

<https://course.acciojob.com/idle?question=0b7eb158-d439-4415-bbae-fe874f3437a2>

● EASY

● Max Score: 20 Points

Find All Duplicates in an Array

Given an integer array `nums` of length `n` where all the integers of `nums` are in the range `[1, n]` and each integer appears once or twice.

Return an array of all the integers that appears twice.

You must write an algorithm that runs in $O(n)$ time and uses only constant extra space."

Input Format

The first line contains a single integer `n` (size of the array)

Second line contains `n`-spaced integers representing the array

Output Format

Print all the elements that appear twice in a sorted manner

Example 1

Input

```
8
4 3 2 7 8 2 3 1
```

Output

```
2 3
```

Explanation

2 and 3 are only the elements that are repeated twice

Example 2

Input

```
3
1 1 2
```

Output

```
1
```

Explanation

Only 1 is repeated twice

Constraints

$1 \leq n \leq 10^5$

$0 \leq \text{arr}[i] \leq 10^9$

Topic Tags

- **Arrays**

My code

// in java

```
import java.util.*;
import java.lang.*;
import java.io.*;
```

```

public class Main
{
    public static void main (String[] args) throws java.lang.Exception
    {
        //your code here
        HashMap<Integer,Integer>hm=new HashMap<>();

        Scanner s=new Scanner(System.in);
        int n=s.nextInt();
        int arr[]=new int[n];
            int a[]=new int[n+1];
        for(int i=0;i<n;i++)
            arr[i]=s.nextInt();
        Arrays.sort(arr);
        for(int i=0;i<n;i++)
            hm.put(arr[i],hm.getDefault(arr[i],0)+1);
        for(int i=0;i<n;i++)
        {
            if(hm.containsKey(arr[i]))
            {
                if(hm.get(arr[i])>1)
                {
                    System.out.print(arr[i]+" ");

                    hm.remove(arr[i]);
                }
            }
        }
    }
}

```

