

# **Barriers to Communication**

# Categorization of Barriers

- Semantic
- Organizational
- Inter-personal
- Individual
- Cross- cultural (Geographic)
- Physical / channel / and media
- Technological

# Semantic Barriers

*Science of meaning - Phonetics science of sound.*

*Semantics – coding /decoding*

- Similar Pronunciation but multiple meaning.
- Badly expressed message – incoherence, poor sentence structuring and jargons
- Wrong interpretation - Pandit, raja / Rajah
- Unqualified assumption by sender / receiver
- Technical language / jargon



# Organizational Barriers

*Interference from relative status and power of participants, incompatible needs and expectations*

- o Organizational culture – impacts freedom and trust
- o Organizational rules and regulations
- o Status relationship
- o Complexity in organizational structure
- o Inadequate facilities and opportunities
- o Lack of cooperation between senior and subordinate.

# Inter-personal Barriers

*Sender and receiver – different economic, educational and status level*

## Barrier from Superior

- Shortage of time for employee
- Lack of trust
- Lack of trust for employee's needs and expectations
- Desire to capture authority by retaining information
- Fear of losing power of control
- Bypassing
- Information overload to employees – missing grain from chaff.



# Inter-personal Barriers

## Barrier from Subordinate

- Lack of proper channel – how does he convey?
- No interest to communicate
- Lack of cooperation and mutual understanding
- Lack of trust and co-ordination
- Poor social relationship
- Fear of penalty.

# Individual / Psycho-sociological Barriers

Change?????

## Style

- Linguistic accent
- The form of expression
- Level of drama / gestures
- Humour
- Brevity
- Choice of discriminatory or non- discriminatory communication
- Quality of credibility and charisma





# **Individual / Psycho-sociological Barriers**

- ✓ **Selective Perception** – ‘I know it syndrome’, ‘waste of time’
- ✓ Status relationship - – monologues by seniors
- ✓ Inattention
- ✓ Poor retention
- ✓ Undue importance of written words
- ✓ Defensiveness to a unpleasant message
- ✓ Closed minds – lack of background knowledge.
- ✓ State of health – lack of alertness.
- ✓ Filtering



# **Cross-cultural / Geographic Barriers**

- **Language**
- **Values and norms of behaviour**
- **Social relationship**
- **Concept of time**
- **Concept of space**
- **Non-verbal communication**
- **Perception**
- **National character / basic personality**

# **Technological Barriers**

- **Lack of knowledge of technology**
- **Advancement in technology**
- **Noise**
- **Fear of lack of security**

# **Overcoming Barriers**

- **Fostering good relationships**
- **Purposeful and well directed /focused**
- **Co-ordination between superior and subordinate**
- **Avoid technical language**
- **Feed back to avoid selective perception**
- **Accuracy**
- **Clarity in message**

**Contd.....**

# **Overcoming Barriers**

- **Communication of organizational philosophy**
- **Flat organizational structure**
- **Division of labour**
- **Organizational policies**
- **Reduction of semantic problems**
- **Proper communication channels**
- **Right feed back**



# Sender-Oriented Barriers

Badly expressed message

## **Rules for overcoming sender-oriented barriers**

- Plan and clarify ideas
- Discuss, collate and pre-plan
- Create a climate of trust and confidence
- Empathize, win the trust
- Time your message carefully keep the when and where in mind
- Reinforce words with action harmonious words and actions
- Communicate efficiently solicit(request) feedback

**Thanks**