https://course.acciojob.com/idle?question=2e44a4b2-25f2-4fba-b95b-302ec00fb872

EASY

Max Score: 30 Points

Boolean Matrix Problem

You are given a matrix Mat of m rows and n columns. The matrix is boolean so the elements of the matrix can only be either 0 or 1.

Now, if any row of the matrix contains a 1, then you need to fill that whole row with 1. After doing the mentioned operation, you need to return the modified matrix.

Your task is to complete the function BooleanMatrixProblem which takes m, n and the input array as the parameter and returns the modified matrix as specified in the question.

Input Format

The first line of contains m and n denoting number of rows and number of columns respectively.

Then next m lines contain n elements each denoting the elements of the matrix.

Output Format

Return the modified matrix as specified above.

Example 1

Input

5 4

1 0 0 0

0 0 0 0

0 1 0 0

0 0 0 0

0 0 0 1

Output

1 1 1 1

Explanation

rows = 5 and columns = 4

The given matrix is

Evidently, the first row contains a 1 so fill the whole row with 1. The third row also contains a 1 so that row will be filled too. Finally, the last row contains a 1 and therefore it needs to be filled with 1 too.

The final matrix is

Example 2

Input

Output

1 1

Explanation

```
rows = 2 and columns = 2
```

The given matrix is

1 0

0 1

Evidently, the first row contains a 1 so fill the whole row with 1. The second row also contains a 1 so that row will be filled too. The final matrix is

1 1

1 1

Constraints

```
1 <= m, n <= 300
```

 $Mat[i][j] \in \{0,1\}$

Topic Tags

2D-Arrays

My code

```
// in java
import java.util.*;
import java.lang.*;
import java.io.*;
```

public class Main

```
{
      public static void main (String[] args) throws java.lang.Exception
            //your code here
      Scanner s=new Scanner(System.in);
    int n=s.nextInt();
    int m=s.nextInt();
    int arr[][]=new int[n][m];
     for (int i=0;i< n;i++)
       for(int j=0;j< m;j++)
         arr[i][j]=s.nextInt();
   for (int i=0;i< n;i++){
     int c=0;
       for(int j=0;j< m;j++)
          if(arr[i][j]==1) c=1;
         }
     if(c==1)
     for(int j=0;j< m;j++)
          arr[i][j]=1;
   }
       for(int i=0;i< n;i++){
       for(int j=0;j< m;j++) {
    System.out.print(arr[i][j] +" ");}
       System.out.print("\n");}
```

}