

Project/Inverse Estimation $\overline{1}$ m1_est accelerations fcn1_est m2_est (D_est(q)+J_est)v c1_est 3 u2_est positions fcn2 est c2_est C_est(q,dq/dt)dq/dt 2 velocities limit estimated dynamics b1_est u3_est voltage/current limit fcn3_est b2_est B_estdq/dt g1_est ▶ u4_est g2_est fcn4_est g(q)_est D:\Projects\Robot\Project.slx printed 02-Jan-2019 09:59 page 2/15

```
function [m1 est, m2 est] = fcn1 est(u1 est)
% This block supports an embeddable subset of the MATLAB language.
% See the help menu for details.
if length(u1 est) == 4
    % error margin
    err = 1.01; % error for everything
    acc1 est = u1 est(1); % estimated acceleration for first actuator
    acc2 est = u1 est(2); % estimated acceleration for second actuator
    pos2 = err*u1 est(4); % second actuator position with noise
    % motor variables
    j1 = err*3060e-7; % rotor inertia
    j2 = j1; % rotor inertia
    % Link 1
    I133 = err*0.000891271;
    L1 = err*0.2;
    Lc1 = err*0.1;
    m1 = err*0.358306058;
    % Link 2
    I233 = err*0.000552127;
    L2 = err*0.2;
    Lc2 = err*0.073;
    m2 = err*0.308756558;
    % external variables
    r1 = err*1/4; % first actuator reduction
    r2 = err*1/3; % second actuator reduction
    % matrix variables
    d11 \text{ est} = m1*Lc1^2 + m2*(L1^2 + Lc2^2 + 2*L1*Lc2*cos(pos2)) + I133 + I233;
    d12 est = m2*(Lc2^2 + L1*Lc2*cos(pos2)) + I233;
    d21 = m2*(Lc2^2 + L1*Lc2*cos(pos2)) + I233;
    d22 est = m2*Lc2^2 + I233;
    j11 est = 1/(r1^2)*j1;
    j22 est = 1/(r2^2)*j2;
    M \text{ est} = [(d11 \text{ est} + j11 \text{ est}) \text{ d}12 \text{ est};...
        d21 est (\overline{d}22 \text{ est } + \overline{j}22 \text{ est})]; % D(q)+J/r^2 (2x2) matrix
    Mmul = M est*[acc1 est; acc2 est];
    m1 \text{ est} = Mmul(1,:);
    m2 est = Mmul(2,:);
else
    m1 est = 0;
    m2 est = 0;
end
```

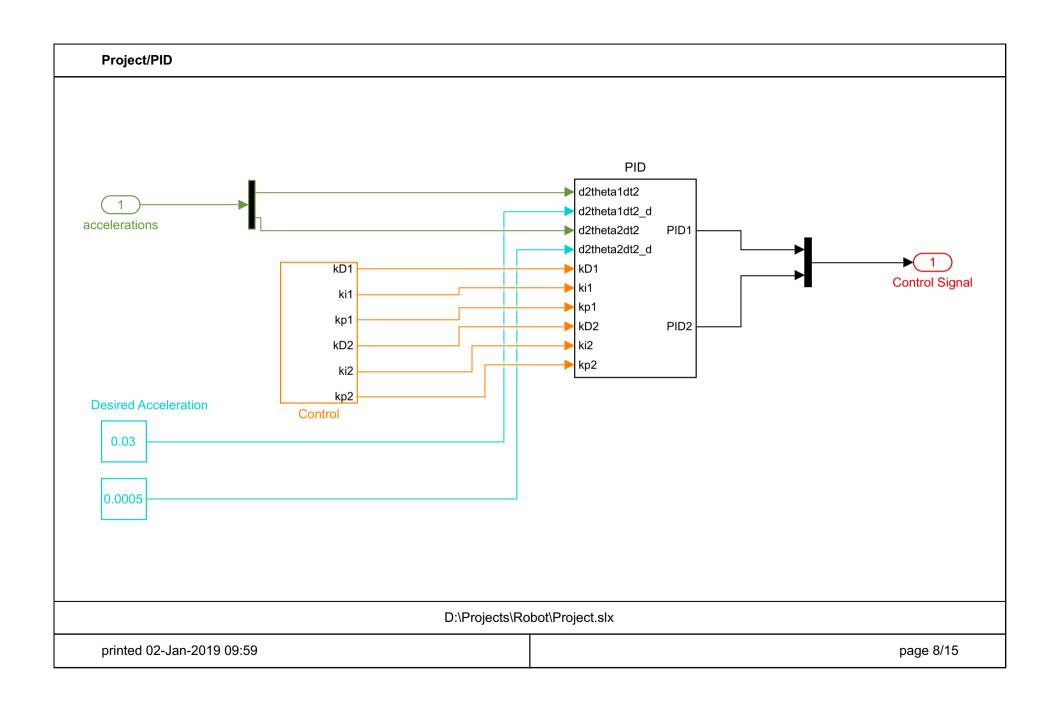
```
function [b1 est, b2 est] = fcn3 est(u3 est)
% This block supports an embeddable subset of the MATLAB language.
% See the help menu for details.
if length(u3 est) == 2
    % error margin
    err = 1.01; % error for everything
    vel1 = err*u3 est(1); % first actuator velocity
    vel2 = err*u3 est(2); % second actuator velocity
    % motor variables
    kb = err*1/(44*2*pi/60); % back emf constant
    km = err*217e-3; % torque constant
    r = err*2.30; % motor resistance
    mt = err*14.9e-3; % mechanical time constant
    j1 = err*3060e-7; % rotor inertia
    b1 = mt*j1; % motor friction
    b2 = b1; % motor friction
    % external variables
    r1 = err*1/4; % first actuator reduction
    r2 = err*1/3; % second actuator reduction
    % matrix variables
    b1 est = 1/(r1^2)*(b1 + km*kb/r);
    b2 est = 1/(r2^2)*(b2 + km*kb/r);
    B \text{ est} = [b1 \text{ est 0; 0 b2 est}];
    Bmul est = B est*[vel1; vel2];
    b1 = Bmul = st(1,:);
    b2 = Bmul = st(2,:);
else
    b1 est = 0;
    b2 est = 0;
end
```

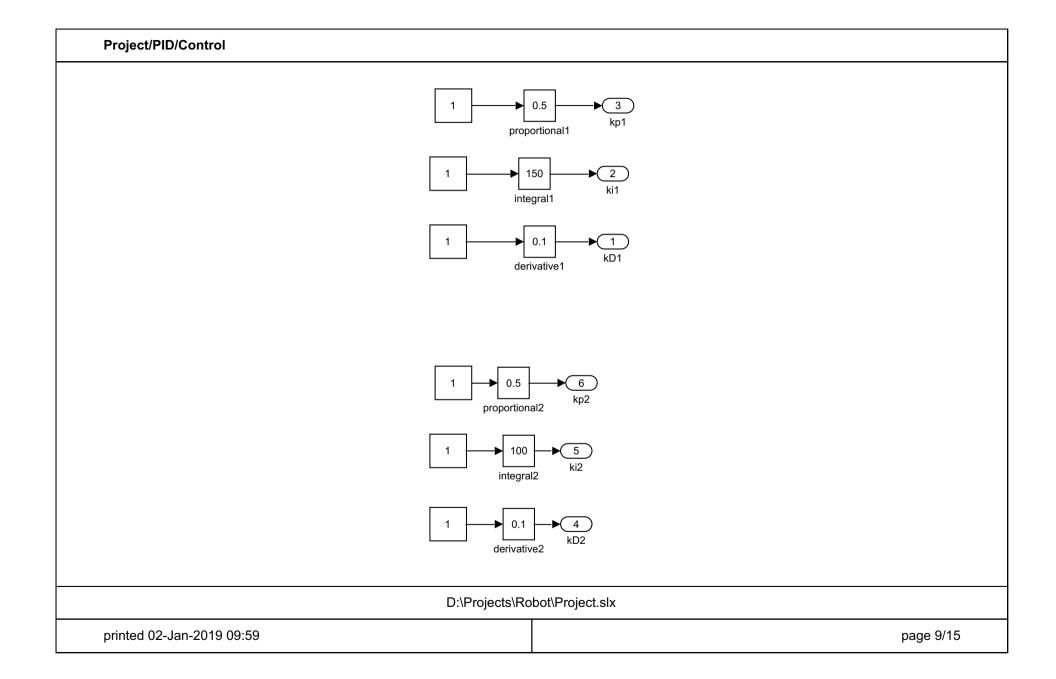
```
function [c1 est, c2 est] = fcn2 est(u2 est)
 % This block supports an embeddable subset of the MATLAB language.
% See the help menu for details.
if length(u2 est) == 4
            % error margin
            err = 1.01; % error for everything
            pos2 = err*u2 est(2); % second actuator position
            vel1 = err*u2 est(3); % first actuator velocity
            vel2 = err*u2 est(4); % second actuator velocity
            % Link 1
            I133 = err*0.000891271;
            L1 = err*0.2;
            Lc1 = err*0.1;
            m1 = err*0.358306058;
            % Link 2
            I233 = err*0.000552127;
            L2 = err*0.2;
            Lc2 = err*0.073;
            m2 = err*0.308756558;
            % matrix variables
            c111 \text{ est} = 0;
            c112 est = m2*L1*Lc2*sin(pos2);
            c121 = -c112 = st;
            c211 est = -c112 est;
            c122 est = 0;
            c212 = 0;
            c221 est = -c112 est;
            c222 = 0;
            C = (c111 + c211 + c211 + c211 + c211 + c221 + c2
                         (c112 est*vel1 +c212 est*vel2) (c122 est*vel1 +c222 est*vel2)]; % C (2x2) matrix
            Cmul est = C est*[vel1; vel2];
            c1 \text{ est} = Cmul \text{ est}(1,:);
            c2 = Cmul = ct(2,:);
 else
            c1 est = 0;
            c2 est = 0;
 end
```

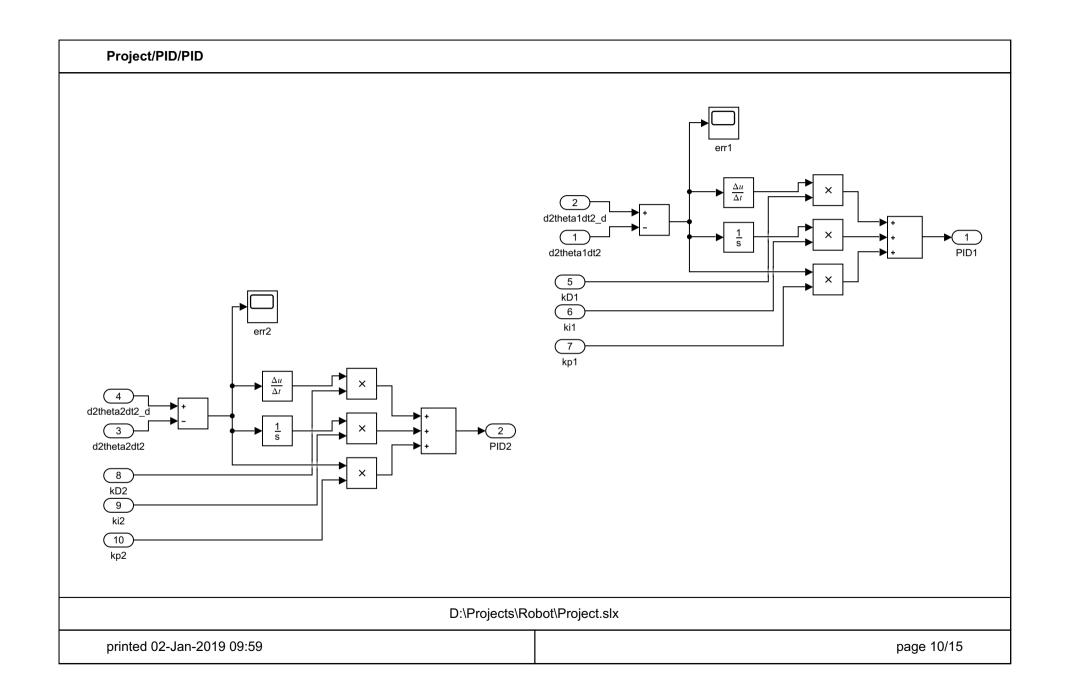
```
function [g1 est, g2 est] = fcn4 est(u4 est)
% This block supports an embeddable subset of the MATLAB language.
% See the help menu for details.
if length(u4 est) == 2
    % error margin
    err = 1.01; % error for everything
    pos1 = err*u4 est(1); % first actuator position
    pos2 = err*u4 est(2); % second actuator position
    % Link 1
    I133 = err*0.000891271;
    L1 = err*0.2;
    Lc1 = err*0.1;
    m1 = err*0.358306058;
    % Link 2
    I233 = err*0.000552127;
    L2 = err*0.2;
    Lc2 = err*0.073;
    m2 = err*0.308756558;
    % external variables
    g = err*9.81; % gravitational acceleration
    % matrix variables
    phil est = (m1*Lc1 + m2*L1)*q*cos(pos1) + m2*q*Lc2*cos(pos1 + pos2);
    phi2 est = m2*Lc2*cos(pos1 +pos2);
    g1 est = phi1 est;
    g2 est = phi2 est;
else
    g1 est = 0;
    g2 est = 0;
```

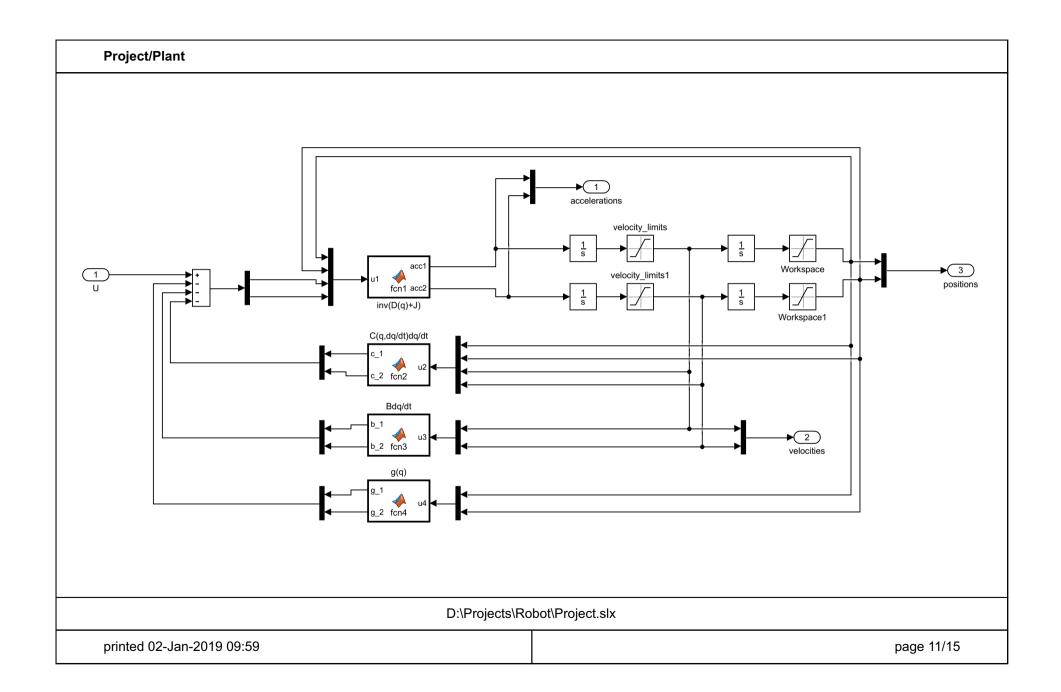
end

```
function [u1, u2] = limit(input)
% This block supports an embeddable subset of the MATLAB language.
% See the help menu for details.
% Here we estimate the required voltage! In this example, the controller
% works on accelerations, not directly on the voltage. The reason is, the
% controller can suddenly estimate excessive/impossible/dangerous voltages.
if length(input) == 2
u1 = input(1);
u2 = input(2);
% error margin
err = 1.01; % error for everything
% motor variables
km = err*217e-3; % torque constant
r = err*2.30; % motor resistance
% external variables
r1 = err*1/4; % first actuator reduction
r2 = err*1/3; % second actuator reduction
% volt limits
vlim = 48; % absolute limit
volt1 = u1*r1*r/km;
volt2 = u2*r2*r/km;
if volt1 >= vlim
    volt.1 = vlim:
elseif volt1 <= -vlim
    volt1 = -vlim;
else
    volt1 = volt1; %#ok<ASGSL>
end
if volt.2 >= vlim
    volt2 = vlim;
elseif volt2 <= -vlim
    volt2 = -vlim;
else
    volt2 = volt2; %#ok<ASGSL>
end
u1 = volt1*km/(r*r1);
u2 = volt2*km/(r*r2);
else
    u1 = 0;
u2 = 0;
end
```









```
function [b 1, b 2] = fcn3(u3)
% This block supports an embeddable subset of the MATLAB language.
% See the help menu for details.
if length(u3) == 2
    vel1 = u3(1); % first actuator velocity
    vel2 = u3(2); % second actuator velocity
    % motor variables
    kb = 1/(44*2*pi/60); % back emf constant
    km = 217e-3; % torque constant
    r = 2.30; % motor resistance
    mt = 14.9e-3; % mechanical time constant
    j1 = 3060e-7; % rotor inertia
    b1 = mt*j1; % motor friction
    b2 = b1; % motor friction
    % external variables
    r1 = 1/4; % first actuator reduction
    r2 = 1/3; % second actuator reduction
    % matrix variables
    b1 = 1/(r1^2) * (b1 + km*kb/r);
    b2 = 1/(r2^2) * (b2 + km*kb/r);
    B = [b1 \ 0; \ 0 \ b2];
    Bmul = B*[vel1; vel2];
    b 1 = Bmul(1,:);
    b^{-}2 = Bmul(2,:);
else
    b 1 = 0;
    b^{-}2 = 0;
```

end

```
function [c 1, c 2] = fcn2(u2)
% This block supports an embeddable subset of the MATLAB language.
% See the help menu for details.
if length(u2) == 4
pos2 = u2(2); % second actuator position
vel1 = u2(3); % first actuator velocity
vel2 = u2(4); % second actuator velocity
% Link 1
I133 = 0.000891271;
L1 = 0.2;
Lc1 = 0.1;
m1 = 0.358306058;
% Link 2
1233 = 0.000552127;
L2 = 0.2;
Lc2 = 0.073;
m2 = 0.308756558;
% matrix variables
c111 = 0;
c112 = m2*L1*Lc2*sin(pos2);
c121 = -c112;
c211 = -c112;
c122 = 0;
c212 = 0;
c221 = -c112;
c222 = 0;
C = [(c111*vel1 + c211*vel2) (c121*vel1 + c221*vel2);...
    (c112*vel1 +c212*vel2) (c122*vel1 +c222*vel2)]; % C (2x2) matrix
Cmul = C*[vel1; vel2];
c 1 = Cmul(1,:);
c^2 = Cmul(2,:);
else
c 1 = 0;
c^{-}2 = 0;
end
```

```
function [g 1, g 2] = fcn4(u4)
% This block supports an embeddable subset of the MATLAB language.
% See the help menu for details.
if length(u4) == 2
    pos1 = u4(1); % first actuator position
    pos2 = u4(2); % second actuator position
    % link variables
    % Link 1
    I133 = 0.000891271;
    L1 = 0.2;
    Lc1 = 0.1;
    m1 = 0.358306058;
    % Link 2
    I233 = 0.000552127;
    L2 = 0.2;
    Lc2 = 0.073;
    m2 = 0.308756558;
    % external variables
    g = 9.81; % gravitational acceleration
    % matrix variables
    phi1 = (m1*Lc1 + m2*L1)*g*cos(pos1) + m2*g*Lc2*cos(pos1 + pos2);
    phi2 = m2*Lc2*cos(pos1 +pos2);
    g 1 = phi1;
    g^2 = phi2;
else
    g 1 = 0;
    g^{2} = 0;
```

end

```
function [acc1, acc2] = fcn1(u1)
% This block supports an embeddable subset of the MATLAB language.
% See the help menu for details.
\mbox{\ensuremath{\$}} the input \mbox{\ensuremath{\mathtt{U}}(t)} is the net torque on the joints after motor and link
% variables are all accounted for.
if length(u1) == 4
    pos2 = u1(2); % second actuator position
    cbg1 = u1(3); % array element to be multiplied with inv(M)
    cbg2 = u1(4); % array element to be multiplied with inv(M)
    % motor variables
    j1 = 3060e-7; % rotor inertia
    j2 = j1; % rotor inertia
    % Link 1
    I133 = 0.000891271;
    L1 = 0.2;
    Lc1 = 0.1;
    m1 = 0.358306058;
    % Link 2
    I233 = 0.000552127;
    L2 = 0.2;
    Lc2 = 0.073;
    m2 = 0.308756558;
    % external variables
    r1 = 1/4; % first actuator reduction
    r2 = 1/3; % second actuator reduction
    % matrix variables
    d11 = m1*Lc1^2 + m2*(L1^2 + Lc2^2 + 2*L1*Lc2*cos(pos2)) + I133 + I233;
    d12 = m2*(Lc2^2 + L1*Lc2*cos(pos2)) + I233;
    d21 = m2*(Lc2^2 + L1*Lc2*cos(pos2)) + I233;
    d22 = m2*Lc2^2 + I233;
    j11 = 1/(r1^2)*j1;
    \frac{1}{1}22 = \frac{1}{(r2^2)} \cdot \frac{1}{2};
    M = [(d11 + j11) d12; d21 (d22 + j22)]; % D(q) + J/r^2 (2x2) matrix
    accel = inv(M) *[cbg1; cbg2]; %#ok<MINV>
    acc1 = accel(1,:);
    acc2 = accel(2,:);
else
    acc1 = 0;
acc2 = 0;
end
```