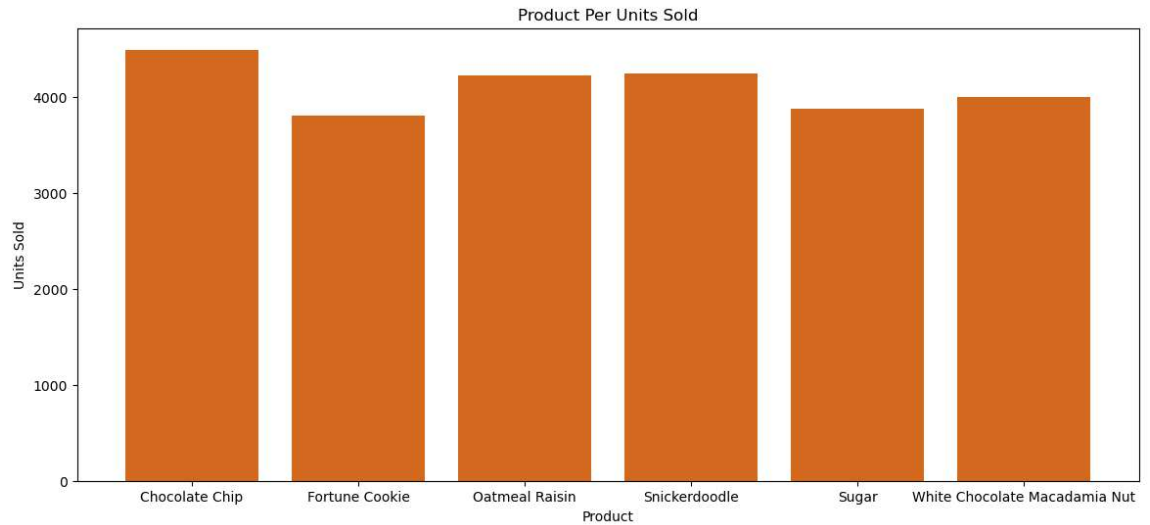
```
Out[33]: Text(0.5, 1.0, 'Count Plot of Products')
```



```
In [34]: #Bar chart  
plt.figure(figsize=(14,6))  
plt.bar(od['Product'],od['Revenue'],color='green')  
plt.xlabel('Product')  
plt.ylabel('Revenue')  
plt.title('Revenue Per Product Sold')  
plt.show()
```




```
In [35]: ▶ #Bar chart
plt.figure(figsize=(14,6))
plt.bar(od['Product'],od['Units Sold'],color='chocolate')
plt.xlabel('Product')
plt.ylabel('Units Sold')
plt.title('Product Per Units Sold')
plt.show()
```



```
In [36]: ▶ #Bar chart
plt.figure(figsize=(14,6))
plt.bar(od['Product'],od['Cost'],color='brown')
plt.xlabel('Product')
plt.ylabel('Cost')
plt.title('Cost Per Product Sold')
plt.show()
```

