

FAQ

- Basic sketching for D'Alembert

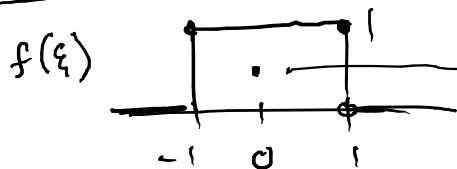
$\overline{\text{given}} \mid w_{tt} = c^2 w_{xx} \quad t > 0$
 $w(x, 0) = f(x)$
 $w_t(x, 0) = g(x)$

$-\infty < x < \infty$

$\leftarrow \text{note: wave speed}$
 $\leftarrow \text{shifted IC}$
 $\leftarrow \text{integrated IC}$

$\& \overline{\text{Soln}}:$
 $w(x, t) = \frac{1}{2} (f(x+ct) + f(x-ct)) + \frac{1}{2c} \int_{x-ct}^{x+ct} g(s) ds$

2018



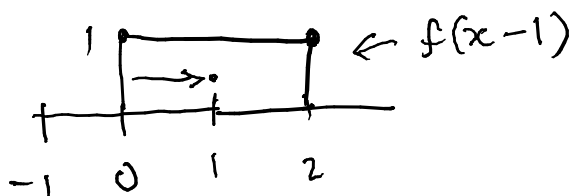
Consider $f(x-t)$ (note $c=1$)

$\rightarrow f$ shifted to right.

Trick: solve for new origin

$$\xi = x - t = 0$$

$$t=1 \Rightarrow x=1$$



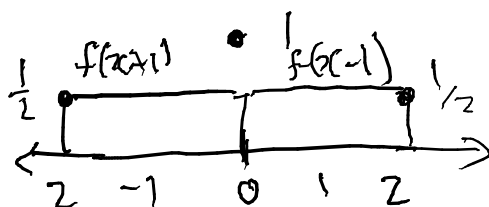
Similarly $f(x+1)$ new origin $x+1=0 \Rightarrow x=-1$



average shifted IC

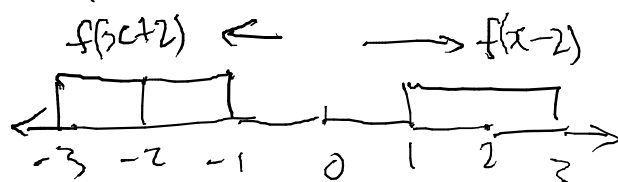
$$w = \frac{1}{2} (f(x-t) + f(x+t))$$

$$t=1$$



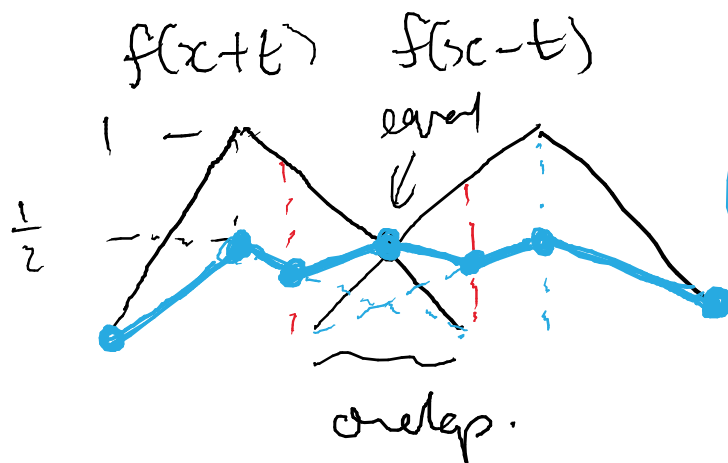
$$t=2$$

etc.



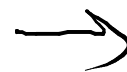
what about overlapping?

eg



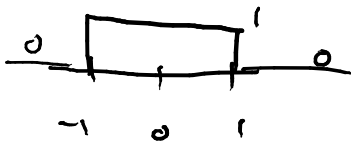
$$\text{---} = \frac{1}{2} (f(x+t) + f(x-t))$$
$$\bullet = \text{'easy points'}$$

do same
→ focus on 'easy' parts
(see above)

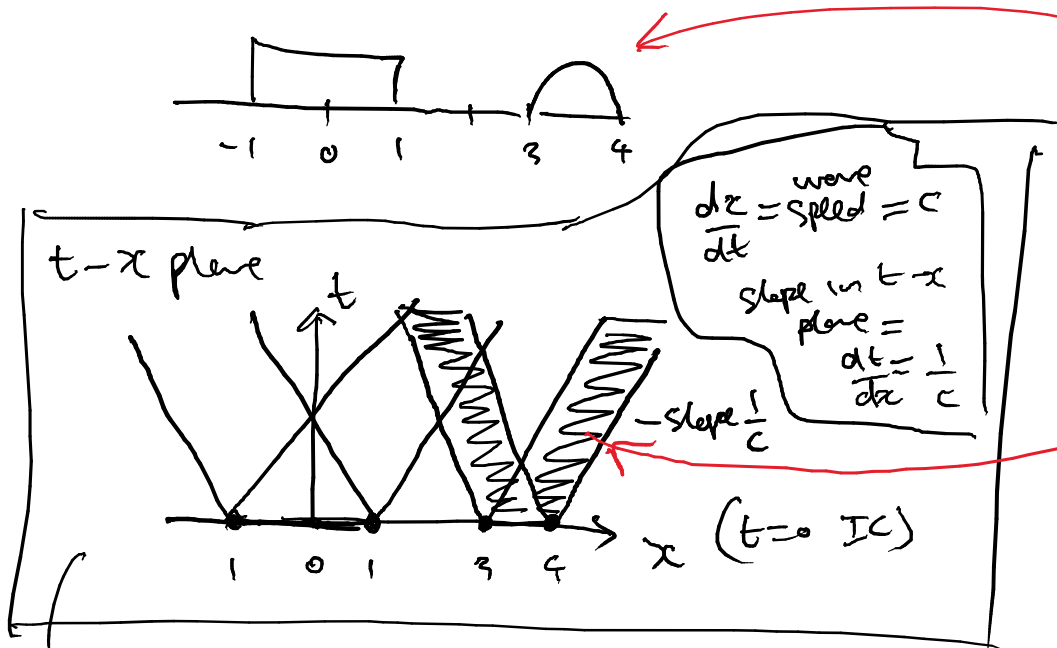
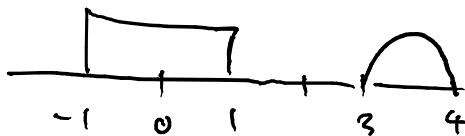


what about 2015 Q2b

old IC:

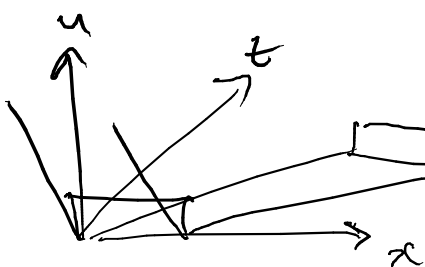


New IC:



Shaded
 = domain of influence of 'extra' part of IC

think:



"where has IC travelled to?"

A^2 unshaded = unchanged

Note: I will only ask about D'Alembert for $-\infty < x < \infty$

→ no $x=0$ BC

(eg no 2014 3b

→ need method of images → not covered)

PIC + A enough for us!

Do I need to remember

$$\langle Lu, v \rangle = \langle u, L^* v \rangle ?$$

→ yes

Do I need to remember

$$J(u, v) \big|_a^b = \dots$$

→ no (not for me anyway)

How do I sketch solⁿs for heat eqⁿ?

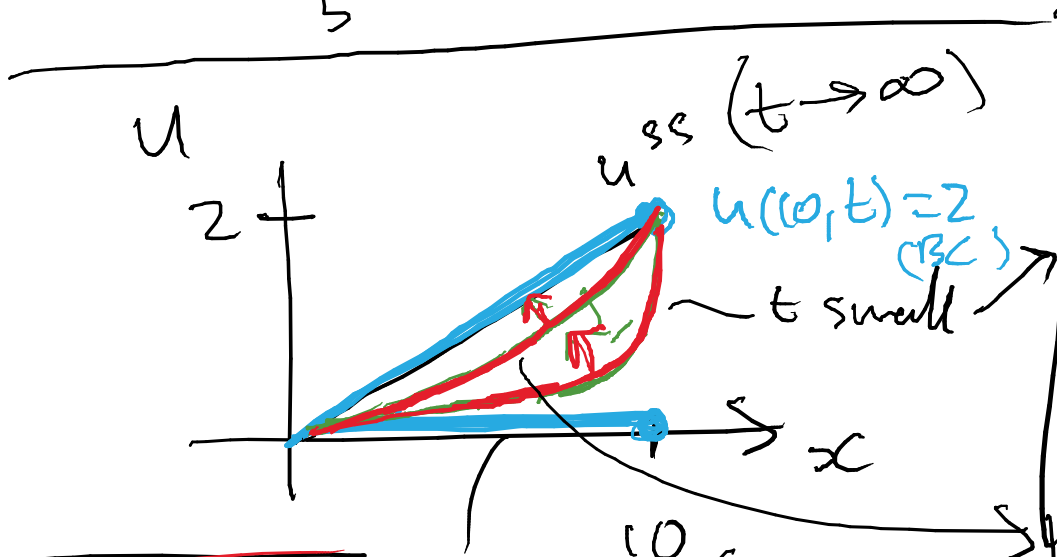
→ eg. Assignment
o 2013 Ib.

Consider Q1b 2013.

Keys:

- IC
 - SS solⁿ
 - BC
- from to
- sat. in between IC & SS

$$u^{ss} = \frac{1}{5}x; u(x, 0) = IC = 0$$



• Small t
→ near
IC
+
Sat BC

• large t
→ near SS
+
Sat BC

derivative / mixed BC

eg $u_x(0, t) + u(0, t) = 0$

⇒ work

$$u_x(0, t) = -u(0, t)$$

$$u > 0 \Rightarrow u_x < 0$$

etc.

$$u(x, 0) = IC = 0$$

→ note IC doesn't need to
Sat BC

→ defined $0 < x < 1$

→ other solⁿ do

Q: know Cauchy-Euler solⁿ?

↳ yes

Q: know Bessel function?

↳ prob. not.

Q: calculate coeff. of exp. expansion

→ if IC is in terms of
same basis, just
match coeff.

(Cauchy). -

eg

$$u(x, 0) = A_0 + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} A_n \cos nx$$

$$= 2 + 10 \cos 30x$$

$$\Rightarrow A_0 = 2, A_{30} = 10, A_n = 0 \text{ otherwise}$$