## https://course.acciojob.com/idle?question=bb5c6b9d-ba2d-48c1-bb7 7-ae4a710ecb9a

- MEDIUM
- Max Score: 40 Points

## **Longest Common Prefix**

You are given an array 'ARR' consisting of 'N' strings. Your task is to find the longest common prefix among all these strings.

A prefix of a string can be defined as a substring obtained after removing some or all characters from the end of the string.

For Example: Consider ARR = ["coding", "codezen", "codingninja", "coders"]

The longest common prefix among all the given strings is "cod" as it is present as a prefix in all strings. Hence, the answer is "cod".

## **Input Format**

The first line contains a single integer N denoting the number of strings in the array.

The next line contains n space-separated strings denoting the elements of the array 'ARR'.

#### **Output Format**

Print a single string corresponding to the longest common prefix.

## **Example 1**

Input

4 coding codezen codingni coder

Output

cod

#### Explanation

The longest common prefix among all the given strings is "cod" as it is present as a prefix in all strings. Hence, the answer is "cod".

## Example 2

Input

night nina nil

Output

ni

#### Explanation

The longest common prefix among all the given strings is "ni" as it is present as a prefix in all strings. Hence, the answer is "ni".

#### **Constraints**

1 <= N <= 3000

1 <= |ARR[i]| <=1000

Each string consists of only lowercase Latin letters.

It is guaranteed that the longest common prefix is not an empty string

**Topic Tags** 

- Strings
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## Example 2

Input

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Output

ni

#### Explanation

The longest common prefix among all the given strings is "ni" as it is present as a prefix in all strings. Hence, the answer is "ni".

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```
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The longest common prefix among all the given strings is "ni" as it is present as a prefix in all strings. Hence, the answer is "ni".

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Strings

# My code

```
// n java
mport java.util.*;
import java.lang.*;
import java.io.*;
public class Main
     public static void main (String[] args) throws
java.lang.Exception
     {
           //your code here
    Scanner s=new Scanner(System.in);
    int n=s.nextInt();
    String arr[]=new String[n];
    for(int i=0;i< n;i++)
     arr[i]=s.next();
    int stlen=arr[0].length();
    String ans="";
    int ind=-1;
 for(int j=0;j<stlen;j++)</pre>
  {
    int f=0;
  char ch=arr[0].charAt(j);
     for(int i=1;i<n;i++)
     {
```

```
char c=arr[i].charAt(j);
  if(ch==c);
  else {f=1;break;}
  }
  if(f==1)break;
  else ind=j;
}

System.out.print(arr[0].substring(0,ind+1));
```

}