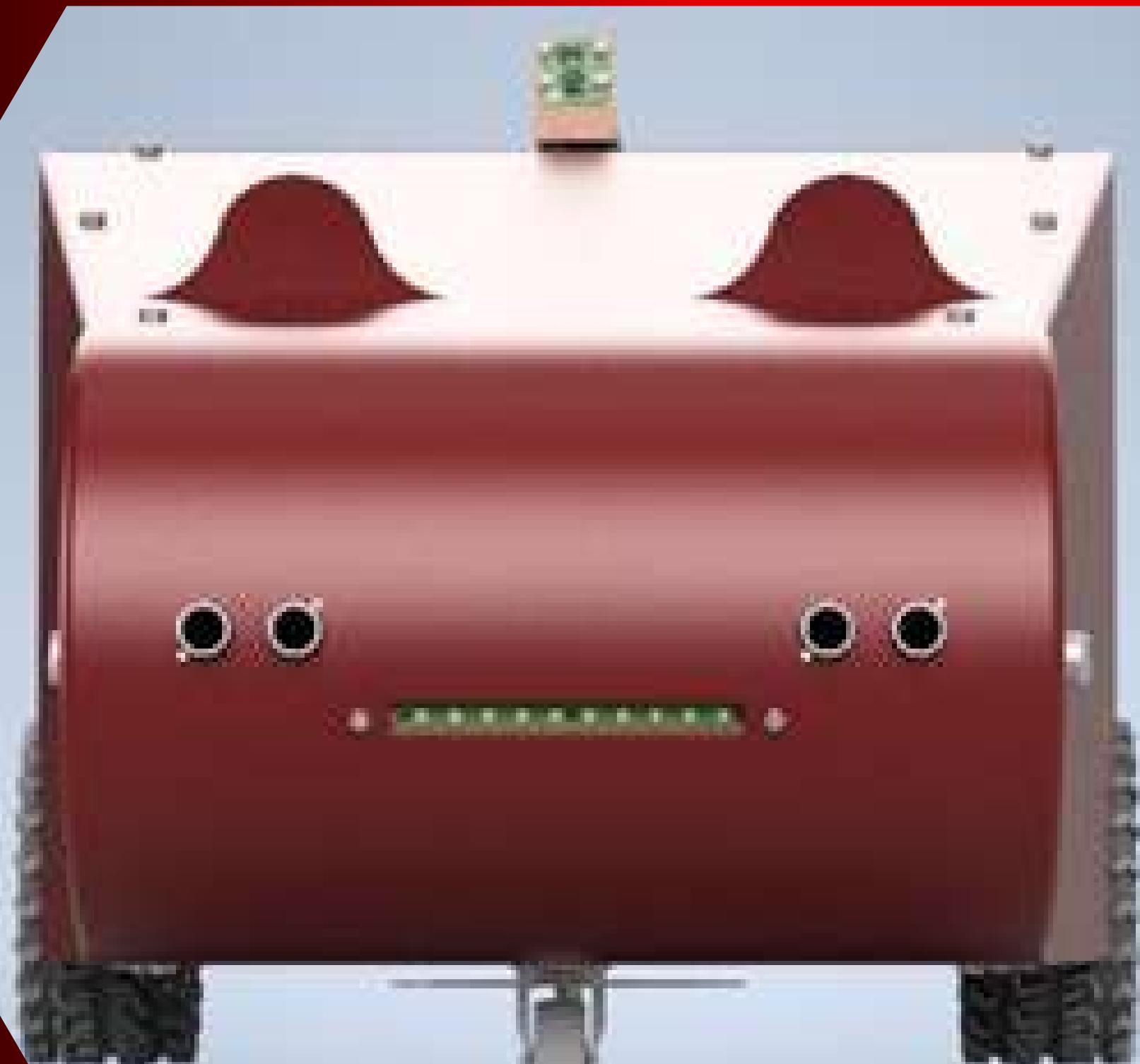


# MOBILE ROBOT



# MEET OUR TEAM

1

Habiba  
Tamer

**20P4355**

2

Omar  
Mohamed

**20P4257**

3

Mahmoud  
Fouad

**20P4355**

4

Zeyad  
Mohamed

**20P4913**

5

Mohamed  
Mahmoud

**20P4202**

6

Bishoy  
Girgis

**20P5707**



# LAWN MOWER ROBOT

A type of robot designed to mow lawns automatically without human intervention. These robots typically use a combination of sensors, navigation systems, and algorithms to navigate around the lawn, detect obstacles, and efficiently mow the grass.





Residential Robotic Lawn Mowers

**AUTOMOWER® 430X** 4.6 (40)Lawn Size ( $\pm 20$ )

0.8 acre

Maximum slope performance inside installation

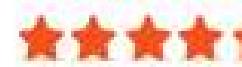
45 %

From \$2,499.99

MSRP



Residential Robotic Lawn Mowers

**AUTOMOWER® 430XH** 4.5 (100)Lawn Size ( $\pm 20$ )

0.8 acre

Maximum slope performance inside installation

45 %

From \$2,499.99

MSRP

**NEW**

Residential Robotic Lawn Mowers

**AUTOMOWER® 450X** 4.4 (53)Lawn Size ( $\pm 20$ )

1.25 acre

Maximum slope performance inside installation

45 %

From \$3,299.99

MSRP





Residential Robotic Lawn Mowers

## AUTOMOWER® 450XH EPOS™

 4.8 (4)

Lawn Size ( $\pm 20$ )

2.5 acre

Maximum slope performance inside installation

45 %

From \$5,899.99



Commercial Robotic Lawn Mowers

## AUTOMOWER® 520

(No reviews)

Lawn Size ( $\pm 20$ )

0.6 acre

Maximum slope performance inside installation

45 %

From \$2,099.99



Commercial Robotic Lawn Mowers

## AUTOMOWER® 520H

 5.0 (1)

Lawn Size ( $\pm 20$ )

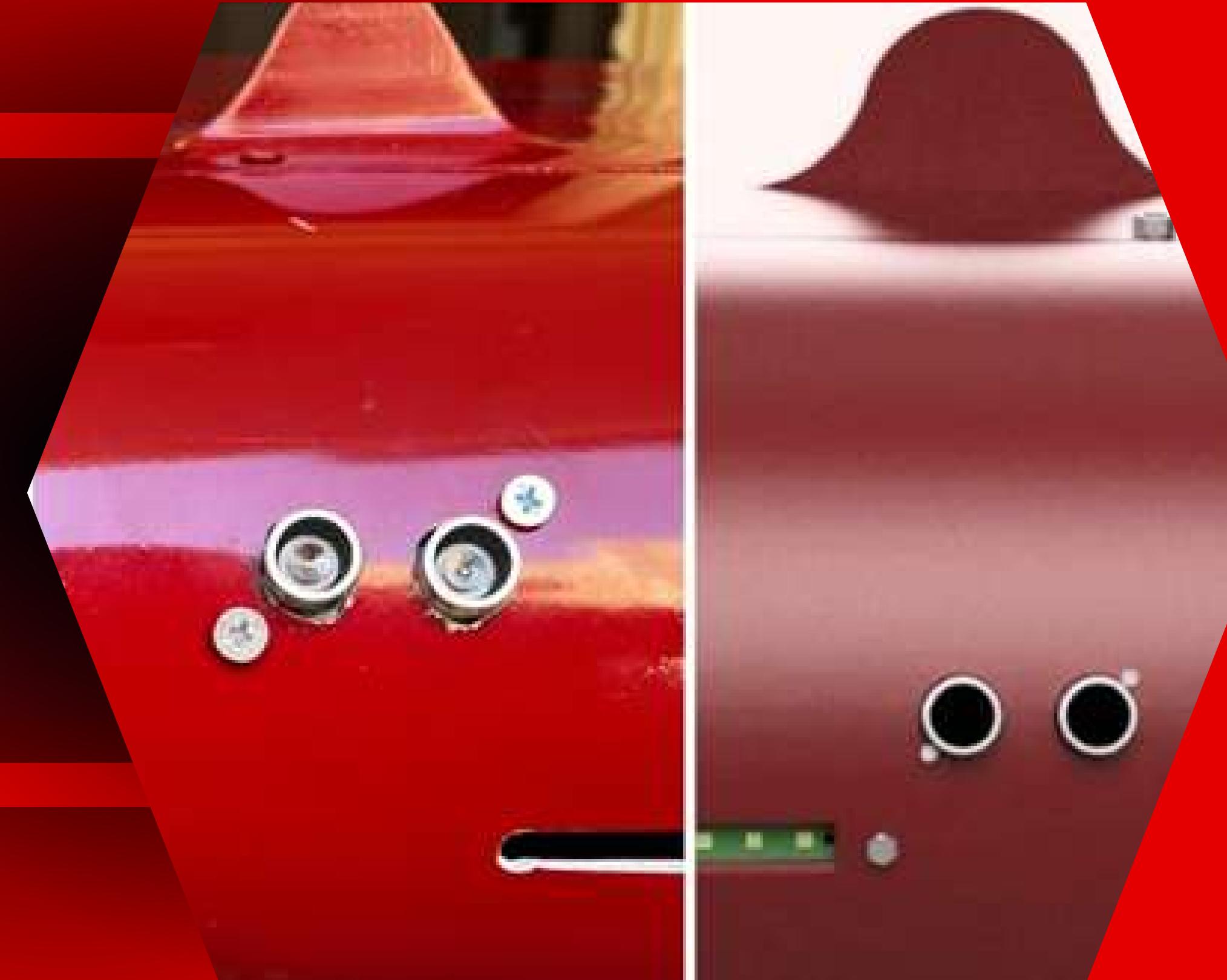
0.6 acre

Maximum slope performance inside installation

45 %

From \$2,099.99

# ROBOT BOUNDARY





## 2000 ft Universal Heavy Duty Automatic Lawnmower Boundary Wire -Professional Robotic Lawnmower Perimeter Wire for Law- mower Works with All Brands

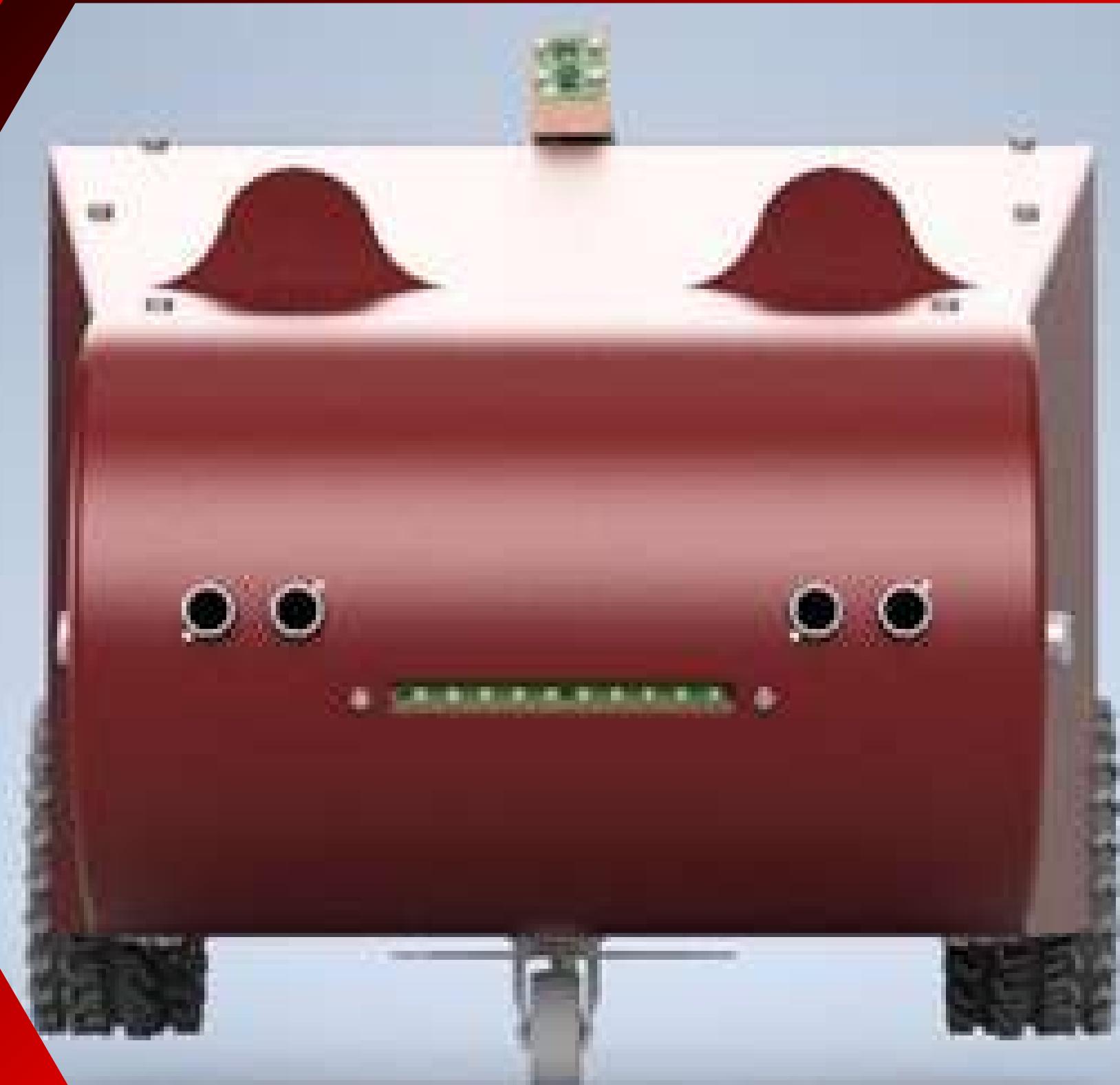
Brand: SHS-Yard

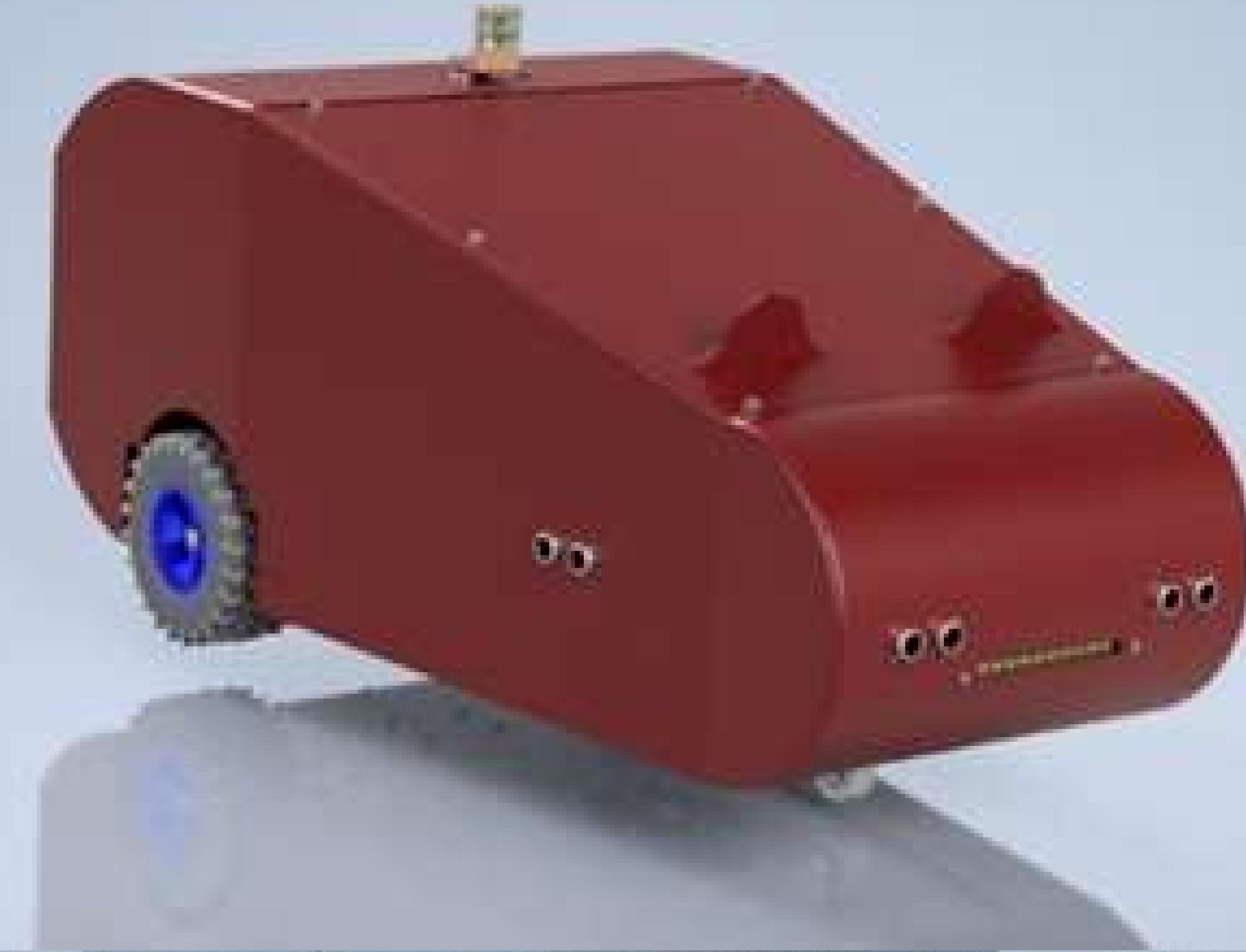
4.1 12 ratings

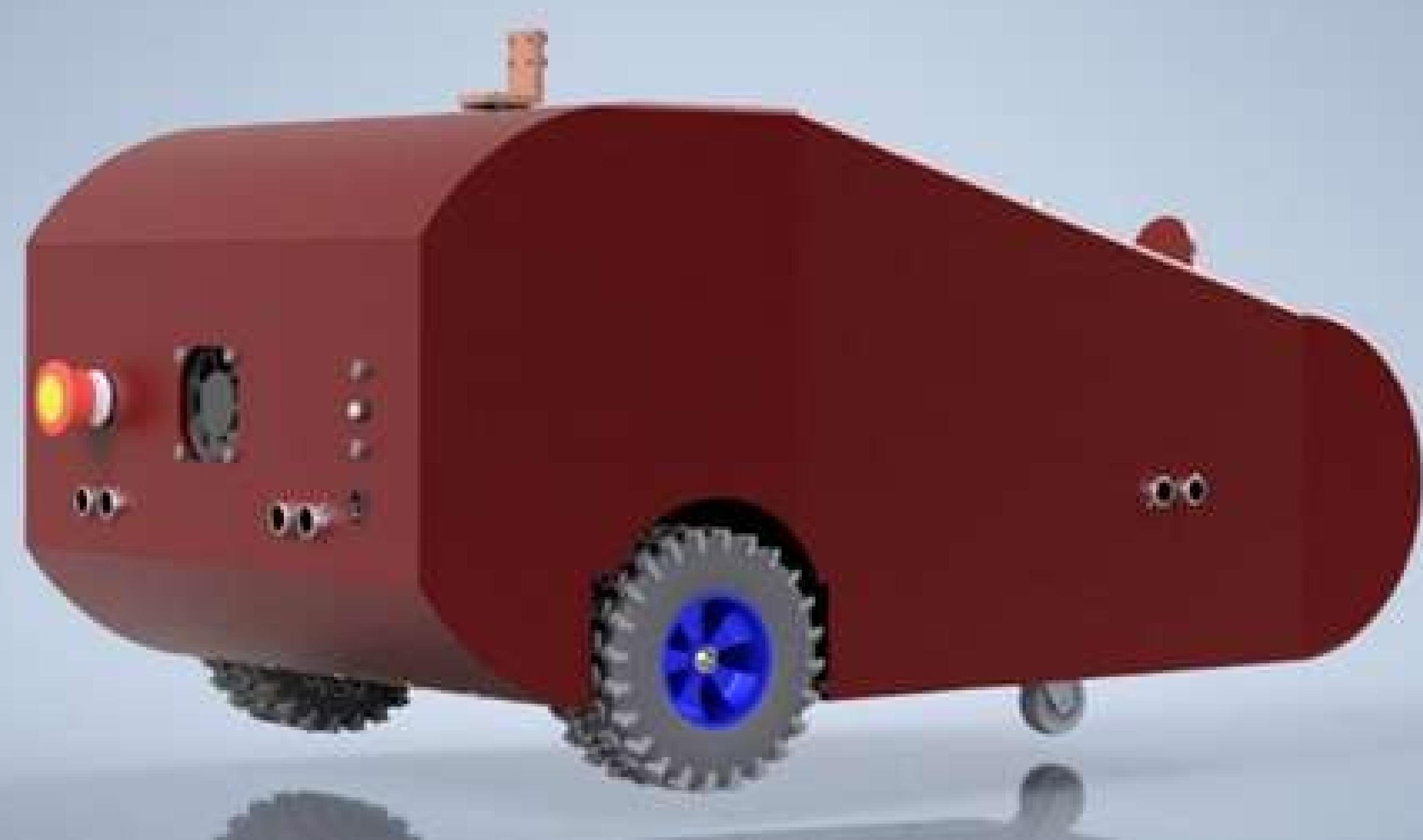
\$249<sup>95</sup>

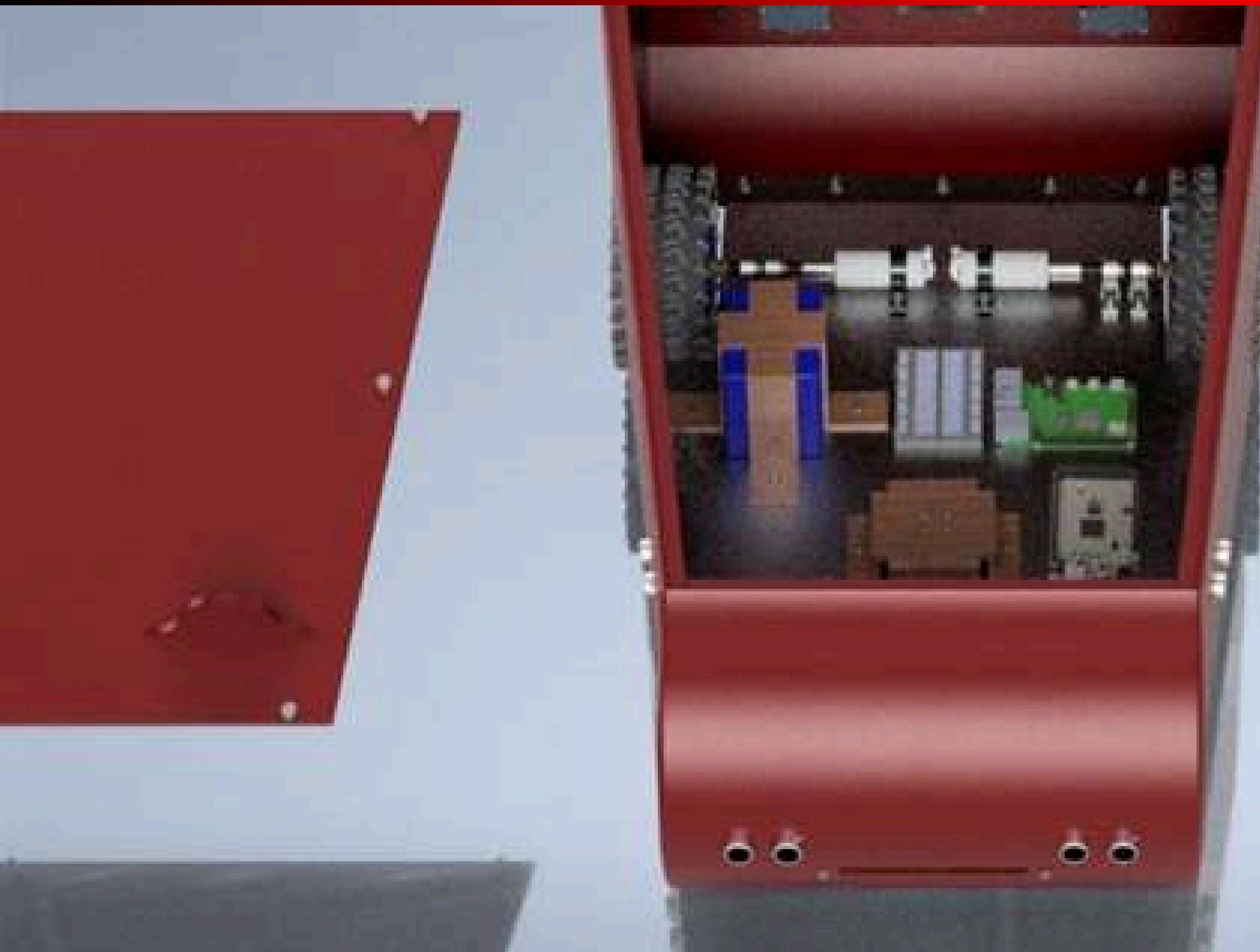
Roll over image to zoom in

# CAD DESIGN

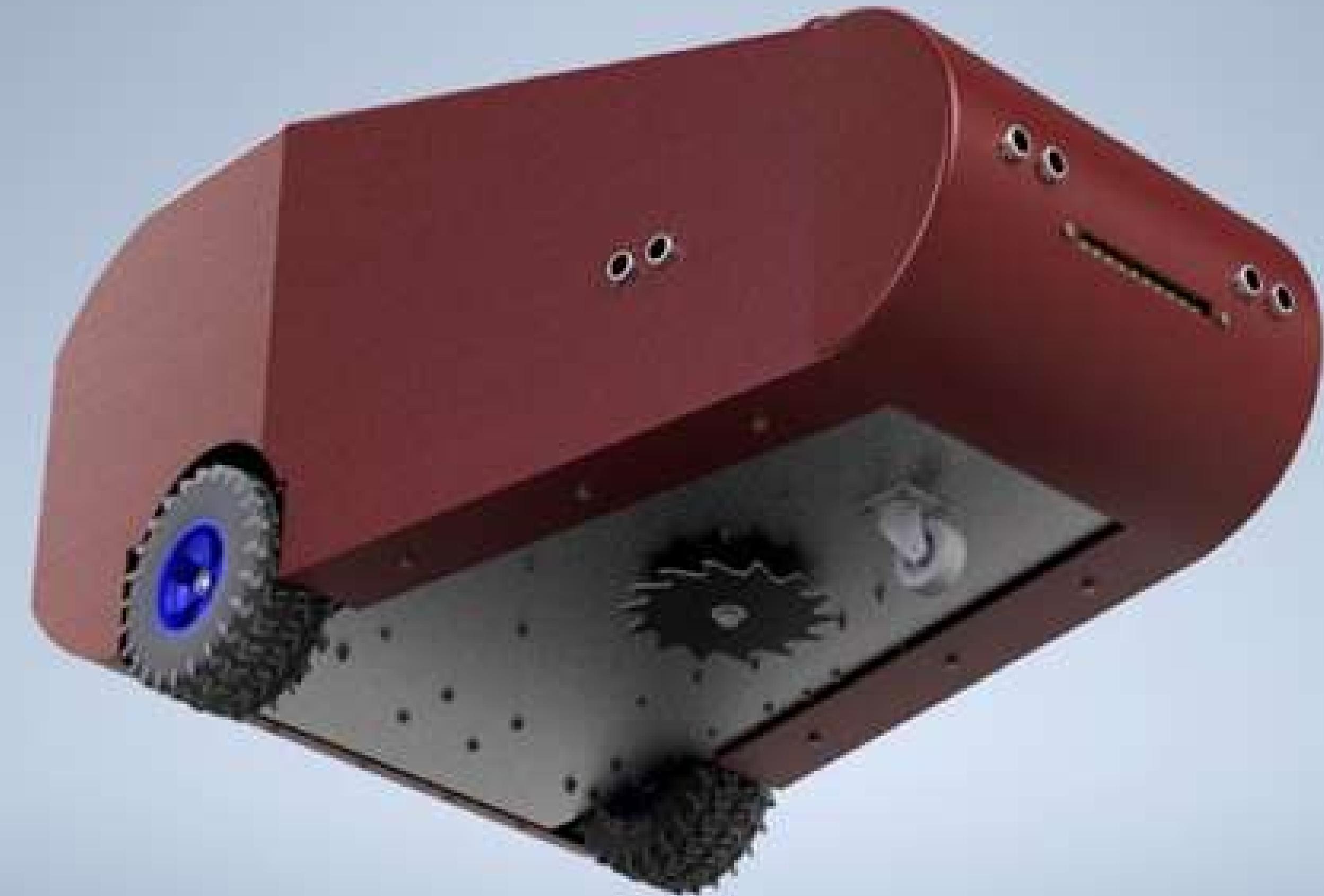


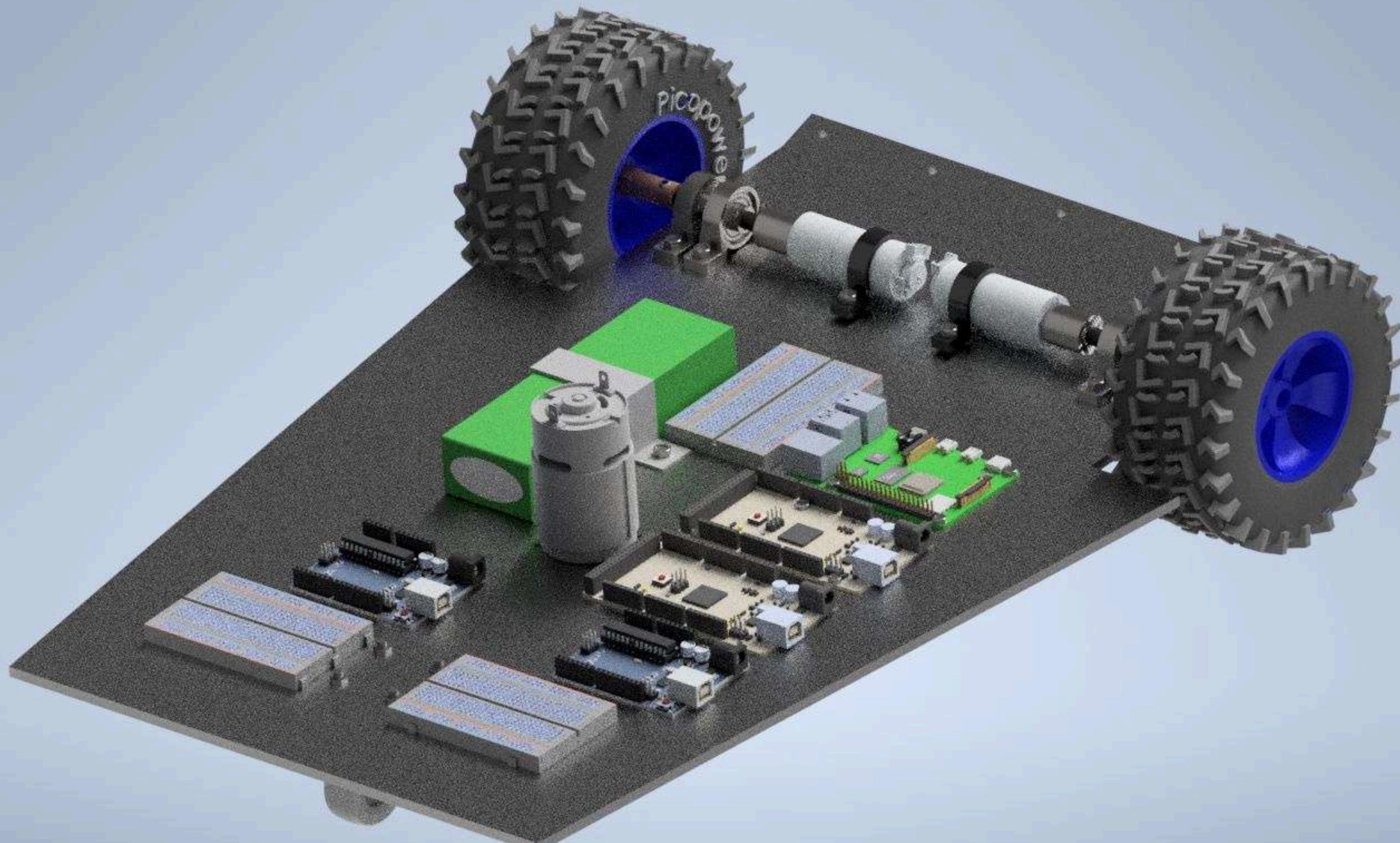






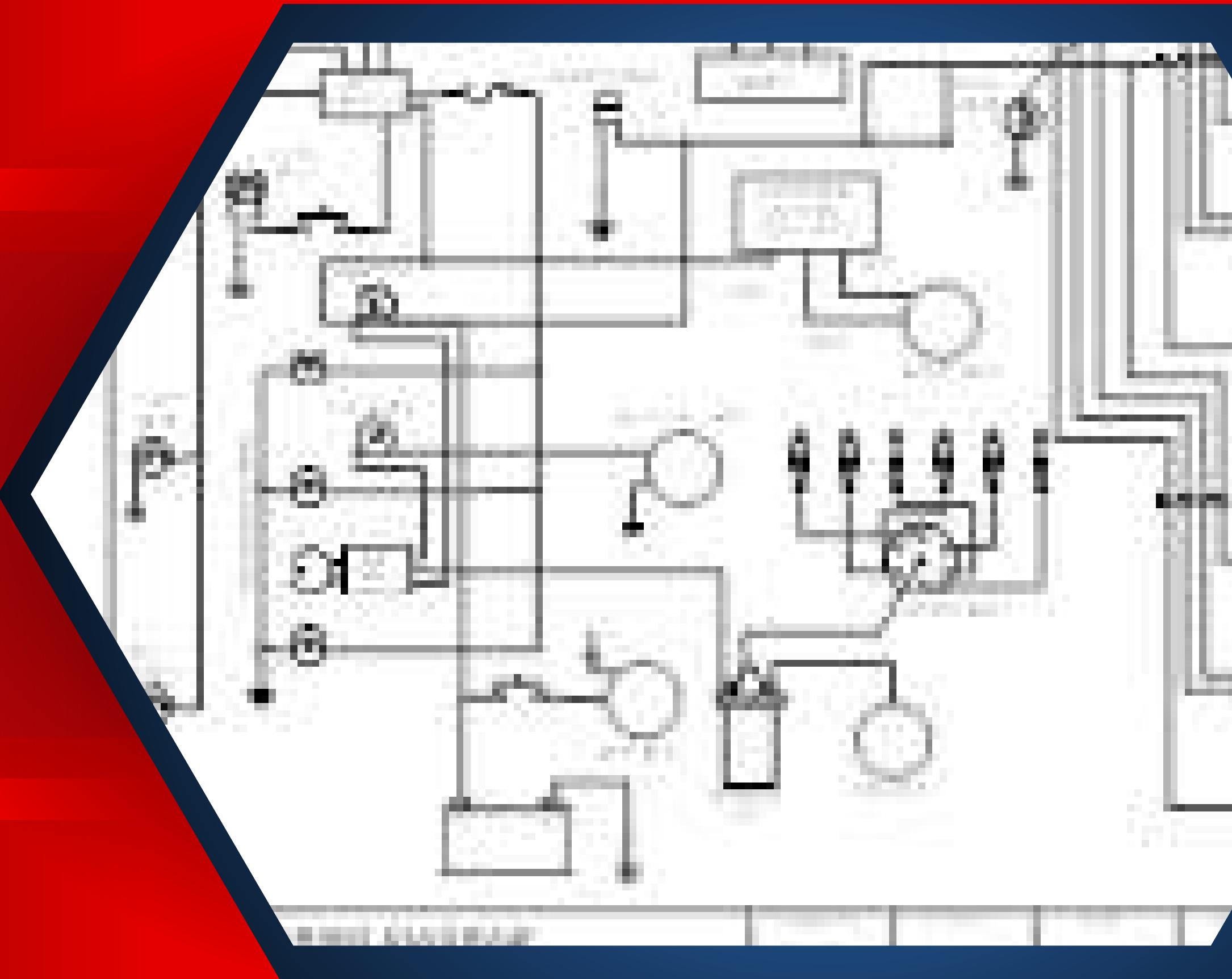


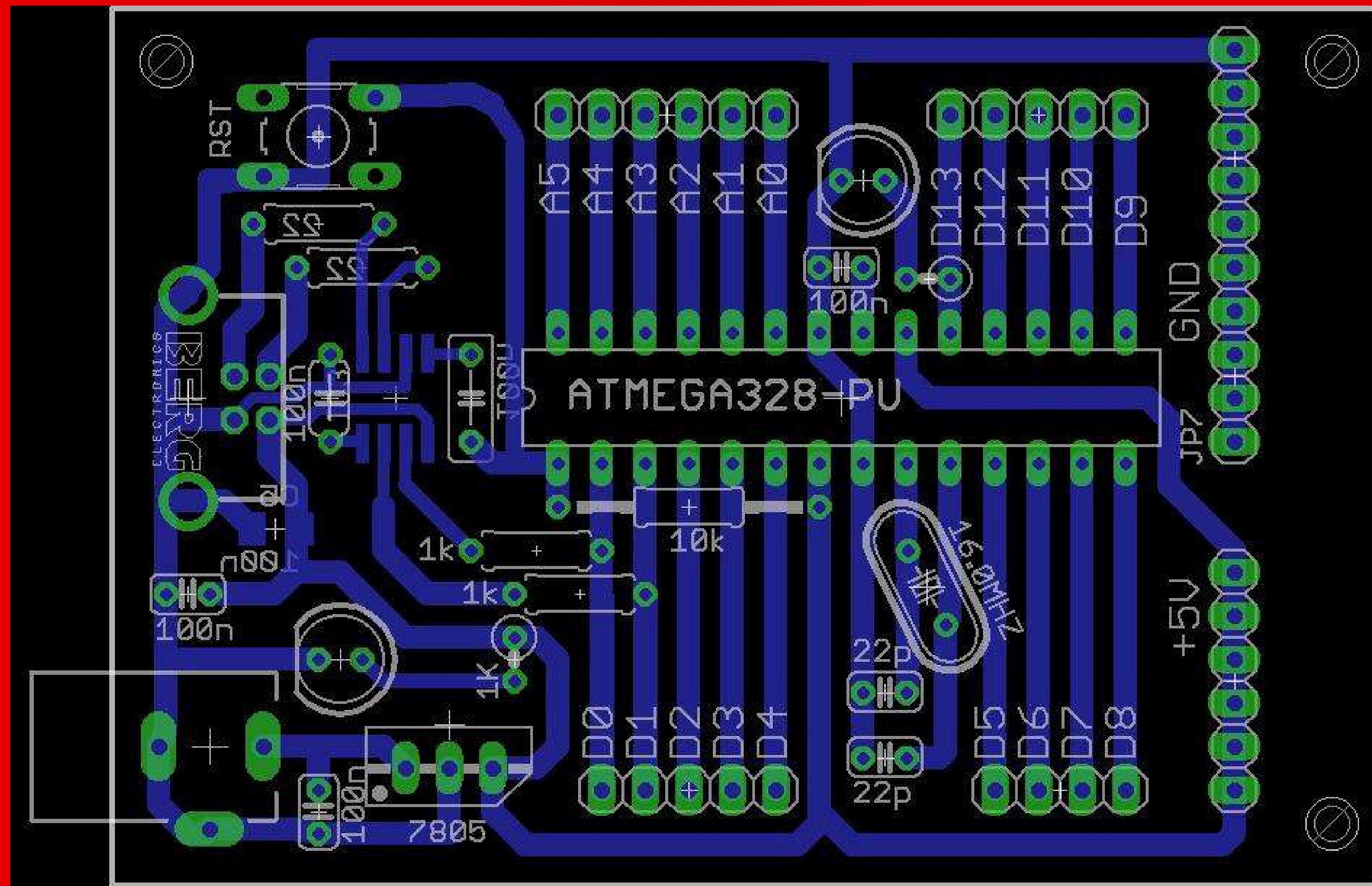


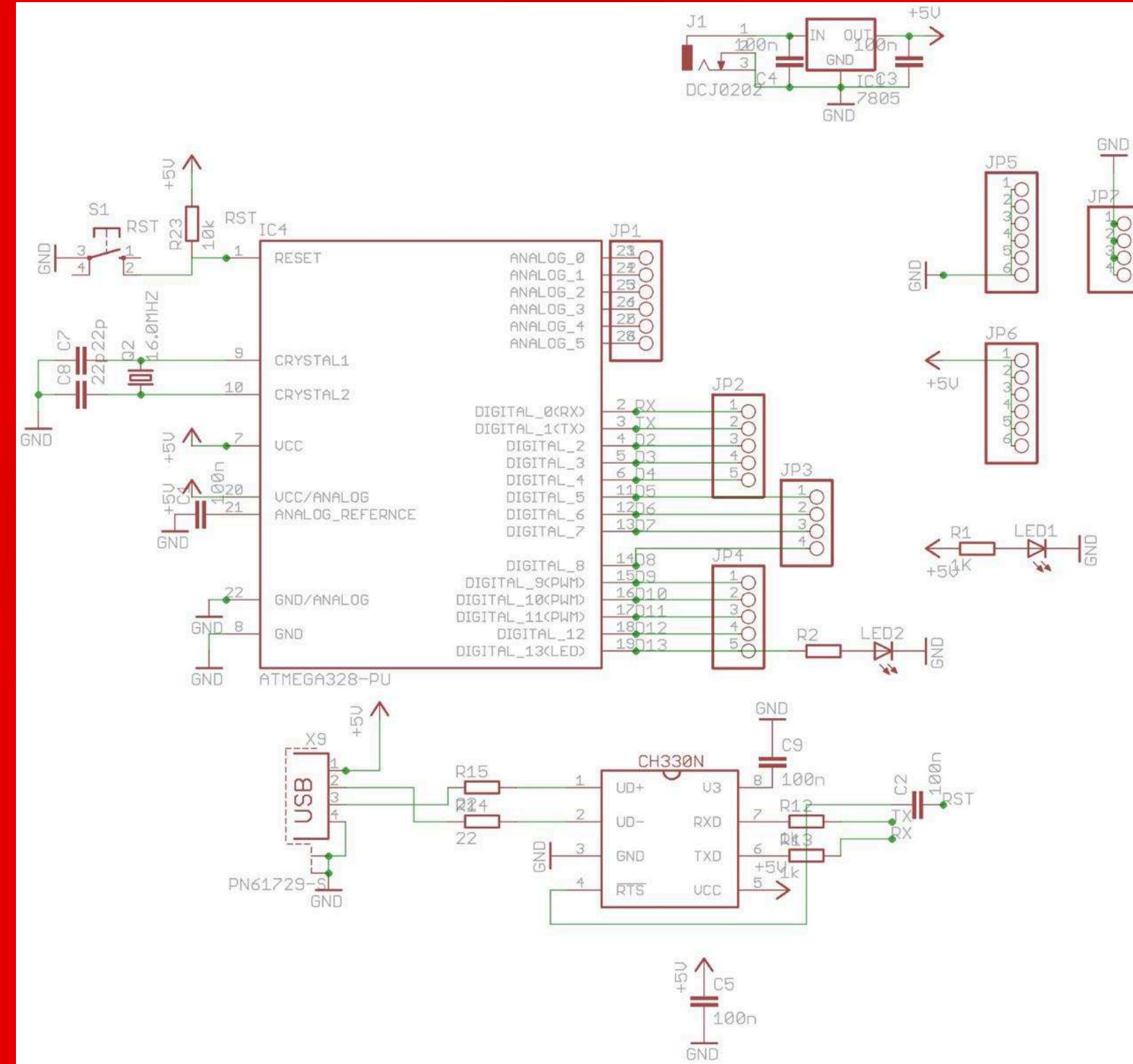


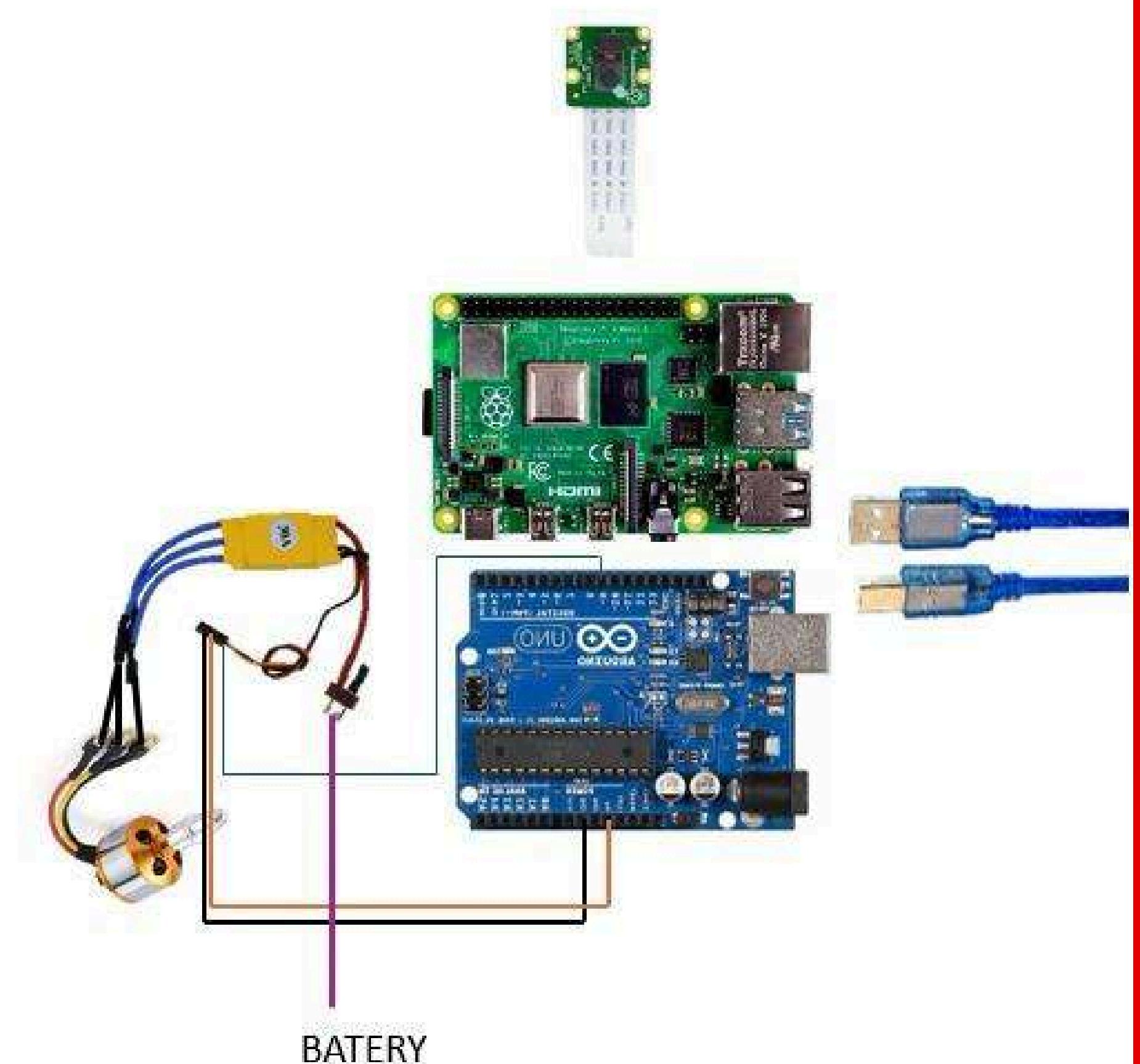


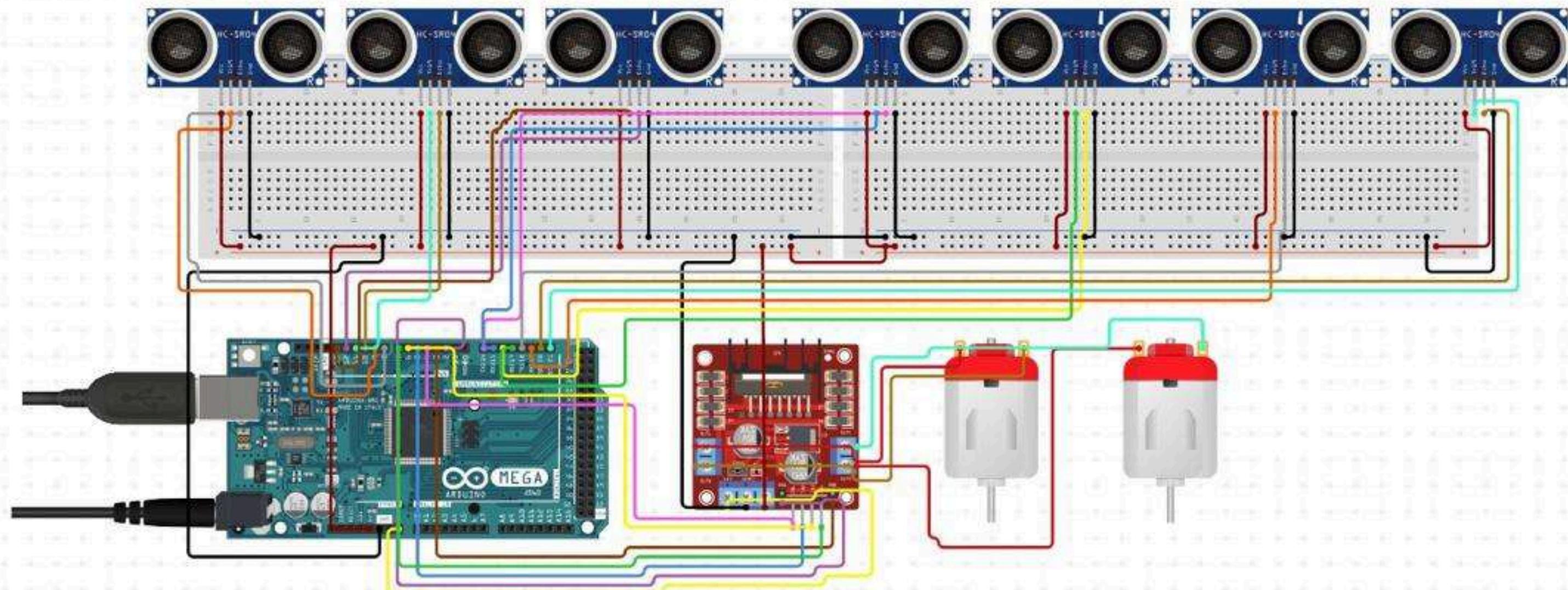
# WIRING



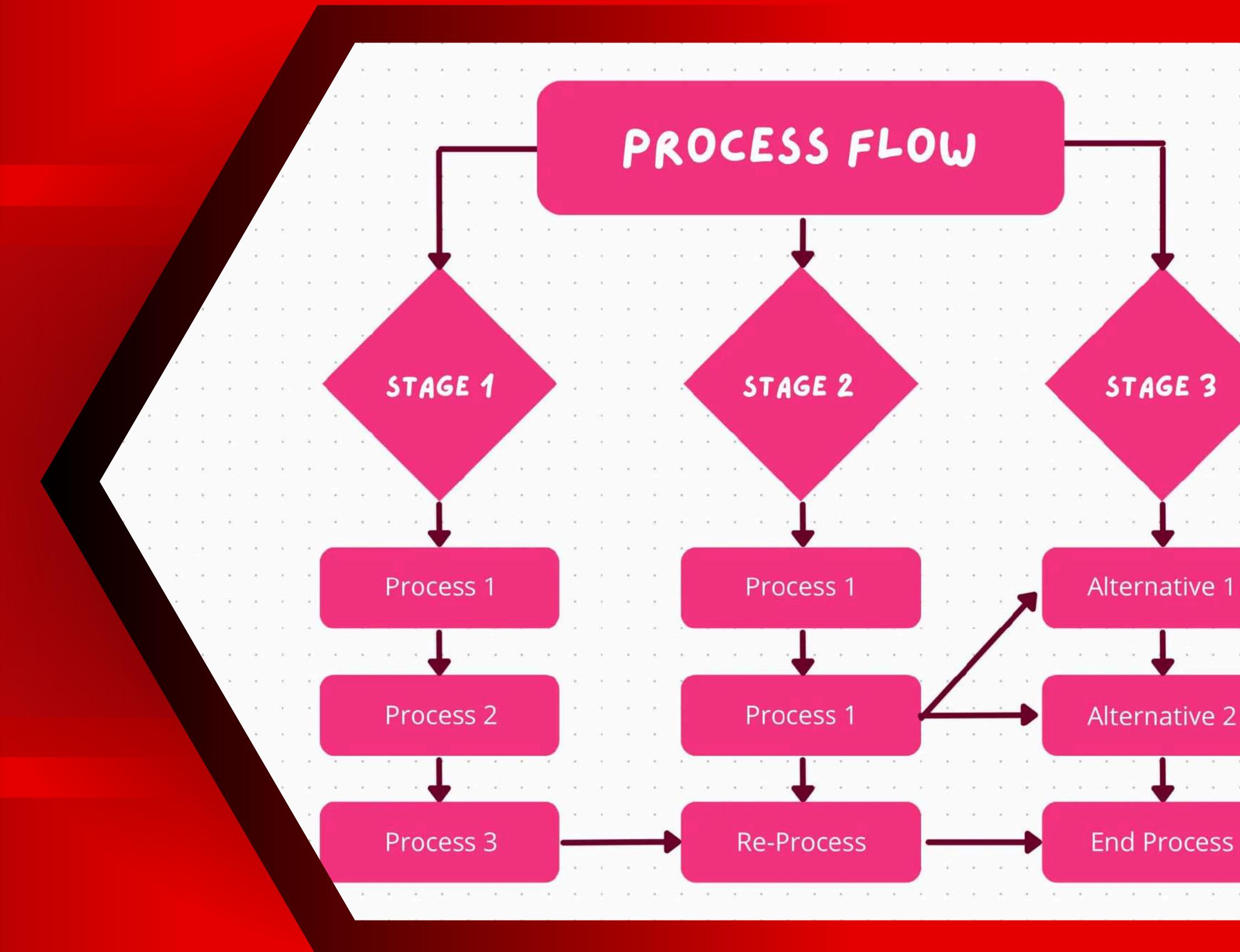


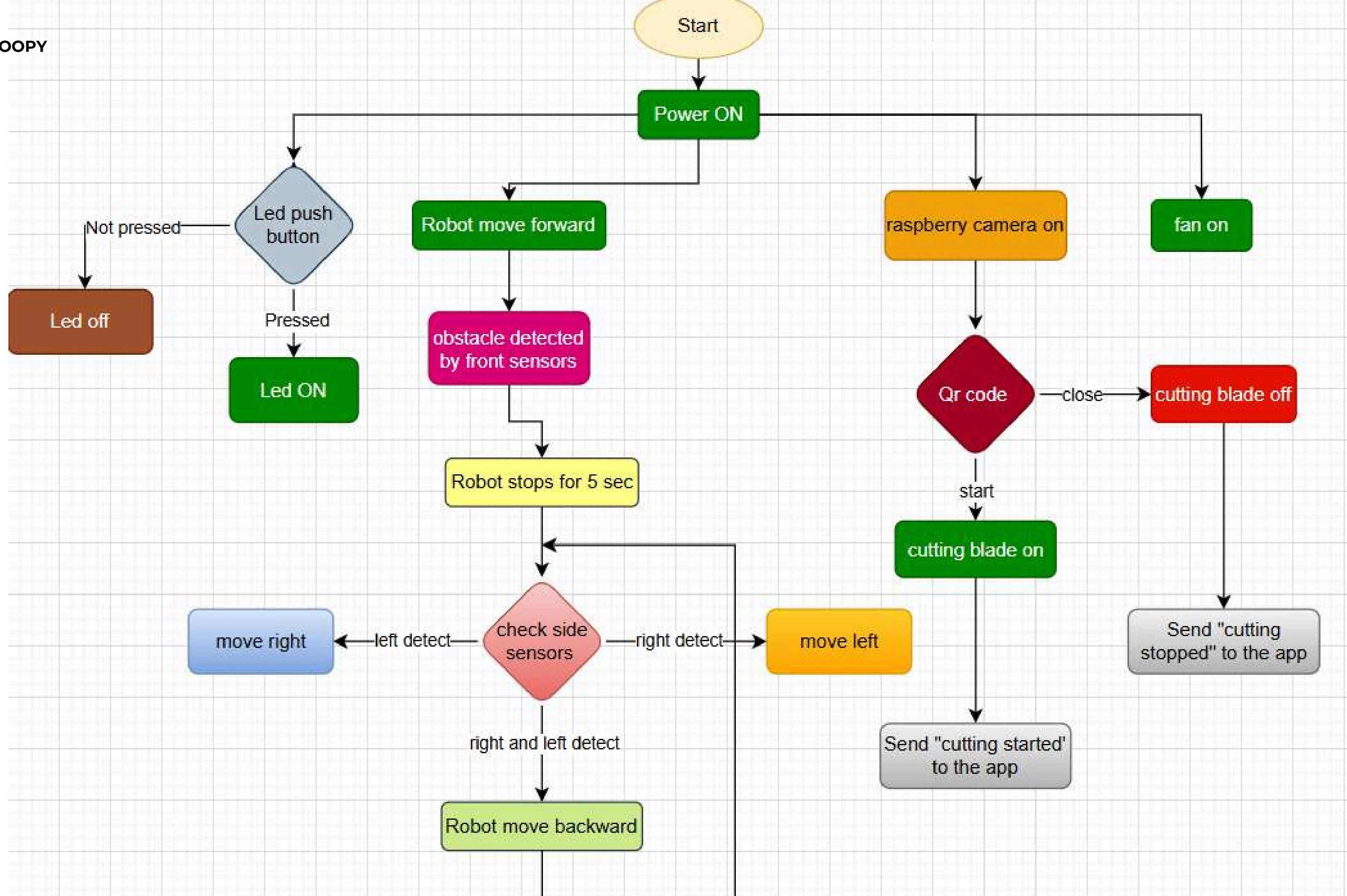






# FLOW CHART

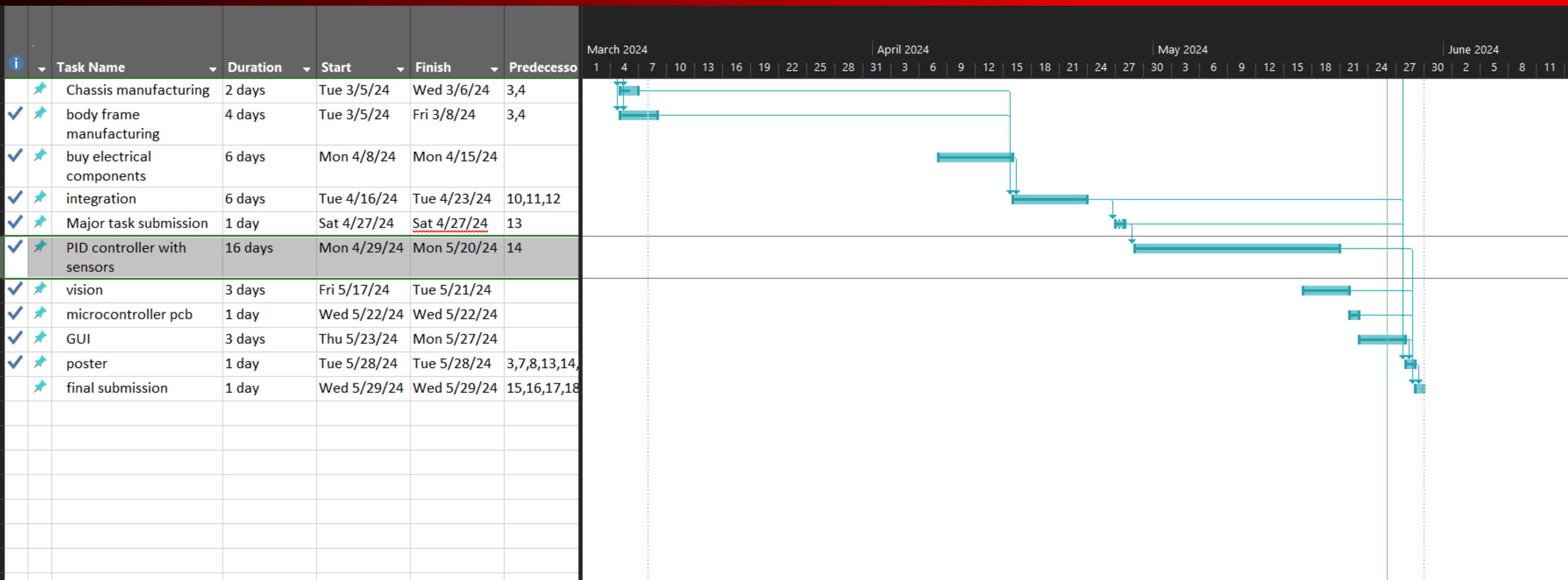






# GANTT CHART





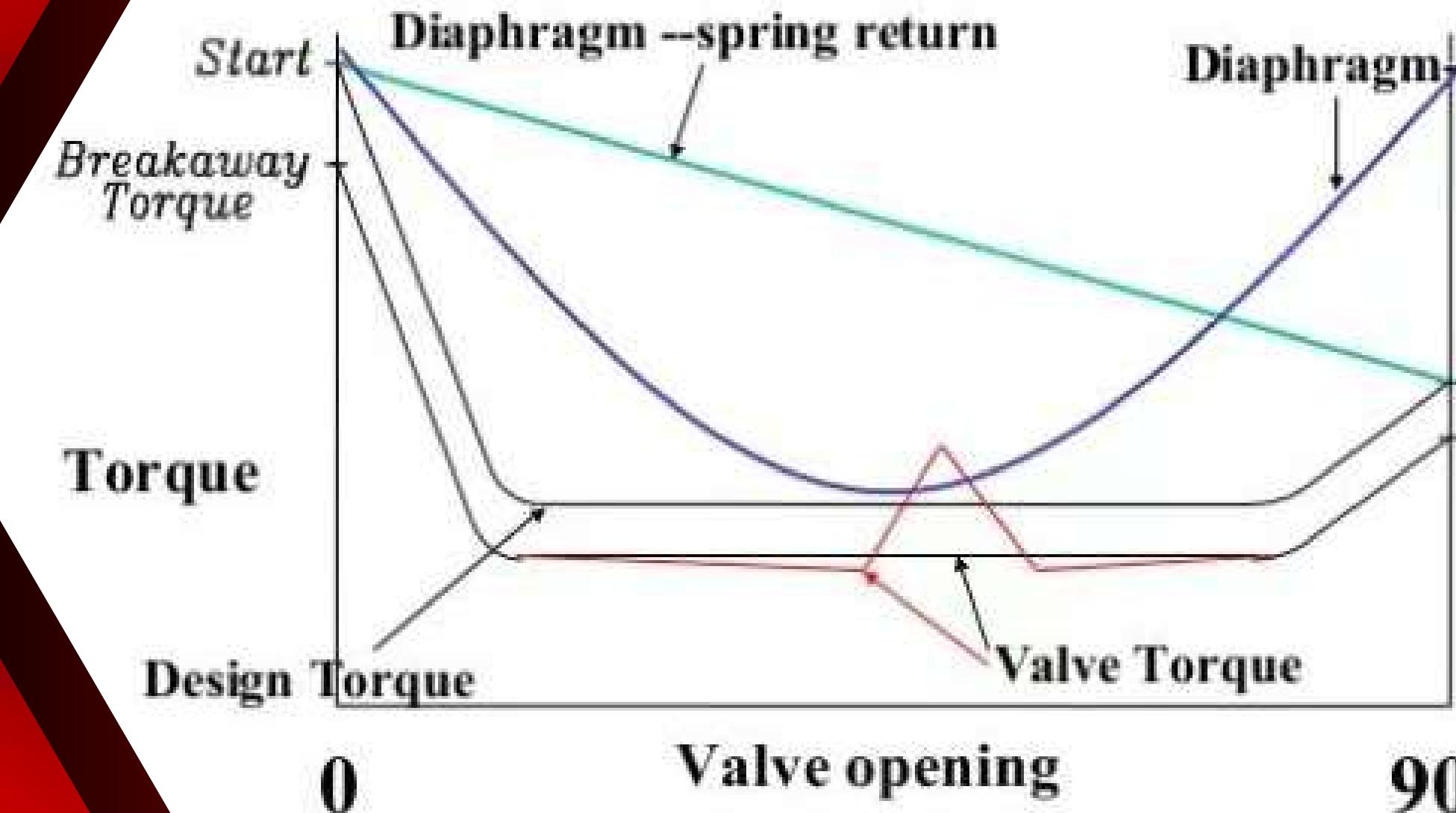
# COST CHART



Components	Cost
Bolts	50 EGP
On/Off Switch	50 EGP
Cooling Fan	60 EGP
H Bridge	85 EGP
Emergency Switch	100 EGP
Couplers	120 EGP
Bearings	200 EGP
Raspberry Pi Camera	200 EGP
Chassis	280 EGP
Wheels	300 EGP
ESC Driver	300 EGP
Ultrasonic Sensors	300 EGP
Microcontroller PCB	500 EGP
Brushless DC Motor	560 EGP
Battery	600 EGP
Arduino Mega	600 EGP
Dc Motors	1400 EGP
Body Frame	2000 EGP
Raspberry pi 4 8GB	6,500 EGP
<b>Total Cost</b>	<b>14,205 EGP</b>

# ACTUATOR SIZING

## Actuator sizing procedure



Actuator torque curve matched with rotary va

SolidWorks interface showing a simulation setup for a robotic arm assembly.

**Model Browser:**

- Assembly
- Layout
- Sketch
- Markup
- new scene
- new scene
- new scene
- SOLIDWORKS Add-ins
- environement
- MBD
- SOLIDWORKS Inspection

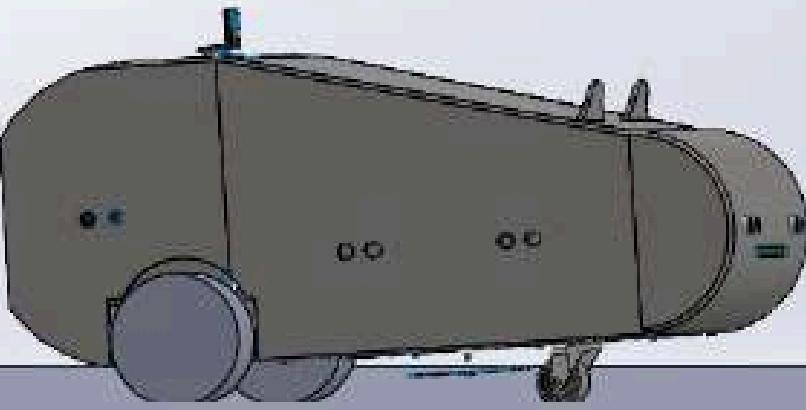
**Toolbars:**

- File
- Edit
- Insert
- Tools
- View
- Display
- Analysis
- Design
- Manufacture
- Visualize
- Connect
- Cloud
- Help

**Left Panel (Model Tree):**

- Assemmmmmmmmm (Default<Display State-1>)
  - History
  - Sensors
    - Sensors6<Motion Study 2>(160.105354 N-mm)
  - Annotations
    - Front Plane
    - Top Plane
    - Right Plane
  - Origin
  - (-) Assemmmmm1 (1)<2> (Default<<Default>\_Display State-1>)
  - (-) wheels-3agla-m4 (1)<3> (Default<<Default>\_Display State-1>)
  - (-) wheels-3agla-m4 (1)<4> (Default<<Default>\_Display State-1>)
  - (-) Castor50mm (2)<1> (Default<Display State-1>)
  - (f) grd<2> (Default<<Default>\_Display State 1>)
  - Mates

**Right Panel (3D View):**



**Bottom Panel (Motion Analysis):**

Plot10

Motor Torque10 (Newton-mm)

Time (sec)

Time (sec)	Motor Torque10 (Newton-mm)
0.00	0
0.50	160
1.00	135
2.00	135
3.00	135
4.00	135
5.00	135

0 sec 2 sec 4 sec 18 sec 20 sec

**Bottom Left Panel (Motion Study Timeline):**

- Gravity
- (-) Assemmmmm1 (1)
- (-) wheels-3agla-m4
- (-) wheels-3agla-m4
- (-) Castor50mm (2)<
- (f) grd<2> (Default<<Default>\_Display State 1>)
- Mates (0 Redundanc



SolidWorks interface showing a simulation setup for a vehicle assembly.

**Model browser:**

- Assembly
- Layout
- Sketch
- Markup
- new scene
- evaluate
- SOLIDWORKS Add-ins
- enviroment
- MBD
- SOLIDWORKS Inspection

**Toolbar:**

**Motor:**

**Component/Direction:**

- Face<2>@wheels-3agla-m4 (1)-4
- Face<1>@Assemmmmm1 (1)-2
- Assemmmmm1 (1)-2@Assemmmmmmmmm

**Motion:**

- Constant Speed
- 100 RPM

**Plot10:**

Motor Torque10 (Newton-mm)

Time (sec)

Time (sec)	Motor Torque10 (Newton-mm)
0.0	0
0.5	~180
1.0	~138
2.0	~135
3.0	~138
4.0	~135
5.0	~138

**Motion Analysis Timeline:**

- 0 sec
- 2 sec
- 4 sec
- 18 sec
- 20 sec

**More Options:**

- Motion Analysis
- Orientation and Cam
- Lights, Cameras and
- RotaryMotor3
- RotaryMotor4
- Solid Body Contact1
- Solid Body Contact1
- Solid Body Contact1

## ► Our Parameters:

- $R_w = 0.065$
- $\mu_r = 0.05$
- $\mu_f = 0.35$
- $C_d = 0.1$
- $A_f = 0.089$
- $V = 0.25 \text{ m/s}$
- $T = 0.3 \text{ s}$
- $G = 9.81$
- $M_{\text{total/wheel}} = 2.7 \text{ kg}$
- $\eta = 0.9$
- $P = 1.2$

$$F_{\text{air}} = 1/2 * C_d * \rho * A_f * V^2$$

$$= 1/2 (0.1)(1.2)(0.089)(0.3)^2 = 3.3 \times 10^{-4} \text{ N}$$

$$F_R = \mu_r * M g$$

$$= (0.05)(2.7)(9.81) = 1.324 \text{ N}$$

$$J_{Motor} = J_{LoadEff} = \frac{J_{eqWheel} + J_{eqLinearMass}}{\eta}$$

≡

$$J_{eqWheels} = 0.5M_{wheel} * R_w^2 = 3.65 \times 10^{-4}$$

$$J_{eqLinearMass} = M * R_w^2$$

$$= 2.7(0.065)^2 = 0.0114$$

$$J_{loadEff} = \frac{0.0114 + 3.65 \times 10^{-4}}{0.9} = 0.013$$

$$J_{total} = J_{eqWheels} + J_{eqLinearMass} + J_{loadEff}$$

$$= 0.013 + 0.0114 + 3.65 \times 10^{-4} = 0.025$$

$$\dot{\alpha} = \frac{V}{T} = \frac{0.25}{0.3} = \frac{0.065}{0.3} = 12.8$$

$$T_R = (F_{air} + F_r) R_w$$

$$= (3.3 \times 10^{-4} + 1.324) 0.065 = 0.086 \text{ N.m}$$

$$J_{\text{total}} = J_{\text{eqWheels}} + J_{\text{eqlinearMass}} + J_{\text{loadEff}}$$

$$= 0.013 + 0.0114 + 3.65 \times 10^{-4} = 0.025$$

$$\dot{\alpha} = \frac{V}{T} = \frac{0.25}{0.065} = 12.8$$

$$T_R = (F_{\text{air}} + F_r) R_w$$

$$= (3.3 \times 10^{-4} + 1.324) 0.065 = 0.086 \text{ N.m}$$

$$J_{\text{total}} = J_{\text{eqWheels}} + J_{\text{eqlinearMass}} + J_{\text{loadEff}}$$

$$= 0.013 + 0.0114 + 3.65 \times 10^{-4} = 0.025$$

$$\dot{\alpha} = \frac{V}{T} = \frac{0.25}{0.065} = 12.8$$

$$T_R = (F_{\text{air}} + F_r) R_w$$

$$= (3.3 \times 10^{-4} + 1.324) 0.065 = 0.086 \text{ N.m}$$

$$T_{motor} = T_R + J_{total} \cdot \ddot{\alpha}$$

==

$$\text{At } +acc = 0.086 + 12.8(0.025) = 0.406 \text{ N.m}$$

$$\text{At } 0 acc = 0.086 + 0(0.025) = 0.086 \text{ N.m}$$

$$\text{At } -acc = 0.086 + 12.8(-0.025) = -0.234$$

$$T_{rms} = \sqrt{\frac{(0.406)^2 * 0.3 + (0.086)^2 * 0.6 + (-0.234)^2 * 0.3}{1.2}}$$

$$= 0.265 \text{ N.m} = 2.65 \text{ Kg.cm}$$

$$Teffort = \frac{0.406}{0.065} = 6.24 \text{ N}$$

$$TeffortMax = 2.7(9.81)(0.35) = 9.27 \text{ N}$$

✓  $Teffort < TeffortMax$  [ design is valid ]

Motor selection → DC 12v , 100 rpm , 0.34N.m

—

# VISION MISSION



**The whole purpose of the camera in the lawn mower robot project is to control the operation of the cutting blade by scanning QR codes. The Raspberry Pi camera scans these QR codes to activate or deactivate the cutting blade, providing a user-friendly and secure method for managing the blade's operation.**

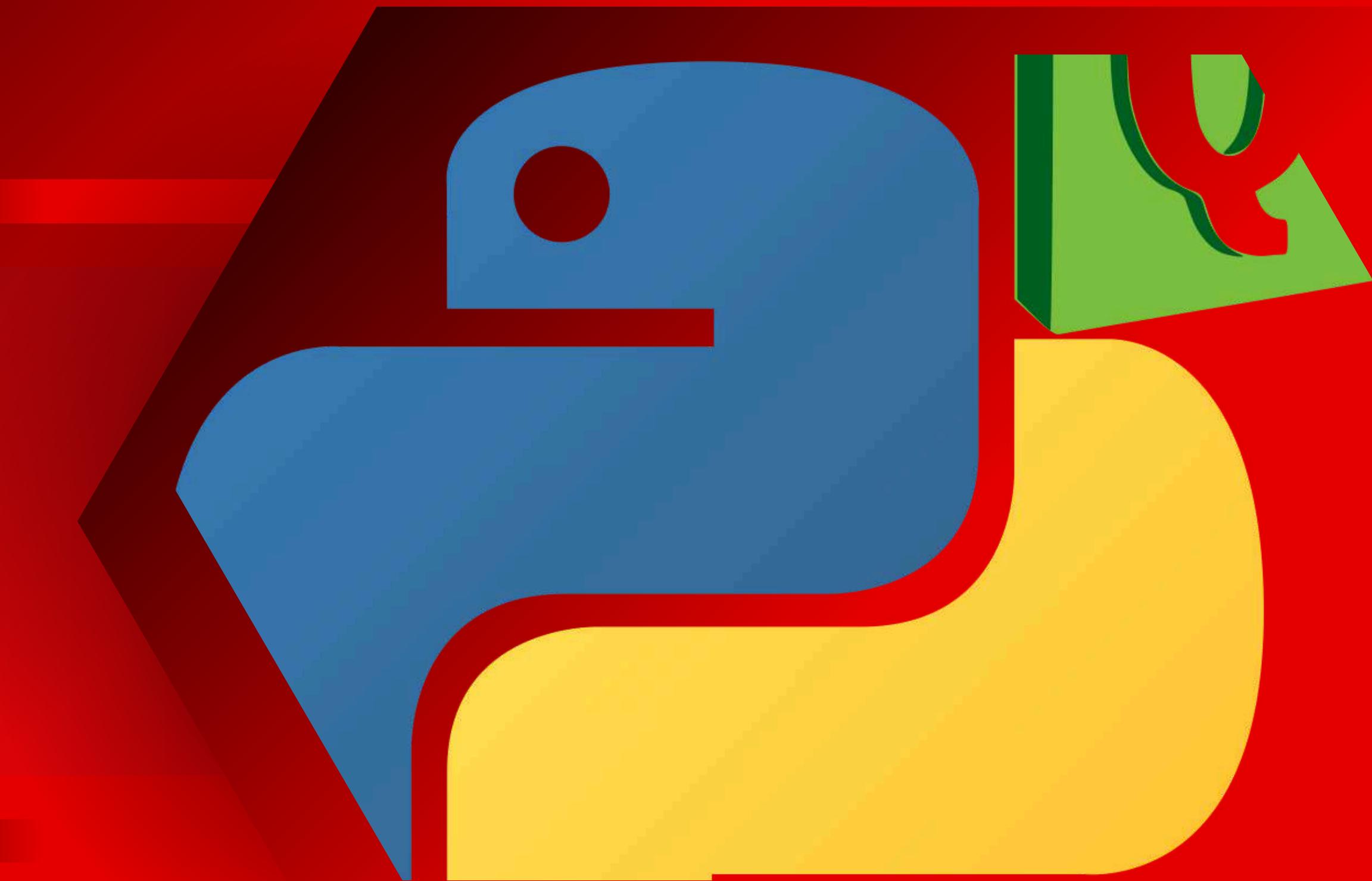
# ON QR CODE



OFF QR CODE



# GUI APP



login

Username:

snoopy

Password:

\*\*\*\*

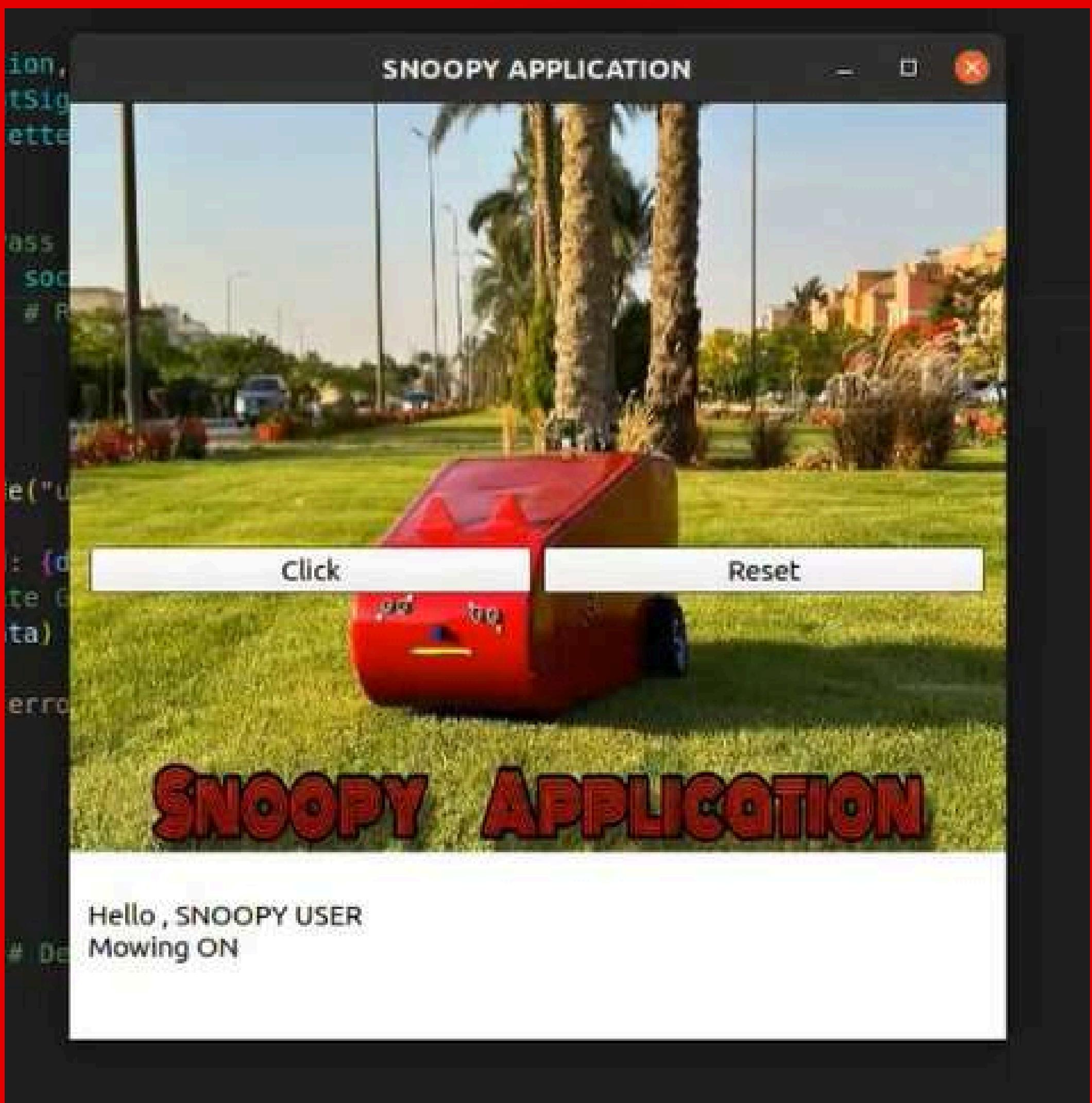


Remember me

Login

Cancel





# SNOOPY APPLICATION



# SNOOPY APPLICATION

Hello , SNOOPY USER  
Mowing ON  
Mowing OFF

# SNOOPY APPLICATION

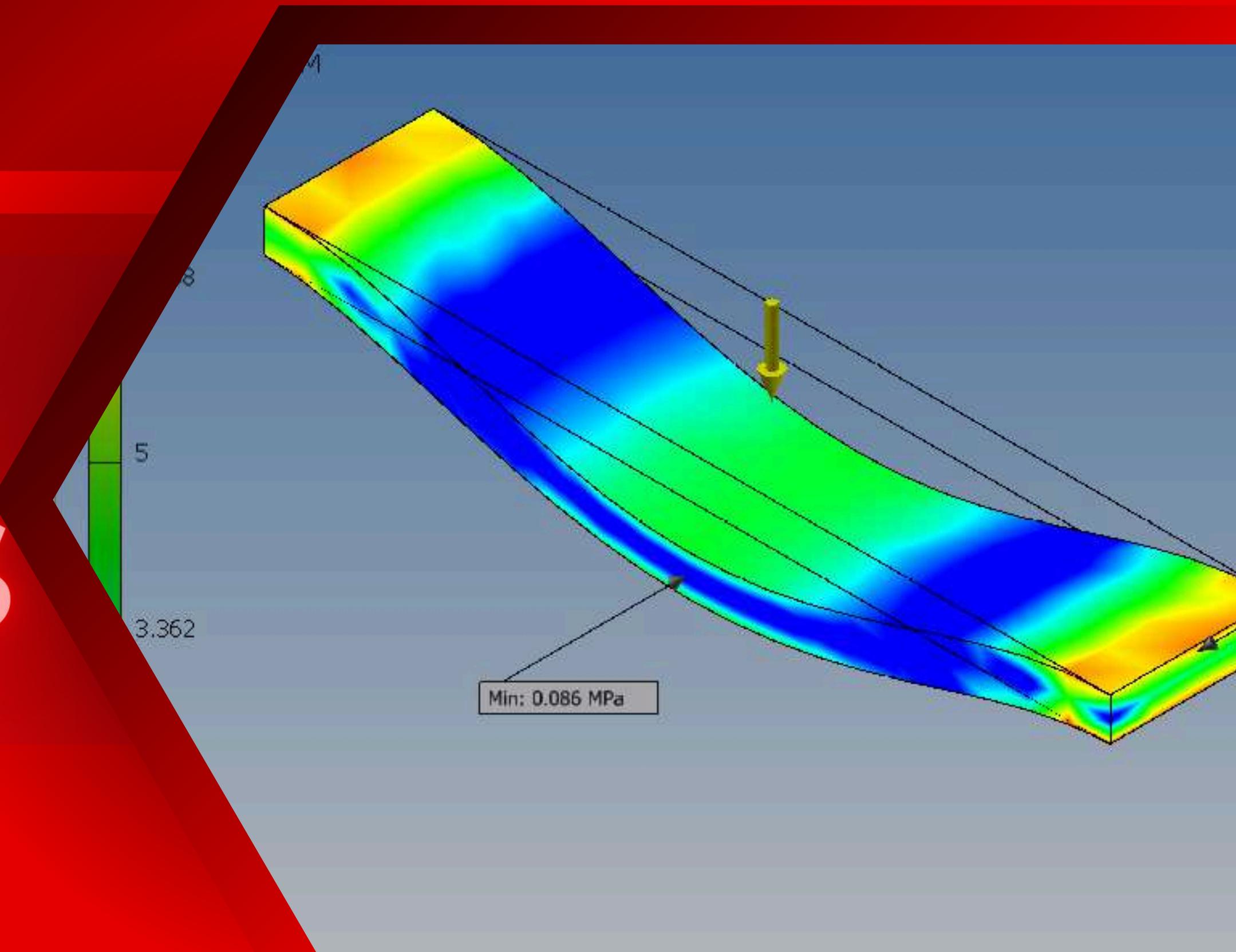


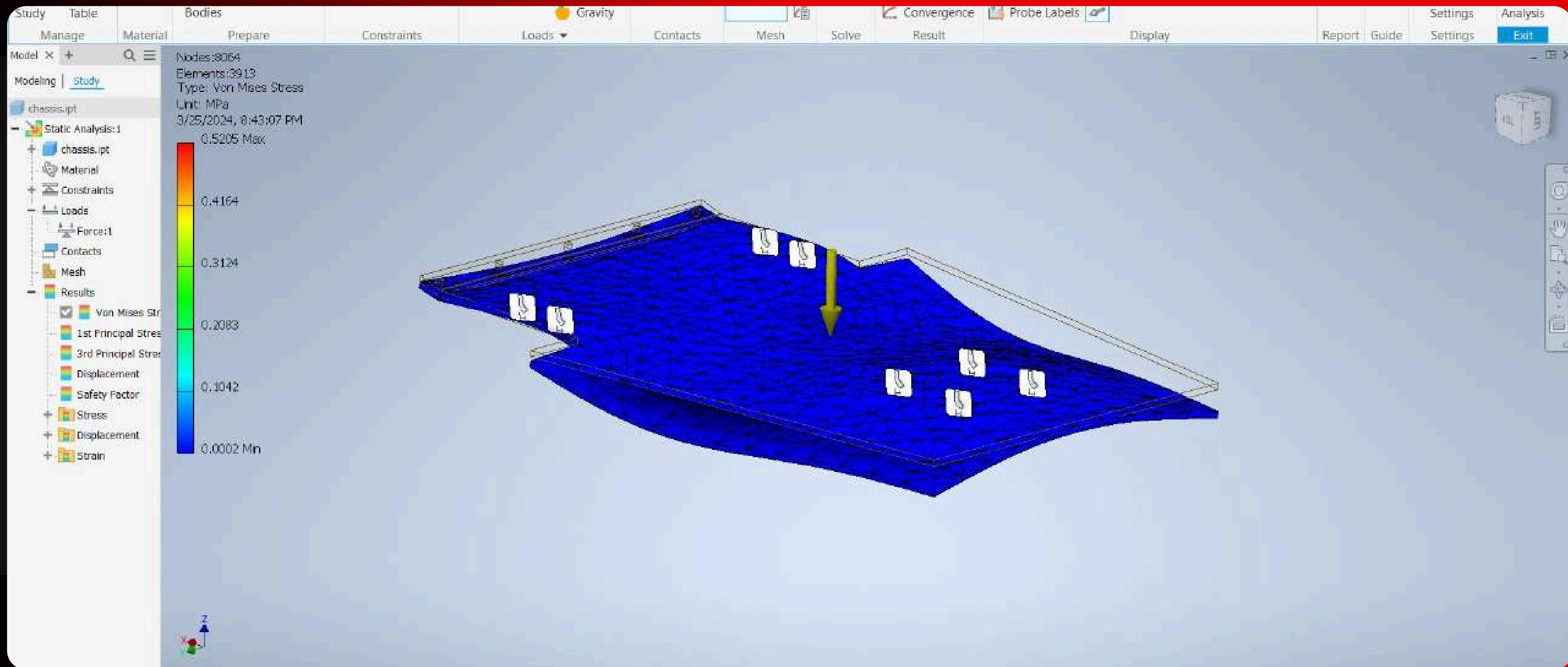
Click

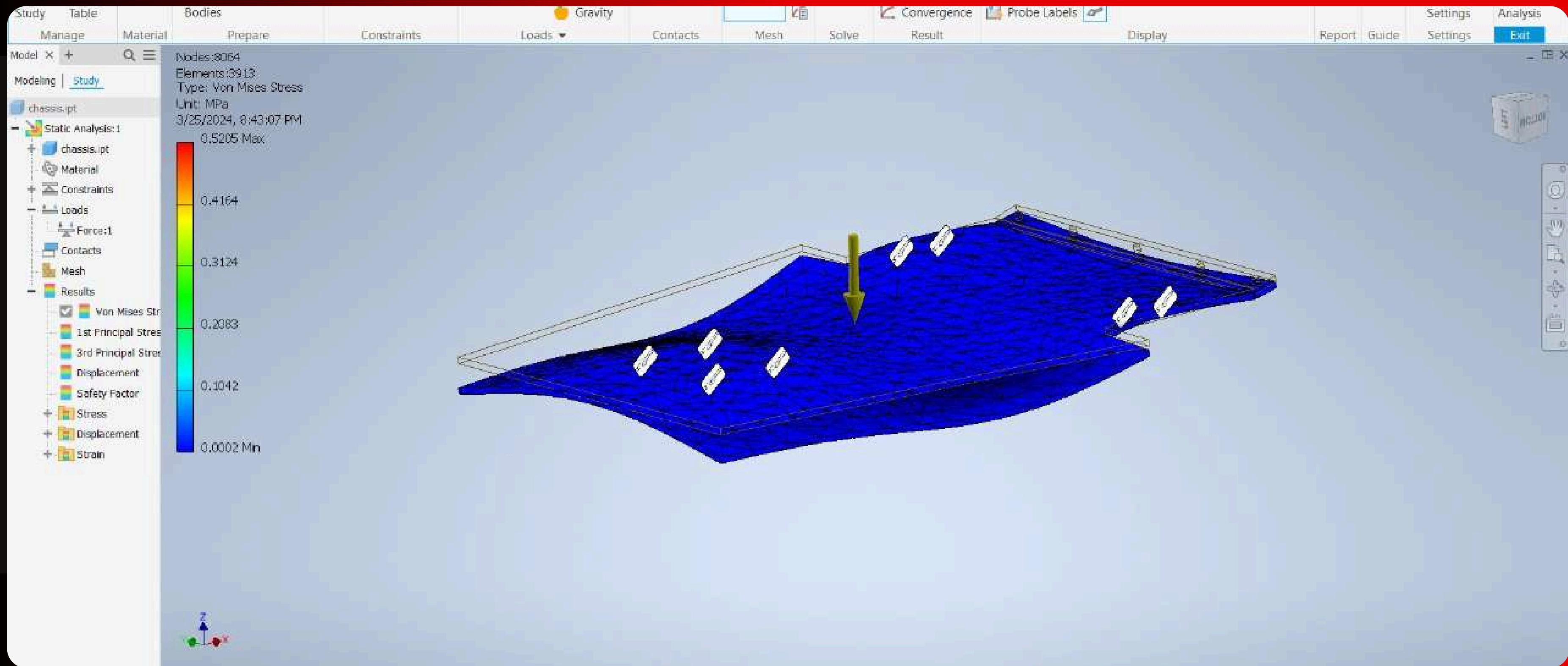
Reset

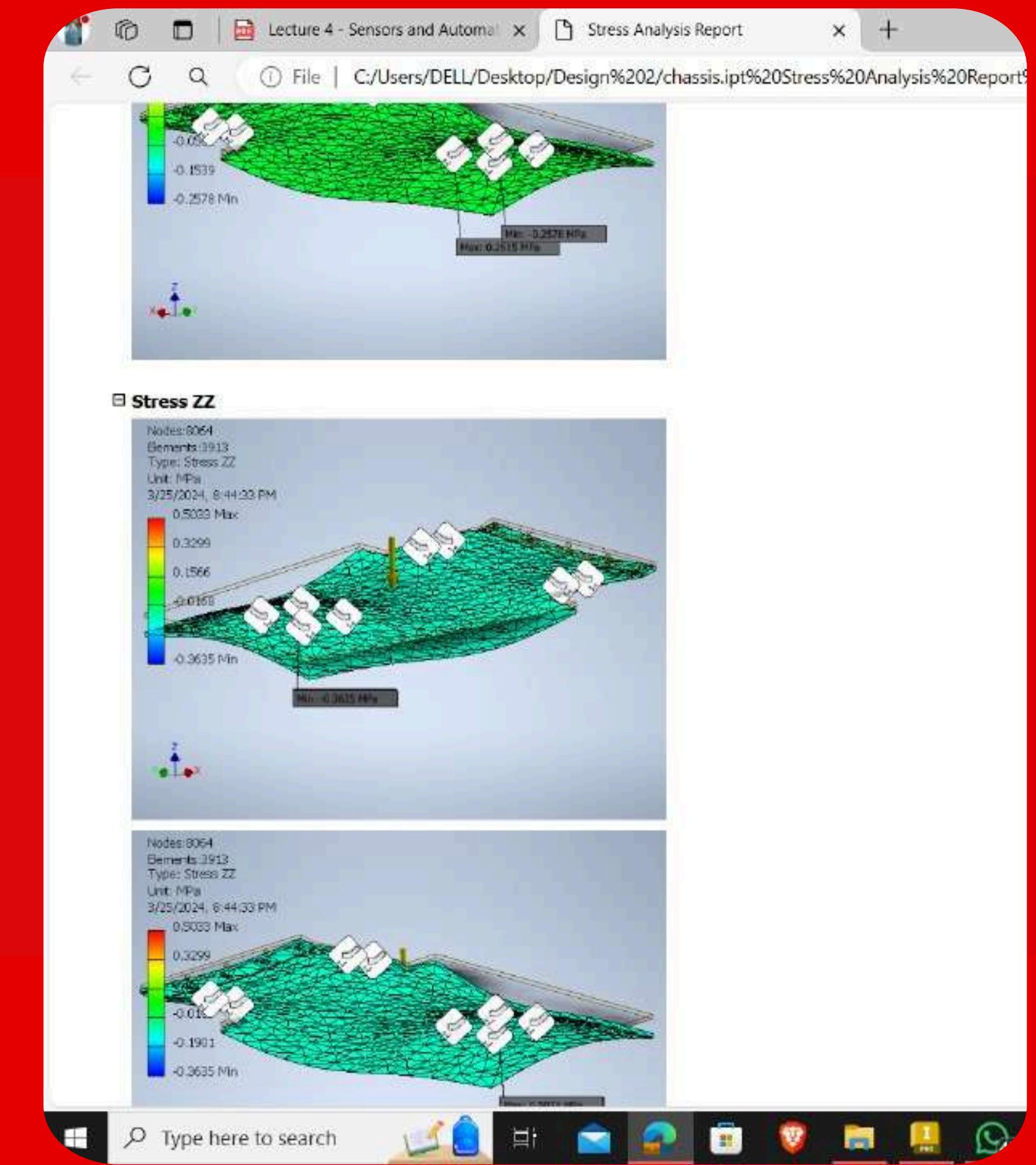
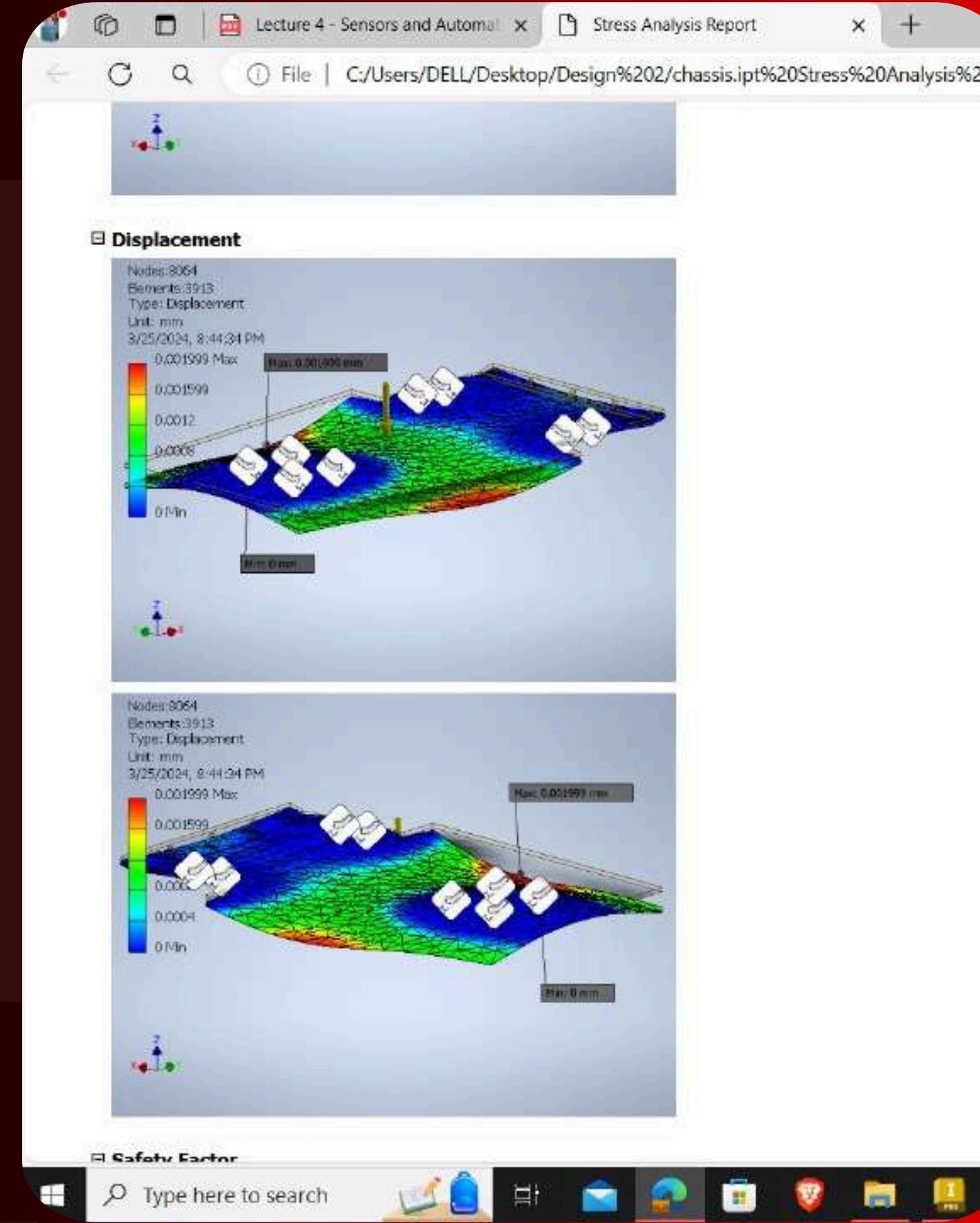
**SNOOPY APPLICATION**

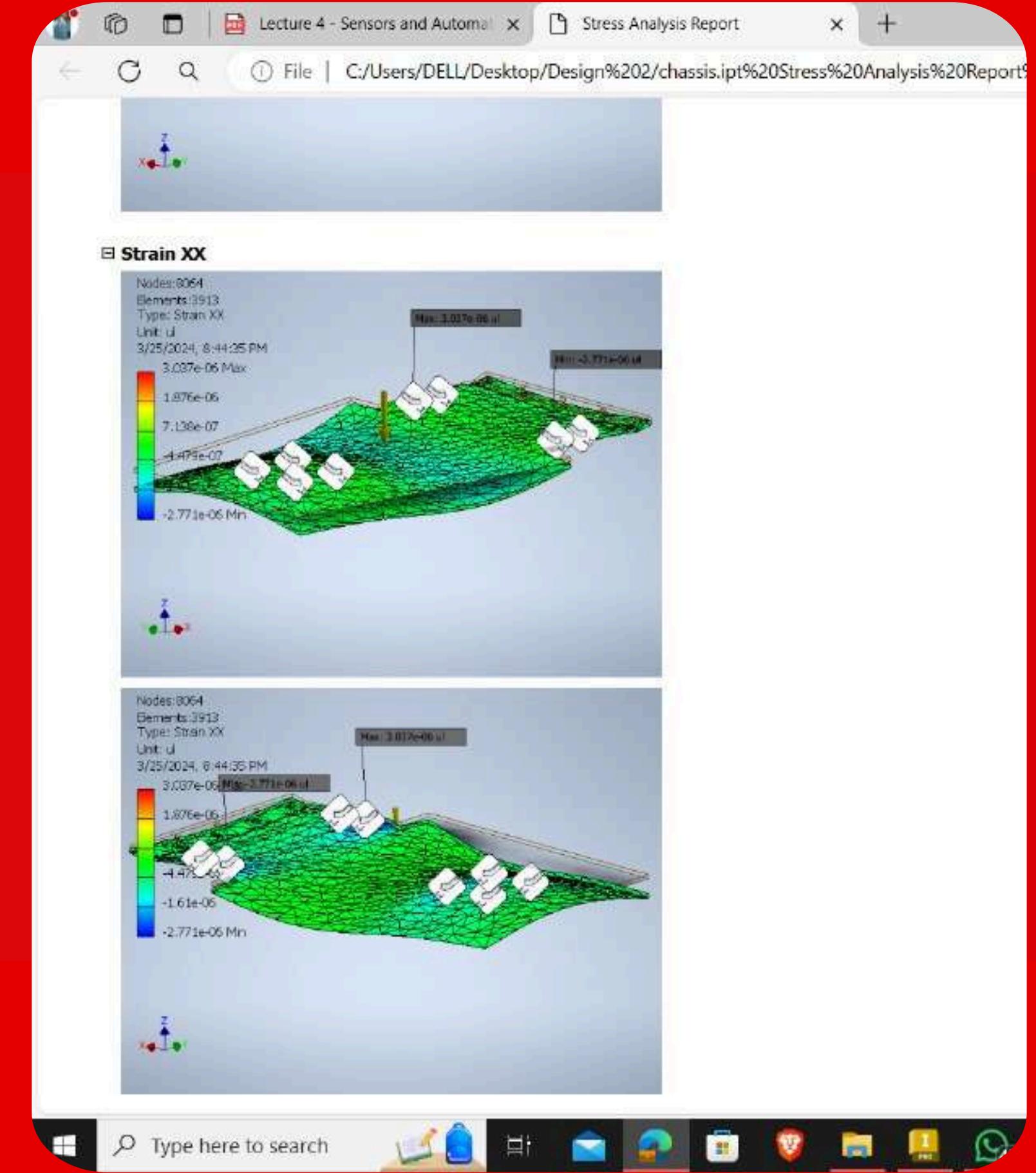
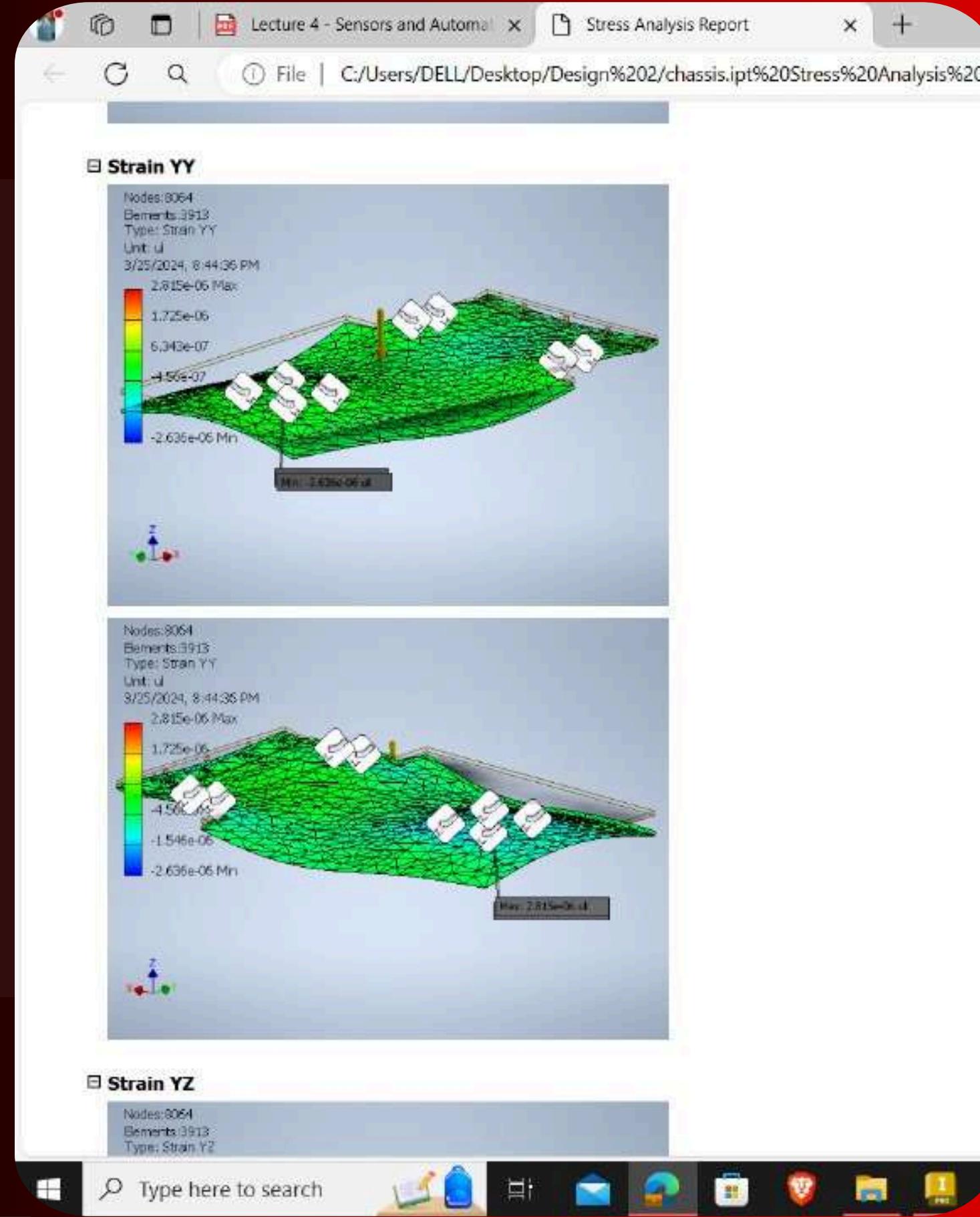
# STRESS ANALYSIS













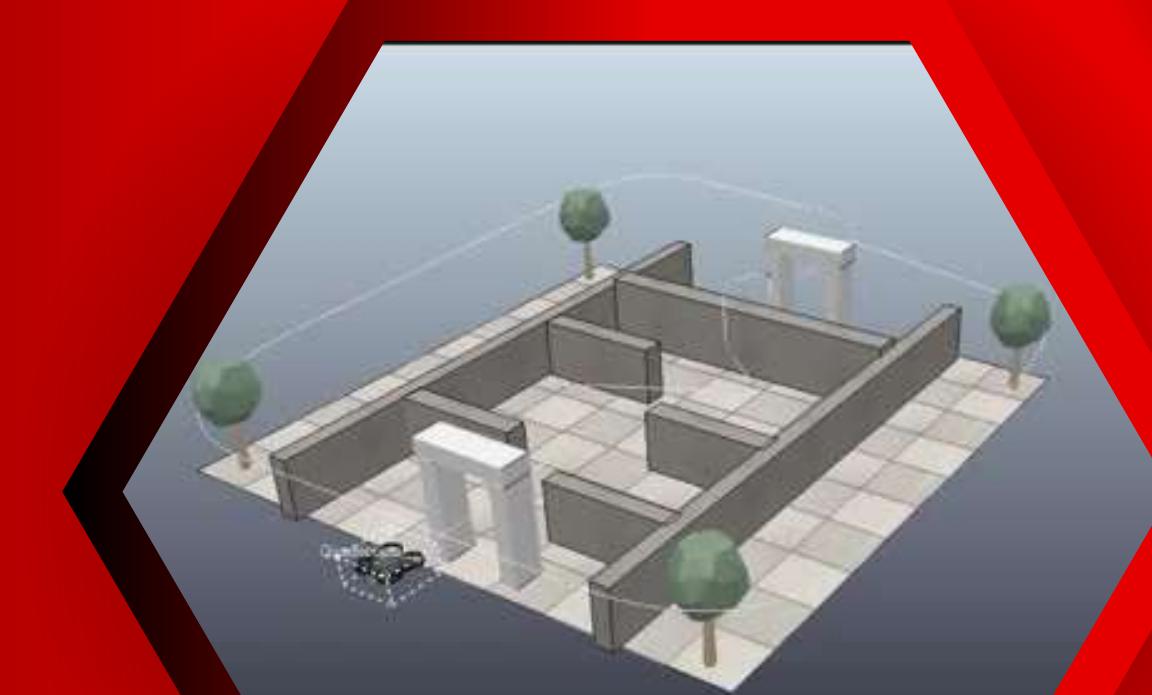
### Reaction Force and Moment on Constraints

Constraint Name	Reaction Force		Reaction Moment	
	Magnitude	Component (X,Y,Z)	Magnitude	Component (X,Y,Z)
Fixed Constraint: 1	5 N	0 N	0.0746982 N m	0 N m
		0 N		0.0746982 N m
		5 N		0 N m

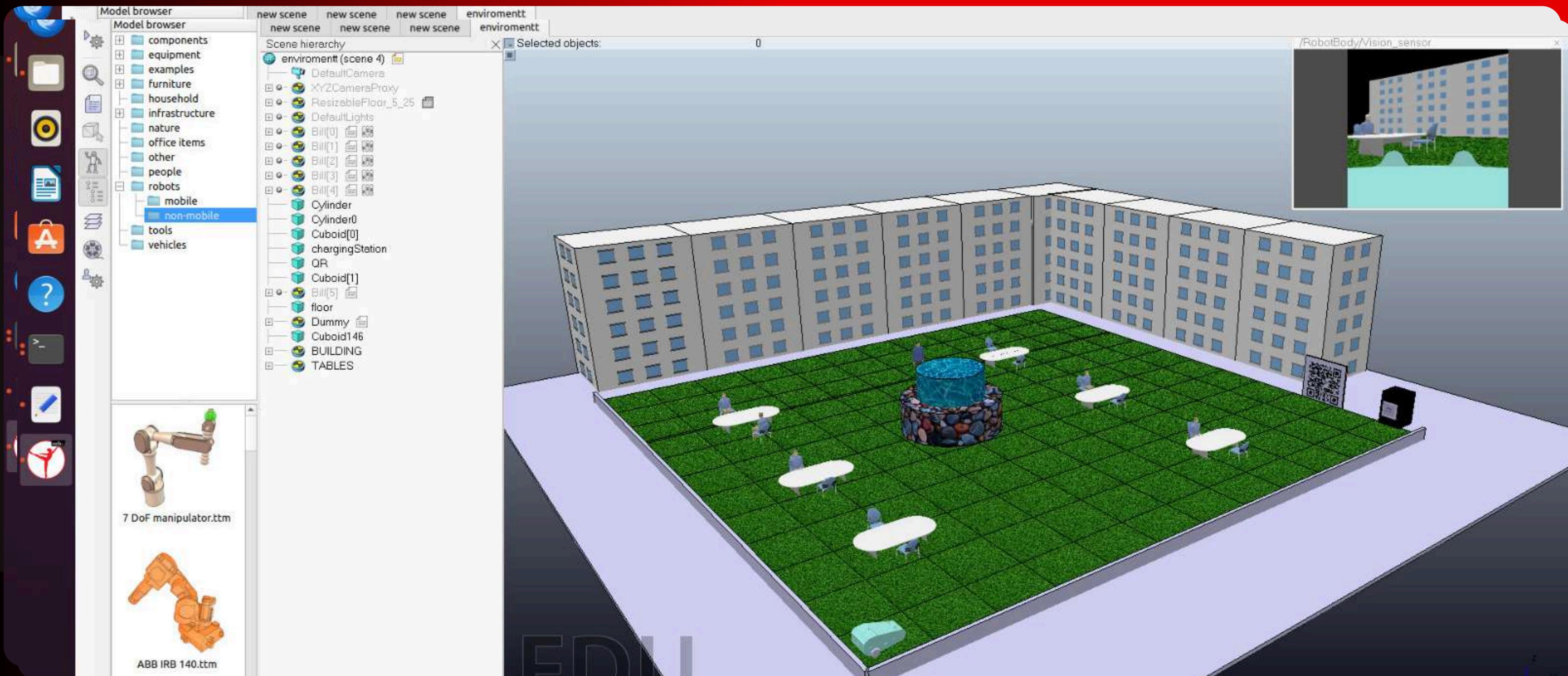
### Result Summary

Name	Minimum	Maximum
Volume	888041 mm <sup>3</sup>	
Mass	2.39771 kg	
Von Mises Stress	0.000175332 MPa	0.520499 MPa
1st Principal Stress	-0.152471 MPa	0.801515 MPa
3rd Principal Stress	-0.48252 MPa	0.246943 MPa
Displacement	0 mm	0.00199927 mm
Safety Factor	15 ul	15 ul
Stress XX	-0.231975 MPa	0.431312 MPa
Stress XY	-0.0895619 MPa	0.0934501 MPa
Stress XZ	-0.210782 MPa	0.223358 MPa
Stress YY	-0.247615 MPa	0.448662 MPa
Stress YZ	-0.257751 MPa	0.261457 MPa
Stress ZZ	-0.36348 MPa	0.503283 MPa
X Displacement	-0.0000440889 mm	0.0000419778 mm
Y Displacement	-0.0000405771 mm	0.0000385611 mm
Z Displacement	-0.00199919 mm	0.00011212 mm
Equivalent Strain	0.00000000230201 ul	0.00000743106 ul
1st Principal Strain	0.00000000108414 ul	0.00000884673 ul
3rd Principal Strain	-0.00000535604 ul	-0.00000000119452 ul
Strain XX	-0.0000027714 ul	0.00000303727 ul
Strain XY	-0.00000172884 ul	0.0000018039 ul
Strain XZ	-0.00000406879 ul	0.00000431155 ul
Strain YY	-0.00000263648 ul	0.00000281483 ul

# ENVIRONMENT USING COPPELIASIM



coppeliasim



Activities

CoppeliaSim

20:50 17.4.



environment.ttt

File Edit Add Simulation Tools Modules Scenes Help

Model browser

- components
- equipment
- examples
- furniture
- household
- infrastructure
- nature
- office items
- other
- people
- robots
- mobile
- non-mobile
- tools
- vehicles

Scene hierarchy

- environment (scene 2)
  - DefaultCamera
  - DefaultCameraProxy
  - DefaultLight
  - Building[0]
  - Building[1]
  - Building[2]
  - Building[3]
  - Building[4]
  - Building[5]
  - Building[6]
  - Building[7]
  - Building[8]
  - Building[9]
  - Cylinder
  - Cylinder[0]
  - Cuboid[0]
  - chargingStation
  - QR
  - Cuboid[1]
  - Dummy
  - Cuboid146
  - BUILDING
  - TABLES

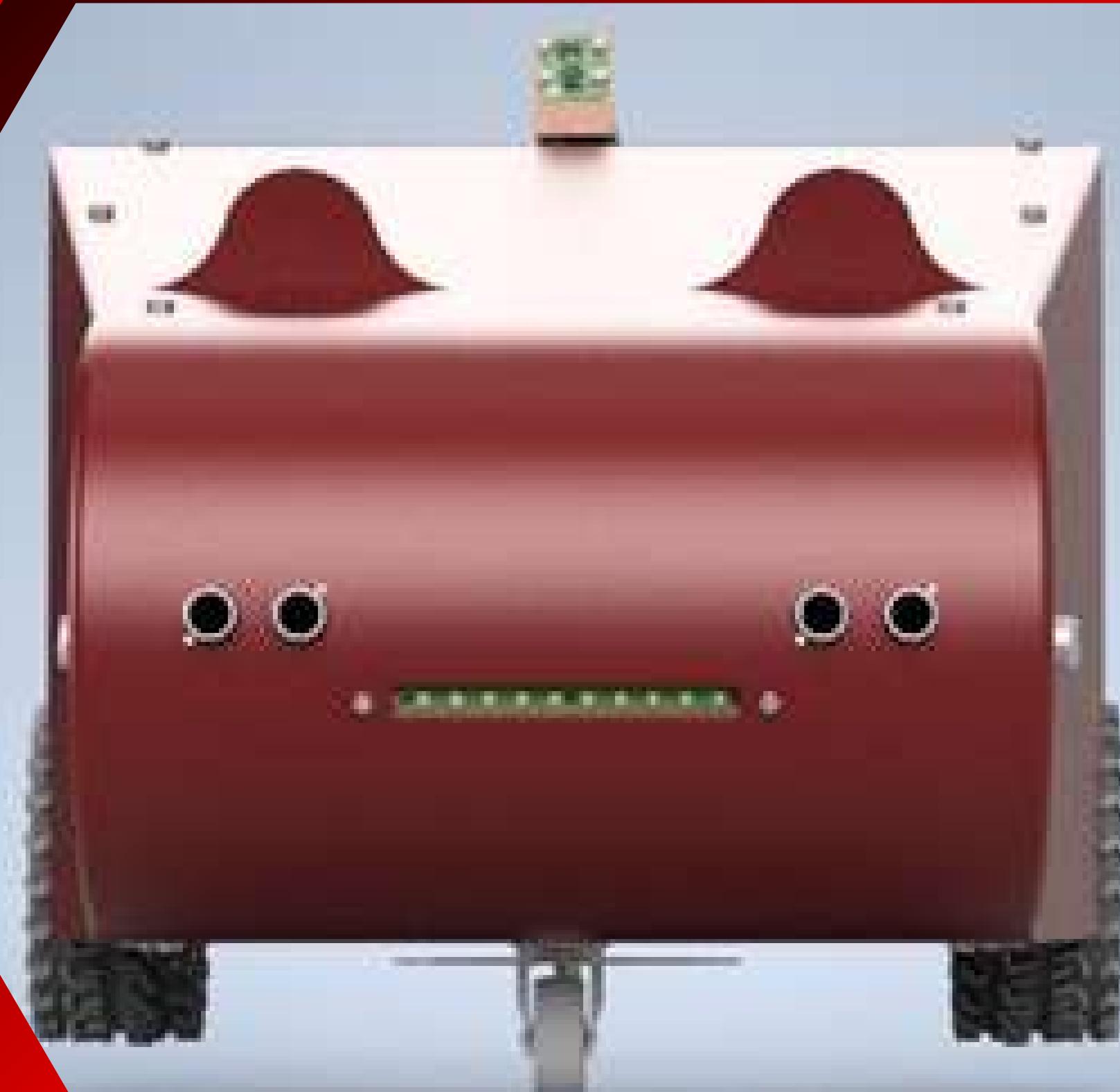
Selected objects:

- Last selected object alias:
- Last selected object type:
- Last selected object position:  
x: 0.000 y: 0.000 z: +0.010  
a: 0.00 b: 0.00 g: 0.00
- Last selected object orientation:

Robot2Dvision\_sensor

As usual, make sure to back up your scenes/models before upgrading [sandboxScript.info] Simulation started.

# MANUFACTURING



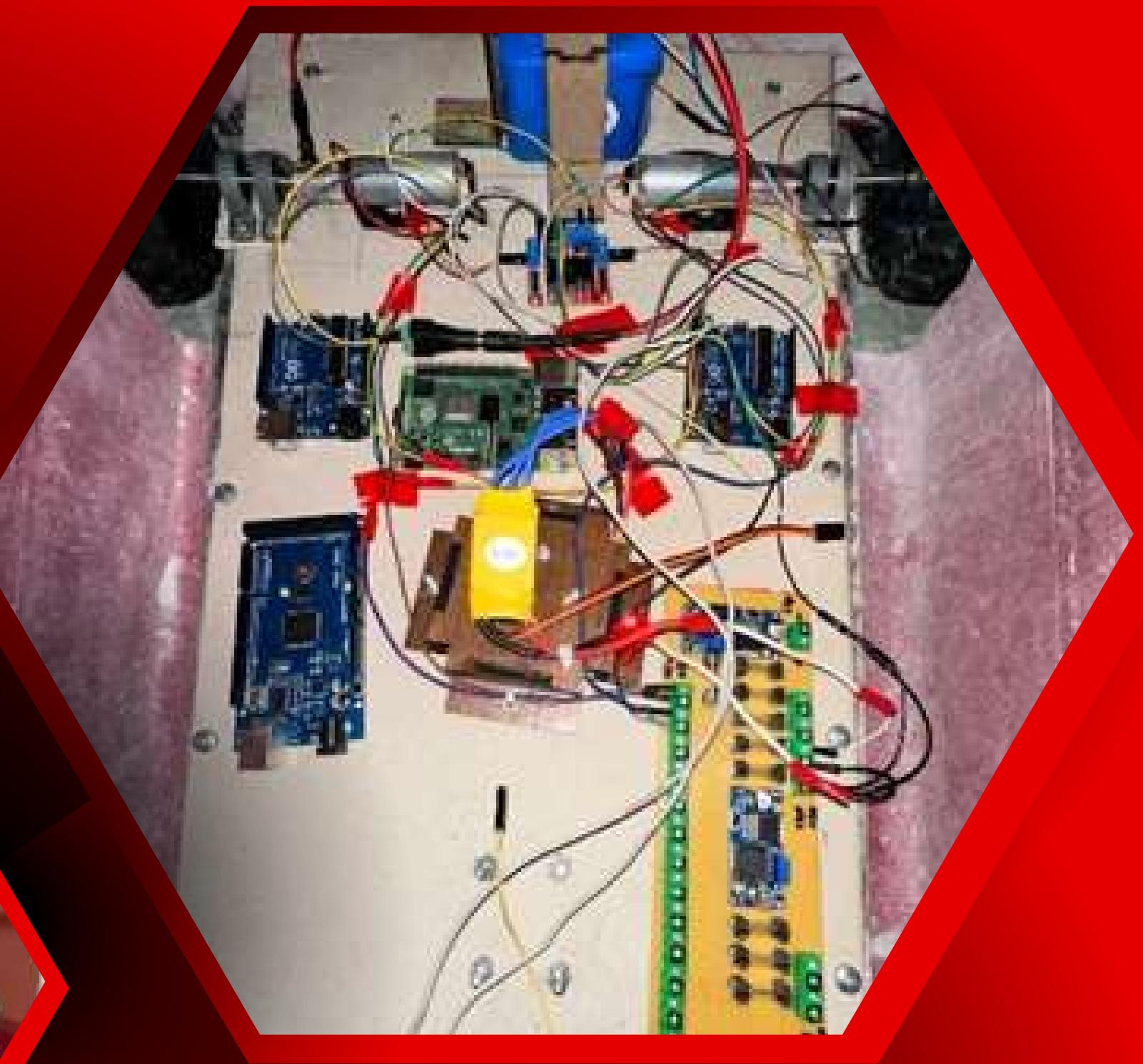








# COMPONENTS



# ROBOT









# THANK YOU

