

<https://course.acciojob.com/idle?question=2d6b2c31-142c-453d-b27c-39ee7f6a193e>

● MEDIUM

● Max Score: 30 Points

●

FACING THE SUN

Given an array h representing heights of buildings. You have to count the buildings which will see the sunrise (Assume : Sun rise on the side of array starting point).

Input Format

line 1: contains an integer n denoting size of array.

line 2: contains n spaced integers denoting elements of array.

Output Format

Print a single integer denoting the number of buildings which will see the sunrise.

Example 1

Input

5
7 4 8 2 9

Output

3

Explanation

7 can watch the sunrise, 4 can't, then 8 can but 2 can't and lastly 9 can watch the sunrise too, hence 3 buildings can watch the sunrise.

Example 2

Input

```
6
6 2 8 4 11 13
```

Output

```
4
```

Explanation

Only buildings of height 6, 8, 11 and 13 can see the sun, hence output is 4.

Example 3

Input

```
4
1 1 1 1
```

Output

```
1
```

Explanation

Only 1st building will be able to see.

Constraints

$1 \leq n \leq 10^6$

$1 \leq h[i] \leq 10^9$

Topic Tags

- Arrays

My code

```
// n java
import java.util.*;
import java.lang.*;
import java.io.*;

public class Main
{
    public static void main (String[] args) throws
java.lang.Exception
    {
        //your code
        Scanner s=new Scanner(System.in);
        int n=s.nextInt();
        int arr[]=new int[n];
        int max=arr[0];
        int c=0;
        for(int i=0;i<n;i++)
        {
            arr[i]=s.nextInt();
            if(arr[i]>max)
            {max=arr[i]; c+=1;  }}
        System.out.print(c);
    }
}
```