

Income Analysis OBPD

```
#list of files in dir.
contingency.table.dir <- "/Users/omachowda/Google Drive/StatCom 3/OBPD/Contingency tables/Income folder"
cont.tables.list <- list.files(contingency.table.dir)
#take only .csv files
cont.tables.list <- cont.tables.list[greps(cont.tables.list,pattern = ".csv")]
#get table names
table.name <- gsub(cont.tables.list,pattern = ".csv",replacement = "");
#assign table to name
for(i in 1:length(table.name)){
  tab <- read.csv(cont.tables.list[i]);
  tab <- tab[-c(nrow(tab)),-c(1,ncol(tab))]; #get rid of row and column sums and first 2 rows
  assign(table.name[i],tab)
}

SIS <- dget("/Users/omachowda/Google Drive/StatCom 3/OBPD/Robin/Sequential Importance Sampling Function.R") #import SIS function
```

```
## Warning: package 'Rmpfr' was built under R version 3.2.5
```

```
## Loading required package: gmp
```

```
## Warning: package 'gmp' was built under R version 3.2.5
```

```
##
## Attaching package: 'gmp'
```

```
## The following objects are masked from 'package:base':
##
##      %*%, apply, crossprod, matrix, tcrossprod
```

```
## C code of R package 'Rmpfr': GMP using 64 bits per limb
```

```
##
## Attaching package: 'Rmpfr'
```

```
## The following objects are masked from 'package:stats':
##
##      dbinom, dnorm, dpois, pnorm
```

```
## The following objects are masked from 'package:base':
##
##      cbind, pmax, pmin, rbind
```

```
#facilities to age output
```

Example of how table is simulated

```
SIS(get(table.name[1]),dist = "hyper")$upper
```

```
##      [,1] [,2] [,3] [,4]
## [1,]   15    7    4    2
## [2,]   58   34   16    9
## [3,]   61   25   17   29
```

```
SIS(get(table.name[1]),dist = "hyper")$lower
```

```
##      [,1] [,2] [,3] [,4]
## [1,]    0    0    0    0
## [2,]    0    0    0    0
## [3,]    0    0    0    0
```

```
SIS(get(table.name[1]),dist = "hyper")$X
```

```
##      [,1] [,2] [,3] [,4] [,5]
## [1,]    6    3    3    3    0
## [2,]   26   16    8    4    4
## [3,]   34   17   10   13   53
## [4,]   27   10    5   13   60
```

```
SIS(get(table.name[1]),dist = "hyper")$p.value
```

```
## 1 'mpfr' number of precision 128 bits
## [1] 0
```

```
#reference character items as objects
SIS.results <- lapply(sapply(table.name,get),function(x) SIS(x,dist = "hyper")$p.value)
```

SIS P-values for all questions based on income

```
SIS.results
```

```
## $`income and facilities`  
## 1 'mpfr' number of precision 128 bits  
## [1] 0  
##  
## $`income and oversee sports core`  
## 1 'mpfr' number of precision 128 bits  
## [1] 1  
##  
## $`income and park areas analysis complete`  
## 1 'mpfr' number of precision 128 bits  
## [1] 0.10631787240688266260983289763525813178  
##  
## $`income and recreation programs`  
## 1 'mpfr' number of precision 128 bits  
## [1] 1  
##  
## $`income and satisfaction with district`  
## 1 'mpfr' number of precision 128 bits  
## [1] 1  
##  
## $`income and satisfaction with facilities`  
## 1 'mpfr' number of precision 128 bits  
## [1] 1  
##  
## $`income and satisfaction with maintenance`  
## 1 'mpfr' number of precision 128 bits  
## [1] 0  
##  
## $`income and satisfaction with outdoor amenities and parks`  
## 1 'mpfr' number of precision 128 bits  
## [1] 1  
##  
## $`income and satisfaction with programs`  
## 1 'mpfr' number of precision 128 bits  
## [1] 1  
##  
## $`income and satisfaction with staff`  
## 1 'mpfr' number of precision 128 bits  
## [1] 0.9567847910166206783076073545828345655049  
##  
## $`income and special events`  
## 1 'mpfr' number of precision 128 bits  
## [1] 0  
##  
## $`income and work with sports core`  
## 1 'mpfr' number of precision 128 bits  
## [1] 0
```

```
##### M^2 Test #####

corr_calc <- function(df){
  columns = length(df)
  new_df = data.frame()
  v1= c()
  v2= c()
  z = 0
  for (i in 1:4){
    for (j in 1:columns){
      new_df <- rbind(new_df, c(i,j, df[i,j]))
      z = z + df[i,j]
    }
  }

  for (i in 1:(4*columns)){
    v1 = append(v1, c(rep(new_df[i,1],new_df[i,3])))
  }

  for (i in 1:(4*columns)){
    v2 = append(v2, c(rep(new_df[i,2],new_df[i,3])))
  }

  fit = cor(x = v1,y = v2)
  M = (z-1)*(fit)
  p = pchisq(M,12)
  return (p)
}

resulted = lapply(sapply(table.name,get),FUN= corr_calc)
```

M^2 p-values for all questions based on income

```
resulted
```

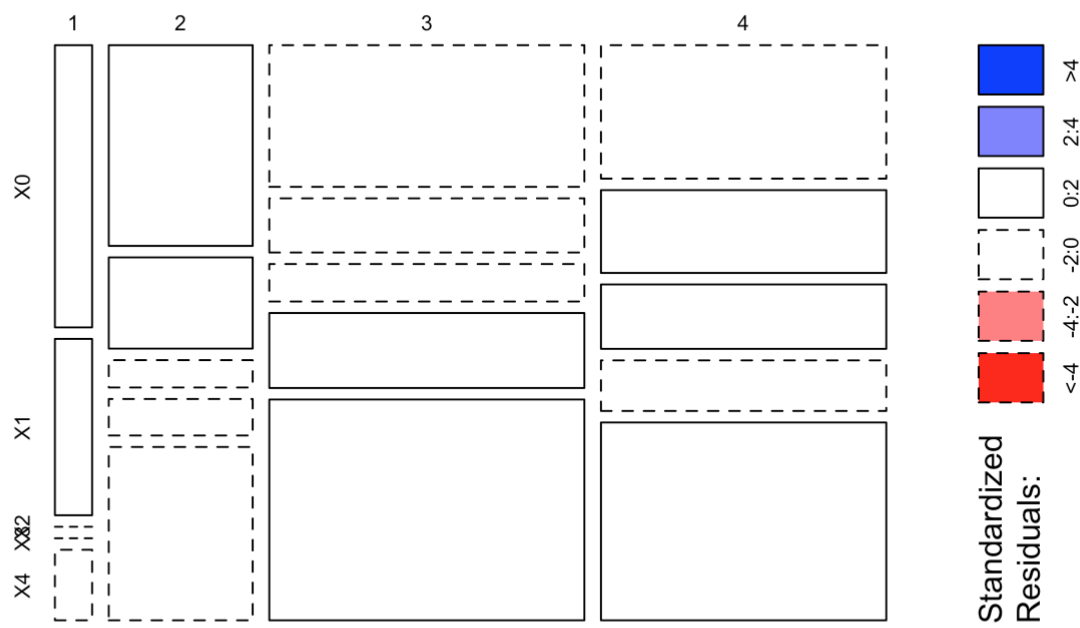
```
## $`income and facilities`  
## [1] 0.9999831  
##  
## $`income and oversee sports core`  
## [1] 0.9999992  
##  
## $`income and park areas analysis complete`  
## [1] 0.9999997  
##  
## $`income and recreation programs`  
## [1] 0.9987597  
##  
## $`income and satisfaction with district`  
## [1] 0.831943  
##  
## $`income and satisfaction with facilities`  
## [1] 0.9999978  
##  
## $`income and satisfaction with maintenance`  
## [1] 0.03205391  
##  
## $`income and satisfaction with outdoor amenities and parks`  
## [1] 0.9999755  
##  
## $`income and satisfaction with programs`  
## [1] 0  
##  
## $`income and satisfaction with staff`  
## [1] 0.9439812  
##  
## $`income and special events`  
## [1] 0.06394473  
##  
## $`income and work with sports core`  
## [1] 0.9216534
```

```
par(mfrow=c(1,1))
```

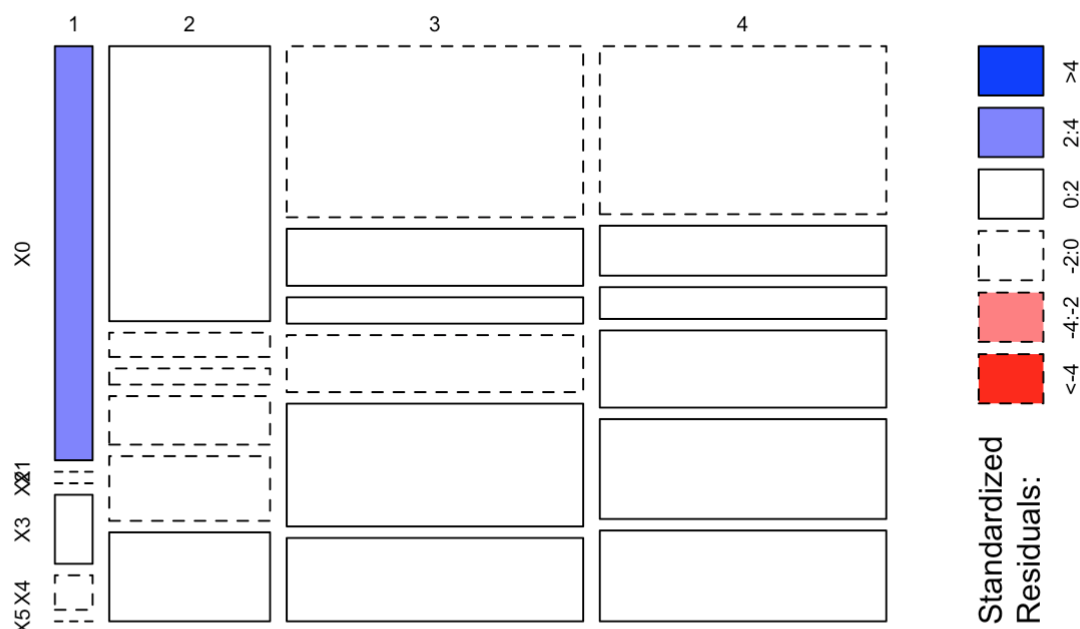
Mosaic Plots for questions based on income

```
for( i in 1:12){  
  mosaicplot(x = get(table.name[i]), shade = TRUE,color = TRUE, main= table.name[i])  
}
```

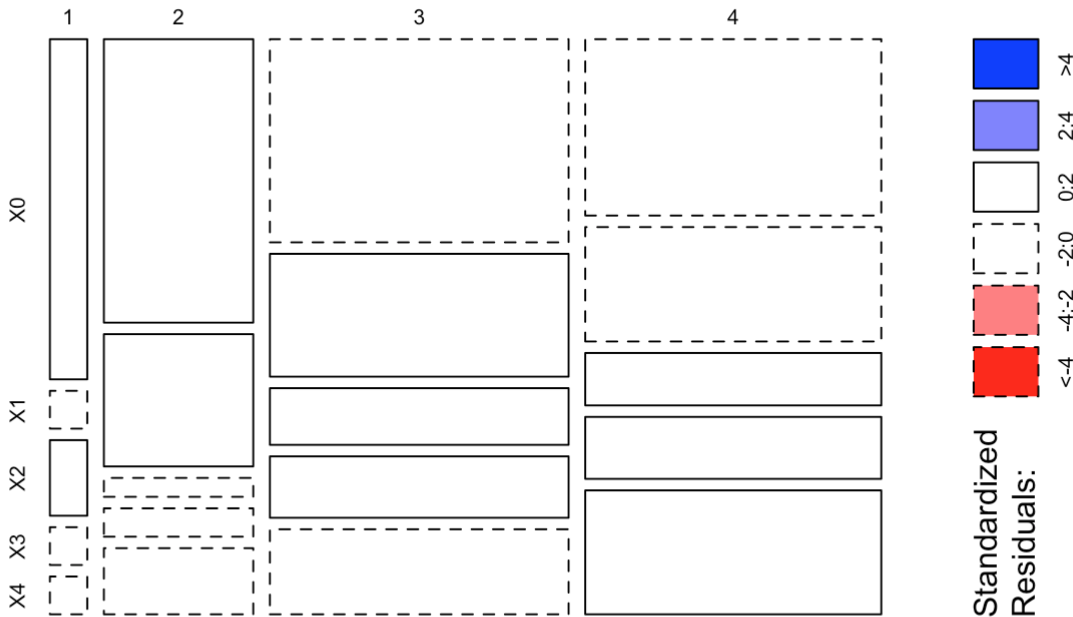

income and facilities



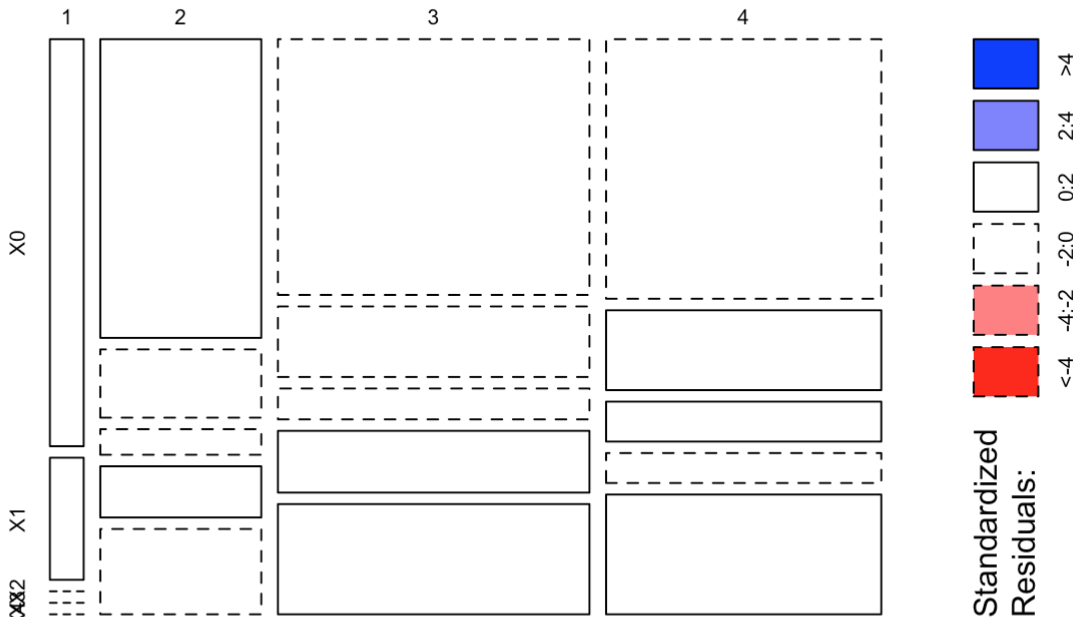
income and oversee sports core



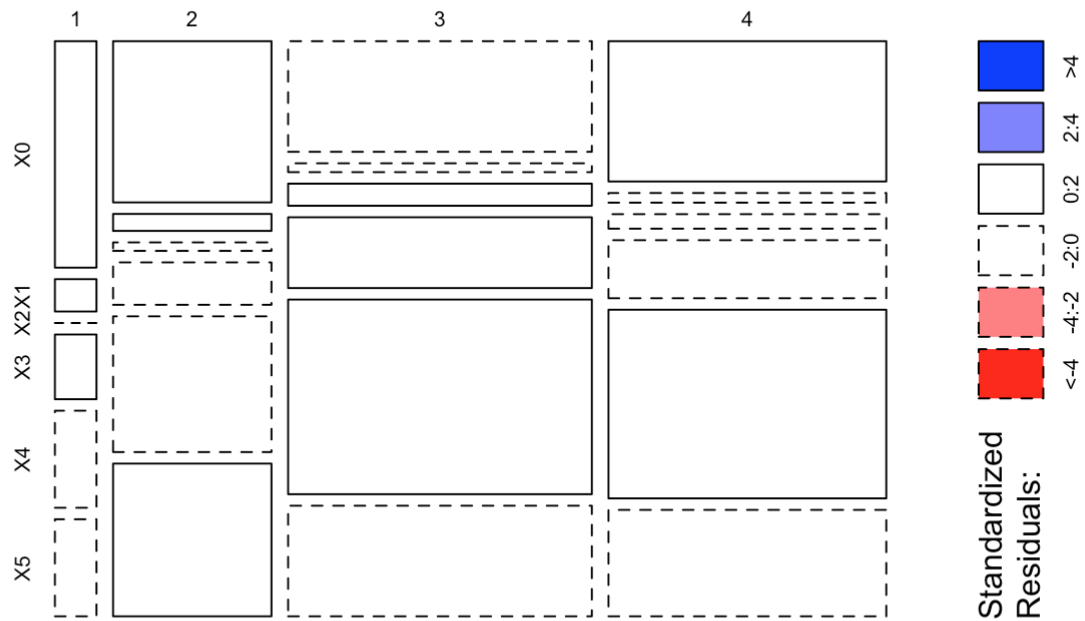
income and park areas analysis complete



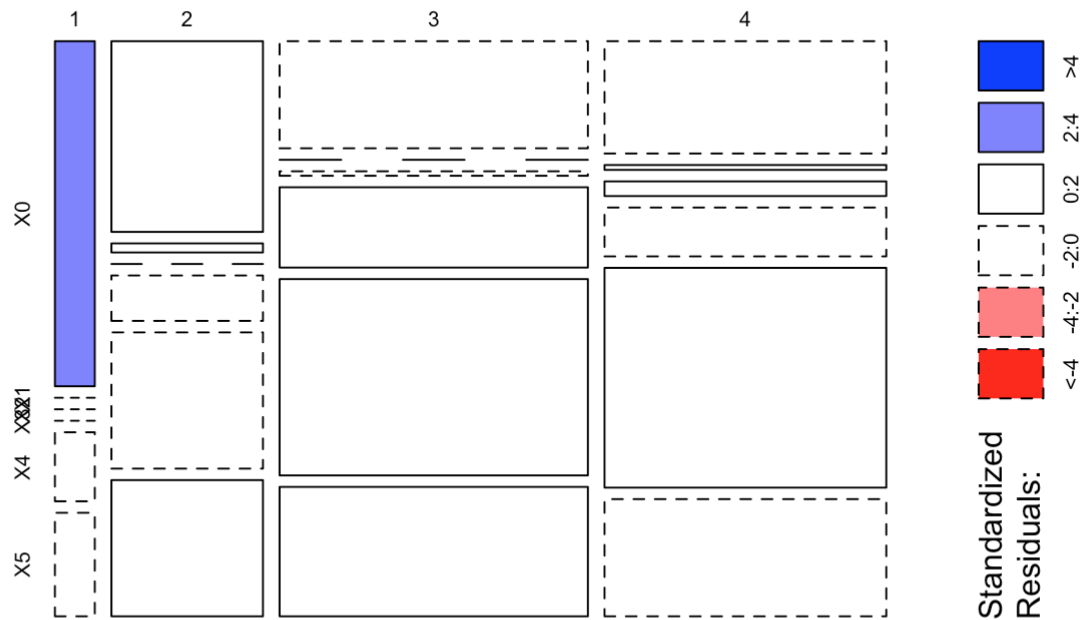
income and recreation programs



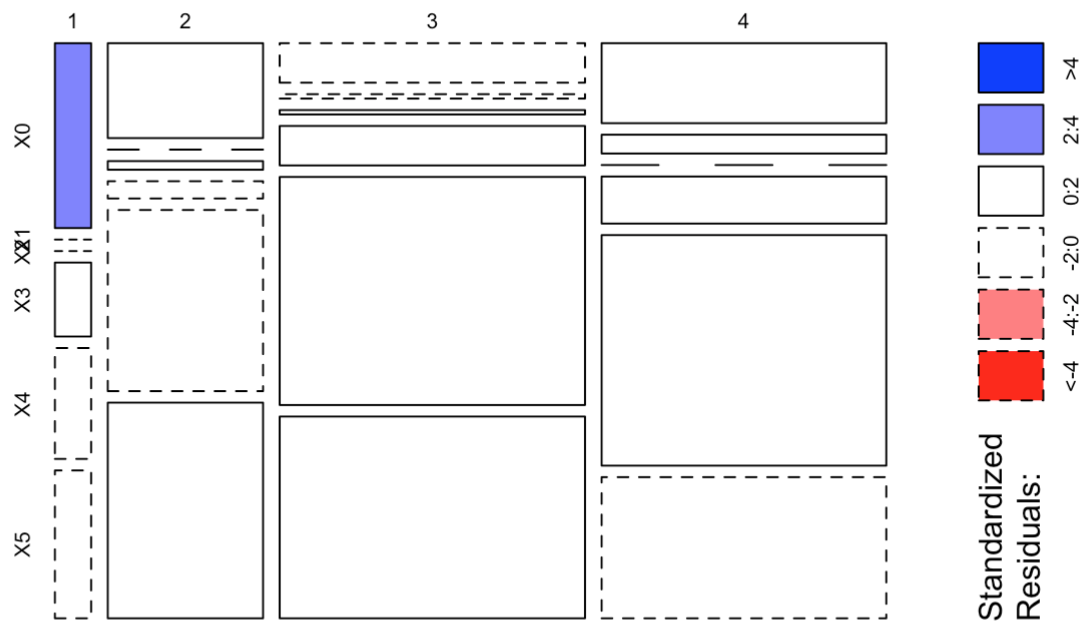
income and satisfaction with district



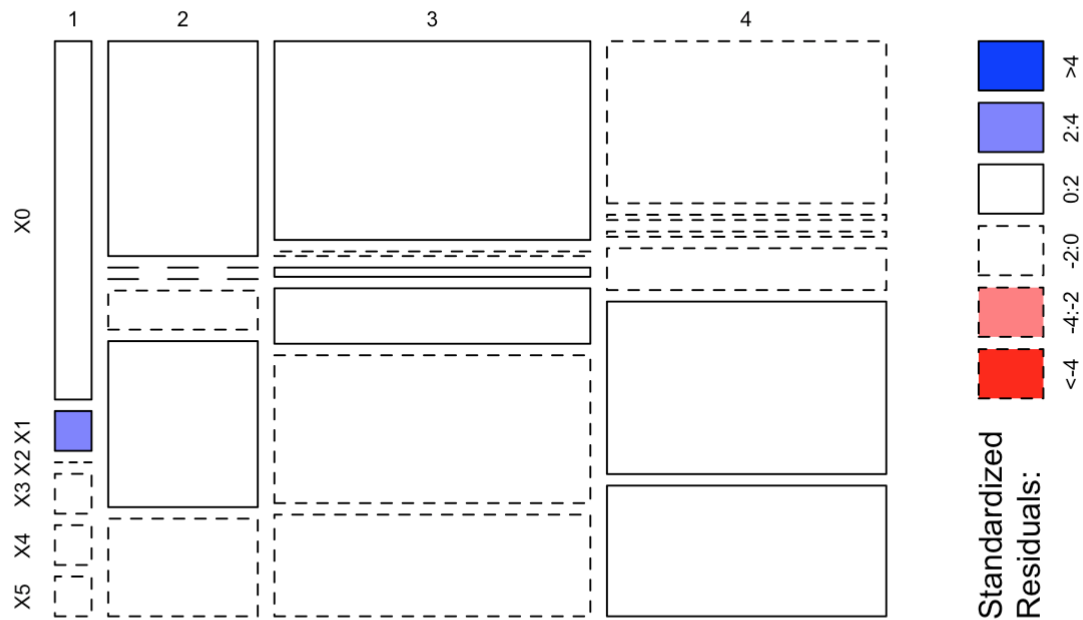
income and satisfaction with facilities



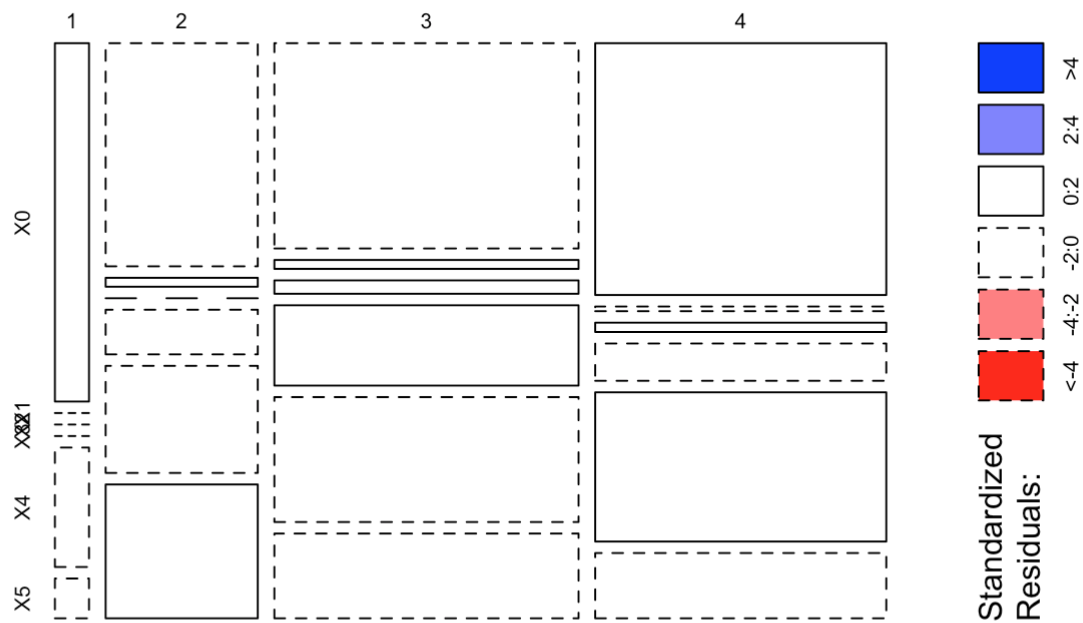
income and satisfaction with maintenance



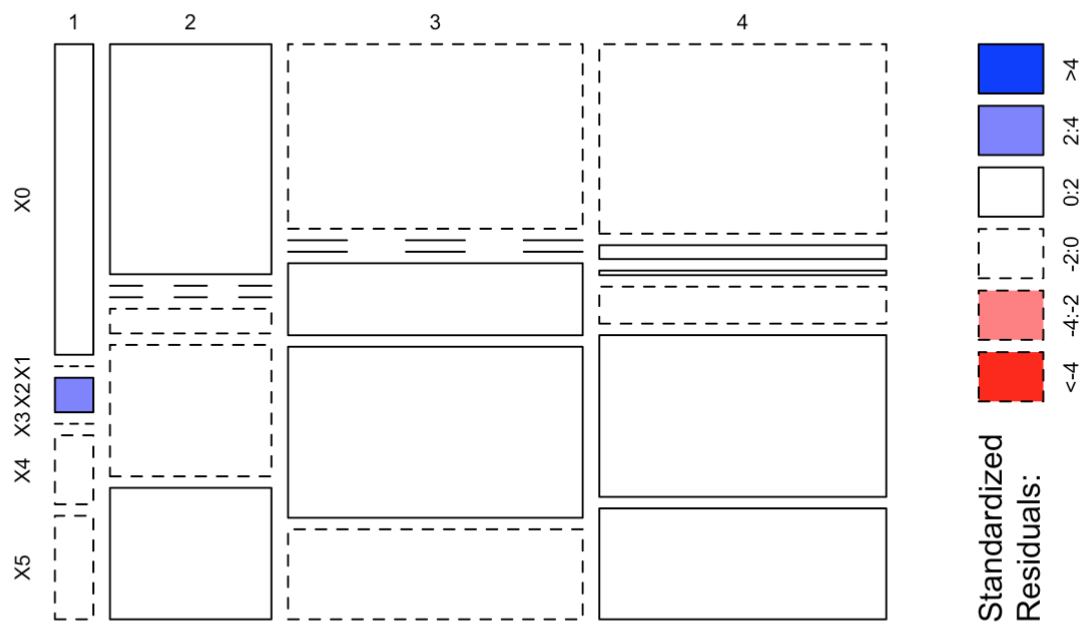
income and satisfaction with outdoor amenities and parks



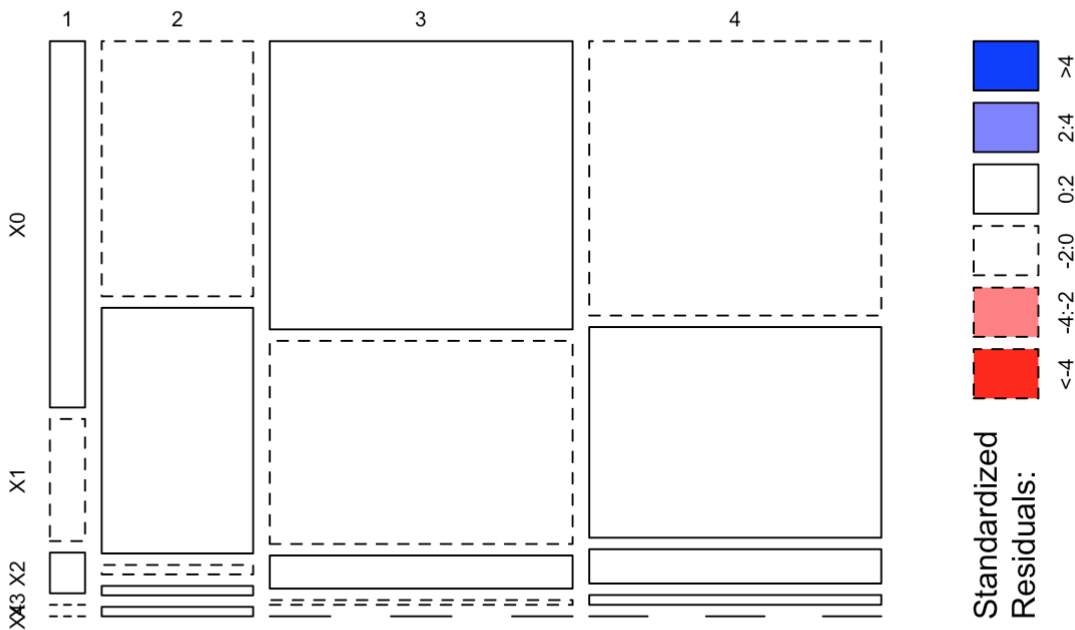
income and satisfaction with programs



income and satisfaction with staff



income and special events



income and work with sports core

