

<https://course.acciojob.com/idle?question=127fb51b-1c5d-4e3a-a2db-7e6ae72fe535>

● EASY

● Max Score: 30 Points

Floor And Ceil

Given an sorted integer array `arr` of size `n` which contains unique elements, find the floor and ceil of a given `key`.

If the `key` is present in array floor and ceil of that key is itself that number and if not then simply find its floor and ceil of the `key` in the array.

Note

If the ceiling/floor of the `key` is not present in the array return `-1`.

Input Format

First line contains two spaced integers the array size `n` and `key`

Next line contains `n` spaced integers.

Output Format

Return an array containing floor and ceil of the given `key` and make sure you have floor first and then ceil in the result array.

Example 1

Input

```
7 730
43 210 723 730 832 838 997
```

Output

730 730

Explanation

730 is present in the array so it's floor and ceil both are 730 and 730.

Example 2

Input

```
10 1
24 50 62 74 87 434 477 625 783 940
```

Output

```
-1 24
```

Explanation

The floor of key 1 is not present in the array,so it's floor is -1 but it's ceiling according to our requirement is 24 which is in the array.

Constraints

$1 \leq n \leq 10^5$

$1 \leq \text{key} \leq 10^9$

$1 \leq \text{arr}[i] \leq 10^9$

Topic Tags

- Binary Search
- Arrays

My code

// in java

```
import java.util.*;
```

```
public class Main {  
    public static int findFloor(int key, int[] arr) {  
        int l = 0, r = arr.length - 1;  
        int res = -1;  
        while (l <= r) {  
            int m = l + (r - l) / 2;  
            if (arr[m] == key)  
                return key;  
            if (arr[m] < key) {  
                res = arr[m];  
                l = m + 1;  
            } else {  
                r = m - 1;  
            }  
        }  
        return res;  
    }  
}
```

```
public static int findCeil(int key, int[] arr) {  
    int l = 0, r = arr.length - 1;  
    int res = -1;  
    while (l <= r) {  
        int m = l + (r - l) / 2;  
        if (arr[m] == key)
```

```

        return key;
    if (arr[m] > key) {
        res = arr[m];
        r = m - 1;
    } else {
        l = m + 1;
    }
}
return res;
}

```

```

public static int[] floorAndCeil(int key, int[] arr) {
    int[] result = new int[2];
    result[0] = findFloor(key, arr);
    result[1] = findCeil(key, arr);
    return result;
}

```

```

public static void main(String[] args) {
    Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
    int n, key;
    n = sc.nextInt();
    key = sc.nextInt();
    int[] arr = new int[n];
    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
        arr[i] = sc.nextInt();
    int[] result = floorAndCeil(key, arr);
    System.out.println(result[0] + " " + result[1]);
    sc.close();
}

```

```

}
/*import java.util.*;

public class Main {
    public static int[] floorAndCeil(int k, int[] arr) {
        //Write code here
        int ar[]=new int[2];
        int lp=0,rp=arr.length;
        while(lp<=rp)
        {
            int mid=(lp+rp)/2;
            if(arr[mid]==k)
            {
                // System.out.print(mid);
                ar[0]=arr[mid];
                ar[1]=arr[mid];

                return ar;
            }
            else if(arr[mid]>k)
                rp=mid-1;
            else lp=mid+1;

        }
        // System.out.print(lp-1);
        if(lp==0) ar[0]=-1;
        else ar[0]=arr[lp-1];

        if(lp==arr.length)
            ar[1]=-1;
        else

```

```

        {
            while(arr[lp]==arr[lp+1])
                lp=lp+1;
            ar[1]=arr[lp];
        }

```

```

        return ar;
    }

```

```

public static void main(String[] args) {
    Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
    int n, key;
    n = sc.nextInt();
    key = sc.nextInt();
    int[] arr = new int[n];
    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
        arr[i] = sc.nextInt();
    int[] result = floorAndCeil(key, arr);
    System.out.println(result[0] + " " + result[1]);
    sc.close();
}
}*/

```