1 Syntax

```
:= \overline{cls} \ \overline{s}
program
                              ::= class \ C \ \{\overline{field} \ \overline{method}\}
cls
field
                              := T f;
                              ::= T \ m(T \ x) \ contract \ \{\overline{s}\}
method
contract
                              ::= requires \phi; ensures \phi;
                              ::= \mathtt{int} \ | \ C
T
                               := x.f := y; \mid x := e; \mid x := \text{new } C; \mid x := y.m(z);
s
                               | return x; | assert \phi; | release \phi; | T x;
                               ::= true \mid e=e \mid e \neq e \mid \mathtt{acc}(x.f) \mid x:T \mid \phi * \phi
φ
                               ::=v\mid x\mid e.f
                               ::= this | result | \langle other \rangle
                              ::= o \mid n \mid \mathtt{null}
v
                              \in \mathbb{Z}
n
                              \in (o \rightharpoonup (C, \overline{(f \rightharpoonup v)}))
H
                              \in (x \rightharpoonup v)
                             ::=\overline{(x,f)}
A_s
                              := \overline{(o, f)}
A_d
                              ::= (\rho, A_d, \overline{s}) \cdot S \mid nil
S
```

2 Assumptions

All the rules in the following sections are implicitly parameterized over a programp that is well-formed.

2.0.1 Well-formed program (program OK)

$$\frac{\overline{cls_i} \ \mathtt{OK}}{(\overline{cls_i} \ \overline{s}) \ \mathtt{OKPROGRAM}}$$

2.0.2 Well-formed class ($cls \ OK$)

$$\frac{\text{unique } field\text{-names} \quad \text{unique } method\text{-names} \quad \overline{method_i \text{ OK in } C}}{\left(\text{class } C \text{ } \{\overline{field_i} \text{ } \overline{method_i}\}\right) \text{ OKCLASS}}$$

2.0.3 Well-formed method (method OK in C)

$$FV(\phi_1) \subseteq \{x, \texttt{this}\} \qquad FV(\phi_2) \subseteq \{x, \texttt{this}, \texttt{result}\} \\ \vdash \{x : T_x * \texttt{this} : C * \phi_1\} \overline{s} \{x : T_x * \texttt{this} : C * \texttt{result} : T_m * \phi_2\} \\ \frac{\emptyset \vdash_{\texttt{sfrm}} x : T_x * \texttt{this} : C * \phi_1 \qquad \emptyset \vdash_{\texttt{sfrm}} x : T_x * \texttt{this} : C * \texttt{result} : T_m * \phi_2}{(T_m \ m(T_x \ x) \ \texttt{requires} \ \phi_1; \ \texttt{ensures} \ \phi_2; \ \{\overline{s}\}) \ \texttt{OK} \ \texttt{in} \ C} \\ \text{OKCLASS}$$

3 Static semantics

3.1 Expressions $(A_s \vdash_{\mathtt{sfrm}} e)$

$$\frac{}{A \vdash_{\mathtt{sfrm}} x} \text{WFVAR}$$

$$\frac{}{A \vdash_{\mathtt{sfrm}} v} \mathsf{WFValue}$$

$$\frac{(x,f) \in A}{A \vdash_{\mathtt{sfrm}} x.f} \mathsf{WFField}$$

3.2 Formulas $(A_s \vdash_{\mathtt{sfrm}} \phi)$

$$\frac{}{A \vdash_{\mathtt{sfrm}} \mathtt{true}} \ \mathrm{WFTRUE}$$

$$\frac{A \vdash_{\mathtt{sfrm}} e_1 \quad A \vdash_{\mathtt{sfrm}} e_2}{A \vdash_{\mathtt{sfrm}} (e_1 = e_2)} \text{ WFEQUAL}$$

$$\frac{A \vdash_{\mathtt{sfrm}} e_1 \qquad A \vdash_{\mathtt{sfrm}} e_2}{A \vdash_{\mathtt{sfrm}} (e_1 \neq e_2)} \text{ WFNEQUAL}$$

$$\frac{}{A \vdash_{\mathtt{sfrm}} \mathtt{acc}(x.f)} \mathsf{WFAcc}$$

$$\overline{A \vdash_{\mathtt{sfrm}} x : T} \ \mathrm{WFTYPE}$$

$$\frac{A_s \vdash_{\mathtt{sfrm}} \phi_1 \qquad A_s \cup \lfloor \phi_1 \rfloor \vdash_{\mathtt{sfrm}} \phi_2}{A_s \vdash_{\mathtt{sfrm}} \phi_1 * \phi_2} \text{ WFSepOp}$$

3.2.1 Implication $(\phi_1 \Longrightarrow \phi_2)$

Conservative approx. of $\phi_1 \implies \phi_2$.

3.3 Footprint $(|\phi| = A_s)$

$$\begin{array}{ll} \lfloor \mathtt{true} \rfloor & = \emptyset \\ \lfloor e_1 = e_2 \rfloor & = \emptyset \\ \lfloor e_1 \neq e_2 \rfloor & = \emptyset \\ \lfloor \mathsf{acc}(x.f) \rfloor & = \{(x,f)\} \\ \lfloor \phi_1 * \phi_2 \rfloor & = \lfloor \phi_1 \rfloor \cup \lfloor \phi_2 \rfloor \end{array}$$

3.4 Type $(\phi \vdash e : T)$

$$\frac{}{\phi \vdash v_T : T}$$
 STVALUE

$$\frac{\phi \implies (x:T)}{\phi \vdash x:T} \text{ STVAR}$$

$$\frac{\phi \vdash e : C \qquad \vdash C.f : T}{\phi \vdash e.f : T} \text{ STFIELD}$$

3.5 Hoare $(\vdash \{\phi\}\overline{s}\{\phi\})$

$$\frac{\vdash \{\phi_p\}s_1\{\phi_{q1}\} \quad \phi_{q1} \Longrightarrow \phi_{q2} \quad \vdash \{\phi_{q2}\}s_2\{\phi_r\}}{\vdash \{\phi_p\}s_1; s_2\{\phi_r\}} \text{ HSec}$$

$$\frac{\phi \implies \phi' \quad \emptyset \vdash_{\mathtt{sfrm}} \phi' \quad x \not\in FV(\phi') \quad \phi \vdash x : C \quad \mathtt{fields}(C) = \overline{f}}{\vdash \{\phi\}x := \mathsf{new} \ C\{\overline{\mathtt{acc}(x,f_i)} * x : C * (x \neq \mathtt{null}) * \phi'\}} \ \mathsf{HNewObJ}$$

$$\frac{\phi_1 \vdash x : T \qquad \phi_1 \vdash e : T \qquad \phi_1 = \phi_2[e/x] \qquad \emptyset \vdash_{\mathtt{sfrm}} \phi_1 \qquad \lfloor \phi_1 \rfloor \vdash_{\mathtt{sfrm}} e}{\vdash \{\phi_1\}x := e\{\phi_2\}} \text{ HVarAssign}$$

$$\frac{\phi \implies \phi' \qquad \emptyset \vdash_{\mathtt{sfrm}} \phi' \qquad \mathtt{result} \not\in FV(\phi') \qquad \phi \vdash x : T \qquad \phi \vdash \mathtt{result} : T}{\vdash \{\phi\}\mathtt{return} \ x\{\mathtt{result} : T * (\mathtt{result} = x) * \phi'\}} \ \mathrm{HRETURN}$$

$$\frac{\phi_1 \implies \phi_2}{\vdash \{\phi_1\} \text{assert } \phi_2 \{\phi_1\}} \text{ HASSERT}$$

$$\frac{\phi_1 \implies \phi_2 * \phi_r \qquad \emptyset \vdash_{\mathtt{sfrm}} \phi_r}{\vdash \{\phi_1\}\mathtt{release} \ \phi_2 \{\phi_r\}} \ \mathrm{HRELEASE}$$

$$\frac{\phi \implies \phi' \qquad \emptyset \vdash_{\mathtt{sfrm}} \phi' \qquad x \not\in FV(\phi')}{\vdash \{\phi\}T \ x\{x : T * (x = \mathtt{defaultValue}(T)) * \phi'\}} \ \mathrm{HDeclare}$$

4 Dynamic semantics

4.1 Expressions $(H, \rho \vdash e \Downarrow v)$

$$\frac{1}{H, \rho \vdash x \Downarrow \rho(x)}$$
 EEVAR

$$\overline{H, \rho \vdash v \Downarrow v}$$
 EEVALUE

$$\frac{H, \rho \vdash x \Downarrow o}{H, \rho \vdash x.f \Downarrow H(o)(f)} \text{ EEAcc}$$

4.2 Formulas $(H, \rho, A \vDash \phi)$

$$\overline{H, \rho, A \vDash \mathtt{true}}$$
 EATRUE

$$\frac{H, \rho \vdash e_1 \Downarrow v_1 \qquad H, \rho \vdash e_2 \Downarrow v_2 \qquad v_1 = v_2}{H, \rho, A \vDash (e_1 = e_2)} \text{ EAEQUAL}$$

$$\frac{H, \rho \vdash e_1 \Downarrow v_1 \qquad H, \rho \vdash e_2 \Downarrow v_2 \qquad v_1 \neq v_2}{H, \rho, A \vDash (e_1 \neq e_2)} \text{ EANEQUAL}$$

$$\frac{\rho(x) = o \qquad (o, f) \in A}{H, \rho, A \vDash acc(x.f)}$$
EAACC

$$\frac{\rho(x) = v_T}{H, \rho, A \vDash x : T} \text{ EATYPE}$$

$$\frac{A_1 = A \backslash A_2 \qquad H, \rho, A_1 \vDash \phi_1 \qquad H, \rho, A_2 \vDash \phi_2}{H, \rho, A \vDash \phi_1 * \phi_2} \text{ EASEPOP}$$

We give a denotational semantics of formulas as $\llbracket \phi \rrbracket = \{ (H, \rho, A) \mid H, \rho, A \vDash \phi \}$ Note: ϕ satisfiable $\iff \llbracket \phi \rrbracket \neq \emptyset$

4.2.1 Implication $(\phi_1 \implies \phi_2)$

$$\phi_1 \implies \phi_2 \qquad \Longleftrightarrow \qquad \llbracket \phi_1 \rrbracket \subseteq \llbracket \phi_2 \rrbracket$$

4.3 Footprint $(\lfloor \phi \rfloor_{H,\rho} = A_d)$

$$\begin{array}{ll} \lfloor \mathtt{true} \rfloor_{H,\rho} & = \emptyset \\ \lfloor e_1 = e_2 \rfloor_{H,\rho} & = \emptyset \\ \lfloor e_1 \neq e_2 \rfloor_{H,\rho} & = \emptyset \\ \lfloor \mathsf{acc}(e.f) \rfloor_{H,\rho} & = \{(o,f)\} \text{ where } H, \rho \vdash e \Downarrow o \\ \lfloor \phi_1 * \phi_2 \rfloor_{H,\rho} & = \lfloor \phi_1 \rfloor_{H,\rho} \cup \lfloor \phi_2 \rfloor_{H,\rho} \end{array}$$

4.4 Type $(H, \rho \vdash e : T)$

$$\frac{H, \rho \vdash e \Downarrow v_T}{H, \rho \vdash e : T} \text{ DTEVAL}$$

4.5 Small-step $((H,S) \rightarrow (H,S))$

$$\frac{H, \rho \vdash x \Downarrow o \quad H, \rho \vdash y \Downarrow v_y \quad (o, f) \in A \quad H' = H[o \mapsto [f \mapsto v_y]]}{(H, (\rho, A, x.f := y; \overline{s}) \cdot S) \to (H', (\rho, A, \overline{s}) \cdot S)}$$
ESFIELDASSIGN

$$\frac{H, \rho \vdash e \Downarrow v \qquad \rho' = \rho[x \mapsto v]}{(H, (\rho, A, x := e; \overline{s}) \cdot S) \to (H, (\rho', A, \overline{s}) \cdot S)} \text{ ESVARASSIGN}$$

$$\frac{o \not\in \text{dom}(H)}{\rho' = \rho[x \mapsto o]} \quad \begin{array}{ll} \text{fields}(C) = \overline{T} \ \overline{f} \\ A' = A * \overline{(o, f_i)} & H' = H[o \mapsto \overline{[f \mapsto \text{defaultValue}(T)]}] \\ \overline{(H, (\rho, A, x := \text{new } C; \overline{s}) \cdot S)} \to (H', (\rho', A', \overline{s}) \cdot S) \end{array} \\ \text{ESNewObstantial}$$

$$\frac{H, \rho \vdash x \Downarrow v_x \qquad \rho' = \rho[\mathtt{result} \mapsto v_x]}{(H, (\rho, A, \mathtt{return} \ x; \overline{s}) \cdot S) \to (H, (\rho', A, \overline{s}) \cdot S)} \text{ ESRETURN}$$

$$H, \rho \vdash y \Downarrow o \qquad H, \rho \vdash z \Downarrow v \\ H(o) = (C, _) \qquad \text{mmethod}(C, m) = T_r \ m(T \ w) \ \text{requires} \ \phi; \ \text{ensures} \ _; \ \{\overline{r}\} \\ \underline{\rho' = [\text{result} \mapsto \text{defaultValue}(T_r), \text{this} \mapsto o, w \mapsto v] \qquad H, \rho', A \vDash \phi \qquad A' = \lfloor \phi \rfloor_{H, \rho'}} \\ (H, (\rho, A, x := y.m(z); \overline{s}) \cdot S) \rightarrow (H, (\rho', A', \overline{r}) \cdot (\rho, A \setminus A', x := y.m(z); \overline{s}) \cdot S) \\ \text{ESAPP}$$

$$\frac{H, \rho \vdash y \Downarrow o \qquad H(o) = (C, _)}{H, \rho', A' \vDash \phi \qquad A'' = \lfloor \phi \rfloor_{H, \rho'} \qquad H, \rho' \vdash \texttt{result} \Downarrow v_r} \\ \frac{\texttt{mpost}(C, m) = \phi \qquad H, \rho', A' \vDash \phi \qquad A'' = \lfloor \phi \rfloor_{H, \rho'} \qquad H, \rho' \vdash \texttt{result} \Downarrow v_r}{(H, (\rho', A', \emptyset) \cdot (\rho, A, x := y.m(z); \overline{s}) \cdot S) \rightarrow (H, (\rho[x \mapsto v_r], A * A'', \overline{s}) \cdot S)} \\ \texttt{ESAPPFINISH}$$

$$\frac{H, \rho, A \vDash \phi}{(H, (\rho, A, \mathtt{assert} \ \phi; \overline{s}) \cdot S) \to (H, (\rho, A, \overline{s}) \cdot S)} \text{ ESASSERT}$$

$$\frac{H,\rho,A\vDash\phi\qquad A'=A\setminus\lfloor\phi\rfloor_{H,\rho}}{(H,(\rho,A,\mathtt{release}\;\phi;\overline{s})\cdot S)\to (H,(\rho,A',\overline{s})\cdot S)}\;\mathsf{ESRelease}$$

$$\frac{\rho' = \rho[x \mapsto \mathtt{defaultValue}(T)]}{(H, (\rho, A, T \ x; \overline{s}) \cdot S) \to (H, (\rho', A, \overline{s}) \cdot S)} \text{ ESDECLARE}$$

5 Gradualization

5.1 Syntax

$$\widetilde{\phi} ::= \phi \mid \phi * ?$$

Note: allowing? at different position is hardly useful

- dynamically: order makes no difference
- statically: Imagine substituting? with acc(x.f) * [...]. The only time this makes sense to **not** put to the very right is when there are expressions containing x.f (in the non-gradual part). In other words, there are expressions that are framed only when? is substituted in a specific way. But then why not require the necessary framing in the non-gradual part as well, i.e. why not simply **write out** acc(x.f) instead of relying on a substitution? Corollary: The non-gradual part of $\widetilde{\phi}$ should be self-framed.

5.1.1 Discussion

- We want $\phi *? \implies \phi$ for all ϕ
- Meaning of $\vdash \{\phi_1 *?\}\overline{s}\{\phi_2\}$ compared to $\vdash \{\phi_1\}\overline{s}\{\phi_2\}$?
 - Caller: nothing
 - Callee: verification succeeds as long as there exists a (satisfiable) instantiation that makes proof about method body work.
- Meaning of $\vdash \{\phi_1\}\overline{s}\{\phi_2*?\}$ compared to $\vdash \{\phi_1\}\overline{s}\{\phi_2\}?$
 - Caller: verification succeeds as long as there exists a (satisfiable) instantiation that makes upcoming proofs work.
 - Callee: nothing

5.2 Concretization A

$$\gamma(\phi) = \{ \phi' \mid \phi' \iff \phi \}
\gamma(\phi *?) = \{ \phi' \mid \exists \phi_x : \phi * \phi_x \iff \phi' \}
= \{ \phi' \mid \phi' \implies \phi \}$$

5.3 Abstraction (to show: (ϕ, \Longrightarrow) is lattice)

$$\alpha(\overline{\phi}) = (\Box \overline{\phi}) * ?$$

5.4 Concretization B (as in better)

$$\gamma(\phi) = \{ \phi \}
\gamma(\phi *?) = \{ \phi * \phi_x \mid \exists \phi_x : \llbracket \phi * \phi_x \rrbracket \neq \emptyset \}$$

5.5 Abstraction (to show: (ϕ, \Longrightarrow) is lattice)

$$\begin{array}{ll} \alpha(\{\ \phi\ \}) & = \phi \\ \alpha(\overline{\phi}) & = (\bigcap \overline{\phi}) *? \end{array}$$

Note: $\gamma(\phi*?)$ contains $\phi*$ true which is obviously implies by all the other members of the set, so $\prod \gamma(\phi*?) = \phi*$ true *?.

It feels like the operations on ϕ -sets we will encounter will preserve this property of $\Box \overline{\phi}$ actually being a well-known member of $\overline{\phi}$.

5.6 Theorems

5.6.1 Soundness of α

$$\forall \overline{\phi} : \overline{\phi} \subseteq \gamma(\alpha(\overline{\phi}))$$

5.6.2 Optimality of α

$$\forall \overline{\phi}, \widetilde{\phi}: \overline{\phi} \subseteq \gamma(\widetilde{\phi}) \implies \gamma(\alpha(\overline{\phi})) \subseteq \gamma(\widetilde{\phi})$$

7

- 6 Theorems
- **6.1** Invariant $invariant(H, \rho, A_d, \phi)$
- 6.1.1 Heap consistent

$$\begin{split} \forall x, o, C : \rho(x) &= o_C \implies \\ \exists f_C, m : \mathtt{fields}(C) &= f_C \\ &\wedge H(o_C) = (C, m) \\ &\wedge (\forall (T, f) \in f_C : H, \rho \vdash m(f) : T) \end{split}$$

6.1.2 Phi self-framed

$$\vdash_{\mathtt{sfrm}} \phi$$

6.1.3 Phi holds

$$H, \rho, A_d \vDash \phi$$

6.1.4 Types preserved

$$\forall e, T : \phi \vdash e : T$$
$$\implies H, \rho \vdash e : T$$

- 6.2 Soundness
- 6.2.1 Progress

$$\forall \dots : \vdash \{\phi_1\}s'\{\phi_2\}$$

$$\implies invariant(H_1, \rho_1, A_1, \phi_1)$$

$$\implies \exists H_2, \rho_2, A_2 : (H_1, (\rho_1, A_1, s'; \overline{s}) \cdot S) \rightarrow^* (H_2, (\rho_2, A_2, \overline{s}) \cdot S)$$

6.2.2 Preservation

$$\forall \dots : \quad \vdash \{\phi_1\}s'\{\phi_2\}$$

$$\implies invariant(H_1, \rho_1, A_1, \phi_1)$$

$$\implies (H_1, (\rho_1, A_1, s'; \overline{s}) \cdot S) \rightarrow^* (H_2, (\rho_2, A_2, \overline{s}) \cdot S)$$

$$\implies invariant(H_2, \rho_2, A_2, \phi_2)$$