# 1 Syntax

```
:= \overline{cls} \ \overline{s}
program
cls
                                          ::= class \ C \ \{\overline{field} \ \overline{method}\}
                                          := T f;
field
                                          ::= T \ m(T \ x) \ contract \ \{\overline{s}\}
method
contract
                                          ::= requires \phi; ensures \phi;
                                          ::= int \mid C
                                          ::= x.f := y; \ | \ x := e; \ | \ x := \text{new} \ C; \ | \ x := y.m(z);
s
                                           | return x; | assert \phi; | release \phi; | T x;
                                          ::= true \mid e=e \mid e \neq e \mid acc(e.f) \mid \phi * \phi
φ
                                          := v \mid x \mid e.f
                                          := this | result | \langle other \rangle
\boldsymbol{x}
                                          ::= o \mid n \mid \mathtt{null}
                                           \in \mathbb{Z}
                                          \in \ (o \rightharpoonup (C, \overline{(f \rightharpoonup v)}))
H
                                          \in (x \rightharpoonup v)
                                          \in (x \rightharpoonup T)
Γ
                                          := \overline{(e,f)}
A_s
                                          := \overline{(o, f)}
A_d
S
                                          ::= (\rho, A_d, \overline{s}) \cdot S \mid nil
```

# 2 Assumptions

All the rules in the following sections are implicitly parameterized over a programp that is well-formed.

#### 2.0.1 Well-formed program (program OK)

$$\frac{\overline{cls_i} \ \mathtt{OK}}{(\overline{cls_i} \ \overline{s}) \ \mathtt{OKProgram}}$$

### 2.0.2 Well-formed class (cls OK)

$$\frac{\text{unique } field\text{-names} \quad \text{unique } method\text{-names} \quad \overline{method_i \text{ OK in } C}}{\left(\text{class } C \text{ } \{\overline{field_i} \text{ } \overline{method_i}\}\right) \text{ OKCLASS}}$$

### 2.0.3 Well-formed method (method OK in C)

$$\frac{FV(\phi_1) \subseteq \{x, \text{this}\} \qquad FV(\phi_2) \subseteq \{x, \text{this}, \text{result}\}}{x: T_x, \text{this}: C, \text{result}: T_m \vdash \{\phi_1\}\overline{s}\{\phi_2\} \qquad \emptyset \vdash_{\texttt{sfrm}} \phi_1 \qquad \emptyset \vdash_{\texttt{sfrm}} \phi_2 \qquad \neg writesTo(s_i, x)}}{(T_m \ m(T_x \ x) \ \text{requires} \ \phi_1; \ \text{ensures} \ \phi_2; \ \{\overline{s}\}) \ \text{OK in } C} \ \text{OKMETHOD}}$$

## 3 Static semantics

## 3.1 Expressions $(A_s \vdash_{\mathtt{sfrm}} e)$

$$\frac{}{A \vdash_{\mathtt{sfrm}} x} \mathrm{WFVAR}$$

$$\frac{}{A \vdash_{\mathtt{sfrm}} v} \text{WFVALUE}$$

$$\frac{(e,f) \in A \qquad A \vdash_{\mathtt{sfrm}} e}{A \vdash_{\mathtt{sfrm}} e.f} \text{ WFFIELD}$$

# 3.2 Formulas $(A_s \vdash_{\mathtt{sfrm}} \phi)$

$$\frac{}{A \vdash_{\mathtt{sfrm}} \mathtt{true}} \mathtt{WFTRUE}$$

$$\frac{A \vdash_{\mathtt{sfrm}} e_1 \quad A \vdash_{\mathtt{sfrm}} e_2}{A \vdash_{\mathtt{sfrm}} (e_1 = e_2)} \text{ WFEQUAL}$$

$$\frac{A \vdash_{\mathtt{sfrm}} e_1 \qquad A \vdash_{\mathtt{sfrm}} e_2}{A \vdash_{\mathtt{sfrm}} (e_1 \neq e_2)} \text{ WFNEQUAL}$$

$$\frac{A \vdash_{\mathtt{sfrm}} e}{A \vdash_{\mathtt{sfrm}} \mathtt{acc}(e.f)} \mathsf{WFAcc}$$

$$\frac{A_s \vdash_{\mathtt{sfrm}} \phi_1 \qquad A_s \cup \lfloor \phi_1 \rfloor \vdash_{\mathtt{sfrm}} \phi_2}{A_s \vdash_{\mathtt{sfrm}} \phi_1 * \phi_2} \text{ WFSepOp}$$

## **3.2.1** Implication $(\phi_1 \Longrightarrow \phi_2)$

Conservative approx. of  $\phi_1 \implies \phi_2$ .

## 3.3 Footprint $(\lfloor \phi \rfloor = A_s)$

## 3.4 Type $(\Gamma \vdash e : T)$

$$\frac{}{\Gamma \vdash n : \mathtt{int}}$$
 STVALNUM

$$\frac{}{\Gamma \vdash \mathtt{null} : T} \; \mathsf{STValNull}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma(x) = T}{\Gamma \vdash x : T} \text{ STVAR}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash e : C \qquad \vdash C.f : T}{\Gamma \vdash e.f : T} \text{ STFIELD}$$

### 3.5 Hoare $(\Gamma \vdash \{\phi\}\overline{s}\{\phi\})$

$$\frac{\phi \implies \phi' \qquad \emptyset \vdash_{\mathtt{sfrm}} \phi' \qquad x \not\in FV(\phi') \qquad \Gamma \vdash x : C \qquad \mathtt{fields}(C) = \overline{f}}{\Gamma \vdash \{\phi\}x := \mathtt{new} \ C\{\phi' * (x \neq \mathtt{null}) * \overline{\mathtt{acc}(x, f_i)}\}} \ \mathrm{HNEWOBJ}(x) = \frac{1}{\mathsf{new}} \ \mathrm{HNEWOBJ}$$

$$\frac{\phi \implies \operatorname{acc}(x.f) * (x \neq \operatorname{null}) * \phi' \qquad \emptyset \vdash_{\operatorname{sfrm}} \phi' \qquad \Gamma \vdash x : C \qquad \Gamma \vdash y : T \qquad \vdash C.f : T}{\Gamma \vdash \{\phi\} x.f := y \{\phi' * \operatorname{acc}(x.f) * (x \neq \operatorname{null}) * (x.f = y)\}} \text{ HFIELDASSIGN}$$

$$\frac{\phi \implies \phi' \qquad \emptyset \vdash_{\mathtt{sfrm}} \phi' \qquad x \not\in FV(\phi') \qquad x \not\in FV(e) \qquad \Gamma \vdash x : T \qquad \Gamma \vdash e : T \qquad \llbracket e \rrbracket \subseteq \phi'}{\Gamma \vdash \{\phi\}x := e\{\phi' * (x = e)\}} \text{ HVARASSIGN}$$

$$\frac{\phi \implies \phi' \qquad \emptyset \vdash_{\mathtt{sfrm}} \phi' \qquad \mathtt{result} \not\in FV(\phi') \qquad \Gamma \vdash x : T \qquad \Gamma \vdash \mathtt{result} : T}{\Gamma \vdash \{\phi\}\mathtt{return} \ x\{\phi' * (\mathtt{result} = x)\}} \ \mathrm{HRETURN}$$

$$\frac{\phi \implies \phi'}{\Gamma \vdash \{\phi\} \text{assert } \phi'\{\phi\}} \text{ HASSERT}$$

$$\frac{\phi \implies \phi_r * \phi' \qquad \emptyset \vdash_{\mathtt{sfrm}} \phi'}{\Gamma \vdash \{\phi\}\mathtt{release} \ \phi_r \{\phi'\}} \ \mathtt{HRELEASE}$$

$$\frac{x \not\in \mathsf{dom}(\Gamma) \qquad \Gamma, x : T \vdash \{(x = \mathsf{defaultValue}(T)) * \phi\} \overline{s}\{\phi'\}}{\Gamma \vdash \{\phi\} T \; x; \overline{s}\{\phi'\}} \; \mathsf{HDeclare}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash \{\phi_p\} s_1 \{\phi_q\} \qquad \Gamma \vdash \{\phi_q\} s_2 \{\phi_r\}}{\Gamma \vdash \{\phi_p\} s_1; s_2 \{\phi_r\}} \text{ HSec}$$

### 3.5.1 Notation

$$\frac{\hat{\phi} \implies \hat{\phi}' \qquad x \not\in FV(\hat{\phi}') \qquad \Gamma \vdash x : C \qquad \mathtt{fields}(C) = \overline{f}}{\Gamma \vdash \{\hat{\phi}\}x := \mathsf{new} \ C\{\hat{\phi}' \ \hat{*} \ (x \neq \mathtt{null}) \ \hat{*} \ \overline{\mathtt{acc}(x, f_i)}\}} \ \mathrm{HNewOBJ}$$

$$\frac{\hat{\phi} \implies \hat{\phi}' \qquad x \not\in FV(\hat{\phi}') \qquad x \not\in FV(e) \qquad \Gamma \vdash x : T \qquad \Gamma \vdash e : T \qquad \llbracket e \rrbracket \subseteq \hat{\phi}'}{\Gamma \vdash \{\hat{\phi}\}x := e\{\hat{\phi}' \ \hat{*} \ (x = e)\}} \text{ HVARASSIGN}$$

$$\frac{\hat{\phi} \implies \hat{\phi}' \qquad \text{result} \not\in FV(\hat{\phi}') \qquad \Gamma \vdash x : T \qquad \Gamma \vdash \text{result} : T}{\Gamma \vdash \{\hat{\phi}\} \text{return } x \{\hat{\phi}' \ \hat{*} \ (\text{result} = x)\}} \text{ HRETURN}$$

$$\Gamma \vdash y : C \qquad \text{mmethod}(C, m) = T_r \ m(T_p \ z) \ \text{requires} \ \hat{\phi_{pre}}; \ \text{ensures} \ \hat{\phi_{post}}; \ \{\_\}$$
 
$$\Gamma \vdash x : T_r \qquad \Gamma \vdash z' : T_p \qquad \hat{\phi} \implies (y \neq \text{null}) * \hat{\phi_p} * \hat{\phi}'$$
 
$$\underline{x \not\in FV(\hat{\phi}') \qquad x \neq y \land x \neq z' \qquad \hat{\phi_p} = \hat{\phi_{pre}}[y, z'/\text{this}, z] \qquad \hat{\phi_q} = \hat{\phi_{post}}[y, z', x/\text{this}, z, \text{result}]}$$
 
$$\Gamma \vdash \{\hat{\phi}\}x := y.m(z')\{\hat{\phi}' * \hat{\phi_q}\}$$
 HAPP

$$\frac{\hat{\phi} \implies \phi'}{\Gamma \vdash \{\hat{\phi}\} \text{assert } \phi'\{\hat{\phi}\}} \text{ HASSERT}$$

$$\frac{\hat{\phi} \implies \phi_r * \hat{\phi}'}{\Gamma \vdash \{\hat{\phi}\} \text{release } \phi_r \{\hat{\phi}'\}} \text{ HRELEASE}$$

$$\frac{x \not\in \mathtt{dom}(\Gamma) \qquad \Gamma, x : T \vdash \{\hat{\phi} \ \hat{*} \ (x = \mathtt{defaultValue}(T))\} \overline{s} \{\hat{\phi'}\}}{\Gamma \vdash \{\hat{\phi}\} T \ x; \overline{s} \{\hat{\phi'}\}} \ \mathrm{HDeclare}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash \{\hat{\phi_p}\} s_1 \{\hat{\phi_q}\} \qquad \Gamma \vdash \{\hat{\phi_q}\} s_2 \{\hat{\phi_r}\}}{\Gamma \vdash \{\hat{\phi_p}\} s_1; s_2 \{\hat{\phi_r}\}} \text{ HSEC}$$

#### 3.5.2 Deterministic

$$\frac{\hat{\phi}[\mathbf{w}/\mathbf{o}\ x] = \hat{\phi}' \qquad \Gamma \vdash x : C \qquad \mathtt{fields}(C) = \overline{f}}{\Gamma \vdash \{\hat{\phi}\}x := \mathtt{new}\ C\{\hat{\phi}'\ \hat{*}\ (x \neq \mathtt{null})\ \hat{*}\ \overline{\mathtt{acc}(x,f_i)}\}} \ \mathrm{HNEWOBJ}$$

$$\frac{\hat{\phi}[\mathbf{w/o}\ \mathsf{acc}(x.f)] = \hat{\phi}' \quad \hat{\phi} \implies \mathsf{acc}(x.f) * (x \neq \mathsf{null}) \quad \Gamma \vdash x : C \quad \Gamma \vdash y : T \quad \vdash C.f : T}{\Gamma \vdash \{\hat{\phi}\}x.f := y\{\hat{\phi}'\ \hat{*}\ \mathsf{acc}(x.f)\ \hat{*}\ (x \neq \mathsf{null})\ \hat{*}\ (x.f = y)\}} \\ \text{HFIELDASSIGNATION } = \frac{\hat{\phi}(x.f) \cdot \hat{\phi}(x.f) \cdot \hat{\phi}(x.f) \cdot \hat{\phi}(x.f)}{\Gamma \vdash \hat{\phi}(x.f) \cdot \hat{\phi}(x.f)} = \frac{\hat{\phi}(x.f) \cdot \hat{\phi}(x.f) \cdot \hat{\phi}(x.f)}{\Gamma \vdash \hat{\phi}(x.f)} = \frac{\hat{\phi}(x.f) \cdot \hat{\phi}(x.f)}{\Gamma \vdash \hat{\phi}(x.f)} = \frac{\hat{\phi}(x.f)}{\Gamma \vdash \hat{\phi}(x.f)} = \frac{\hat{\phi}$$

$$\frac{\hat{\phi}[\mathbf{w/o}\ x] = \hat{\phi'} \qquad x \not\in FV(e) \qquad \Gamma \vdash x : T \qquad \Gamma \vdash e : T \qquad \hat{\phi'} \implies \llbracket e \rrbracket}{\Gamma \vdash \{\hat{\phi}\}x := e\{\hat{\phi'}\ \hat{*}\ (x = e)\}} \text{ HVarAssign}$$

Have  $\hat{*}$  take care of necessary congruent rewriting of e in order to preserve self-framing!

$$\frac{\hat{\phi}[\mathbf{w/o} \; \mathbf{result}] = \hat{\phi}' \qquad \Gamma \vdash x : T \qquad \Gamma \vdash \mathbf{result} : T}{\Gamma \vdash \{\hat{\phi}\} \mathbf{return} \; x \{\hat{\phi}' \; \hat{*} \; (\mathbf{result} = x)\}} \; \mathbf{HRETURN}$$

$$\begin{split} \hat{\phi}[\mathbf{w/o}\ x][\mathbf{w/o}\ \lfloor \hat{\phi}_p \rfloor] &= \hat{\phi}' \\ \Gamma \vdash y : C \quad \text{mmethod}(C,m) &= T_r\ m(T_p\ z)\ \text{requires}\ \phi_{\hat{p}re};\ \text{ensures}\ \phi_{\hat{p}ost};\ \{\_\} \quad \Gamma \vdash x : T_r \quad \Gamma \vdash z' : T_p \\ \hat{\phi} &\Longrightarrow (y \neq \text{null}) * \hat{\phi}_p \quad x \neq y \land x \neq z' \quad \hat{\phi}_p &= \phi_{\hat{p}re}[y,z'/\text{this},z] \quad \hat{\phi}_q &= \phi_{\hat{p}ost}[y,z',x/\text{this},z,\text{result}] \\ \Gamma \vdash \{\hat{\phi}\}x := y.m(z')\{\hat{\phi}' * \hat{\phi}_q\} \end{split}$$

$$\frac{\hat{\phi} \implies \phi'}{\Gamma \vdash \{\hat{\phi}\} \text{assert } \phi'\{\hat{\phi}\}} \text{ HASSERT}$$

$$\frac{\hat{\phi}[\mathbf{w/o}\ \lfloor\phi_r\rfloor] = \hat{\phi}' \qquad \hat{\phi} \implies \phi_r}{\Gamma \vdash \{\hat{\phi}\} \text{release } \phi_r \{\hat{\phi}'\}} \text{ HRELEASE}$$

$$\frac{x \not\in \mathsf{dom}(\Gamma) \qquad \Gamma, x : T \vdash \{\hat{\phi} \; \hat{*} \; (x = \mathsf{defaultValue}(T))\} \overline{s} \{\hat{\phi'}\}}{\Gamma \vdash \{\hat{\phi}\} T \; x; \overline{s} \{\hat{\phi'}\}} \; \mathsf{HDeclare}(T) = \frac{1}{2} \left\{ \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{1}{$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash \{\hat{\phi_p}\} s_1 \{\hat{\phi_q}\} \qquad \Gamma \vdash \{\hat{\phi_q}\} s_2 \{\hat{\phi_r}\}}{\Gamma \vdash \{\hat{\phi_p}\} s_1; s_2 \{\hat{\phi_r}\}} \text{ HSEC}$$

#### 3.5.3 Gradual

$$\frac{\widetilde{\phi}[\mathbf{w/o}\ x] = \widetilde{\phi}' \qquad \Gamma \vdash x : C \qquad \mathtt{fields}(C) = \overline{f}}{\Gamma \ \widetilde{\vdash} \{\widetilde{\phi}\}x := \mathtt{new}\ C\{\widetilde{\phi}'\ \widetilde{\ast}\ (x \neq \mathtt{null})\ \widetilde{\ast}\ \overline{\mathtt{acc}(x,f_i)}\}} \ \mathrm{HNewOBJ}$$

$$\frac{\widetilde{\phi}[\mathbf{w/o}\ \mathrm{acc}(x.f)] = \widetilde{\phi}' \quad \widetilde{\phi} \Longrightarrow \mathrm{acc}(x.f) * (x \neq \mathrm{null}) \quad \Gamma \vdash x : C \quad \Gamma \vdash y : T \quad \vdash C.f : T}{\Gamma \vdash \widetilde{\{\phi\}} x.f := y \{ \widetilde{\phi}' \ \widetilde{*} \ \mathrm{acc}(x.f) \ \widetilde{*} \ (x \neq \mathrm{null}) \ \widetilde{*} \ (x.f = y) \}} \quad \text{HFIELDASSIGN}$$

$$\frac{\widetilde{\phi}[\mathbf{w/o}\ x] = \widetilde{\phi'} \qquad x \not\in FV(e) \qquad \Gamma \vdash x : T \qquad \Gamma \vdash e : T \qquad \widetilde{\phi'} \Longrightarrow \llbracket e \rrbracket}{\Gamma\ \widetilde{\vdash} \{\widetilde{\phi}\}x := e\{\widetilde{\phi'}\ \widetilde{\ast}\ (x = e)\}} \ \mathrm{HVarAssign}$$

Let  $\tilde{*}$  behave like  $\hat{*}$  if first operand is static - otherwise its regular concatenation.

$$\frac{\widetilde{\phi}[\mathbf{w/o} \ \mathbf{result}] = \widetilde{\phi'} \qquad \Gamma \vdash x : T \qquad \Gamma \vdash \mathbf{result} : T}{\Gamma \ \widetilde{\vdash} \{\widetilde{\phi}\} \mathbf{return} \ x \{\widetilde{\phi'} \ \widetilde{*} \ (\mathbf{result} = x)\}} \ \mathrm{HRETURN}$$

$$\begin{split} \widetilde{\phi}[\mathbf{w/o}\ x][\mathbf{w/o}\ \widetilde{\lfloor\phi_p\rfloor}] &= \widetilde{\phi'} \\ \Gamma \vdash y : C \quad \text{mmethod}(C,m) &= T_r\ m(T_p\ z)\ \text{requires}\ \widetilde{\phi_{pre}};\ \text{ensures}\ \widetilde{\phi_{post}};\ \{\_\} \quad \Gamma \vdash x : T_r \quad \Gamma \vdash z' : T_p \\ \widetilde{\underline{\phi}} \Longrightarrow (y \neq \text{null}) * \widetilde{\phi_p} \quad x \neq y \land x \neq z' \quad \widetilde{\phi_p} &= \widetilde{\phi_{pre}}[y,z'/\text{this},z] \quad \widetilde{\phi_q} &= \widetilde{\phi_{post}}[y,z',x/\text{this},z,\text{result}] \\ \Gamma \, \widetilde{\vdash} \{\widetilde{\phi}\} x := y.m(z') \{\widetilde{\phi'} * \widetilde{\phi_q}\} \end{split} \quad \text{HAPP}$$

$$\frac{\widetilde{\phi} \Longrightarrow \phi'}{\Gamma \,\widetilde{\vdash} \{\widetilde{\phi}\} \text{assert } \phi' \{\widetilde{\phi}\}} \text{ HASSERT}$$

$$\frac{\widetilde{\phi}[\mathbf{w}/\mathbf{o}\ \lfloor \phi_r \rfloor] = \widetilde{\phi}' \qquad \widetilde{\phi} \Longrightarrow \phi_r}{\Gamma\ \widetilde{\vdash} \{\widetilde{\phi}\} \text{release}\ \phi_r \{\widetilde{\phi}'\}} \text{ HRELEASE}$$

$$\frac{x \not \in \mathrm{dom}(\Gamma) \qquad \Gamma, x : T \vdash \{\widetilde{\phi} \ \widetilde{*} \ (x = \mathtt{defaultValue}(T))\} \overline{s} \{\widetilde{\phi'}\}}{\Gamma \ \widetilde{\vdash} \{\widetilde{\phi}\} T \ x; \overline{s} \{\widetilde{\phi'}\}} \ \mathrm{HDeclare}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \widetilde{\vdash} \{\widetilde{\phi_p}\} s_1 \{\widetilde{\phi_q}\} \qquad \Gamma \widetilde{\vdash} \{\widetilde{\phi_q}\} s_2 \{\widetilde{\phi_r}\}}{\Gamma \widetilde{\vdash} \{\widetilde{\phi_p}\} s_1; s_2 \{\widetilde{\phi_r}\}} \text{ HSec}$$

## 4 Dynamic semantics

### **4.1** Expressions $(H, \rho \vdash e \Downarrow v)$

$$\overline{H, \rho \vdash x \Downarrow \rho(x)} \ \text{EEVAR}$$
 
$$\overline{H, \rho \vdash v \Downarrow v} \ \text{EEVALUE}$$
 
$$\underline{H, \rho \vdash e \Downarrow o}$$
 
$$\overline{H, \rho \vdash e \Downarrow f} \ \text{EEACC}$$

### **4.2** Formulas $(H, \rho, A \vDash \phi)$

$$\overline{H, \rho, A \vDash \mathtt{true}} \overset{\text{EATrue}}{}$$

$$\frac{H, \rho \vdash e_1 \Downarrow v_1 \qquad H, \rho \vdash e_2 \Downarrow v_2 \qquad v_1 = v_2}{H, \rho, A \vDash (e_1 = e_2)} \overset{\text{EAEQUAL}}{}$$

$$\frac{H, \rho \vdash e_1 \Downarrow v_1 \qquad H, \rho \vdash e_2 \Downarrow v_2 \qquad v_1 \neq v_2}{H, \rho, A \vDash (e_1 \neq e_2)} \overset{\text{EANEQUAL}}{}$$

$$\frac{H, \rho \vdash e \Downarrow o \qquad (o, f) \in A}{H, \rho, A \vDash \mathtt{acc}(e.f)} \overset{\text{EAAcc}}{}$$

$$\frac{A_1 = A \backslash A_2 \qquad H, \rho, A_1 \vDash \phi_1 \qquad H, \rho, A_2 \vDash \phi_2}{H, \rho, A \vDash \phi_1 * \phi_2} \overset{\text{EASEPOP}}{}$$

We give a denotational semantics of formulas as  $\llbracket \phi \rrbracket = \{ (H, \rho, A) \mid H, \rho, A \vDash \phi \}$ Note:  $\phi$  satisfiable  $\iff \llbracket \phi \rrbracket \neq \emptyset$ 

### **4.2.1** Implication $(\phi_1 \implies \phi_2)$

$$\phi_1 \implies \phi_2 \iff \forall H, \rho, A : H, \rho, A \vDash \phi_1 \implies H, \rho, A \vDash \phi_2$$

Drawn from def. of entailment in "A Formal Semantics for Isorecursive and Equirecursive State Abstractions".

#### 4.2.2 Implying inequality

 $= \neg \text{sat} (\phi * (e_1 = e_2))$ 

$$\phi*(e_1=e_1)*(e_2=e_2) \implies (e_1\neq e_2)$$

$$= \forall H, \rho, A: H, \rho, A \vDash \phi*(e_1=e_1)*(e_2=e_2) \implies H, \rho, A \vDash (e_1\neq e_2)$$

$$= \forall H, \rho, A: (\exists v_1, v_2: H, \rho \vdash e_1 \Downarrow v_1 \land H, \rho \vdash e_2 \Downarrow v_2 \land H, \rho, A \vDash \phi) \implies (\exists v_1, v_2: H, \rho \vdash e_1 \Downarrow v_1 \land H, \rho \vdash e_2 \Downarrow v_2 \land H, \rho, A \vDash \phi)$$

$$= \forall H, \rho, A, v_1, v_2: (H, \rho \vdash e_1 \Downarrow v_1 \land H, \rho \vdash e_2 \Downarrow v_2 \land H, \rho, A \vDash \phi) \implies (\exists v_1, v_2: H, \rho \vdash e_1 \Downarrow v_1 \land H, \rho \vdash e_2 \Downarrow v_2 \land (v_1 \iff v_1, v_2 \iff v_2, v_2 \iff v_2, v_3 \iff v_1, v_2 \iff v_2 \iff v_2, v_3 \iff v_1, v_2 \iff v_2 \implies v_2 \implies v_3 \implies v_3 \implies v_1, v_2 \implies v_2 \implies v_3 \implies v_$$

## 4.3 Footprint $( \lfloor \phi \rfloor_{H,\rho} = A_d )$

$$\begin{array}{ll} \lfloor \mathsf{true} \rfloor_{H,\rho} & = \emptyset \\ \lfloor e_1 = e_2 \rfloor_{H,\rho} & = \emptyset \\ \lfloor e_1 \neq e_2 \rfloor_{H,\rho} & = \emptyset \\ \lfloor \mathsf{acc}(x.f) \rfloor_{H,\rho} & = \{(o,f)\} \text{ where } H, \rho \vdash x \Downarrow o \\ \lfloor \phi_1 * \phi_2 \rfloor_{H,\rho} & = \lfloor \phi_1 \rfloor_{H,\rho} \cup \lfloor \phi_2 \rfloor_{H,\rho} \end{array}$$

## 4.4 Small-step $((H, S) \rightarrow (H, S))$

$$\frac{H, \rho \vdash x \Downarrow o \quad H, \rho \vdash y \Downarrow v_y \quad (o, f) \in A \quad H' = H[o \mapsto [f \mapsto v_y]]}{(H, (\rho, A, x.f := y; \overline{s}) \cdot S) \to (H', (\rho, A, \overline{s}) \cdot S)} \text{ ESFIELDASSIGN}$$

$$\frac{H, \rho \vdash e \Downarrow v \qquad \rho' = \rho[x \mapsto v]}{(H, (\rho, A, x := e; \overline{s}) \cdot S) \to (H, (\rho', A, \overline{s}) \cdot S)} \text{ ESVARASSIGN}$$

$$\frac{\text{fields}(C) = \overline{T} \ \overline{f} \qquad \rho' = \rho[x \mapsto o] \qquad A' = A * \overline{(o,f_i)} \qquad H' = H[o \mapsto \overline{[f \mapsto \text{defaultValue}(T)]}]}{(H,(\rho,A,x := \text{new } C; \overline{s}) \cdot S) \to (H',(\rho',A',\overline{s}) \cdot S)} \\ \text{ESNewObstantial} = \frac{(H,(\rho,A,x := \text{new } C; \overline{s}) \cdot S) \to (H',(\rho',A',\overline{s}) \cdot S)}{(H,(\rho,A,x := \text{new } C; \overline{s}) \cdot S) \to (H',(\rho',A',\overline{s}) \cdot S)}$$

$$\frac{H, \rho \vdash x \Downarrow v_x \qquad \rho' = \rho[\mathtt{result} \mapsto v_x]}{(H, (\rho, A, \mathtt{return} \ x; \overline{s}) \cdot S) \to (H, (\rho', A, \overline{s}) \cdot S)} \text{ ESRETURN}$$

$$H, \rho \vdash y \Downarrow o$$
 
$$H, \rho \vdash z \Downarrow v \qquad H(o) = (C, \_) \qquad \text{mmethod}(C, m) = T_r \ m(T \ w) \ \text{requires} \ \phi; \ \text{ensures} \ \_; \ \{\overline{r}\}$$
 
$$\frac{\rho' = [\text{result} \mapsto \text{defaultValue}(T_r), \text{this} \mapsto o, w \mapsto v] \qquad H, \rho', A \vDash \phi \qquad A' = \lfloor \phi \rfloor_{H, \rho'}}{(H, (\rho, A, x := y.m(z); \overline{s}) \cdot S) \rightarrow (H, (\rho', A', \overline{r}) \cdot (\rho, A \setminus A', x := y.m(z); \overline{s}) \cdot S)} \ \text{ESAPP}$$

$$\frac{H(o) = (C, \underline{\hspace{0.5cm}}) \quad \text{mpost}(C, m) = \phi \quad H, \rho', A' \vDash \phi \quad A'' = \lfloor \phi \rfloor_{H, \rho'} \quad H, \rho' \vdash \text{result} \Downarrow v_r}{(H, (\rho', A', \emptyset) \cdot (\rho, A, x := y.m(z); \overline{s}) \cdot S) \rightarrow (H, (\rho[x \mapsto v_r], A * A'', \overline{s}) \cdot S)} \quad \text{ESAPPFINISH}(A, \rho', A', \rho', A',$$

$$\frac{H, \rho, A \vDash \phi}{(H, (\rho, A, \mathsf{assert} \ \phi; \overline{s}) \cdot S) \to (H, (\rho, A, \overline{s}) \cdot S)} \text{ ESASSERT}$$

$$\frac{H,\rho,A\vDash \phi \qquad A'=A\setminus \lfloor \phi\rfloor_{H,\rho}}{(H,(\rho,A,\mathtt{release}\ \phi;\overline{s})\cdot S)\to (H,(\rho,A',\overline{s})\cdot S)}\ \mathrm{ESRELEASE}$$

$$\frac{\rho' = \rho[x \mapsto \mathtt{defaultValue}(T)]}{(H, (\rho, A, T \; x; \overline{s}) \cdot S) \to (H, (\rho', A, \overline{s}) \cdot S)} \; \mathtt{ESDECLARE}$$

# 5 Gradualization

### 5.1 Syntax

### 5.1.1 Gradual formula

$$\widetilde{\phi} ::= \phi \mid ? * \phi$$

Note: consider? in other positions as "self-framing delimiter", but with semantically identical meaning. As long as? is only legal in the front though:  $\phi_1 * \widetilde{\phi_2}$  propagates the? to the very left in case  $\widetilde{\phi_2}$  contains one.

### 5.1.2 Self-framed and satisfiable formula

$$\hat{\phi} \ \in \ \{ \ \phi \mid \vdash_{\mathtt{sfrm}} \phi \land \mathtt{sat} \ \phi \ \}$$

#### 5.2 Concretization

$$\begin{array}{ll} \gamma(\widehat{\phi}) & = \{ \ \widehat{\phi} \ \} \\ \gamma(? * \phi') & = \{ \ \widehat{\phi} \ | \ \widehat{\phi} \implies \phi' \ \} \ \ \text{if} \ \phi' \ \text{satisfiable} \\ \\ \widetilde{\phi_1} \sqsubseteq \widetilde{\phi_2} \ : \iff \ \gamma(\widetilde{\phi_1}) \subseteq \gamma(\widetilde{\phi_2}) \end{array}$$

#### 5.3 Abstraction

$$\alpha(\overline{\phi}) \hspace{3cm} = \min_{\sqsubset} \left\{ \hspace{1mm} \widetilde{\phi} \mid \overline{\phi} \subseteq \gamma(\widetilde{\phi}) \hspace{1mm} \right\}$$

Proved:

- partial function
- sound
- optimal
- $\alpha(\gamma(\widetilde{\phi})) = \widetilde{\phi}$

### 5.4 Gradual Lifting

### 5.4.1 Self framing

$$\frac{A \vdash_{\mathtt{sfrm}} \phi}{A \vdash_{\mathtt{sfrm}} \phi} \operatorname{GSFRMNonGRAD}$$

$$\overline{A \vdash_{\mathsf{sfrm}} ? * \phi}$$
 GSFRMGRAD

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### 5.4.2 Implication

$$\frac{\phi_1 \implies \phi_2}{\phi_1 \implies \widetilde{\phi_2}}$$
 GIMPLNONGRAD

$$\frac{\hat{\phi_m} \implies \phi_2 \qquad \hat{\phi_m} \implies \phi_1}{? * \phi_1 \stackrel{\frown}{\Longrightarrow} \widetilde{\phi_2}} \text{GIMPLGRAD}$$

 $\hat{\phi_m}$  is evidence!

### Consistent transitivity

While  $\implies$  is transitive,  $\stackrel{\frown}{\implies}$  is generally not.

But maybe not even necessary with smarter hoare rules?

### 5.4.3 Equality

$$\frac{\phi_1 = \phi_2}{\phi_1 \approx \phi_2} \text{ GEQSTATIC}$$

at least one of 
$$\widetilde{\phi_1}$$
 or  $\widetilde{\phi_2}$  contains?
$$\frac{\widetilde{\phi_1} \Longrightarrow \widetilde{\phi_2} \qquad \widetilde{\phi_2} \Longrightarrow \widetilde{\phi_1}}{\widetilde{\phi_1} \approx \widetilde{\phi_2}} \text{ GEQGRADUAL}$$

### 5.4.4 Append

by definition:

$$\widetilde{\phi} \, \widetilde{\ast} \, \phi_p = \alpha(\gamma(\widetilde{\phi}) \overline{\ast} \phi_p)$$

equivalent to:

$$\widetilde{\phi} \ \widetilde{\ast} \ \phi_p = \widetilde{\phi} \ast \phi_p \qquad \qquad \text{if } \forall \widehat{\phi}_1, (\widehat{\phi}_1 \implies \phi \ast \phi_p) \implies \exists \widehat{\phi}_2, (\widehat{\phi}_2 \implies \phi \land \widehat{\phi}_1 \implies \widehat{\phi}_2 \ast \phi_p)$$

$$\text{if } \forall \widehat{\phi}_1 \in \gamma(\widetilde{\phi} \ast \phi_p), \exists \widehat{\phi}_2 \in \gamma(\widetilde{\phi}), \widehat{\phi}_1 \implies \widehat{\phi}_2 \ast \phi_p$$

$$\widetilde{\phi} \ \widetilde{\ast} \ \phi_p \ \textit{undefined} \qquad \qquad \text{otherwise}$$

### 5.5 Gradual Hoare: minimal static rule approach

Example:

$$\frac{\mathbf{e} \vdash \widetilde{\phi} \Longrightarrow \widetilde{\phi}'}{\mathbf{\phi}'} \qquad x \not \in FV(\widetilde{\phi}') \qquad x \not \in FV(e) \qquad \mathbf{e} \vdash \widetilde{\phi} \vdash x : T \qquad \mathbf{e} \vdash \widetilde{\phi} \vdash e : T \qquad \mathbf{e} \vdash \lfloor \widetilde{\phi}' \rfloor \vdash_{\mathtt{sfrm}} e}{\vdash \{\widetilde{\phi}\}x := e\{\widetilde{\phi}' * (x = e)\}}$$
 GHVARASSIGN

Collapsing (hidden) gradual implications into a single one:

$$\underbrace{\frac{\epsilon \vdash \widetilde{\phi} \Longrightarrow (x:T) * \llbracket e:T \rrbracket_C * \widetilde{\phi}' \qquad \emptyset \vdash_{\mathtt{sfrm}} \llbracket e:T \rrbracket_C * \widetilde{\phi}' \qquad x \not\in FV(\widetilde{\phi}') \qquad x \not\in FV(e) \qquad [e:T]_C}_{\vdash \{\widetilde{\phi}\}x := e\{\llbracket e:T \rrbracket_C * \widetilde{\phi}' * (x=e)\}}$$
 GHVARASSIGNATION OF THE CONTRACT GRAVEN GRAVEN STATEMENT OF THE CONTRACT GRAVEN GRAV GRAVEN GRAVEN GRAV GRAVEN GRAV GRAV GRAV GRAV GR

When shifting implication responsibility to GHSec:

$$\frac{x \notin FV(\widetilde{\phi'}) \quad x \notin FV(e) \quad [e:T]_C}{\vdash \{(x:T) * \llbracket e:T \rrbracket_C * \widetilde{\phi'} \} x := e\{\llbracket e:T \rrbracket_C * \widetilde{\phi'} * (x=e)\}} \text{ GHVARASSIGN}$$

Example derivation:

$$\begin{aligned} & \{(x:T)*(y:C)*\mathrm{acc}(y.a)*\mathrm{acc}(y.a.b)*\mathrm{acc}(y.a.b.c)*\tilde{\phi}'\} \\ & \{(x:T)*[\![y.a.b.c:T]\!]_C*\tilde{\phi}'\} \\ & x \not\in FV(\tilde{\phi}') \\ & x \not\in FV(y.a.b.c) \\ & [y.a.b.c:T]\!]_C = \ \vdash C_y = C \ \land \ \vdash C_y.a:C_a \ \land \ \vdash C_a.b:C_b \ \land \ \vdash C_b.c:T \\ & \{[\![y.a.b.c:T]\!]_C*\tilde{\phi}'*(x=y.a.b.c)\} \\ & \{(y:C)*\mathrm{acc}(y.a)*\mathrm{acc}(y.a.b)*\mathrm{acc}(y.a.b.c)*\tilde{\phi}'*(x=y.a.b.c)\} \end{aligned}$$

### 5.5.1 GHFieldAssign

$$\frac{\widetilde{\phi_1} \approx (x:C)*(y:T)*(x \neq \texttt{null})*\phi* \texttt{acc}(x.f)}{\widetilde{\phi_1} \approx (x:C)*(x:C)*(x \neq \texttt{null})*(x.f = y)*\phi} \xrightarrow{\widetilde{\Gamma}\{\widetilde{\phi_1}\}x.f := y\{\widetilde{\phi_2}\}} \text{GHFIELDATE Constants}$$

### 5.5.2 GHSec - sound but obviously not complete!

$$\frac{\widetilde{\vdash}\{\widetilde{\phi_p}\}s_1\{\widetilde{\phi_{q1}}\} \qquad \phi_{q1} \implies \phi_{q2} \qquad \emptyset \vdash_{\mathtt{sfrm}} \phi_{q2} \qquad \widetilde{\vdash}\{\phi_{q2}\}s_2\{\widetilde{\phi_r}\}}{\widetilde{\vdash}\{\widetilde{\phi_p}\}s_1; s_2\{\widetilde{\phi_r}\}} \text{ GHSEC}$$

### 5.6 Gradual Hoare: minimal HSec approach (implications per rule)

$$\frac{\phi_1 \implies (x:C)*(y:T)*\phi*\operatorname{acc}(x.f)}{\phi_1 \implies (x:C)*(y:T)*\phi*\operatorname{acc}(x.f)} \quad \phi_2 = (x:C)*\operatorname{acc}(x.f)*(x.f = y)*\phi}{\vdash \{\phi_1\}x.f := y\{\phi_2\}} \text{ HFIELDASSIGN}$$

$$\frac{\widetilde{\phi_1} \xrightarrow{} (x:C)*(y:T)*\phi*\mathrm{acc}(x.f)}{\widetilde{\varphi_1} \xrightarrow{} (x:C)*(x.f)*\widetilde{\phi_2} \approx (x:C)*\mathrm{acc}(x.f)*(x.f=y)*\phi}{\widetilde{\vdash} \{\widetilde{\phi_1}\}x.f:=y\{\widetilde{\phi_2}\}} \text{ GHFIELDASSIGN}$$

Note: With this alternative rule design  $\Longrightarrow$  is consistently used with static formulas as second argument. This plays nicely with the fact that  $\Longrightarrow$  does not care about the gradualness of that argument. Might make sense to define lifting of  $\Longrightarrow$  as lifting on only the first parameter in the first place.

**Minimum runtime checks**: For  $\widetilde{\phi_1} \Longrightarrow \widetilde{\phi_2}$  to hold at runtime, practically just  $\phi_2$  needs to hold. So that would be a valid assertion to check. Yet, we know statically that  $\phi_1$  holds, so we can remove everything from the runtime check that is implied by  $\phi_1$ . So in a sense, we only need to check  $\phi_2 \setminus \phi_1$  at runtime (the operator can be an approximation).

### 5.7 Gradual Hoare: deterministic approach

#### 5.7.1 HFieldAssign

$$\frac{\phi_1 \implies (x:C)*(y:T)*\mathrm{acc}(x.f)}{\phi_2 = (x:C)*\mathrm{acc}(x.f)*(x.f = y)*\phi_1[\mathbf{w/o}\ \mathrm{acc}(x.f)]}{\vdash \{\phi_1\}x.f := y\{\phi_2\}}$$
 HFIELDASSIGN

Note:  $\phi[\mathbf{w}/\mathbf{o} \ \mathsf{acc}(x.f)]$  removes  $\mathsf{acc}(x.f)$  and all uses of x.f from  $\phi$ . The result is self-framed given that  $\phi$  is.

**Attention**: This version is weaker than the other (pairwise equivalent) versions of HFieldAssign! Explanation: Above operator may remove more information than necessary from  $\phi$ . Example:

• Given: 
$$\phi_1 = acc(x.f) * (x.f = a) * (x.f = b)$$

- Goal:  $\phi_2 \implies (a=b)$
- not provable with this deterministic version of HFieldAssign
- provable with all other versions

Probably it's possible to apply the operator without information loss after expanding formula using equalities (transitive hull).

### 5.7.2 GHFieldAssign

(= gradual lifting of GHFieldAssign as function)

$$\frac{\widetilde{\phi_2} = \alpha(\{\phi_2 \mid \phi_1 \in \gamma(\widetilde{\phi_1}) \ \land \ \vdash \{\phi_1\}x.f := y\{\phi_2\}\ \})}{\widetilde{\vdash}\{\widetilde{\phi_1}\}x.f := y\{\widetilde{\phi_2}\}} \text{ GHFIELDASSIGN}$$

Which should be equivalent to this:

$$\begin{array}{c} \vdash C.f:T\\ \phi_1 \implies (x:C)*(y:T)*\mathrm{acc}(x.f)\\ \underline{\phi_2 = (x:C)*(y:T)*\mathrm{acc}(x.f)*(x.f=y)*\phi_1[\mathbf{w/o}\ \mathrm{acc}(x.f)]}\\ \frac{\tilde{\vdash}\{\phi_1\}x.f:=y\{\phi_2\}} \end{array}$$
 GHFA1

$$\begin{split} & \vdash C.f: T \\ ? * \phi_1 \xrightarrow{\Longrightarrow} _{\phi_m} (x:C) * \operatorname{acc}(x.f) \\ \frac{\phi_2 = (x:C) * \operatorname{acc}(x.f) * (x.f = y) * \phi_m[\mathbf{w/o} \ \operatorname{acc}(x.f)]}{\widetilde{\vdash} \{? * \phi_1\} x.f := y \{? * \phi_2\}} \text{ GHFA2} \end{split}$$

Which should be summarizable as this:

$$\begin{split} & \vdash C.f:T \\ & \widetilde{\phi_1} \Longrightarrow_{\widetilde{\phi_m}} (x:C) * (y:T) * \mathrm{acc}(x.f) \\ & \widetilde{\phi_2} = (x:C) * \mathrm{acc}(x.f) * (x.f = y) * \widetilde{\phi_m} [\mathbf{w/o} \ \mathrm{acc}(x.f)] \\ & \widetilde{\vdash} \{\widetilde{\phi_1}\} x.f := y \{\widetilde{\phi_2}\} \end{split}$$
 GHFA

Which for well-formed programs is equivalent to:

$$\begin{split} & \vdash C.f:T \\ \phi_1 \implies (x:C)*(y:T) & \widetilde{\phi_1} \overset{}{\Longrightarrow} \operatorname{acc}(x.f) \\ & \underbrace{\widetilde{\phi_2} = (x:C)*(y:T)*\operatorname{acc}(x.f)*(x.f=y)*\widetilde{\phi_1}[\mathbf{w/o}\ \operatorname{acc}(x.f)]}_{\widetilde{\vdash}\{\widetilde{\phi_1}\}x.f:=y\{\widetilde{\phi_2}\}} & \mathrm{GHFA} \end{split}$$

Observations:

- $\bullet$   $\widetilde{\phi_m}$  is the interior (first argument) of the implication, effectively the meet of first and second argument.
- for the gradual rules to work, the  $\mathbf{w}/\mathbf{o}$ -operator **must** be implemented with minimal information loss

#### 5.8 Theorems

### **5.8.1** Soundness of $\alpha$

$$\forall \overline{\phi} : \overline{\phi} \subseteq \gamma(\alpha(\overline{\phi}))$$

### **5.8.2** Optimality of $\alpha$

$$\forall \overline{\phi}, \widetilde{\phi}: \overline{\phi} \subseteq \gamma(\widetilde{\phi}) \implies \gamma(\alpha(\overline{\phi})) \subseteq \gamma(\widetilde{\phi})$$

- 6 Theorems
- **6.1** Invariant  $invariant(H, \rho, A_d, \phi)$
- 6.1.1 Phi valid

$$\vdash_{\mathtt{sfrm}} \phi$$

6.1.2 Phi holds

$$H, \rho, A_d \vDash \phi$$

6.1.3 Types preserved

$$\forall e, T : \phi \vdash e : T$$
  
 $\implies H, \rho \vdash e : T$ 

6.1.4 Heap consistent

$$\begin{aligned} \forall o, C, \mu, f, T : H(o) &= (C, \mu) \\ &\implies \texttt{fieldType}(C, f) = T \\ &\implies H, \rho \vdash \mu(f) : T \end{aligned}$$

6.1.5 Heap not total

$$\exists o_{min}:$$
  $\forall o \geq o_{min}: o \not\in dom(H)$   $\land \forall f, (o, f) \not\in A$ 

- 6.2 Soundness
- 6.2.1 Progress

$$\forall \dots : \vdash \{\phi_1\}s'\{\phi_2\}$$

$$\implies invariant(H_1, \rho_1, A_1, \phi_1)$$

$$\implies \exists H_2, \rho_2, A_2 : (H_1, (\rho_1, A_1, s'; \overline{s}) \cdot S) \rightarrow^* (H_2, (\rho_2, A_2, \overline{s}) \cdot S)$$

6.2.2 Preservation

$$\forall \dots : \vdash \{\phi_1\}s'\{\phi_2\}$$

$$\implies invariant(H_1, \rho_1, A_1, \phi_1)$$

$$\implies (H_1, (\rho_1, A_1, s'; \overline{s}) \cdot S) \rightarrow^* (H_2, (\rho_2, A_2, \overline{s}) \cdot S)$$

$$\implies invariant(H_2, \rho_2, A_2, \phi_2)$$