

<https://course.acciojob.com/idle?question=4fd07c50-1cdf-488e-befd-e68b4b371c24>

● EASY

● Max Score: 30 Points

## Check whether Array is a Palindrome using Recursion

Given an array `arr` of length `n`, you have to find whether the given array is a palindrome using recursion.

Note: A palindrome is an array which reads the same both forwards and backwards.

### Input Format

First line consists of an integer `n`, the number of elements in the array

Second line consists of `n` spaced integers, representing the array `arr`.

### Output Format

Print true if the array is a palindrome else print false.

### Example 1

Input

4

4 3 2 10

Output

false

Explanation

Backwards, it reads 10, 2, 3, 4 which is not the same

## Example 2

Input

```
5
1 2 3 2 1
```

Output

```
true
```

Explanation

Backwards it reads 1, 2, 3, 2 1 which is the same.

## Constraints

$1 \leq n \leq 10^3$

$-10^4 \leq \text{arr}[i] \leq 10^4$

### Topic Tags

- Recursion
- Arrays

# My code

// in java

```
import java.util.*;
```

```
public class Main {
    static void fun(int[] arr, int begin, int end) {
```

```

// Write your code here
    int f=0;
    while(begin<end)
        {
            if(arr[begin++]!=arr[end--])
            {
                System.out.println("false");
                return;
            }
        }
    System.out.println("true");
}

public static void main(String[] args) {
    Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
    int n = sc.nextInt();
    int[] arr = new int[n];
    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
        arr[i] = sc.nextInt();

    int t=0;
    fun(arr, t,n-1);
}

}

```