

<https://course.acciojob.com/idle?question=730ccfc8-94ce-43a8-9c39-93e8d774e579>

● MEDIUM

● Max Score: 40 Points

●

●

SUBARRAY WITH ZERO SUM

Given an array of positive and negative numbers. Find if there is a subarray (of size at-least one) with 0 sum.

Input Format

line 1: contains an integer n denoting size of array.

line 2: contains n spaced integers denoting elements of array.

Output Format

Print "YES" if there exist a subarray with 0 sum otherwise print "NO".(without quotes)

Example 1

Input

```
5
4 2 -3 1 6
```

Output

```
YES
```

Explanation

1-based indexing the subarray sum of 2 to 4 is zero i.e. [2, -3, 1] have a sum equal to 0

Example 2

Input

```
5
4 2 0 1 6
```

Output

YES

Explanation

1-based indexing the subarray sum of 3 to 3 is zero i.e. [0] have a sum equal to 0

Constraints

$1 \leq n \leq 10^5$

$-10^5 \leq \text{arr}[i] \leq 10^5$

Topic Tags

- Hashing

My code

```
// n java
import java.util.*;
import java.lang.*;
import java.io.*;

public class Main
{
```

```
public static void main (String[] args) throws
java.lang.Exception
{
    //your code here
    Scanner s=new Scanner(System.in);
    int n=s.nextInt();
    int arr[]=new int[n];
    int sum=0;
    for(int i=0;i<n;i++)
    {
        arr[i]=s.nextInt();

    }
    HashSet<Integer> hs=new HashSet<>();
    for(int i=0;i<n;i++)
    {
        sum+=arr[i];
        if(hs.contains(sum))
        {
            System.out.print("YES");
            return;
        }
        hs.add(sum);
    }
    System.out.print("NO");
}
}
```