

Compilers, Spring Term 2025

Assignment 2

Due: May 20 at 23:59

## 1 Objective

For this task you will use ANTLR to implement an SDT or an SDD to count the number of extrema in a non-empty sequence of digits. Digit  $d_i$  is an extremum in a sequence  $d_1, \dots, d_n$  of digits if either  $d_{i-1} < d_i > d_{i+1}$  or  $d_{i-1} > d_i < d_{i+1}$ . (Note that  $d_1$  and  $d_n$  cannot be extrema.)

## 2 Requirements

- The grammar of your SDT/SDD should generate all strings representing non-empty sequences of digits.
- A non-empty sequence of digits is represented by a string of the form “ $d_1, d_2, \dots, d_n$ ”, where  $d_i$  is a (decimal) digit.
- For example, the following are representations of non-empty sequences of digits.
  - (a) 1,4,2,5,3
  - (b) 9,8,9,7,6
  - (c) 2,4,5
  - (d) 1
  - (e) 5,0,0,7,3
- In your SDT/SDD, the start variable **s** should have an attribute **val** whose value is the number of extrema in the input sequence.
- In the example sequences above, **val** should be 3 for sequence (a), 2 for sequence (b), 0 for sequences (c) and (d), and 1 for sequence (e).
- **The only operations allowed on attributes are assignments, equality checks ( $=$ ,  $!=$ ), relational checks ( $<$ ,  $>$ ,  $<=$ ,  $>=$ ), and arithmetic operations ( $+$ ,  $-$ ,  $*$ ).**
- Important Details
  - Your implementation should be done within the template file uploaded to the CMS.
  - You are not allowed to change the grammar name, the rule name “**s**” or attribute “**val**”.
  - You are allowed to write as many additional parser and lexer rules within the same grammar file (if needed).
  - A Java file is provided in order to easily test your grammar with custom strings.

### 3 Online Submission

- You should submit your code at the following link.

`https://forms.gle/Kn5QGK6iHAhbBjME9`

- Submit one file “`Assignment2.g4`” containing the grammar.