## https://course.acciojob.com/idle?question=401371a0-af9a-4e9c-ab4c -015c14491659

EASY

Max Score: 30 Points

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## **Minimum Operations**

Given an array arr with n positive integers. Find the minimum number of operations to make all elements of the array equal.

You can perform addition, subtraction, multiplication, or division with any integer on an array element.

## **Input Format**

The first line contains the number of test cases.

The second line of input contains the integer n.

The last line contains n spaced integers.

## **Output Format**

For each test case print a single integer in a new line, denoting the minimum number of operations.

## **Example 1**

```
Input
```

1

1

2 4 1 3

### Output

3

### Explanation

Since all elements are different, we need to perform at least three operations to make them equal. For example, we can make them all equal to '1' by doing three subtractions.

## Example 2

```
Input
```

1

1 1 2

#### Output

1

### Explanation

We can subtract '1' from '2' to make all the elements of the array equal to '1'.

## **Constraints**

```
1 <= t <= 10
```

1 <= n <= 10000

0 <= arr[i] <= 100000

## **Topic Tags**

- Hashing
- Basics

# My code

```
// in java
import java.io.*;
import java.util.*;
public class Main {
     public static void main(String args[]) {
           // your code here
           Scanner s=new Scanner(System.in);
           int p=s.nextInt();
           for(int I=0;I< p;I++)
           int n=s.nextInt();
     int arr[]=new int[n];
           for(int i=0;i< n;i++)
                 arr[i]=s.nextInt();
           HashMap<Integer,Integer>hm=new HashMap<>();
               for(int i=0;i< n;i++)
                 hm.put(arr[i],hm.getOrDefault(arr[i],0)+1);
           //now find max freq
             int max=0;
           int max key=0;
           for(int i=0;i<n;i++)
                 {
                       int t=hm.get(arr[i]);
                       if(t>max)
                       {
                             max=t;
                             max key=arr[i];
                       }
```

```
System.out.println(n-max);
}
```