The Ships Game

This is a documentation of the Ships game, which is based on the package of 'Simon Tatham's Portable Puzzle Collection'. Find the hidden ships.

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Chapter 1: How to compile the code

The code is written in C. Because it is based on the package of 'Simon Tatham's Portable Puzzle Collection', it must be compiled as if it were a part of the package. Specifically, in Linux do the following:

- 1. Copy the file ships.c to the source directory of the 'Collection'.
- 2. Add the game specification to the CMakeLists.txt file:

```
puzzle(ships
  DISPLAYNAME "Ships"
  DESCRIPTION "Ship-finding puzzle"
  OBJECTIVE "Find the hidden ships."
)
```

3. Execute the commands:

```
cmake -S <source_directory>
cmake --build <build_directory>
```

To run the game, execute the file ships in the <build_directory>.

Chapter 2: How to play

The aim of the game is to determine the positions of ships in a grid, given the sum totals of ship cells per row or column. A ship is a sequence of grid cells in the horizontal or vertical direction. The ships cannot touch each other horizontally, vertically or diagonally.

The sum totals of rows and columns are specified on the left of and above the grid, respectively. The lengths of the ships to find are listed below the grid, in the line beginning with the word 'ships'. There are as many ships as the lengths specified.

The end cells of a ship are marked by *triangles* that point along the ship axis in the directions away from the inner cells. The inner cells are marked by *squares*. In the special case of a one-cell ship, the cell is marked by a *rhombus*. A cell not occupied by a ship can be marked by a *dot*, but this is not required to solve the puzzle. To indicate that a cell is occupied by a ship, it can be temporarily filled with a *white background*; to solve the puzzle, the cell must be eventually marked with a triangle, a square or a rhombus.

2.1 Ships controls

In order to mark a cell, to change the mark or to remove it, you can place a cursor there with a mouse click and then left-click one of the nine squares below the grid. As explained above, the marks have the following meaning (from left to right):

- remove the mark (empty cell);
- cell not occupied (dot);
- cell occupied (filled background);
- upper end of a vertically oriented ship (triangle pointed upwards);
- right end of a horizontally oriented ship (triangle pointed rightwards);
- lower end of a vertically oriented ship (triangle pointed downwards);
- left end of a horizontally oriented ship (triangle pointed leftwards);
- one-cell ship (rhombus);
- inner cell of a ship (square).

Alternatively, the marks of a cell can be switched by consecutively pressing *Enter* or *right*-clicking the mouse. The cursor can be moved around the grid by using the *arrow keys*.

Some cells are marked at the time of generating the puzzle. They can be distinguished by a thicker border. The marks of these cells cannot be changed, with the exception of cells with filled background (and blue border), where a triangle, a square or a rhombus are to be placed during the game.

The sum totals for rows and columns can be left-clicked to mark them done (grey them out) or unmark them again. Completed ships are greyed out automatically (which does not necessarily mean, however, that their positions are correct).

(All the actions described in section 2.1 of the documentation of 'Simon Tatham's Portable Puzzle Collection' are also available.)

2.2 Ships parameters

These parameters are available from the 'Custom...' option on the 'Type' menu.

Height, Width

Size of grid in squares.

Difficulty

Controls the difficulty of the generated puzzle. At the Basic and Intermediate levels the onecell ships are avoided (they are more difficult to find). At the Advanced and Extreme levels some of the sum totals for rows and columns may be hidden. The Extreme and, possibly, Advanced levels may require backtracking.

Appendix A: Licence

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