

Activity-2

- 1) What is compositional rule of inference? Derive the expression $B = A \circ F$ where A, B and F are having their usual meanings.
- 2) Define the Extension Principle. Apply this principle to the given fuzzy set A in space X to obtain its image as a Fuzzy Set B in space Y using the extension principle given the mapping function as:
 $y = f(x) = x^2 + 2x - 5$ where $x \in X$ and $y \in Y$
 $A = 0.2/-3 + 0.4/-2 + 0.6/-1 + 1/0 + 0.7/1 + 0.3/2 + 0.1/3$
- 3) The MF of the fuzzy relation $R = "x \text{ is much smaller than } y"$ is defined as follows:
 $\mu_R(x, y) = (y - x) / (x + y + 3)$, if $x < y$ and $= 0$ if $x \geq y$
 where $x \in X$ and $y \in Y$. If $X = \{2, 3, 4\}$ and $Y = \{2, 3, 4, 5, 6\}$ then express the fuzzy relation matrix.
- 4) Explain five de-fuzzification strategies which can be used in Mamdani Fuzzy Model. Which of these according to you is the most preferable strategy? Justify. Explain diagrammatically fuzzy reasoning for 3 rules with 2 antecedents.
- 5) Develop a Mamdani fuzzy inference system diagrammatically with 2-rules 2-antecedents using min and max for T-norm and T-conorm operators respectively. Show the aggregated fuzzy output if the Bell and/or Gaussian MFs are considered for antecedents and consequents.
- 6) Obtain projections R_x and R_y if the binary fuzzy relation R on $X \times Y$ is expressed as follows:

$R_1 =$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 0.1 & 0.3 & 0.5 & 0.7 \\ 0.4 & 0.2 & 0.8 & 0.9 \\ 0.6 & 1.0 & 0.7 & 0.3 \\ 0.8 & 0.4 & 0.5 & 0.6 \end{bmatrix}$$

- 7) Let $R_1 = "x \text{ is relevant to } y"$ and $R_2 = "y \text{ is relevant to } z"$ be two fuzzy relations defined on $X \times Y$ and $Y \times Z$ respectively where $X = \{1, 2, 3\}$, $Y = \{\alpha, \beta, \gamma, \delta\}$ and $Z = \{a, b\}$. R_1 and R_2 are expressed as following relation matrices.

$R_1 =$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 0.1 & 0.3 & 0.5 & 0.7 \\ 0.4 & 0.2 & 0.8 & 0.9 \\ 0.6 & 0.8 & 0.3 & 0.2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$R_2 =$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 0.9 & 0.1 \\ 0.2 & 0.3 \\ 0.5 & 0.6 \\ 0.7 & 0.2 \end{bmatrix}$$

Express fuzzy relation $R_3 = (R_1 \circ R_2) = "x \text{ is relevant to } z"$ defined on $X \times Z$ using max-min composition.

- 8) Let $R_1 = "x \text{ is relevant to } y"$ and $R_2 = "y \text{ is relevant to } z"$ be two fuzzy relations defined on $X \times Y$ and $Y \times Z$ respectively where $X = \{x_1, x_2\}$, $Y = \{y_1, y_2, y_3\}$ and $Z = \{z_1, z_2, z_3\}$. R_1 and R_2 are expressed as following relation matrices.

$R_1 =$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 0.6 & 0.5 & 0.3 \\ 0.5 & 0.6 & 0.7 \end{bmatrix}$$

$R_2 =$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 0.7 & 0.2 & 0.4 \\ 0.1 & 0.6 & 0.6 \\ 0.4 & 1.0 & 0.5 \end{bmatrix}$$

Express fuzzy relation $R_3 = (R_1 \circ R_2) = "x \text{ is relevant to } z"$ defined on $X \times Z$ using max-min composition.

- 9) Explain Generalized Modus Ponens(GMP). Why is this also called Fuzzy reasoning or approximate reasoning? Draw the graphic interpretation of GMP using Mamdani's fuzzy implication and the max-min composition for following case:
"Multiple Rules with Multiple Antecedents".

- 10) Discuss various components of Fuzzy Inference system and explain with example.
11) Define linguistic variable as a quintuple and its associated terminologies along with a suitable example. Define Following operations for the fuzzy set A:

- i) $CON(A)$
- ii) $DIL(A)$
- iii) $INT(A)$
- iv) $DIM(A)$

Prove that $DIM(INT(A)) = A$