# **Pricing Quanto Options**

QFGB8960 Advanced C++ for Finance

Omar Faruque

Fordham University

April 30, 2025

## Quanto Options - Overview

- **Definition**: Cross-currency derivatives that provide exposure to foreign asset performance with fixed domestic currency payoff
- Key feature: Eliminates currency risk while maintaining foreign market exposure
- Payoff:  $(\phi(S(T) K))^+$  units of domestic currency •  $\phi = 1$  for call and  $\phi = -1$  for put
- Challenge: Requires adjustment to standard Black-Scholes to account for asset-FX correlation

## Theoretical Framework and Implementation

- Quanto-adjusted drift:  $r_f q + \rho \sigma_S \sigma_Q$
- Quanto forward:  $F^Q(t, T) = e^{(r_f q + \rho \sigma_S \sigma_Q)(T t)} S(t)$
- Modified dividend yield:  $q' = r_d r_f + q \rho \sigma_S \sigma_Q$
- **Intuition**: Correlation between asset and exchange rate affects effective growth rate
  - $\rho > 0$ : increases drift
  - $\rho$  < 0: reduces drift
- Analytical Solution:
  - Modified Black-Scholes with quanto drift
  - $\bullet \ \mathtt{quantoEuropeanOptionBS} \to \mathtt{qf.qEuroBS} \\$
- Monte Carlo:
  - BsMcQuantoPricer extends BsMcPricer
  - Python: qf.qEuroBSMC
- PDE Method:
  - Pde1DSolver with quanto drift
  - Python: qf.qEuroBSPDE



### Verification of Methods

#### Test Parameters:

• Spot: 100, Strike: 100

Time to exp: 1 year

Asset vol: 0.2, FX vol: 0.15

Correlation: 0.5

• Domestic rate at exp: 0.02

• Foreign rate at exp: 0.025

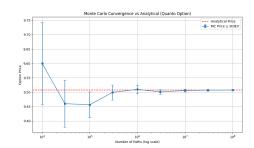
#### Results:

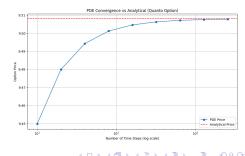
Analytical: 9.50800966

Monte Carlo (30M paths):
 9.50758241 (Rel. Error:

4.49e-05)

PDE (25600 nodes):
 9.50780061 (Rel. Error:
 2.20e-05)





## Quanto Call-Put Parity

### Theoretical relationship:

$$\begin{aligned} &\mathsf{Call}_{\mathsf{quanto}}(K,T) - \mathsf{Put}_{\mathsf{quanto}}(K,T) \\ &= e^{-r_d T} \cdot (S_0 \cdot e^{(r_f - q + \rho \sigma_S \sigma_Q)T} - K) \end{aligned}$$

#### Verification results:

- Tested across multiple strikes (80–120) and maturities (0.5–2.0 years) using analytical approach (qf.qEuroBS)
- Maximum relative error:  $\sim 10^{-15}$
- Confirms theoretical consistency of implementation
- Compared with standard call-put parity: Call – Put =  $e^{-rT} \cdot (S_0 e^{(r-q)T} - K)$

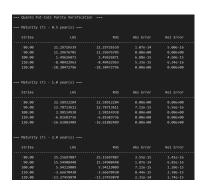


Fig. Put-Call Parity Verification

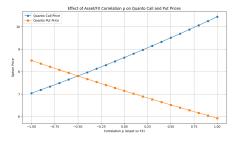
### Impact of Correlation

### Key findings:

- Correlation significantly affects quanto option prices
- Quanto call prices increase with correlation
- Quanto put prices decrease with correlation

#### **Economic interpretation:**

- $\rho > 0$ : Strengthening FX with an increase in asset price
  - Benefits call options, reduces put value
- ρ < 0: Weakening FX with increasing asset price</li>
  - Reduces call value, benefits put options



**Fig.** Effect of correlation

## Mathematical Impact of Correlation

- **Drift Adjustment**: Correlation affects option pricing through the drift adjustment term  $\rho\sigma_S\sigma_Q$
- Effect on Forward Price:

$$F^{Q}(t,T) = S_0 \cdot e^{(r_f - q + \rho \sigma_S \sigma_Q)T}$$
(1)

$$= F^{std}(t,T) \cdot e^{\rho \sigma_S \sigma_Q \cdot T} \tag{2}$$

where  $F^{std}$  is the standard forward price

- Shift in Probability Measure:
  - Positive  $\rho$  shifts the forward price upward (favoring calls)
  - Negative  $\rho$  shifts the forward price downward (favoring puts)

## Summary & References

### Summary:

- Successfully implemented three pricing methods for quanto options
- Verified consistency across methods with high numerical accuracy
- Confirmed theoretical properties (call-put parity)
- Analyzed correlation effects on pricing

#### References:

- Hull, J. C. (2018). Options, Futures, and Other Derivatives. Pearson.
- Wilmott, P. (2006). Paul Wilmott on Quantitative Finance. Wiley.
- Shreve, S. E. (2004). Stochastic Calculus for Finance II: Continuous-Time Models. Springer.