Assignment 8

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Task 1: Using Date and Time Functions

Question: Write a SQL query to retrieve all employees who were hired within the last 30 days from the current date.

Instructions:

- 1. Use the SELECT statement to choose all relevant columns from the employees table.
- 2. Utilize a date function such as CURRENT_DATE or GETDATE() depending on your SQL dialect.
- 3. Apply date arithmetic to filter rows where the hire date is within the last 30 days.
- 4. Use the WHERE clause to compare hire dates.

Answer:

SELECT*

FROM employees

WHERE hire_date >= CURRENT_DATE - INTERVAL 30 DAY;

. .

WHERE hire_date >= GETDATE() - 30;

Task 2: Creating and Using a Stored Procedure

Question: Create a stored procedure named sp_get_employee_hours that retrieves the first name, last name, and total hours worked on projects for a given employee ID.

Instructions:

- 1. Define the stored procedure using the CREATE PROCEDURE statement.
- 2. Include a parameter for the employee ID (emp_id).
- 3. Use a SELECT statement to fetch the required columns (fname, lname, total_hours) from the employees and works_on tables.
- 4. Join the tables on the appropriate keys (e.g., SSN = ESSN).
- 5. Sum the hours worked using the SUM() function and group by employee details.

Answer:

```
CREATE PROCEDURE sp_get_employee_hours(IN emp_id INT)
BEGIN
SELECT e.fname, e.lname, SUM(w.hours) AS total_hours
FROM employees e
JOIN works_on w ON e.ssn = w.essn
WHERE e.emp_id = emp_id
GROUP BY e.fname, e.lname;
END;
```

Task 3: Creating a Stored Procedure for Employee Count by Department

Question: Create a stored procedure named sp_department_employee_count that retrieves the

department ID, department name, and the number of employees in each department, but only for departments with more than 5 employees.

Instructions:

- 1. Define the stored procedure using the CREATE PROCEDURE statement.
- 2. Use a SELECT statement to fetch the department ID, department name, and count of employees.
- 3. Use a JOIN to connect the departments and employees tables on the department ID.
- 4. Use the GROUP BY clause to group results by department.
- 5. Apply the HAVING clause to filter departments with more than 5 employees.

Answer:

```
CREATE PROCEDURE sp_department_employee_count()

BEGIN

SELECT d.dept_id, d.dept_name, COUNT(e.emp_id) AS num_employees

FROM departments d

JOIN employees e ON d.dept_id = e.dept_id

GROUP BY d.dept_id, d.dept_name

HAVING COUNT(e.emp_id) > 5;

END;
```