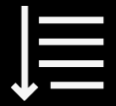


# **Programming Fundamentals**

**Review M1-M5 + Prepare the Exam**



1. Which basic concepts did we see in which week?
2. How to prepare for the Exam?



**Which basic concepts  
did we see in which  
week?**

# M1 overview

- Programming languages:

- 3GL, Compile, Interpret, source code, bytecode, binary code,...

- The Java platform

- JVM, JRE, JDK, Java API, IDE

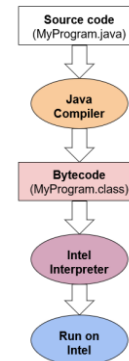
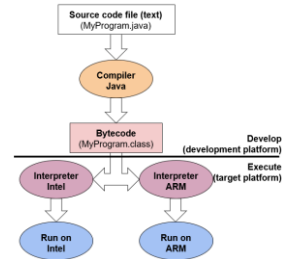
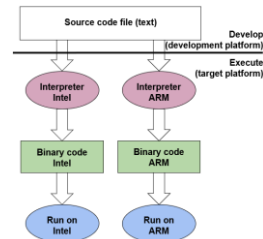
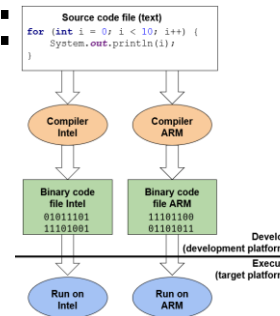
- Your first Java program

- HelloWorldApp

- Programming Algorithms

- Algorithm:

- Sequence of actions
- Typical actions:
  - Ask Input
  - Produce Output
  - Test
  - Repeat
  - Compute
- Elaborate actions to the level understood by the computer



# M2 overview

## Variables & literals:

- Variable: location in memory
  - Name (rules & code conventions)
  - Type
  - Scope
- Variable declaration
- Variable initialisation
- Final variable
- Literals
- Conversions between types

## Operators:

- mathematical
- Relational
- logical
- Assignments
- Conditional
- other operators
- operator precedence

short circuit  
evaluation

Operator
.
[ ]
(params)
(type)
new
instanceof

Operator
>
>=
<
<=
==
!=

Operator
+=
-=
*=
/=
%=

Operator
+
-
*
/
%
++
--
--
--
--
--
+

Operator
&&
!

Operator
?:

- Increment ++

Pre-increment	Post-increment
FIRST increment THEN assign <pre>int number; int i = 10; number = ++i; // Value of number: 11 // Value of i: 11</pre>	FIRST assign THEN increment <pre>int number; int i = 10; number = i++; // Value of number: 10 // Value of i: 11</pre>

- Decrement --

Pre-decrement	Post-decrement
FIRST decrement THEN assign <pre>int number; int i = 10; number = --i; // Value of number: 9 // Value of i: 9</pre>	FIRST assign THEN decrement <pre>int number; int i = 10; number = i--; // Value of number: 10 // Value of i: 9</pre>

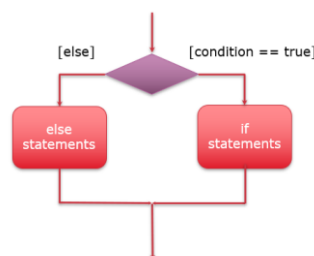
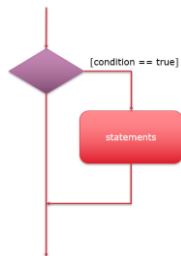
# M3 overview

- Expression *A construct made up of literals, variables, operators, and/or method calls, that evaluates to a single value*
- Statement *Basic instruction*
- Code block *A group of statements enclosed within {a pair of curly braces}*
- Flow control statements:

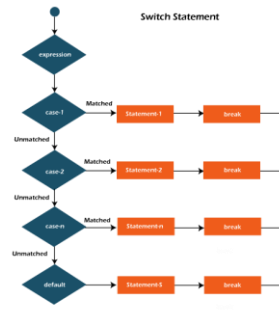
– Conditional execution:

'old' syntax: fall through

**if** – **if..else** –

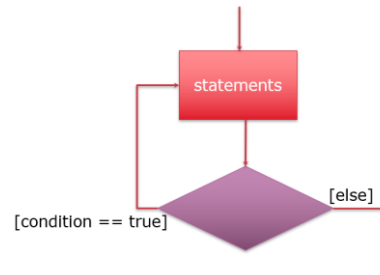
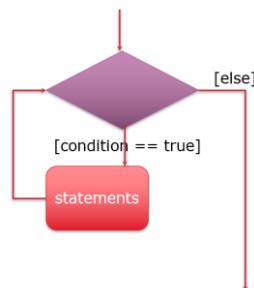


**switch**

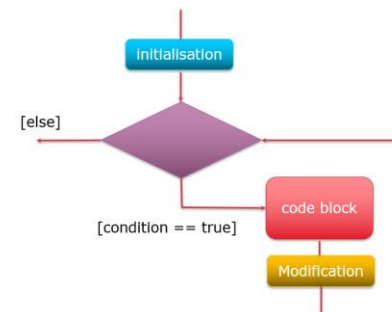


– Loops:

**while** – **do..while** –



– **for**



# M4 overview

- Object Oriented programming

- Introduction

- Class ↔ Object

- Working with objects

- Creating objects, using and deleting objects

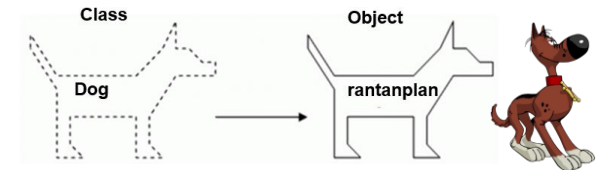
- Simple objects

- Classes Random, String & StringBuilder

- <https://docs.oracle.com/javase/8/docs/api/java/util/Random.html>
    - <http://docs.oracle.com/javase/8/docs/api/java/lang/String.html>
    - <http://docs.oracle.com/javase/8/docs/api/java/lang/StringBuilder.html>

- Formatting

- Methods printf & format



Attributes	Methods	Attribute values	Methods
String colourPelt; String colourEyes; int height; int weight;	sit lie here	brown with white spots dark brown 50 cm 35 kg	sit lie here

```
Dog rantanplan = new Dog("brown with white spots",  
                          "dark brown", 50,35);
```

```
char position = rantanplan.sit();
```

```
Random random = new Random();
```

```
int number = random.nextInt();
```

Format specifiers (by default aligned to the right):

- **%d** for **int** and **long** (integer number)
- **%f** for **float** and **double** (decimal number)
- **%s** for **String**
- **%c** for **char**
- **%b** for **boolean**
- **%n** for a newline (more platform independent than `\n`)

Extra indicators between % and the type (t, f, s, ...)

- **n** specify the minimum number of positions (i.e. `%20s`)
- **-** (minus) indicates align to the left (i.e. `%-20s`)
- **n.d** when used with `%f` indicates the (total) minimum amount of positions and the amount of decimals (e.g. `%6.2f`), always automatically rounds to nearest
- **,** when used with numbers indicates a thousands separator (e.g. `%,d`)

```
System.out.printf("%b %c %4d %.11f %s",  
                  true, 'X', 1, 3.14, "abc");
```

# M5 overview

## – Class structure

- Class declaration (aka Class header)
- Class-body

- Attributes (Accessibility –encapsulation-, default values)
- Methods a/o.  
getters & setters  
(Return type –a/p. void-, local variables, this.nameAttribute, parameters –pass by value-, method overloading)  
toString

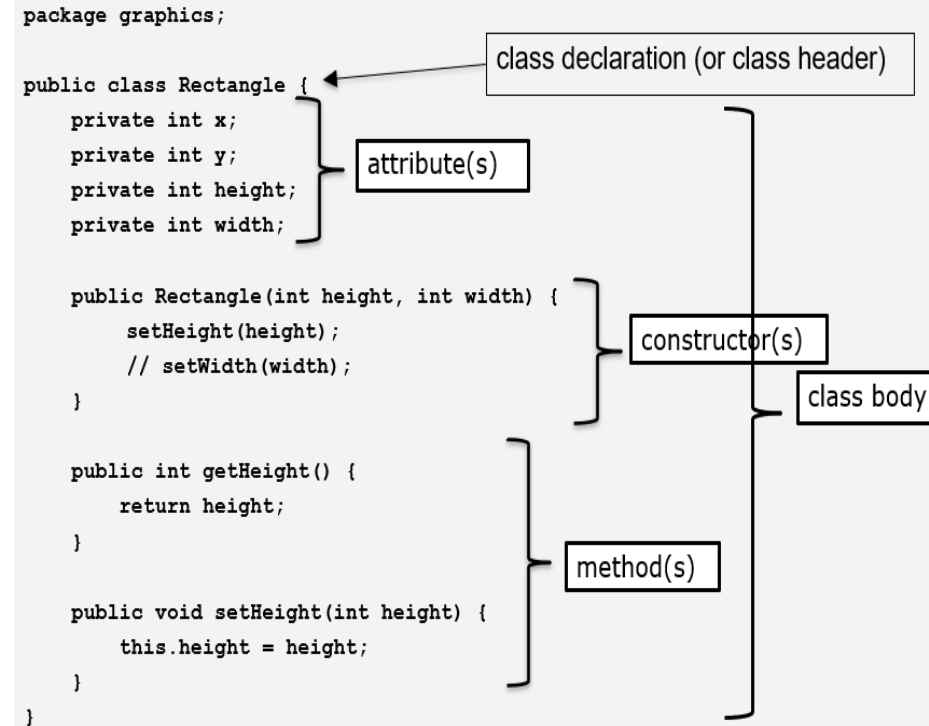
```
public String toString() {  
    return "(" + x + ", " + y + ")";  
}
```

```
public String toString() {  
    return String.format("(%d,%d)", x, y);  
}
```

- Constructors a/o.  
default constructor  
(this())

## – The class Math

- <http://docs.oracle.com/javase/8/docs/api/java/lang/Math.html>





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**How to prepare for  
the Exam?**

# Organisation of the Exam

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1. The exam will be run in a separate canvas course:  
**Exam Programming Fundamentals**
2. The exam will be an **offline open-book laptop exam**, meaning that you can use everything –EXCEPT AI-tools!- at your disposal on your local machine without using the internet. Make sure you have downloaded them! This includes:
  - **Slides** (you will not be able to use the slides from this canvas course, only those you have downloaded as a PDF on your computer!)
  - **Exercises** you've made
  - Make sure the **java documentation** is available to you **offline**. This way you can look up methods in the Java API and their behaviour during the exam. See [Ex 01.02 Run your first program and install Java](#) (Task 3).
  - You may also use paper documentation.
3. Use of bluetooth is forbidden: make sure your computer works without bluetooth (no bluetooth keyboard, mouse...)
4. The use of your internet connection will be monitored by the [XMON monitoring tool](#). Make sure this tool is installed on your laptop. It is your responsibility to have the tool installed and running on the day of the exam.

# Student instructions Exam

## Student instructions

This exam is **monitored by xmon**, the anti-fraud tool of Applied Computer Science. The tool checks whether or not you make use of the internet or other tools (such as AI) during the exam.

Close **all** applications that you do not need during the exam!

After the exam has started, **xmon** should show a green frame or icon for the duration of the exam.

You will need a **CITRIX code to start the tool**. This code is to be provided by your supervisor at the beginning of the exam.

**Read and follow** the instructions provided here, in the Canvas Quiz and in **xmon**.

**Download** the IntelliJ project with the **start code** before disconnecting your network/**wifi**/Bluetooth. You can follow the instructions below:

1. **Download and Unzip:**
  - o Download the starter project zip file from Canvas.
  - o Unzip the file to a location on your computer where you can easily access it.
2. **Open the Project in IntelliJ IDEA:**
  - o Launch **IntelliJ IDEA** on your computer.
  - o Go to **File -> Open** in the IntelliJ menu bar.
  - o Navigate to the folder where you unzipped the starter project and select it. Click **Open**.
3. **Verify Project Setup:**
  - o Ensure the project opens without errors.
  - o If prompted, make sure you select **IntelliJ** as a build system for the project.
  - o Check that:
    - Your **JDK** is set up correctly. (Go to **File -> Project Structure -> SDKs**. Ensure the JDK version matches the required version in the assignment.)
    - All dependencies are downloaded successfully.
4. **Run the Starter Code:**
  - o Locate the main class in the right module (e.g. **Q1**) of the project (e.g., **Main.java**).
  - o Right-click the file and select **Run Main** (or the equivalent for your IDE version).
  - o Verify that the starter code runs without errors and produces the expected output -if any-.
5. **Ask for Help if Needed:**
  - o If you encounter issues during any of the steps, ask your instructor or TA for help before proceeding with the assignment.

Be sure to **upload** at the end of the exam your zipped **IntelliJ project with your answers**, NOT the initial start code! You can follow the instructions below:

- o Only once you are done with the exam and/or instructed to do so.
- o **Zip** the content of the project directory again.
- o Make sure to **name** your zip file as **J**. Example: **lastname\_firstname\_ACS10x\_progfun\_T1.zip**
- o **Upload** the zip file into canvas

Also upload at the end the **xmon log file** (**xmon** shows on its final screen the exact location) in Canvas. **Without** the **xmon** log file your **exam submission is not valid!**

## IMPORTANT REMARK


Apply the correct Java object oriented and other concepts according to Java-conventions, Java best practices and programming techniques demonstrated/used in class! Failing to do so will impact your grade even if your code can be executed and does deliver the requested output.


## TIP:


Do not waste all of your time focusing on one question. If you get stuck for more than 15 minutes, see if you can finish any other of the questions first.



# How to prepare for the exam?


Familiarize yourself with the exam format:







 [EXAM \(ACS\) Programming Fundamentals](#) > [Modules](#)



 ▼ T1W6 - Test xmon exam 24/10/2025



 ▼ + 



 Before the test exam



 



  [Please read this if you have previously used XMON \(last year\)](#)



 



  [Download and install the LATEST VERSION of the xmon anti fraud tool.](#)


 



  [Do a test run of xmon, get to know the procedure](#)



 



  [Read the Education and Examination Regulations](#)

 Start the exam and during the exam follow xmon instructions

  [Take the test xmon exam T1W6](#)  
2 pts

Will unlock 24 Oct at 8:00

# How to prepare for the exam?

Make a lot of exercises (see Canvas and slides)

→ Make for each topic at least one exercise  
(and more until you got in in your fingers)

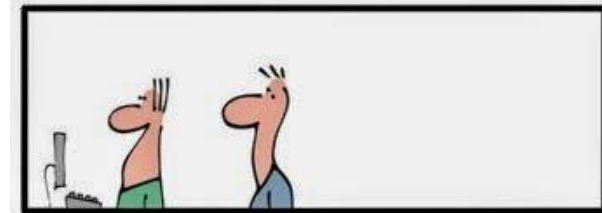
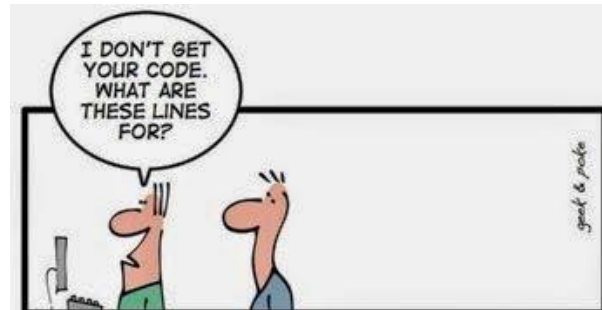
Look at

- The brownfield challenges
- The extra exercises

GOOD CODERS...



... KNOW WHAT THEY'RE DOING



THE ART OF PROGRAMMING - PART 2: KISS

CODING IS AN ART



MODERN ART

# How to prepare for the exam?

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**Confidence comes  
from being prepared.**

