https://course.acciojob.com/idle?question=7b346e14-d70f-4dc0-a82f-f3c2f3da9646

Delete a Node

Given a linked list and an index, write a function to delete the node at that index from the linked list.

Input Format

The first line of input contains an integer n, the number of elements in the linked list.

Each of the next n lines contains an integer, the node data values in order.

The last line contains an integer, the index of the node to delete. $(0 \le position \le n-1)$

Output Format

Output elements of the linked list after deleting the required node

Example 1

Explanation

20 6 2 7 4 15 9

After deleting the element at index 3 (with value 19), we obtain the linked list $20 \rightarrow 6 \rightarrow 2 \rightarrow 7 \rightarrow 4 \rightarrow 15 \rightarrow 9$.

Example 2

Input

3 1

2

3

0

Output

2 3

Constraints

```
1 <= n <= 1000
```

1 <= Ilist[i] <= 1000, where Ilist[i] is the ith element of linked list

Topic Tags

Linked lists

My code

```
// in java
import java.util.*;
import java.lang.*;
import java.io.*;
```

```
class Node
  int data;
  Node next;
  Node(int data, Node next)
     this.data = data;
     this.next = next;
  }
  Node() {}
public class Main
  static void display(Node h)
  Node p=h;
  while(p!=null)
     System.out.print(p.data+" ");
     p=p.next;
 }
static Node del(Node h,int n)
 { //display(h);
  Node a=h, t=h;
```

```
if(n==0) t=a.next;
   for(int i=1;i<n;i++)
         a=a.next;
 a.next=a.next.next;
  return t;
 }
     public static void main (String[] args) throws java.lang.Exception
           //your code here
       Scanner s=new Scanner(System.in);
    Node a=null;
    int n=s.nextInt();
    int arr[]=new int[n];
for(int i=0;i<n;i++)
 arr[i]=s.nextInt();
for(int i=n;i>0;i--)
  a=new Node(arr[i-1], a);
     int m=s.nextInt();
 Node h=del(a,m);
 display(h);
```

}

}