17470

21314 3 Hours / 100 Marks Seat No.

- Instructions (1) All Questions are Compulsory.
 - (2) Illustrate your answers with neat sketches wherever necessary.
 - (3) Figures to the right indicate full marks.
 - (4) Assume suitable data, if necessary.
 - (5) Use of Non-programmable Electronic Pocket Calculator is permissible.
 - (6) Mobile Phone, Pager and any other Electronic Communication devices are not permissible in Examination Hall.

Marks

1. Attempt any <u>TEN</u> of the following:

20

- a) State the units of viscosity and density.
- b) Write the expression for equation of continuity.
- c) Write the working principle of venturimeter.
- d) Classify the various flow measuring devices.
- e) Define sensible heat and latent heat.
- f) Define heat transfer operation.
- g) What do you mean by "forced convection"?
- h) What is "eddy diffusion"?
- i) State any two applications of evaporation.

17470		[2] M a	
	j) k)	Define the terms "dry bulb" and "wet bulb" temperature. Explain the term "percent humidity" and "humidity".	II KS
	1)	Distinguish between micro and ultrafiltration.	
2.		Attempt any FOUR of the following:	16
	a)	Write any four characteristics of Ideal fluid.	
	b)	State Bernoulli's equation and state its three significances.	
	c)	Explain the construction of venturimeter.	
	d)	Explain heat flow through thick cylindrical pipe.	
	e)	State any four applications of convection heat transfer to textile industry.	
	f)	Define distillation and write its three applications.	
3.		Attempt any FOUR of the following:	16
a)		Explain the terms:	
		i) Thermal conductivity and	

- ii) Heat transfer rate
- b) Explain the concept of "Black body radiation".
- c) Distinguish between absorption and adsorption with suitable examples.
- d) What is membrane technology? State the advantages of membrane technology in textile industry.
- e) State four importance of humidification in textile mills.
- f) State four need for pumping of liquids.

17470 [3]

1717		[2]	Marks	
4.	4. Attempt any <u>FOUR</u> of the following:			
	a)	What are non Newtonian fluids? State its three properties.		
	b)	Explain Reynolds experiment for fluid flow through pipes.		

- c) Explain construction of orifice meter with a neat sketch.
- d) State the difference between "thermal conductivity and thermal diffusivity.
- e) Explain the terms with example:
 - i) Diffusion coefficient.
 - ii) Molecular diffusion
- f) What is ultrafiltration? State its two applications.

5. Attempt any <u>FOUR</u> of the following:

16

- a) State any four importance of fluid flow studies to textiles.
- b) State different types of pipe fittings and state its four purposes.
- c) Write the statement of basic laws of radiation and state its two applications.
- d) Explain capillary theory of drying.
- e) Explain reverse osmosis in detail with a neat sketch.
- f) Write a note on "energy conservation" in textiles.

17470 [4]

-	_	
		Marks

6. Attempt any <u>FOUR</u> of the following:

16

- a) Define fluid and density. State Newton's law of viscosity.
- b) Explain the concept of "Friction factor".
- c) Explain the working of centrifugal pump.
- d) Define heat transfer coefficient and state Newton's law of coding.
- e) State any four applications of drying techniques to textile industry.
- f) Explain the terms:
 - i) Filter media
 - ii) Filter aids
 - iii) Membrane separation
 - iv) Filtration.