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## Find angle in degrees from one point to another in 2D space?

Given Point A and Point B in 2D space, how can I find the angle Point B is from Point A?  $0^\circ$  can be any direction; it doesn't matter. For example, Point A is at  $(0, 10)$  and Point B is at  $(10, 20)$ . The angle is  $45^\circ$  in this example (assuming  $0^\circ$  is up).

(geometry)

asked Mar 11 '14 at 4:45

 Keavon  
87 2 10

### 1 Answer

From what I understood about your question, you want to find the angle between two points given their coordinates. In that case, first find the slope of the line using the slope formula:

$$m = \frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1}$$

where  $(x_1, y_1)$  and  $(x_2, y_2)$  are coordinates on the line. Next, use this formula:

$$\tan(\theta) = m$$

where  $\theta$  is the angle. Therefore, the angle  $\theta$  equals:

$$\theta = \tan^{-1}(m)$$

Let's use the points  $(0, 10)$  and  $(10, 20)$  as an example (you mentioned it in your question). The slope is:

$$m = \frac{10 - 20}{0 - 10}$$

$$m = \frac{-10}{-10}$$

$$m = 1$$

Now we will find  $\theta$ .

$$\tan(\theta) = 1$$

$$\theta = \tan^{-1}(1)$$

$$\theta = 45^\circ$$

**Note:** The  $\tan(\theta) = m$  formula only gives the angle facing the positive  $x$ -axis (i.e. facing the "right"). So for a negative slope, you should get an angle that is greater than  $90^\circ$ .

edited Mar 14 '14 at 3:20

answered Mar 11 '14 at 5:09

JChau



3,555 4 24 46

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In your example using my two points you used the Xs over the Ys. Is that intentional? Why does it differ from the equation above? – [Keavon](#) Mar 14 '14 at 2:08

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@Keavon Nice observation, it is supposed to be the Ys over the Xs, sorry – [JChau](#) Mar 14 '14 at 3:19

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