

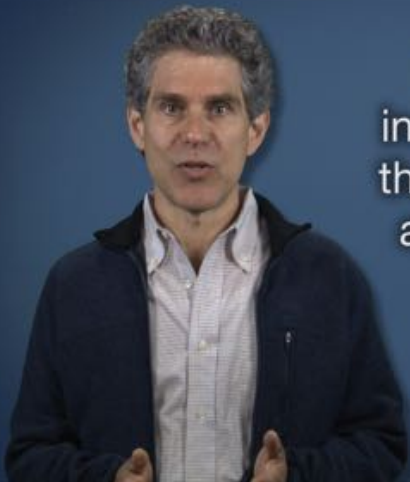
# The Carbon Cycle



Intro to Environmental Science  
**DartmouthX**


Photosynthesis  
Respiration  
Exchange  
Sedimentation  
Extraction  
Combustion

**Photosynthesis:**  
in plants, energy from  
the sun converts  $\text{CO}_2$   
and  $\text{H}_2\text{O}$  into sugar  
and oxygen

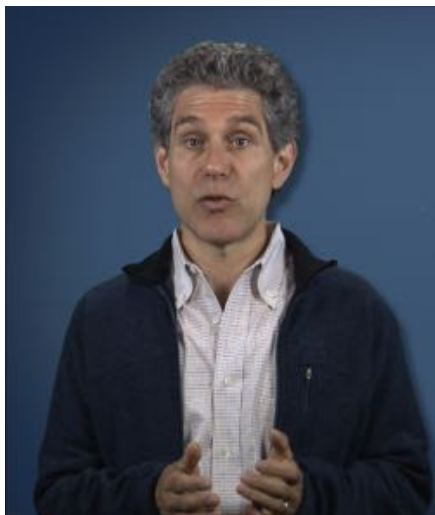


## Photosynthesis:

carbon dioxide ( $\text{CO}_2$ ) + water ( $\text{H}_2\text{O}$ )  
+ energy from the sun  
yields sugar ( $\text{C}_6\text{H}_{12}\text{O}_6$ ) + oxygen ( $\text{O}_2$ )



Plants create and store energy from the sun; we will also refer to this energy as food, carbohydrates, or biomass



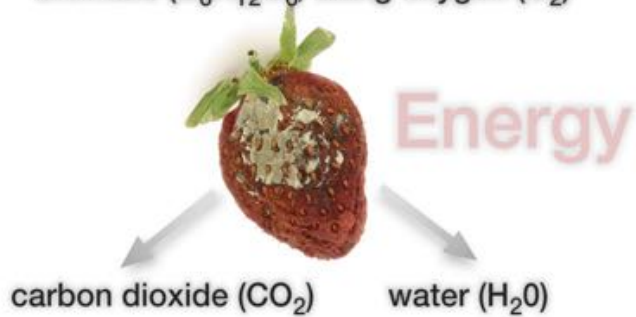
**Respiration:**  
biomass is converted back into  $\text{CO}_2$

**Respiration:**  
sugar ( $\text{C}_6\text{H}_{12}\text{O}_6$ ) + oxygen ( $\text{O}_2$ )  
yields carbon dioxide ( $\text{CO}_2$ ) + water ( $\text{H}_2\text{O}$ )  
+ heat energy



Respiration  
Decomposition  
Combustion

Organisms break down the stored energy in biomass ( $C_6H_{12}O_6$ ) using oxygen ( $O_2$ )



Photosynthesis  
Respiration  
Exchange  
Sedimentation  
Extraction  
Combustion

### Sedimentation:

carbon is deposited at the bottom of ocean and freshwater systems

**Extraction:**  
fossilized carbon  
(fossil fuel) is  
extracted for energy  
use by humans



