

17548

14115

3 Hours/100 Marks	Soat N

Seat No.				

- **Instructions**: (1) **All** questions are **compulsory**.
 - (2) Answer each next main Question on a new page.
 - (3) Illustrate your answers with neat sketches wherever necessary.
 - (4) Figures to the **right** indicate **full** marks.
 - (5) Assume suitable data, if necessary.
 - (6) Mobile Phone, Pager and any other Electronic Communication devices are not permissible in Examination Hall.

MARKS

1. A) Answer any three:

 $(3 \times 4 = 12)$

- a) Explain the importance of testing. Give four major reasons of testing.
- b) Explain general stress-strain curve with a neat figure.
- c) Describe operation of parallel beam gloss-meter with a diagram.
- d) Define dielectric constant of an insulating material. Write mathematical expression for it.
- e) Explain with a diagram, horizontal position flammability test of a plastic.

B) Answer any one:

 $(1 \times 6 = 6)$

- a) Explain the method to determine tensile strength of plastic material. Draw a labelled figure of the specimen to be used. Name two factors affecting the test results.
- b) i) Define heat deflection temperature of a plastic.

2

ii) Explain the standard test method of its determination.

4



M	ARKS
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2.	Answer any two :	(2×8=16)

a) i) Define hardness.

1

5

3

5

ii) Explain stepwise procedure to find Rockwell hardness of a plastic material. 7

b) i) Describe a method to determine dielectric strength of a plastic with a neat figure.

- ii) State the factors affecting the test results of this method.
- c) i) State the factors producing environmental stress cracking in plastics. 3
 - ii) Describe the method of determination of environmental stress cracking of plastic with a neat figure.

3. Answer any four:

 $(4 \times 4 = 16)$

- a) What do abbreviations: ASTM, ISO, IS, BIS stands for? Write one function of each.
- b) Explain with a labelled diagram, the principle of drop impact test.
- c) Explain the terms 'surface resistivity' and 'volume resistivity'.
- d) Explain oxygen index test with a neat figure.
- e) Describe principle involved in Thermo Gravimetric Analysis (TGA). Draw neat figure of TGA thermogram.

4. A) Answer any three:

 $(3 \times 4 = 12)$

- a) Define specific gravity and density of a plastic material. State their units.
- b) i) Define refractive index. Write mathematical expression for it.
 - ii) List two methods of determination of refractive index.
- c) Explain stain resistance of plastics. Enlist any four staining reagents for plastics.



Mark	s
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- d) Explain with a neat figure the vertical position flammability test of plastic.
- e) Describe principle involved in Differential Scanning Colorimetry (DSC).

 Draw neat figure of DSC thermogram.

B) Answer any one:

 $(1 \times 6 = 6)$

a) What do you mean by vicat softening temperature?

Explain the standard test method for vicat softening temperature determination.

5

1

b) Explain test procedure to calculate haze percentage with a schematic figure of a haze meter.

5. Answer any two:

 $(2 \times 8 = 16)$

- a) What do you mean by arc resistance of plastic material? Describe arc resistance test with a neat figure.
- b) i) Describe outdoor exposure test for studying the resistance of plastic materials to fungi and bacteria.

6

ii) Write down the limitations of this test.

2

c) i) Explain a test for determination of Melt Flow Index (MFI) of a plastic material.

5

3

ii) Write factors affecting the test result of this method.



MARKS

- 6. Answer any four: (4×4=16)
 - a) Define: Creep. Explain generalised creep curve with a diagram.
 - b) Distinguish between: haze and gloss.
 - c) Explain the test procedure for exposure of plastics to carbon arc lamp.
 - d) Explain spiral mold test of thermoset plastic with a neat figure of test specimen.
 - e) Explain burst test for rigid pipe.