# https://course.acciojob.com/idle?question=90266d47-b043-4a66-b6c 8-57d12147a33d

- EASY
- Max Score: 30 Points

# Check whether K-th bit is set or not

Given a number N and a bit number K, check if Kth bit of N is set or not. A bit is called set if it is 1. Position of set bit 1 should be indexed starting with 0 from LSB side in binary representation of the number.

## **Input Format**

First line of input contains 2 space seperated integers  ${\tt N}$  and  ${\tt K}$ .

### **Output Format**

Return whether the kth bit is set or not.

# **Example 1**

Input:

4 0

Output

NO

Explanation

Binary representation of 4 is 100, in which 0th bit from LSB is not set. So, return false.

## **Example 2**

```
Input

4 2

Output:

YES

Explanation

Binary representation of 4 is 100, in which 2nd bit from LSB is set. So, return true.
```

#### **Constraints**

```
1 \le N \le 109

0 \le K \le floor(log_2(N) + 1)
```

**Topic Tags** 

Bit Manipulation

# My code

```
// in java
import java.util.*;
import java.lang.*;
import java.io.*;

public class Main
{
    public static void main (String[] args) throws java.lang.Exception
    {
        //your code here
```

```
Scanner s=new Scanner(System.in);
int n=s.nextInt();
  int k=s.nextInt();
int r=5;
while(k>-1)
{
  r=n%2;
  n=n/2;
  k--;
}
if(r==1)
System.out.print("YES"); else System.out.print("NO");
}
}
```