

<https://course.acciojob.com/idle?question=8b7a387b-7cea-4efd-b705-b149b43c0215>

● EASY

● Max Score: 30 Points

●

## Noble Integer

Given an integer array  $A$ , find if an integer  $p$  exists in the array such that the number of integers greater than  $p$  in the array equals to  $p$ .

### Input Format

First line contains integer  $N$

Second line contains  $n$  integers  $arr[i]$ .

### Output Format

Print 1 if any such integer  $p$  is found else return -1.

### Example 1

Input

```
4
3 2 1 3
```

Output

```
1
```

Explanation

For integer 2, there are 2 greater elements in the array. So, return 1.

## Example 2

Input

```
4
1 1 3 3
```

Output

-1

Explanation

There is no such integer exists.

### Constraints:

$1 \leq N \leq 10^5$

$0 \leq \text{arr}[i] \leq 10^9$

### Topic Tags

- **Arrays**

## My code

// in java

```
import java.util.*;
import java.lang.*;
import java.io.*;
```

```
public class Main
{
```

```

public static int nobleInteger(int[] arr, int size){
    Set<Integer> hs = new HashSet<Integer>();
    int[] count = new int[100001];
    for(int num: arr) {
        hs.add(num);
        count[num]++;
    }

    for(int i = 1; i < 100001; i++){
        count[i] += count[i-1];
    }

    for(int i = 0; i < 100001 && i < size; i++){
        //System.out.println((size - count[i+1]) + " " +(i+1));
        if((size - count[i+1]) == i+1 && hs.contains(i+1)) {
            return 1;
        }
    }

    return -1;
}

public static void main (String[] args) throws java.lang.Exception
{
    Scanner in = new Scanner(System.in);
    int size = in.nextInt();

    int[] arr = new int[size];

    for(int i = 0; i < size; i++){
        arr[i] = in.nextInt();
    }
}

```

```
        System.out.print(nobleInteger(arr, size));  
    }  
}
```