

<https://course.acciojob.com/idle?question=8c8b34c5-be46-4d9c-9a68-51dcc9542b0b>

● EASY

● Max Score: 20 Points

## Smallest Number in an Array using Recursion

Given an array `arr` of length `n`, you have to find the minimum element present in the array using recursion.

### Input Format

First line consists of an integer `n`, the number of elements in the array

Second line consists of `n` spaced integers, representing the array `arr`.

### Output Format

Print the minimum element of the array.

### Example 1

Input

```
3
1 2 3
```

Output

```
1
```

Explanation

1 is the smallest among 1, 2 and 3.

## Example 2

Input

```
5
5 4 0 -8 67
```

Output

```
-8
```

Explanation

-8 is the smallest among 5, 4, 0, -8 and 67

## Constraints

$1 \leq n \leq 10^3$

$-10^4 \leq \text{arr}[i] \leq 10^4$

### Topic Tags

- Recursion
- Arrays

# My code

```
// in java
import java.util.*;
```

```
public class Main {
```

```
public static void main(String[] args) {  
    Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);  
    int n = sc.nextInt();  
    int[] arr = new int[n];  
    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)  
        arr[i] = sc.nextInt();  
    sc.close();  
    System.out.println(recforMin(arr, n));  
}
```

```
public static int recforMin(int[] arr, int n) {  
    //Write your code here  
    if(n==0)  
        return Integer.MAX_VALUE;  
    return Math.min(arr[n-1],recforMin(arr,n-1));  
}  
}
```