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- EASY
- Max Score: 30 Points

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Design Stack Using Array

Your task is to implement a stack using an array. You will be given of queries in an input array queries. In the driver code you will be given an empty array named st. You just need to complete the function of the given class methods.

These are the required functions in the stack:

- 1. push(): Inserts a value in the stack.
- 2. pop(): Removes a value from the top of the stack.
- 3. peek(): Returns the top value of the stack.
- 4. display(): Print the items in the stack.

Note

If the stack is empty and the peek function is called return -1.

Input Format

You are given an empty array st and you need to implement a stack.

The input is handled by the driver code.

In driver code, input is taken as:

First line contains an integer ϱ denoting the number of operations.

Next o lines could contain one of four numbers 1, 2, 3, 4.

1 denotes the insertion operation and is followed by the value to be inserted. 2 denotes peek operation 3 denotes the pop operation 4 denotes display operation **Output Format** Complete the given functions. **Example 1** Input 1 5 1 9 Output -1 Explanation First, we enter 5 and 9 into the stack. Now we check the top of the stack which is 9. Therefore 9 is printed. Now we pop two values from the stack and then again check the top of the stack. As the stack is empty this time -1 is printed. **Example 2**

Input

1 5

```
1 9
1 3
3
```

Output

9 9 5

Explanation

First, we enter 5, 9, and 3 into the stack. Now we pop once. We now check the top element which is 9. Therefore 9 is printed. Now we display the list which is 9 5.

Constraints

```
1 <= Q <= 10000
```

1 <= value that can be added in stack <= 10000

Topic Tags

- Stacks
- Arrays

My code

```
// in java
import java.util.*;

class Main {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        StackUsingLinkedlist obj = new StackUsingLinkedlist();
}
```

```
Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
      int q;
      q = sc.nextInt();
     while (q-->0) {
        int x;
        x = sc.nextInt();
        if (x == 1) {
           int y;
           y = sc.nextInt();
           obj.push(y);
        if (x == 2) {
           System.out.println(obj.peek());
        if (x == 3) {
           obj.pop();
        if (x == 4) {
           obj.display();
        }
      sc.close();
}
// class StackUsingLinkedlist {
     ArrayList<Integer> st;
//
//
   int top=-1;
//
     StackUsingLinkedlist() {
//
       //Complete the function
           st=new ArrayList<Integer>();
//
```

```
//
    }
//
     public void push(int x) {
        //Complete the function
//
//
            st.add(++top,x);
//
     }
//
     public int peek() {
        //Complete the function
//
            if(st.size()==0)
//
//
                  return -1;
            return st.get(top);
//
//
     }
//
     public void pop() {
        //Complete the function
//
//
            st.remove(top);
//
            top--;
//
     }
//
     public void display() {
        //Complete the function
//
//
            for(int i=top;i>=0;i--)
                  System.out.print(st.get(i)+" ");
//
     }
//
// }
class StackUsingLinkedlist {
   int st[]=new int[10010];
      int top=-1;
```

```
StackUsingLinkedlist() {
  top=-1;
         for(int i=0; i<10001; i++)
              st[i]=0;
}
public void push(int x) {
  top++;
         st[top]=x; // st[0]=5,top=0;
}
public int peek() {
   if(top==-1)
              return -1;
        return st[top];
}
public void pop() {
         if(top!=-1)
              top--;
  //Complete the function
}
public void display() {
  for(int i=top; i>=0; i--)
                    System.out.print(st[i]+" ");
               }
```

```
System.out.println();
}
```