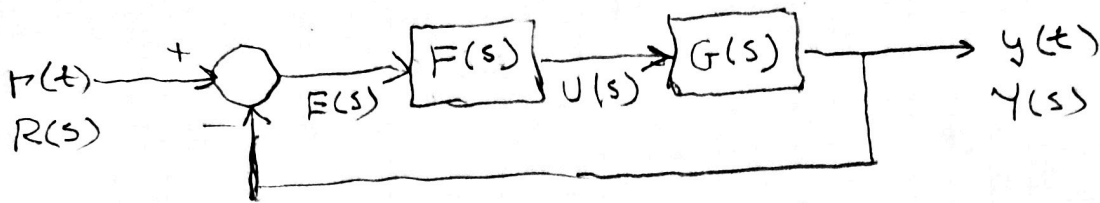


### Föreläsning 3.

#### Allmänt återkopplat system



$F(s)$  = regulator     $G(s)$  = system

$$Y(s) = G(s) \cdot U(s), \quad U(s) = F(s) \cdot E(s)$$

$$E(s) = R(s) - Y(s) \Rightarrow$$

$$Y(s) = G(s) \cdot F(s) \cdot (R(s) - Y(s)) \Rightarrow$$

$$Y(s)(1 + F(s)G(s)) = F(s)G(s)R(s)$$

Överföringsfunktion  $G_{\text{try}}(s)$  ges av

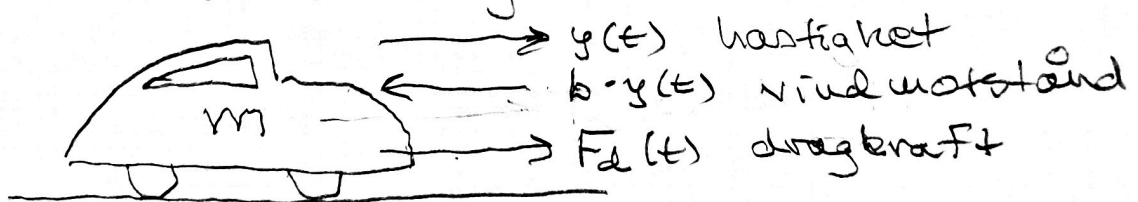
$$G_{\text{try}}(s) = \frac{Y(s)}{R(s)} = \frac{F(s) \cdot G(s)}{1 + F(s) \cdot G(s)}$$

$$F(s) \cdot G(s) = L(s) = \text{Kretsöverföring} \Rightarrow$$

$$G_{\text{try}}(s) = \frac{L(s)}{1 + L(s)}$$

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#### Bilmodell med motordynamik



$$\text{Kraftbalans: } m \cdot \dot{y}(t) = F_d(t) - b y(t) \Rightarrow$$

$$m \cdot \dot{y}(t) + b y(t) = F_d(t)$$

$$\text{Laplace ger } msY(s) + bY(s) = F_d(s)$$

$$(ms + b) \cdot Y(s) = F_d(s)$$

$$\text{Motordynamiken ges av } F_d(s) = \frac{K_m}{1 + T_m \cdot s} \cdot U(s)$$

där  $U(s)$  motsvarar gaspådraget.

$$Y(s) = \frac{1}{ms+b} \cdot \frac{K_m}{1+sT_m} \cdot U(s)$$

$$= \frac{K}{1+sT} \cdot \frac{K_m}{1+sT_m} \cdot U(s) \Rightarrow$$

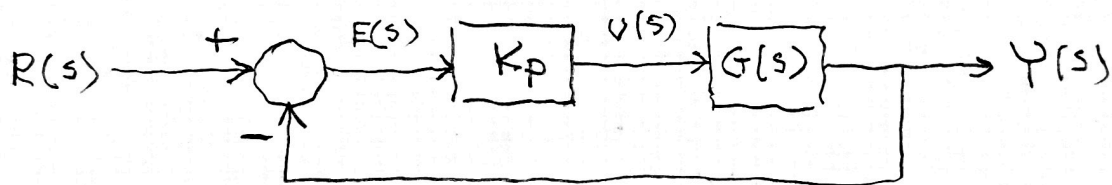
$$G(s) = \frac{Y(s)}{U(s)} = \frac{K \cdot K_m}{(1+sT)(1+sT_m)}$$

$$K = \frac{1}{b}, \quad T = \frac{m}{b}$$

$$m = 10^3 \text{ kg} \quad b = 200 \text{ N/m/s} \quad K_m = 10 \text{ kN/rad} \quad T_m = 1 \text{ s} \Rightarrow$$

$$G(s) = \frac{50}{(1+5s)(1+s)}$$

P-regulator



$$L(s) = K_p \cdot G(s) = \frac{50 K_p}{(1+5s)(1+s)} \Rightarrow$$

$$G_{ry}(s) = \frac{L(s)}{1+L(s)} = \frac{\frac{50 K_p}{(1+5s)(1+s)}}{1 + \frac{50 K_p}{(1+5s)(1+s)}} =$$

$$= \frac{50 K_p}{(1+5s)(1+s) + 50 K_p} = \frac{50 K_p}{5s^2 + 6s + 1 + 50 K_p} =$$

$$= \frac{10 K_p}{s^2 + 1,2s + 0,2 + 10 K_p}$$

Et system av  
2:a ordningen

Allmänt system av ordning 2:

$$G(s) = \frac{K \cdot \omega_n^2}{s^2 + 2\zeta \cdot \omega_n \cdot s + \omega_n^2}$$

$\omega_n$  = odämpad resonsansfrekvens

$\zeta$  = dämpkonstant

$K$  = Förstärkning

För bilen ger detta

$$\omega_n = \sqrt{0,2 + 10K_p}$$

$$\zeta = \frac{1,2}{\omega_n} = \frac{1,2}{\sqrt{0,2 + 10K_p}}$$

$$K = \frac{10K_p}{\omega_n^2} = \frac{10K_p}{0,2 + 10K_p}$$

Låt nu  $r(t) = r_0 \cdot \sigma(t)$  och bestäm kvarstående fel  $e(\infty) = y(\infty) - r_0$

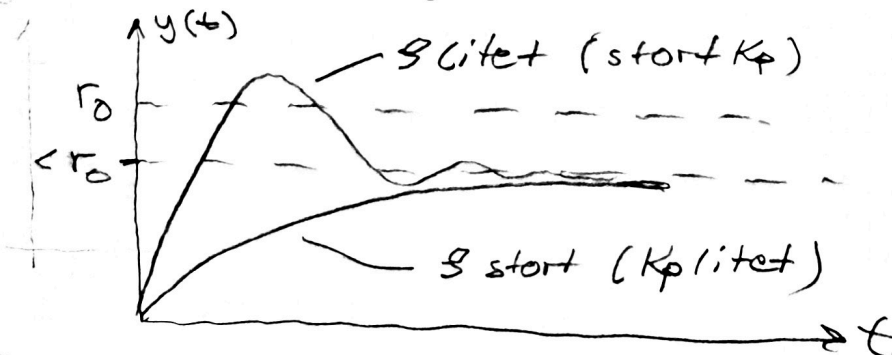
$$y(\infty) = \lim_{t \rightarrow \infty} y(t) = \lim_{s \rightarrow 0} s \cdot G(s) \cdot R(s) =$$

$$= \lim_{s \rightarrow 0} s \cdot \frac{10K_p}{s^2 + 1,2s + 0,2 + 10K_p} \cdot \frac{r_0}{s} = \frac{10K_p}{0,2 + 10K_p} \cdot r_0 < r_0$$

⇒ Kvarstående fel

$$e(\infty) = r_0 - \frac{10K_p}{0,2 + 10K_p} r_0 = \frac{0,2}{0,2 + 10K_p} \cdot r_0$$

Stegsvar för olika  $\zeta$



## PI-regulator

$$F(s) = K_p \left( 1 + \frac{1}{T_i \cdot s} \right) = K_p \cdot \frac{1 + T_i \cdot s}{T_i \cdot s} \Rightarrow$$

$$L(s) = F(s) \cdot G(s) = \frac{50}{(1+5s)(1+s)} \cdot K_p \cdot \frac{1 + T_i \cdot s}{T_i \cdot s}$$

Här väljer vi  $T_i = 5$  i regulatorn  
så att den långsamma polen ( $\tau = 5$ ) i  
motorn kancelleras

$$L(s) = \frac{50}{\cancel{(1+5s)}(1+s)} \cdot K_p \cdot \frac{\cancel{1+5s}}{5s} = \frac{50K_p}{5s \cdot (1+s)}$$

$$L(s) = \frac{10K_p}{s(1+s)} \Rightarrow$$

$$G_{ry}(s) = \frac{L(s)}{1+L(s)} = \frac{\frac{10K_p}{s(1+s)}}{1 + \frac{10K_p}{s(1+s)}} =$$

$$= \frac{10K_p}{s(1+s) + 10K_p} = \frac{10K_p}{s^2 + s + 10K_p}$$

$$\text{Låt } r(t) = r_0 \cdot \sigma(t) \Rightarrow R(s) = \frac{r_0}{s}$$

$$y(\infty) = \lim_{t \rightarrow \infty} y(t) = \lim_{s \rightarrow 0} s \cdot G_{ry}(s) \cdot R(s) =$$

$$= \lim_{s \rightarrow 0} s \cdot \frac{10K_p}{s^2 + s + 10K_p} \cdot \frac{r_0}{s} = r_0$$

Inget kvarstående fel!

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