

21314

17347

3 Hours/100 Marks

Instructions:

- (1) **All** questions are **compulsory**.
- (2) Answer each next main question on a new page.
- (3) Illustrate your answers with **neat** sketches **wherever** necessary.
- (4) Figures to the **right** indicate **full** marks.
- (5) Abbreviation used convey usual meaning.

MARKS

1. Answer any five:

 $(5 \times 4 = 20)$

- a) Describe the terms:
 - i) Yarn
 - ii) Fibre.
- b) Explain classification of textile fibres.
- c) Differentiate between LDPE and HDPE on the basis of their properties.
- d) Describe various objectives of sizing.
- e) What is 'geltanisation' of starches? Give geltanisation temperature of maize starch?
- f) State objects of desizing. Explain classification of desizing processes.
- g) Describe objects of shearing and singeing processes.

2. Answer any four:

 $(4 \times 4 = 16)$

- a) Draw a labelled diagrams, showing morphological structure of cotton fibre.
- b) Explain any two chemical properties of jute.
- c) Give two physical properties and two chemical properties of acetate rayon.
- d) Describe raw material synthesis of nylon-6 fibre.
- e) Write chemical reaction and reaction condition involved in manufacture of polyester. Explain method of biproduct removal.
- f) Draw the process flow chart for viscose rayon manufacture. Enlist the chemicals used for the same.

17347



MARKS

3. Answer any four:

 $(4 \times 4 = 16)$

- a) With a neat sketch explain morphology of wool fibre.
- b) Compare properties of wool and silk-fibers.
- c) Explain melt spinning of polyester, with a neat sketch.
- d) Explain synthesis of polyethylene. Write chemical reactions involved.
- e) Explain the role of softener in sizing. Enlist the softeners used.
- f) Explain congealing of starches. Enlist slow congealing starches.

4. Answer any four:

 $(4 \times 4 = 16)$

- a) Explain with reactions, chemistry involved in manufacture of nylon-66 fibre.
- b) Write two physical properties and two end uses of polyacrylonitrile fibre.
- c) Describe the role of:
 - i) Antiseptics,
 - ii) Antistatic agents in sizing.
- d) Explain the method of viscosity determination of starch.
- e) Describe the keeping properties of starch.
- f) Explain the mechanism of scouring process.

5. Answer any four:

 $(4 \times 4 = 16)$

- a) Define saponification value of oils. Outline the method of its determination.
- b) Give the size recipe for sizing of medium count cotton warp.
- c) Explain chemistry of sizing ingredients.
- d) Explain continuous bleaching by hydrogen peroxide with an outline diagram.
- e) With a neat sketch, explain gas singeing process.
- f) Explain sodium hypochlorite bleaching of cotton.

6. Answer any four:

 $(4 \times 4 = 16)$

- a) Describe a method of testing an adhesive.
- b) Why is enzyme desizing called as the safest method of desizing? Explain.
- c) State advantages of hydrogen peroxide bleaching.
- d) Describe the method for bleaching of polyester/cotton blended fabric.
- e) State advantages and limitations of plate singeing method.
- f) Describe desizing of grey cotton fabrics.