Basic Mathematics (common) Course Code:

Maharashtra State Board of Technical Education (MSBTE)

I – Scheme

II – Semester Course Curriculum

Course Title: **Basic Mathematics** (Common)

(Course Code:)

Diploma Programme in which this course is offered	Semester in which offered
Common to all programmes	First

1. RATIONALE

Mathematics is the core course to develop the competencies of most of the technological courses. This basic course of Mathematics is being introduced as a foundation which will help in developing the competency and the requisite course outcomes in most of the engineering diploma programmes to cater to the needs of the industry and thereby enhance the employability. This course is an attempt to initiate the multi-dimensional logical thinking and reasoning capabilities. It will help to apply the principles of basic mathematics to solve related technology problems. Hence, the course provides the insight to analyze engineering problems scientifically using logarithms, determinants, matrices, trigonometry, coordinate geometry, mensuration and statistics.

2. COMPETENCY

The aim of this course is to help the student to attain the following industry identified competency through various teaching learning experiences:

• Solve broad-based technology problems using the principles of basic mathematics.

3. COURSE OUTCOMES (COs)

The theory, practical experiences and relevant soft skills associated with this course are to be taught and implemented, so that the student demonstrates the following *industry oriented* COs associated with the above mentioned competency:

- a. Apply the concepts of algebra to solve engineering related problems.
- b. Utilize basic concepts of trigonometry to solve elementary engineering problems.
- c. Solve basic engineering problems under given conditions of straight lines.
- d. Solve the problems based on measurement of regular closed figures and regular solids.
- e. Use basic concepts of statistics to solve engineering related problems.

4. TEACHING AND EXAMINATION SCHEME

Teac	ching Scl	heme	Total Credits	Examination Scheme						
((In Hours)		(L+T+P)	Theory Marks		Theory Marks		Practica	al Marks	Total Marks
L	Т	P	C	ESE	PA	ESE	PA			
4	2	_	6	70	30*	-	-	100		

(*): Under the theory PA, Out of 30 marks, 10 marks are for micro-project assessment to facilitate integration of COs and the remaining 20 marks is the average of 2 tests to be taken during the semester for the assessment of the cognitive domain LOs required for the attainment of the COs.

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Legends: L-Lecture; T – Tutorial/Teacher Guided Theory Practice; P - Practical; C – Credit, ESE - End Semester Examination; PA - Progressive Assessment.

5. COURSE MAP (with sample COs, Learning Outcomes i.e.LOs and topics)

This course map illustrates an overview of the flow and linkages of the topics at various levels of outcomes (details in subsequent sections) to be attained by the student by the end of the course, in all domains of learning in terms of the industry/employer identified competency depicted at the centre of this map.

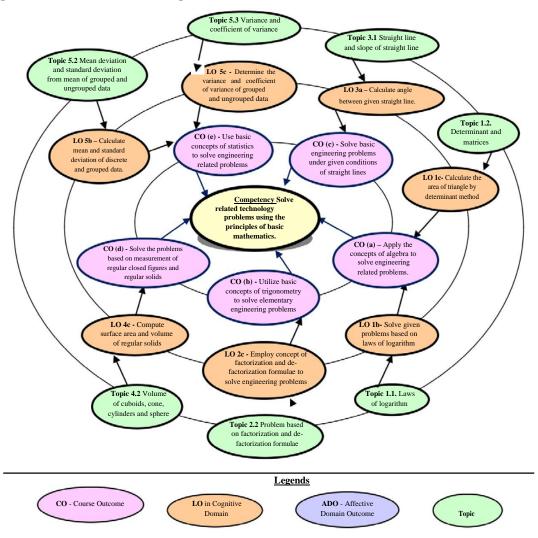


Figure 1 - Course Map

6. SUGGESTED PRACTICALS/ EXERCISES

The tutorials in this section are LOs (i.e.sub- components of the COs) to be developed and assessed in the student to lead to the attainment of the competency.

S. No.	Tutorials	Unit No.	Appro. Hrs. required
1	Solve simple problems of Logarithms based on definition and laws.	I	2
2	Solve problems on determinant to find area of triangle, and solution	I	2

S.		Unit	Appro.
No.	Tutorials	No.	Hrs.
			required
	of simultaneous equation by Cramer's Rules.	-	
3	Solve elementary problems on Algebra of matrices.	I	2
4	Solve solution of Simultaneous Equation using inversion method.	I	2
5	Resolve into partial fraction using linear non repeated, repeated, and	I	2
	irreducible factors.		2
6	Solve problems on Compound, Allied, multiple and sub multiple	II	2
6	angles.		2
7	Practice problems on factorization and de factorization.	II	2
8	Solve problems on inverse circular trigonometric ratios.	II	2
9	Practice problems on equation of straight lines using different forms.	III	2
10	Solve problems on perpendicular distance, distance between two	III	2
10	parallel lines, and angle between two lines.		2
11	Solve problems on Area, such as rectangle, triangle, and circle.	IV	2
12	Solve problems on surface and volume, sphere, cylinder and cone.	IV	2
10	Solve practice problems on the surface area, volumes and its	IV	2
13	applications.		2
	Solve problems on finding range, coefficient of range and mean	V	
14	deviation.		2
15	Solve problems on standard deviation.	V	2
1.5	Solve problems on coefficient of variation and comparison of two	V	_
16	sets.		2
	Total		32

Note: The above tutorial sessions are for guideline only. The remaining tutorial hours are for revision and practice.

7. MAJOR EQUIPMENT/ INSTRUMENTS REQUIRED

- Not applicable -

8. UNDERPINNING THEORY COMPONENTS

The following topics/subtopics should be taught and assessed in order to develop LOs in cognitive domain for achieving the COs to attain the identified competency.

Unit	Major Learning Outcomes	Topics and Sub-topics
	(in cognitive domain)	
Unit – I	1a. Solve the given simple problem	Logarithm: Concept and laws
Algebra base	ed on laws of logarithm. 1b.	of logarithm
	Calculate the area of the given	1.2 Determinant and matrices
	triangle by determinant method.	a. Value of determinant of order 3x3
	1c. Solve given system of linear	b. Solutions of simultaneous
	equations using matrix inversion	equations in three unknowns
	method and by Cramer's rule.	by Cramer's rule.
	1d. Obtain the proper and improper	c. Matrices, algebra of matrices,
	partial fraction for the given	transpose adjoint and inverse of
	simple rational function.	matrices. Solution of
1.1	-	simultaneous equations by
		matrix inversion method.

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Unit	Major Learning Outcomes	Topics and Sub-topics
	(in cognitive domain)	d. Types of partial fraction based on nature of factors and related problems.
Unit- II Trigonome try	 2a. Apply the concept of Compound angle, allied angle, and multiple angles to solve the given simple engineering problem(s). 2b. Apply the concept of Sub- multiple angle to solve the given simple engineering related problem(s). 2c. Employ concept of factorization and de-factorization formulae to solve the given simple engineering problem(s). 2d. Investigate given simple problems utilizing inverse trigonometric ratios. 	 2.1 Trigonometric ratios of Compound, allied, multiple and sub-multiple angles (without proofs) 2.2 Factorization and de-factorization formulae(without proofs) 2.3 Inverse trigonometric ratios and related problem. 2.4 Principle values and relation between trigonometric and inverse trigonometric ratio.
Unit- III Coordinate Geometry	 3a. Calculate angle between given two straight lines. 3b. Formulate equation of straight lines related to given engineering problems. 3c. Identify perpendicular distance from the given point to the line. 3d. Calculate perpendicular distance between the given two parallel lines. 	 3.1 Straight line and slope of straight line a. Angle between two lines. b. Condition of parallel and perpendicular lines. 3.2 Various forms of straight lines. a. Slope point form, two point form. b. Two points intercept form. c. General form. d. Perpendicular distance from a point on the line. e. Perpendicular distance between two parallel lines.
Unit-IV Mensurati on	 4a. Calculate the area of given triangle and circle. 4b. Determine the area of the given square, parallelogram, rhombus and trapezium. 4c. Compute surface area of given cuboids, sphere, cone and cylinder. 4d. Determine volume of given cuboids, sphere, cone and cylinder. 	 4.1 Area of regular closed figures, Area of triangle, square, parallelogram, rhombus, trapezium and circle. 4.2 Volume of cuboids, cone, cylinders and sphere.

Unit	Major Learning Outcomes	Topics and Sub-topics
	(in cognitive domain)	
Unit –V	5a. Obtain the range and coefficient of	5.1 Range, coefficient of range of
Statistics	range of the given grouped and	discrete and grouped data.
	ungrouped data.	5.2 Mean deviation and standard
	5b. Calculate mean and standard	deviation from mean of grouped
	deviation of discrete and grouped	and ungrouped data, weighted
	data related to the given simple	means
	engineering problem.	5.3 Variance and coefficient of
	5c. Determine the variance and	variance.
	coefficient of variance of given	5.4 Comparison of two sets of
	grouped and ungrouped data.	observation.
	5d. Justify the consistency of given	
	simple sets of data.	

Note: To attain the COs and competency, above listed Learning Outcomes (LOs) need to be undertaken to achieve the 'Application Level' of Bloom's 'Cognitive Domain Taxonomy'

9. SUGGESTED SPECIFICATION TABLE FOR QUESTION PAPER DESIGN

Unit	Unit Title	Teaching	Distribution of Theory Marks			arks
No.		Hours	R	U	A	Total
			Level	Level	Level	Marks
I	Algebra	20	02	08	10	20
II	Trigonometry	18	02	08	10	20
III	Coordinate Geometry	08	02	02	04	08
IV	Mensuration	08	02	02	04	08
V	Statistics	10	02	05	07	14
	Total	64	10	25	35	70

Legends: R=Remember, U=Understand, A=Apply and above (Bloom's Revised taxonomy) **Note**: This specification table provides general guidelines to assist student for their learning and to teachers to teach and assess students with respect to attainment of LOs. The actual distribution of marks at different taxonomy levels (of R, U and A) in the question paper may vary from above table.

10. SUGGESTED STUDENT ACTIVITIES

Other than the classroom learning, following are the suggested student-related *co-curricular* activities which can be undertaken to accelerate the attainment of the various outcomes in this course.

- a. Identify engineering problems based on real world problems and solve with the use of free tutorials available on the internet.
- b. Use graphical softwares: EXCEL, DPLOT and GRAPH for related topics.
- c. Use MathCAD as Mathematical Tools and solve the problems of Calculus.
- d. Identify problems based on applications of matrix and use MATLAB to solve these problems.
- e. Prepare models to explain different concepts.
- f. Prepare a seminar on any relevant topic.

11. SUGGESTED SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONAL STRATEGIES (if any)

These are sample strategies, which the teacher can use to accelerate the attainment of the various outcomes in this course:

- a. Massive open online courses (MOOCs) may be used to teach various topics/sub topics.
- b. 'L' in item No. 4 does not mean only the traditional lecture method, but different types of teaching methods and media that are to be employed to develop the outcomes.
- c. About 15-20% of the topics/sub-topics which is relatively simpler or descriptive in nature is to be given to the students for self-directed learning and assess the development of the LOs/COs through classroom presentations (see implementation guideline for details).
- d. With respect to item No.10, teachers need to ensure to create opportunities and provisions for *co-curricular activities*.
- e. Guide student(s) in undertaking micro-projects.
- f. Apply the mathematical concepts learnt in this course to branch specific problems.

12. SUGGESTED MICRO-PROJECTS

Only one micro-project is planned to be undertaken by a student assigned to him/her in the beginning of the semester. S/he ought to submit it by the end of the semester to develop the industry oriented COs. Each micro-project should encompass two or more COs which are in fact, an integration of practicals, cognitive domain and affective domain LOs. The micro-project could be industry application based, internet-based, workshop-based, laboratory-based or field-based. Each student will have to maintain dated work diary consisting of individual contribution in the project work and give a seminar presentation of it before submission. The total duration of the micro-project should not be less than 16 (sixteen) student engagement hours during the course.

In the first four semesters, the micro-project could be group-based. However, in higher semesters, it should be individually undertaken to build up the skill and confidence in every student to become problem solver so that s/he contributes to the projects of the industry. A suggestive list is given here. Similar micro-projects could be added by the concerned faculty.

- a. Prepare charts using determinants to find area of regular shapes.
- b. Prepare models using matrices to solve simple problems based on cryptography.
- c. Prepare models using matrices to solve simple mixture problems.
- d. Prepare charts displaying regular solids.
- e. Prepare charts displaying regular closed figures.
- f. Prepare charts for grouped and ungrouped data.

13. SUGGESTED LEARNING RESOURCES

S.			
No.	Title of Book	Author	Publication
1	Higher Engineering	Grewal, B.S.	Khanna publications, New Delhi, 2015
	Mathematics		ISBN: 8174091955
2	Advanced Engineering	Krezig, Ervin	Wiley Publications, New Delhi, 2014
	Mathematics		ISBN :978-0-470-45836-5
3	Engineering Mathematics	Croft, Anthony	Pearson Education, New Delhi, 2014
	(third edition).		ISBN 978-81-317-2605-1
4	Getting Started with	Pratap, Rudra	Oxford University Press, New Delhi,
	MATLAB-7		2014, ISBN: 0199731241

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S. No.	Title of Book	Author	Publication
5	Advanced Engineering	Das, H.K.	S. Chand & Co.; New Delhi; 2008,
	Mathematics		ISBN-9788121903455

14. SOFTWARE/LEARNING WEBSITES

- a. www.scilab.org/ SCI Lab
- b. www.mathworks.com/products/matlab/ MATLAB
- c. www.dplot.com/ DPlot
- d. www.allmathcad.com/ MathCAD
- e. www.wolfram.com/mathematica/ Mathematica
- f. https://www.khanacademy.org/math?gclid=CNqHuabCys4CFdOJaAoddHoPig
- g. www.easycalculation.com
- h. www.math-magic.com