

PA1 HW5

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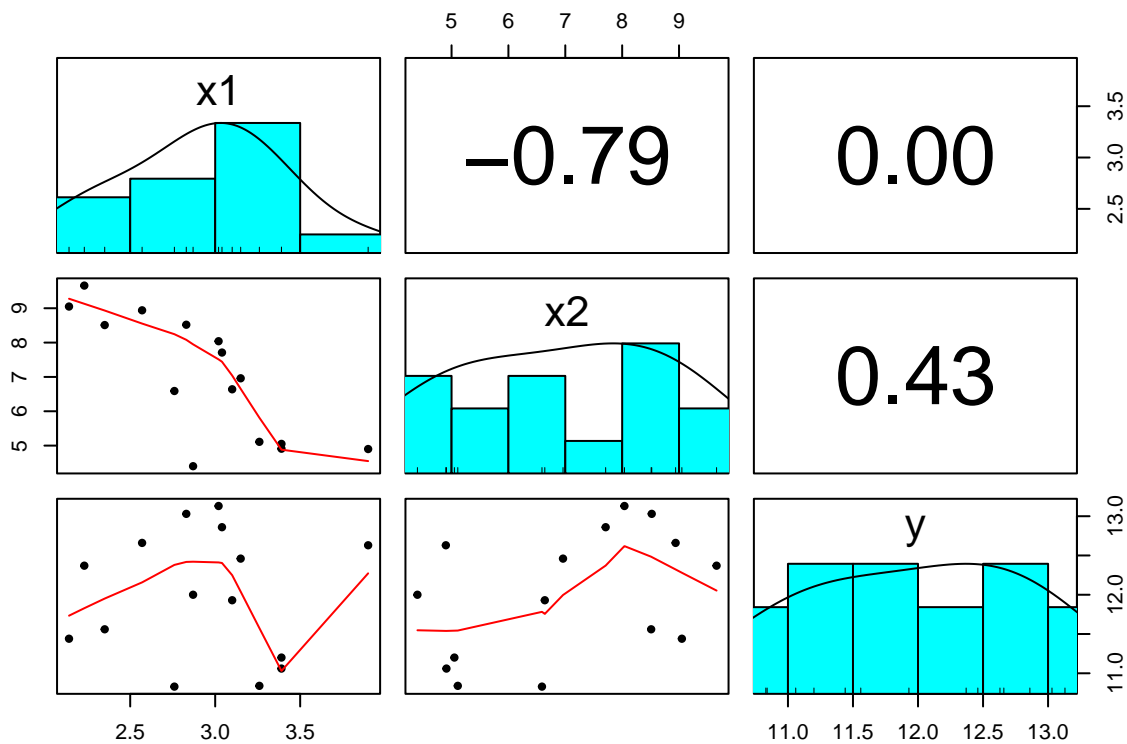
2023-10-29

#1a

```
library(psych)

dat = data.frame(
  x1=c(2.23,2.57,2.87,3.1,3.39,2.83,3.02,2.14,3.04,3.26,3.39,2.35,
  2.76,3.9,3.15),
  x2=c(9.66,8.94,4.4,6.64,4.91,8.52,8.04,9.05,7.71,5.11,5.05,8.51,
  6.59,4.9,6.96),
  y=c(12.37,12.66,12,11.93,11.06,13.03,13.13,11.44,12.86,10.84,
  11.2,11.56,10.83,12.63,12.46))

pairs.panels(dat, ellipses = FALSE)
```



x1 and x2 have a strong negative correlation, x2 and y have a strong positive correlation, and x1 and y do not appear to have a correlation at all.

#1b

```
modell1 <- lm(y~x1, data = dat)
```

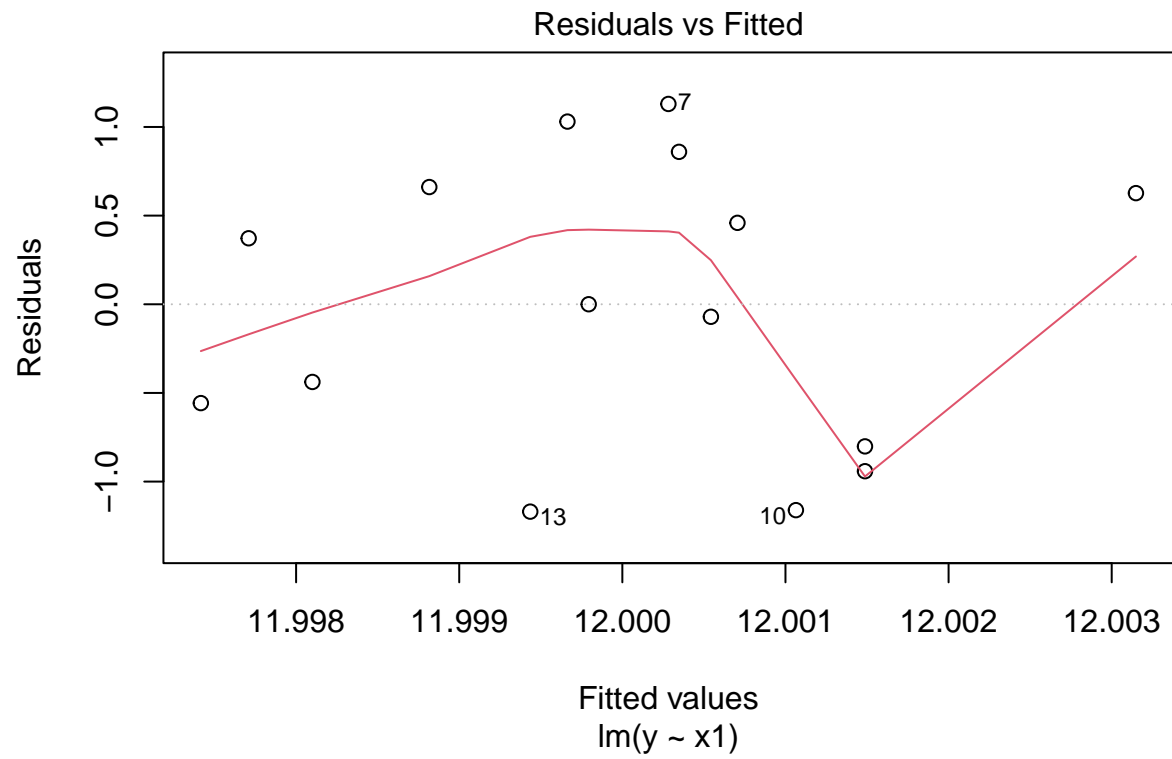
```
summary(modell1)
```

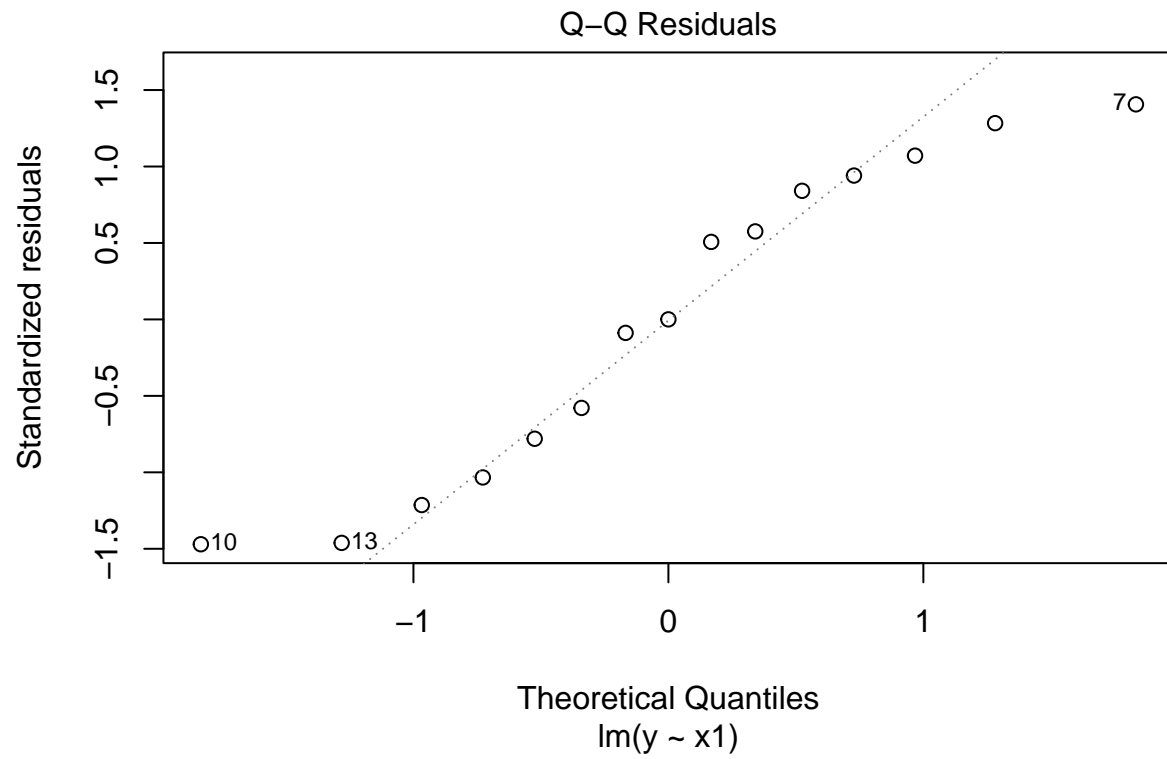
```
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = y ~ x1, data = dat)
##
## Residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -1.16944 -0.67945  0.00021  0.64402  1.12972
##
## Coefficients:
##              Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept) 11.990446   1.383341   8.668 9.2e-07 ***
## x1           0.003257   0.465866   0.007  0.995
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 0.8324 on 13 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared:  3.76e-06,    Adjusted R-squared:  -0.07692
## F-statistic: 4.888e-05 on 1 and 13 DF,  p-value: 0.9945
```

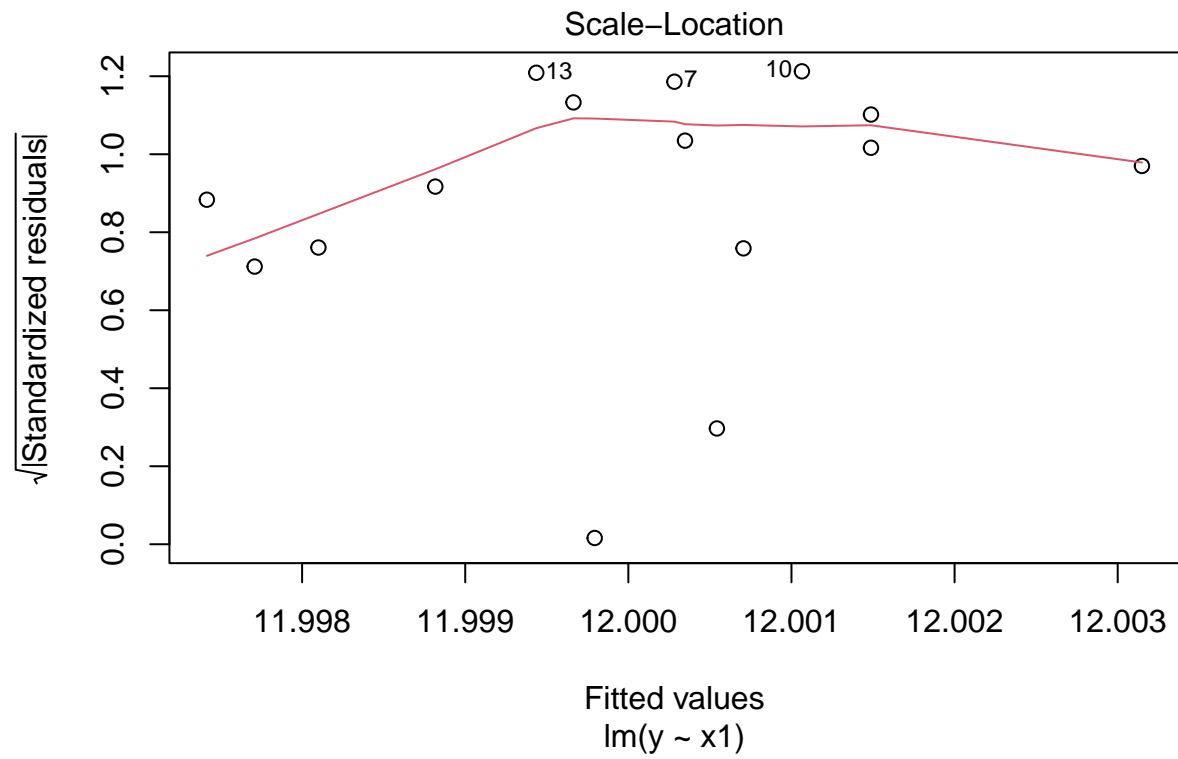
```
modell1$residuals
```

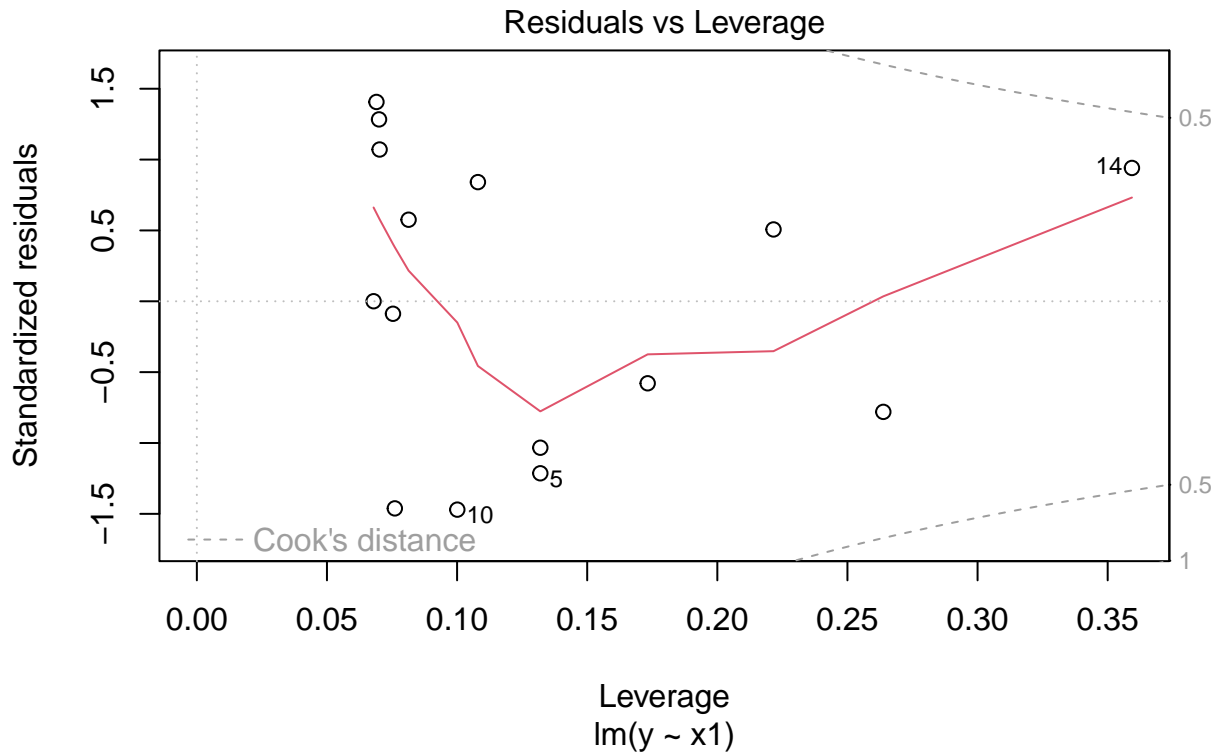
```
##           1           2           3           4           5
## 0.3722908924 0.6611834468 0.0002062889 -0.0705428655 -0.9414874515
##           6           7           8           9          10
## 1.0303365766 1.1297177099 -0.5574159602 0.8596525661 -1.1610640164
##          11          12          13          14          15
## -0.8014874515 -0.4380999708 -1.1694354199 0.6268513801 0.4592942749
```

```
plot(modell1)
```









The model is not significant at all. The residuals are large, the p-value is huge, and the R^2 is very tiny. Also, the standard error for the x_1 predictor is many magnitudes higher than its slope estimate.

#1c

```
model2 <- lm(y~x2, data = dat)
```

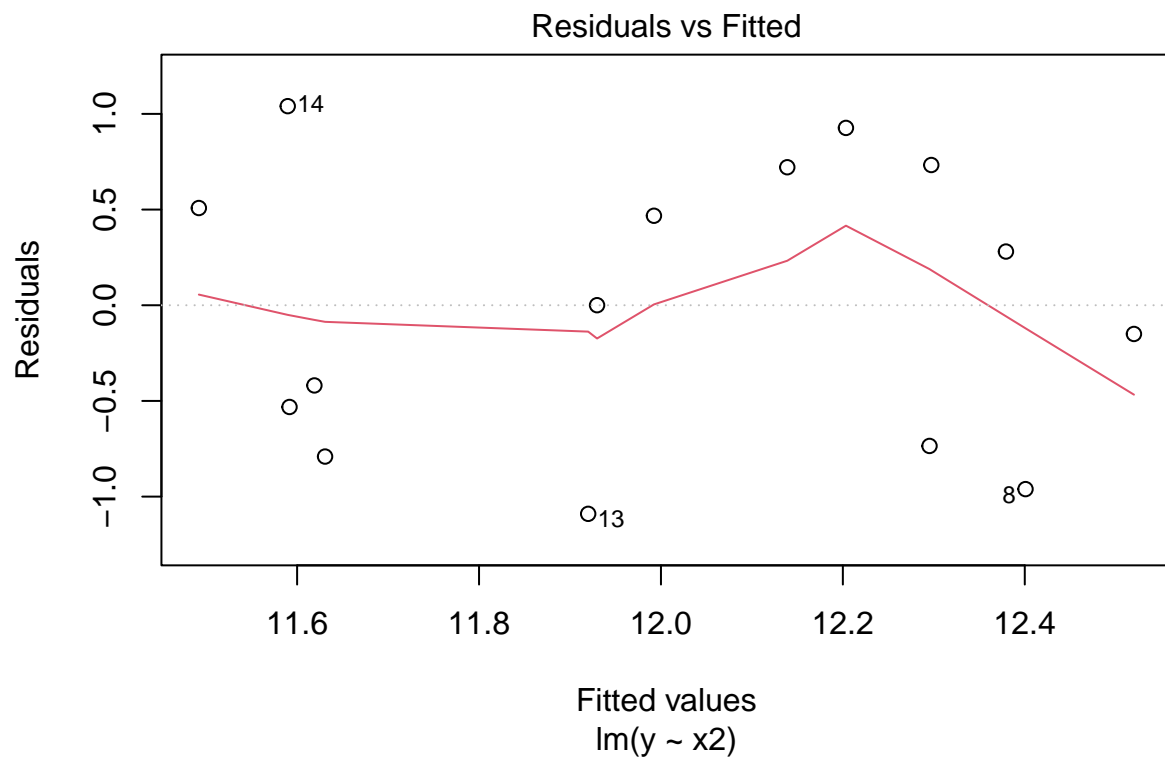
```
summary(model2)
```

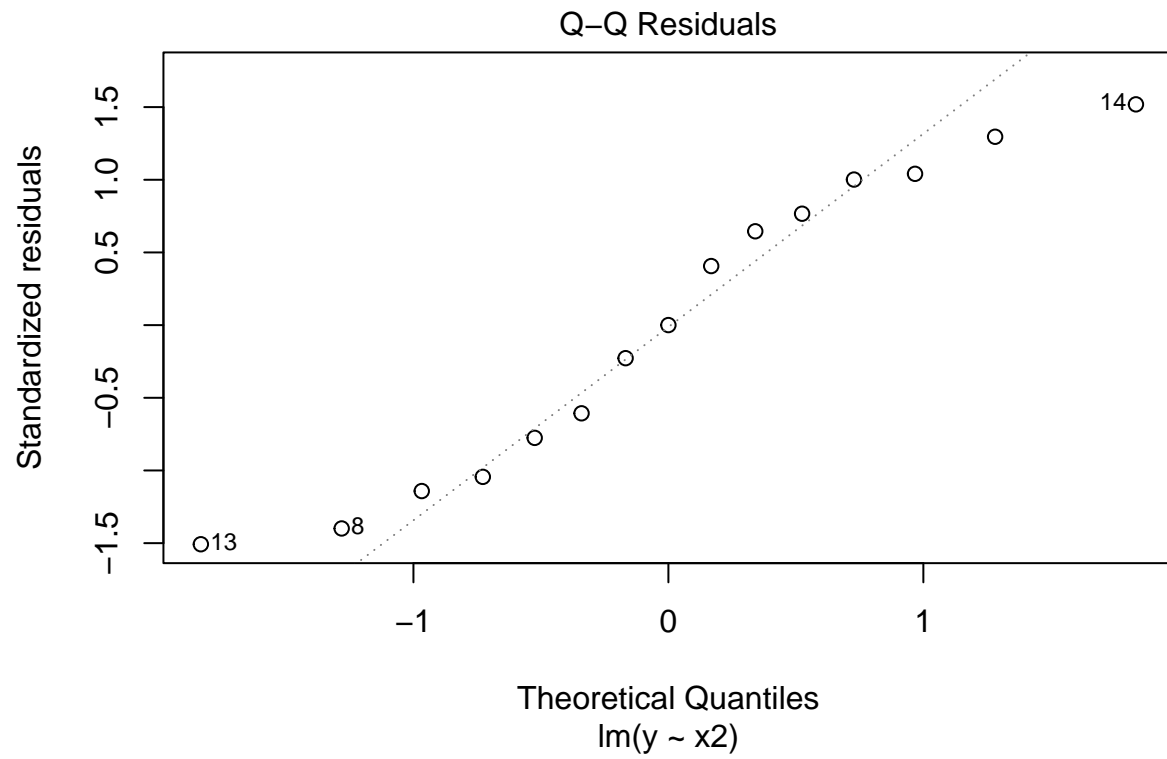
```
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = y ~ x2, data = dat)
##
## Residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -1.08999 -0.63345  0.00023  0.61458  1.04033
##
## Coefficients:
##              Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)  10.6319     0.8109   13.111 7.18e-09 ***
## x2           0.1955     0.1125    1.737   0.106
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 0.7499 on 13 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared:  0.1884, Adjusted R-squared:  0.126
## F-statistic: 3.018 on 1 and 13 DF, p-value: 0.106
```

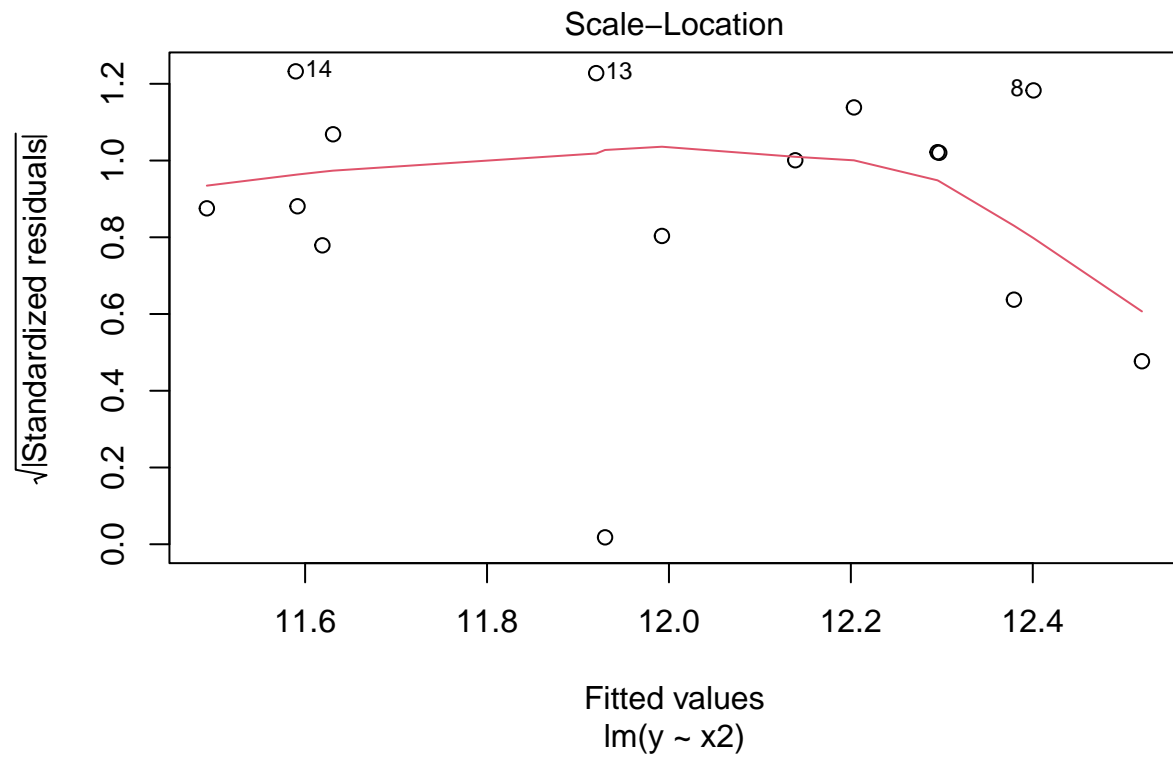
```
model2$residuals
```

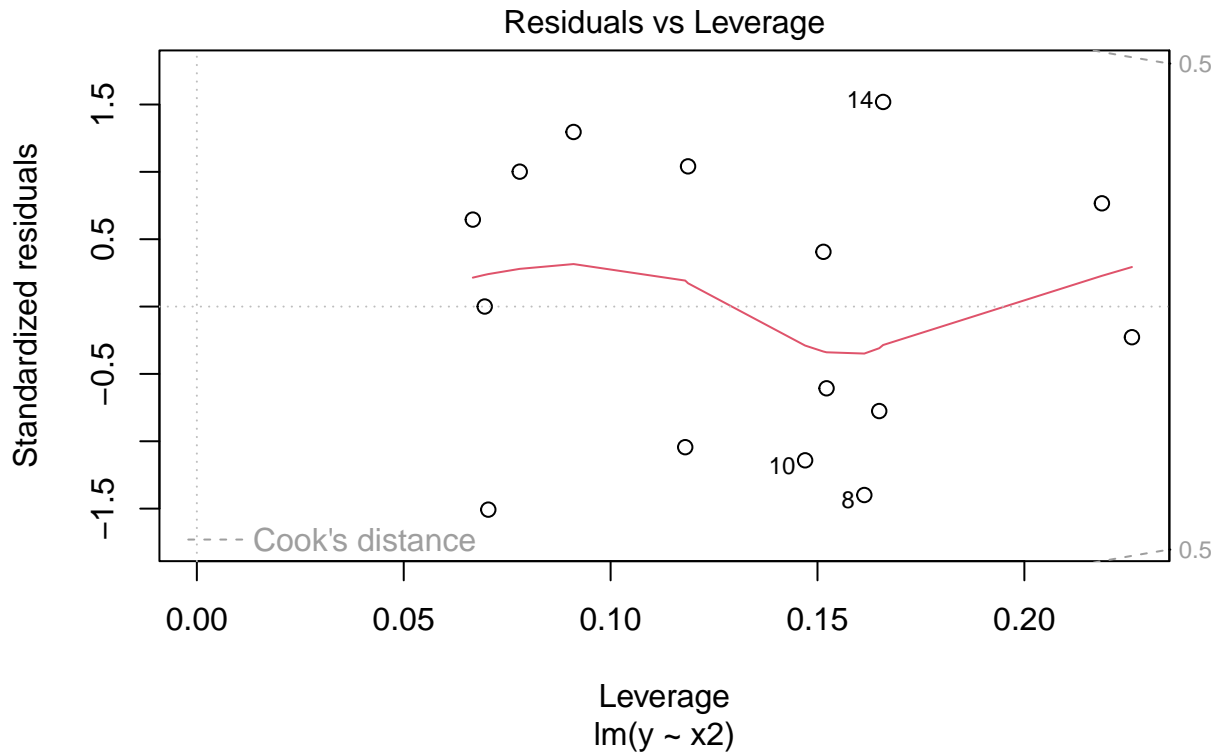
```
##           1           2           3           4           5
## -0.1500439089  0.2806845856  0.5080559260  0.0002339431 -0.5316267576
##           6           7           8           9          10
##  0.7327762074  0.9265952038 -0.9608156010  0.7210957638 -0.7907180061
##          11          12          13          14          15
## -0.4189906315 -0.7352692301 -1.0899932448  1.0403278048  0.4676879455
```

```
plot(model2)
```









Again, the model is once again insignificant, although the residuals and overall fit are better this time around.

#1d

```
model3 <- lm(y~., data = dat)
```

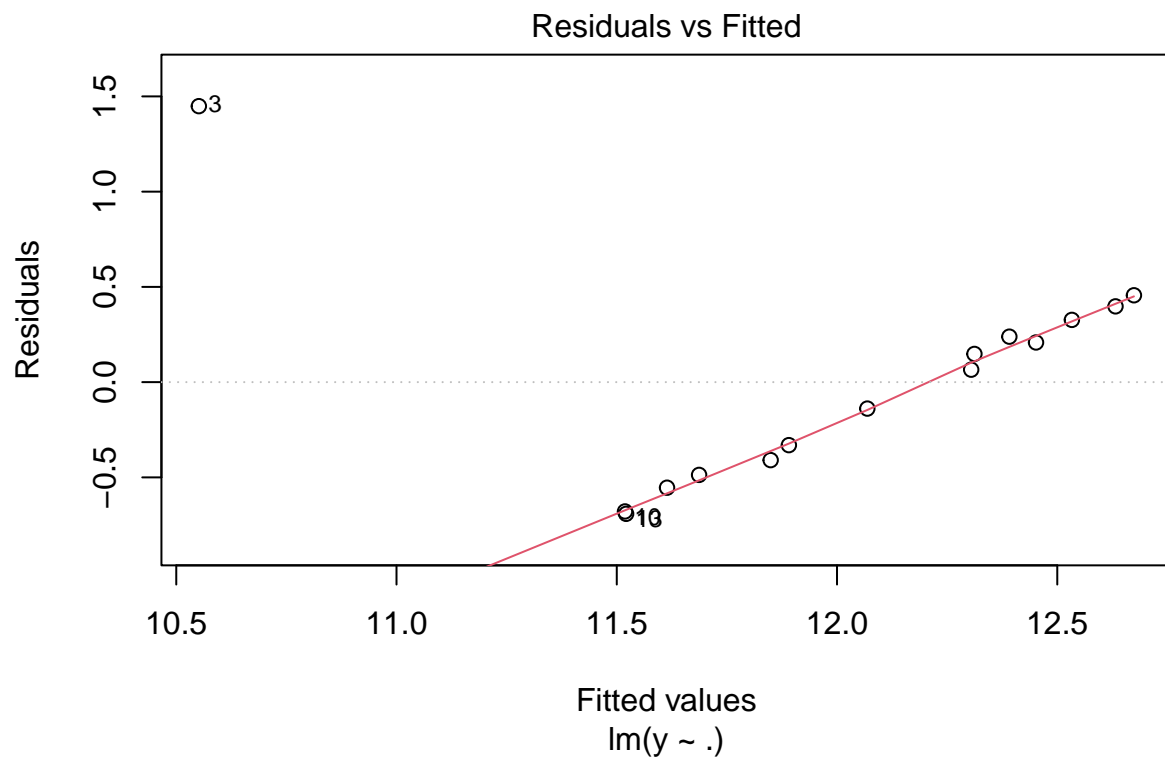
```
summary(model3)
```

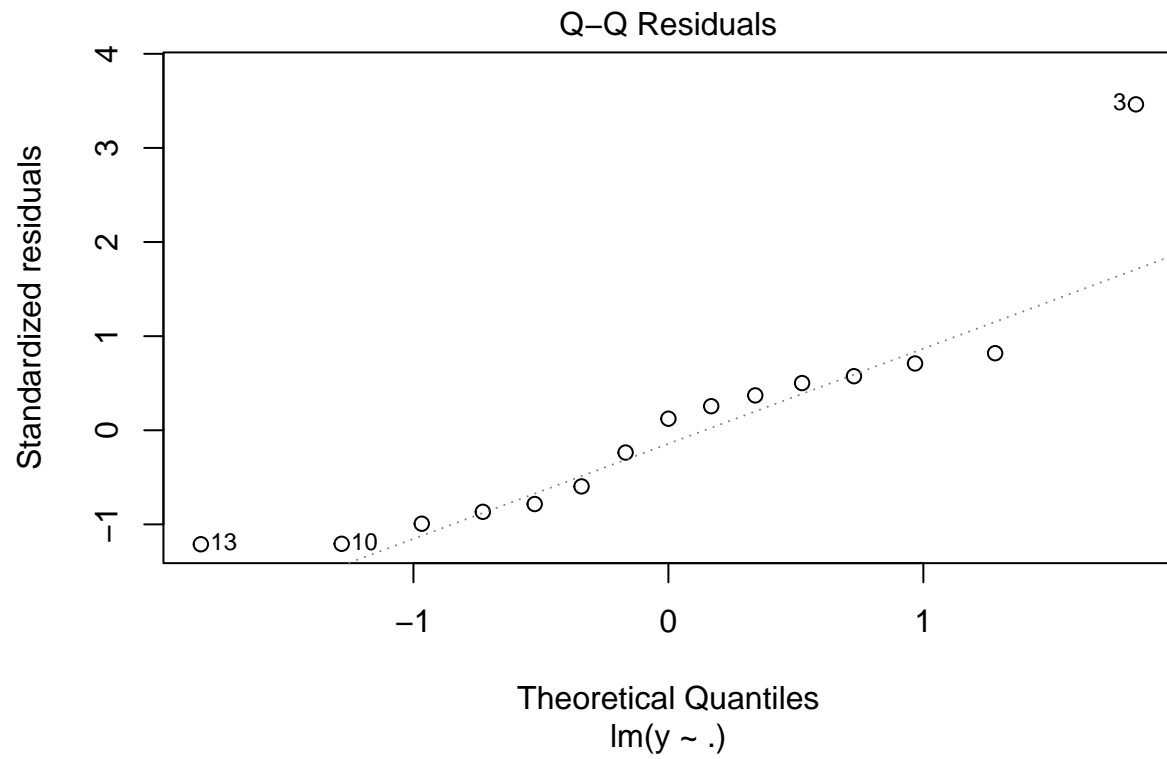
```
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = y ~ ., data = dat)
##
## Residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -0.69127 -0.44813  0.06541  0.28281  1.44873
##
## Coefficients:
##              Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)   3.8610     2.5440   1.518  0.1550
## x1             1.5339     0.5566   2.756  0.0174 *
## x2             0.5200     0.1492   3.485  0.0045 **
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 0.6108 on 12 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared:  0.503, Adjusted R-squared:  0.4202
## F-statistic: 6.073 on 2 and 12 DF, p-value: 0.01507
```

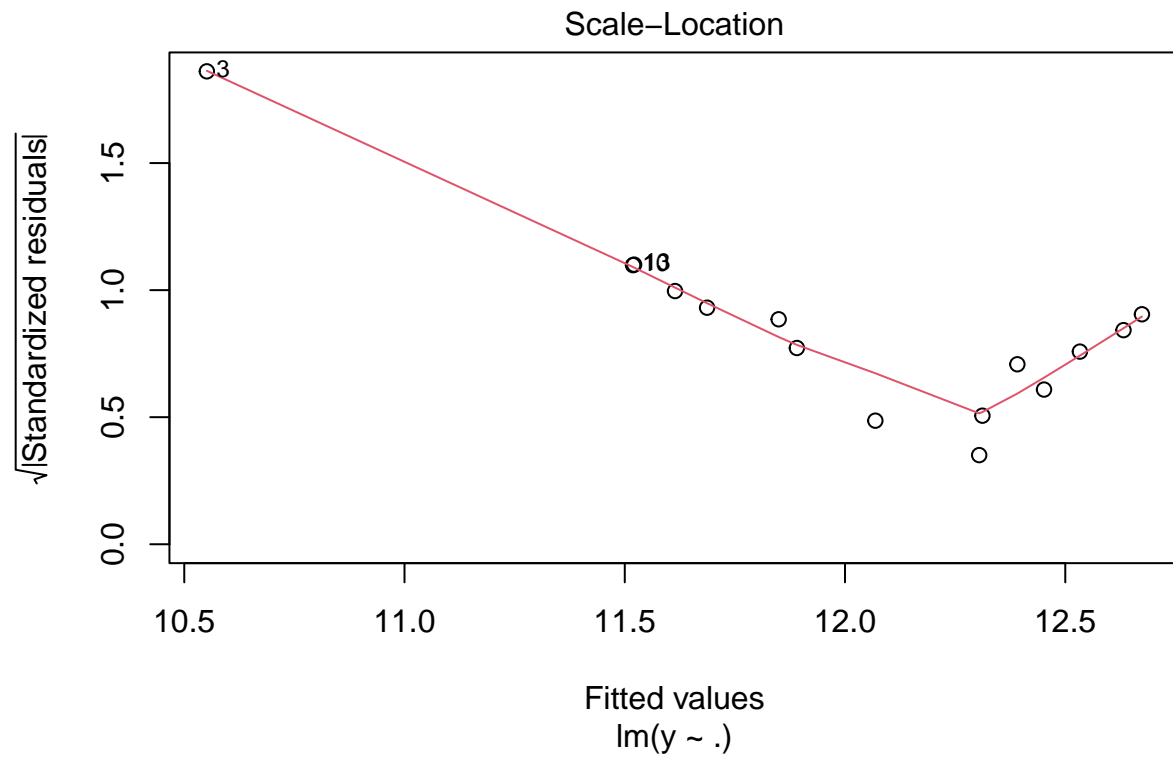
```
model3$residuals
```

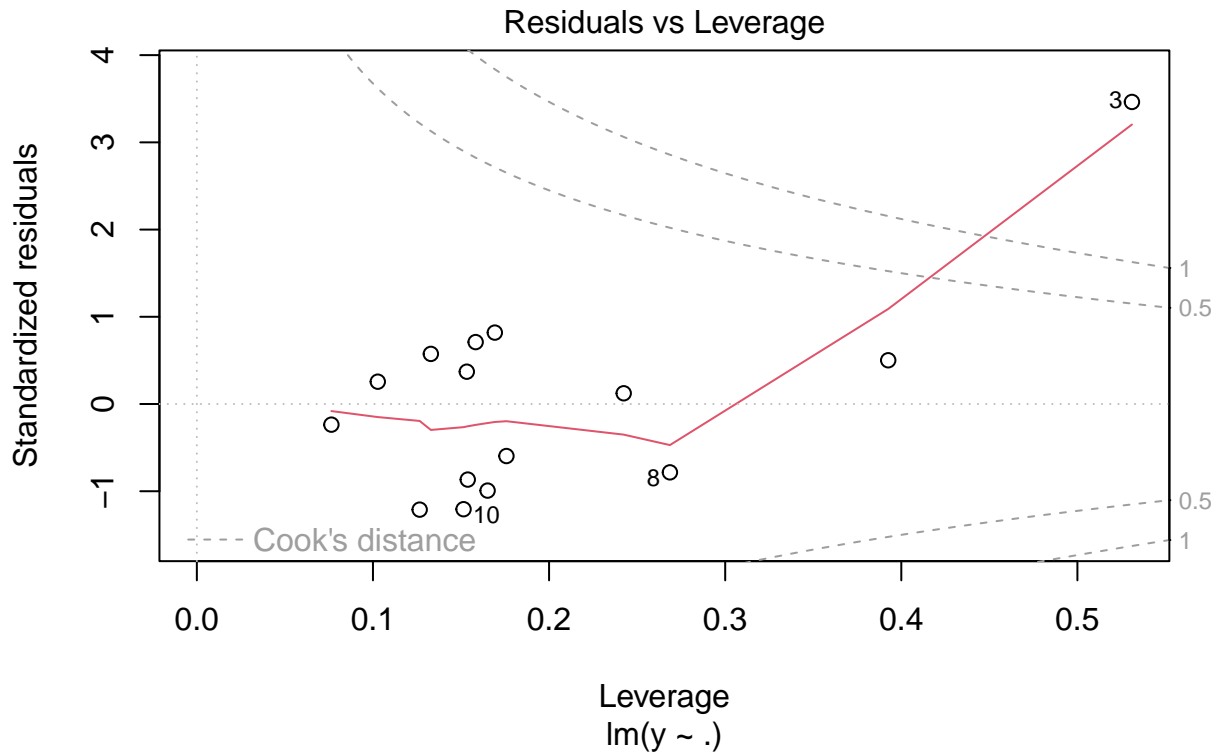
```
##           1           2           3           4           5           6
## 0.06540834 0.20824473 1.44872750 -0.13881529 -0.55411096 0.39780579
##           7           8           9          10          11          12
## 0.45594150 -0.40935409 0.32685289 -0.67869178 -0.48690687 -0.33069910
##          13          14          15
## -0.69127417 0.23877488 0.14809662
```

```
plot(model3)
```









The model is now significant, as are each of the predictors. However, the residuals are clearly biased and form a straight line. This indicates that the model is biased and that the linearity assumption is in question.

#1e

Because each predictor is insignificant on its own, it does not make sense to use forward selection. Both predictors are significant in a full model, so backward selection makes more sense to use.

#3a

```
sigma = matrix(0.9, nrow = 4, ncol = 4) + .1*diag(4)
A = chol(sigma)
A
```

```
##      [,1]      [,2]      [,3]      [,4]
## [1,]    1 0.9000000 0.9000000 0.9000000
## [2,]    0 0.4358899 0.2064742 0.2064742
## [3,]    0 0.0000000 0.3838859 0.1233919
## [4,]    0 0.0000000 0.0000000 0.3635146
```

```
t(A) %*% A
```

```
##      [,1] [,2] [,3] [,4]
## [1,]  1.0  0.9  0.9  0.9
## [2,]  0.9  1.0  0.9  0.9
## [3,]  0.9  0.9  1.0  0.9
## [4,]  0.9  0.9  0.9  1.0
```

#3b

```
Z = matrix(rnorm(4000), nrow = 1000)
X = Z %*% A
cov(X)
```

```
##           [,1]      [,2]      [,3]      [,4]
## [1,] 0.9900902 0.8941878 0.8949668 0.8874582
## [2,] 0.8941878 0.9914580 0.9038064 0.8889626
## [3,] 0.8949668 0.9038064 0.9992289 0.8937772
## [4,] 0.8874582 0.8889626 0.8937772 0.9763081
```

```
(t(A) %*% A) - cov(X)
```

```
##           [,1]      [,2]      [,3]      [,4]
## [1,] 0.009909798 0.005812201 0.0050331898 0.01254178
## [2,] 0.005812201 0.008541988 -0.0038064156 0.01103736
## [3,] 0.005033190 -0.003806416 0.0007711413 0.00622278
## [4,] 0.012541779 0.011037364 0.0062227798 0.02369193
```

```
mean((t(A) %*% A) - cov(X))
```

```
## [1] 0.00728729
```

#3c

```
set.seed(12345)

# generate a new Z, A and X
Z <- matrix(rnorm(151500), nrow = 10100, ncol = 15)

# Define the covariance matrix (with cov(xj, xk) = 0.9 for j != k)
sigma <- diag(15) + 0.9 * (1 - diag(15))

# Perform the Cholesky decomposition
A <- chol(sigma)

# Multiply Z by A to get the correlated variables X
X <- Z %*% A

beta = c(1,-1,1.5,0.5,-0.5,rep(0,10))
e = rnorm(10100)*3
y = 3 + X %*% beta + e
```

#3d

```
dat = data.frame(X)
dat$y <- y
train <- c(rep(T,100), rep(F, 10000))

training_data <- dat[train,]
```

```
test_data <- dat[!train,]
```

```
fit <- lm(y ~ X1+X2+X3+X4+X5, data = training_data) #where is 7th estimate? do I apply model to all the  
summary(fit)
```

```
##  
## Call:  
## lm(formula = y ~ X1 + X2 + X3 + X4 + X5, data = training_data)  
##  
## Residuals:  
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max   
## -7.8436 -2.0442  0.2997  1.8333  6.9526   
##  
## Coefficients:  
##              Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)      
## (Intercept)   3.0256     0.3295   9.183   1e-14 ***  
## X1             0.9439     0.8875   1.064   0.29026   
## X2            -1.6256     1.0049  -1.618   0.10906   
## X3             2.7879     0.8924   3.124   0.00237 **  
## X4            -0.3034     1.0439  -0.291   0.77200   
## X5            -0.3711     0.8164  -0.455   0.65048   
## ---  
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1  
##  
## Residual standard error: 3.2 on 94 degrees of freedom  
## Multiple R-squared:  0.2407, Adjusted R-squared:  0.2003   
## F-statistic: 5.961 on 5 and 94 DF,  p-value: 7.843e-05
```

```
error_variance <- summary(fit)$sigma^2
```

```
confint(fit)
```

```
##              2.5 %    97.5 %  
## (Intercept) 2.3714294 3.6797538  
## X1          -0.8182307 2.7059553  
## X2          -3.6208313 0.3695436  
## X3           1.0160970 4.5597365  
## X4          -2.3759925 1.7692921  
## X5          -1.9919717 1.2498126
```

The error variance is approx. 10.24. The estimates do roughly equal the true parameter values and are within 2 standard errors. The slopes do have the correct signs, except for X4. Only the intercept and X3 are significant. The 95% CI does cover the true values for each predictor.

```
#3e
```

```
predictions <- predict(fit, newdata = test_data)
```

```
mean((test_data$y-predict(fit, test_data))^2)
```

```
## [1] 9.449501
```


MSE = 9.45

#3f

```
fit <- lm(y~., data = training_data)
summary(fit)
```

```
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = y ~ ., data = training_data)
##
## Residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -7.7768 -1.8727  0.0985  1.8531  6.4236
##
## Coefficients:
##              Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)   3.09711    0.34378   9.009 5.69e-14 ***
## X1             1.64535    1.01410   1.622  0.10845
## X2            -1.27455    1.12632  -1.132  0.26102
## X3             3.04446    0.99629   3.056  0.00301 **
## X4             0.17894    1.16865   0.153  0.87867
## X5             0.12057    0.95410   0.126  0.89974
## X6             0.42167    1.04928   0.402  0.68880
## X7            -0.05058    1.16496  -0.043  0.96547
## X8            -1.48874    1.18517  -1.256  0.21255
## X9             1.02701    1.03928   0.988  0.32589
## X10            -0.83981    1.13596  -0.739  0.46179
## X11             0.68516    1.02798   0.667  0.50691
## X12            -0.55163    1.07908  -0.511  0.61055
## X13            -1.25600    1.22391  -1.026  0.30773
## X14             0.52319    1.01348   0.516  0.60705
## X15            -0.73817    1.23259  -0.599  0.55086
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 3.258 on 84 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared:  0.2964, Adjusted R-squared:  0.1708
## F-statistic: 2.359 on 15 and 84 DF,  p-value: 0.007036
```

```
confint(fit)
```

```
##              2.5 %    97.5 %
## (Intercept)  2.4134711 3.7807561
## X1           -0.3712955 3.6619970
## X2           -3.5143736 0.9652658
## X3            1.0632199 5.0256971
## X4           -2.1450517 2.5029286
## X5           -1.7767581 2.0178992
## X6           -1.6649445 2.5082863
## X7           -2.3672282 2.2660665
## X8           -3.8455915 0.8681033
## X9           -1.0397031 3.0937305
```

```
## X10      -3.0987981  1.4191776
## X11      -1.3590904  2.7294016
## X12      -2.6974890  1.5942334
## X13      -3.6898753  1.1778700
## X14      -1.4922309  2.5386058
## X15      -3.1893041  1.7129587
```

All the coefficients are once again approx. equal to their true values. X5 experienced a sign flip.

Only the intercept and X3 are significant.

#3g

```
predictions <- predict(fit, newdata = test_data)
mean((test_data$y-predict(fit, test_data))^2)
```

```
## [1] 10.23477
```

The MSE = 10.23.

#3h Forward Selection

```
model_step <- lm(y~1, data=training_data)
stepwise_model <- step(model_step, scope=~X1+X2+X3+X4+X5+X6+X7+X8+X9+X10+X11+X12+X13+X14+X15, test='F')
```

```
## Start:  AIC=255.97
## y ~ 1
##
##           Df Sum of Sq    RSS    AIC F value    Pr(>F)
## + X3      1     256.55 1011.0 235.36  24.868 2.655e-06 ***
## + X1      1     195.03 1072.6 241.26  17.820 5.434e-05 ***
## + X9      1     189.14 1078.5 241.81  17.187 7.204e-05 ***
## + X14     1     182.34 1085.2 242.44  16.465 9.965e-05 ***
## + X4      1     175.79 1091.8 243.04  15.779 0.0001360 ***
## + X6      1     170.85 1096.7 243.49  15.267 0.0001718 ***
## + X11     1     168.33 1099.3 243.72  15.007 0.0001935 ***
## + X7      1     166.22 1101.4 243.91  14.790 0.0002138 ***
## + X5      1     158.74 1108.8 244.59  14.030 0.0003039 ***
## + X10     1     150.15 1117.4 245.36  13.169 0.0004545 ***
## + X13     1     149.97 1117.6 245.38  13.150 0.0004585 ***
## + X12     1     146.97 1120.6 245.65  12.853 0.0005274 ***
## + X15     1     146.37 1121.2 245.70  12.793 0.0005424 ***
## + X2      1     146.04 1121.5 245.73  12.761 0.0005509 ***
## + X8      1     140.49 1127.1 246.22  12.215 0.0007135 ***
## <none>                1267.6 255.97
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Step:  AIC=235.36
## y ~ X3
##
##           Df Sum of Sq    RSS    AIC F value    Pr(>F)
## + X8      1      41.330  969.71 233.18  4.1343  0.04475 *
```

```
## + X13 1 37.991 973.05 233.53 3.7872 0.05454 .
## + X2 1 36.449 974.59 233.68 3.6277 0.05979 .
## + X10 1 32.480 978.56 234.09 3.2196 0.07587 .
## + X15 1 31.377 979.66 234.20 3.1068 0.08112 .
## + X12 1 24.221 986.82 234.93 2.3808 0.12609
## + X7 1 20.373 990.66 235.32 1.9948 0.16104
## <none> 1011.04 235.36
## + X5 1 14.192 996.84 235.94 1.3810 0.24281
## + X4 1 12.596 998.44 236.10 1.2237 0.27138
## + X6 1 10.300 1000.74 236.33 0.9984 0.32019
## + X11 1 8.988 1002.05 236.46 0.8700 0.35327
## + X14 1 5.646 1005.39 236.80 0.5447 0.46227
## + X9 1 2.311 1008.73 237.13 0.2222 0.63840
## + X1 1 1.146 1009.89 237.24 0.1101 0.74080
## - X3 1 256.553 1267.59 255.97 24.8678 2.655e-06 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Step: AIC=233.18
## y ~ X3 + X8
##
## Df Sum of Sq RSS AIC F value Pr(>F)
## <none> 969.71 233.18
## + X1 1 12.920 956.79 233.84 1.2963 0.257719
## + X13 1 8.087 961.62 234.34 0.8074 0.371152
## + X2 1 7.928 961.78 234.36 0.7914 0.375912
## + X10 1 7.082 962.62 234.45 0.7063 0.402769
## + X15 1 5.434 964.27 234.62 0.5410 0.463832
## + X9 1 4.817 964.89 234.68 0.4792 0.490442
## + X12 1 1.821 967.89 234.99 0.1806 0.671797
## + X14 1 1.283 968.42 235.05 0.1272 0.722167
## + X11 1 0.605 969.10 235.12 0.0600 0.807084
## + X4 1 0.533 969.17 235.13 0.0528 0.818752
## + X6 1 0.518 969.19 235.13 0.0513 0.821360
## + X7 1 0.313 969.39 235.15 0.0310 0.860611
## + X5 1 0.085 969.62 235.17 0.0084 0.927101
## - X8 1 41.330 1011.04 235.36 4.1343 0.044755 *
## - X3 1 157.396 1127.10 246.22 15.7443 0.000139 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
```

```
summary(stepwise_model)
```

```
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = y ~ X3 + X8, data = training_data)
##
## Residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -7.7523 -2.1644  0.2534  1.8345  7.6125
##
## Coefficients:
##              Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)   3.1062     0.3229   9.618 8.95e-16 ***
```

```
## X3          2.9406      0.7411   3.968 0.000139 ***
## X8          -1.4696      0.7228  -2.033 0.044755 *
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 3.162 on 97 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared:  0.235, Adjusted R-squared:  0.2192
## F-statistic: 14.9 on 2 and 97 DF,  p-value: 2.278e-06
```

```
confint(stepwise_model)
```

```
##              2.5 %      97.5 %
## (Intercept)  2.465270  3.7471985
## X3           1.469730  4.4114622
## X8          -2.904154 -0.0351047
```

```
#3h Backward Selection
```

```
fit <- step(fit, direction = 'both')
```

```
## Start:  AIC=250.81
## y ~ X1 + X2 + X3 + X4 + X5 + X6 + X7 + X8 + X9 + X10 + X11 +
##       X12 + X13 + X14 + X15
##
##      Df Sum of Sq  RSS   AIC
## - X7    1     0.020 891.86 248.81
## - X5    1     0.170 892.01 248.83
## - X4    1     0.249 892.09 248.84
## - X6    1     1.715 893.55 249.00
## - X12   1     2.775 894.61 249.12
## - X14   1     2.829 894.67 249.13
## - X15   1     3.808 895.65 249.24
## - X11   1     4.716 896.56 249.34
## - X10   1     5.803 897.64 249.46
## - X9    1    10.368 902.21 249.97
## - X13   1    11.181 903.02 250.06
## - X2    1    13.596 905.43 250.32
## - X8    1    16.753 908.59 250.67
## <none>          891.84 250.81
## - X1    1    27.949 919.79 251.90
## - X3    1    99.141 990.98 259.35
##
## Step:  AIC=248.81
## y ~ X1 + X2 + X3 + X4 + X5 + X6 + X8 + X9 + X10 + X11 + X12 +
##       X13 + X14 + X15
##
##      Df Sum of Sq  RSS   AIC
## - X5    1     0.152 892.01 246.83
## - X4    1     0.231 892.09 246.84
## - X6    1     1.734 893.59 247.01
## - X12   1     2.756 894.61 247.12
## - X14   1     2.827 894.69 247.13
```

```

## - X15 1 3.861 895.72 247.25
## - X11 1 4.724 896.58 247.34
## - X10 1 5.882 897.74 247.47
## - X9 1 10.397 902.26 247.97
## - X13 1 11.272 903.13 248.07
## - X2 1 13.629 905.49 248.33
## <none> 891.86 248.81
## - X8 1 18.293 910.15 248.84
## - X1 1 28.016 919.87 249.91
## + X7 1 0.020 891.84 250.81
## - X3 1 99.609 991.47 257.40
##
## Step: AIC=246.83
## y ~ X1 + X2 + X3 + X4 + X6 + X8 + X9 + X10 + X11 + X12 + X13 +
## X14 + X15
##
## Df Sum of Sq RSS AIC
## - X4 1 0.278 892.29 244.86
## - X6 1 1.744 893.76 245.03
## - X12 1 2.645 894.66 245.13
## - X14 1 2.856 894.87 245.15
## - X15 1 3.761 895.77 245.25
## - X11 1 4.683 896.69 245.35
## - X10 1 5.741 897.75 245.47
## - X9 1 11.093 903.10 246.07
## - X13 1 11.266 903.28 246.09
## - X2 1 13.485 905.50 246.33
## <none> 892.01 246.83
## - X8 1 18.160 910.17 246.85
## - X1 1 28.105 920.12 247.93
## + X5 1 0.152 891.86 248.81
## + X7 1 0.002 892.01 248.83
## - X3 1 99.908 991.92 255.45
##
## Step: AIC=244.86
## y ~ X1 + X2 + X3 + X6 + X8 + X9 + X10 + X11 + X12 + X13 + X14 +
## X15
##
## Df Sum of Sq RSS AIC
## - X6 1 1.657 893.95 243.05
## - X12 1 2.416 894.70 243.13
## - X14 1 3.064 895.35 243.21
## - X15 1 3.975 896.26 243.31
## - X11 1 4.841 897.13 243.40
## - X10 1 5.466 897.75 243.47
## - X9 1 10.815 903.10 244.07
## - X13 1 10.991 903.28 244.09
## - X2 1 13.261 905.55 244.34
## <none> 892.29 244.86
## - X8 1 18.594 910.88 244.92
## - X1 1 30.687 922.98 246.24
## + X4 1 0.278 892.01 246.83
## + X5 1 0.199 892.09 246.84
## + X7 1 0.004 892.28 246.86

```

```

## - X3      1    108.286 1000.58 254.32
##
## Step: AIC=243.05
## y ~ X1 + X2 + X3 + X8 + X9 + X10 + X11 + X12 + X13 + X14 + X15
##
##      Df Sum of Sq      RSS      AIC
## - X12   1      1.931   895.88 241.26
## - X14   1      3.376   897.32 241.42
## - X15   1      3.575   897.52 241.45
## - X10   1      5.166   899.11 241.62
## - X11   1      5.310   899.26 241.64
## - X13   1     10.163   904.11 242.18
## - X9    1     13.007   906.95 242.49
## - X2    1     13.727   907.67 242.57
## - X8    1     17.124   911.07 242.94
## <none>                893.95 243.05
## - X1    1     30.104   924.05 244.36
## + X6    1      1.657   892.29 244.86
## + X5    1      0.201   893.74 245.03
## + X4    1      0.190   893.76 245.03
## + X7    1      0.000   893.95 245.05
## - X3    1    112.298 1006.24 252.88
##
## Step: AIC=241.26
## y ~ X1 + X2 + X3 + X8 + X9 + X10 + X11 + X13 + X14 + X15
##
##      Df Sum of Sq      RSS      AIC
## - X14   1      2.655   898.53 239.56
## - X11   1      4.335   900.21 239.75
## - X15   1      5.561   901.44 239.88
## - X10   1      5.975   901.85 239.93
## - X13   1     10.383   906.26 240.42
## - X9    1     12.042   907.92 240.60
## - X2    1     14.287   910.16 240.84
## <none>                895.88 241.26
## - X8    1     18.184   914.06 241.27
## - X1    1     28.913   924.79 242.44
## + X12   1      1.931   893.95 243.05
## + X6    1      1.172   894.70 243.13
## + X5    1      0.064   895.81 243.26
## + X4    1      0.030   895.85 243.26
## + X7    1      0.000   895.88 243.26
## - X3    1    114.969 1010.85 251.34
##
## Step: AIC=239.56
## y ~ X1 + X2 + X3 + X8 + X9 + X10 + X11 + X13 + X15
##
##      Df Sum of Sq      RSS      AIC
## - X15   1      3.903   902.43 237.99
## - X11   1      4.080   902.61 238.01
## - X10   1      6.139   904.67 238.24
## - X13   1     11.402   909.93 238.82
## - X2    1     12.260   910.79 238.91
## - X9    1     13.689   912.22 239.07

```

```

## - X8      1      16.903  915.43 239.42
## <none>                898.53 239.56
## - X1      1      32.553  931.08 241.12
## + X14     1       2.655  895.88 241.26
## + X6      1       1.492  897.04 241.39
## + X12     1       1.210  897.32 241.42
## + X4      1       0.141  898.39 241.54
## + X5      1       0.118  898.41 241.55
## + X7      1       0.084  898.45 241.55
## - X3      1     126.019 1024.55 250.68
##
## Step:  AIC=237.99
## y ~ X1 + X2 + X3 + X8 + X9 + X10 + X11 + X13
##
##           Df Sum of Sq      RSS      AIC
## - X11     1      4.159   906.59 236.45
## - X10     1      9.844   912.28 237.08
## - X9      1     12.423   914.86 237.36
## - X2      1     13.646   916.08 237.49
## - X13     1     15.335   917.77 237.68
## <none>                902.43 237.99
## - X8      1     18.610   921.04 238.03
## - X1      1     29.397   931.83 239.20
## + X15     1      3.903   898.53 239.56
## + X12     1      2.817   899.62 239.68
## + X14     1      0.997   901.44 239.88
## + X6      1      0.805   901.63 239.90
## + X4      1      0.155   902.28 239.97
## + X5      1      0.006   902.43 239.99
## + X7      1      0.004   902.43 239.99
## - X3      1    124.400  1026.84 248.91
##
## Step:  AIC=236.45
## y ~ X1 + X2 + X3 + X8 + X9 + X10 + X13
##
##           Df Sum of Sq      RSS      AIC
## - X10     1      8.485   915.08 235.38
## - X2      1     10.845   917.44 235.64
## - X13     1     13.060   919.65 235.88
## - X9      1     15.569   922.16 236.16
## - X8      1     16.693   923.29 236.28
## <none>                906.59 236.45
## - X1      1     30.470   937.06 237.76
## + X11     1      4.159   902.43 237.99
## + X15     1      3.981   902.61 238.01
## + X12     1      1.737   904.86 238.26
## + X6      1      1.185   905.41 238.32
## + X14     1      0.839   905.76 238.36
## + X4      1      0.320   906.27 238.42
## + X5      1      0.007   906.59 238.45
## + X7      1      0.001   906.59 238.45
## - X3      1    125.426  1032.02 247.41
##
## Step:  AIC=235.38

```

```

## y ~ X1 + X2 + X3 + X8 + X9 + X13
##
##      Df Sum of Sq    RSS    AIC
## - X9   1    10.207  925.29 234.49
## - X2   1    14.067  929.15 234.91
## <none>                915.08 235.38
## - X13   1    18.690  933.77 235.41
## - X8   1    20.014  935.09 235.55
## + X10   1     8.485  906.59 236.45
## - X1   1    29.017  944.10 236.51
## + X15   1     7.386  907.69 236.57
## + X12   1     3.630  911.45 236.99
## + X11   1     2.800  912.28 237.08
## + X14   1     0.562  914.52 237.32
## + X6    1     0.518  914.56 237.33
## + X5    1     0.269  914.81 237.35
## + X7    1     0.237  914.84 237.36
## + X4    1     0.056  915.02 237.38
## - X3    1   117.830 1032.91 245.50
##
## Step: AIC=234.49
## y ~ X1 + X2 + X3 + X8 + X13
##
##      Df Sum of Sq    RSS    AIC
## - X2    1    11.643  936.93 233.74
## - X13   1    13.178  938.46 233.91
## - X8    1    15.369  940.65 234.14
## <none>                925.29 234.49
## + X9    1    10.207  915.08 235.38
## + X11   1     5.470  919.82 235.90
## - X1    1    32.185  957.47 235.91
## + X15   1     4.314  920.97 236.03
## + X10   1     3.123  922.16 236.16
## + X6    1     2.671  922.61 236.20
## + X14   1     1.615  923.67 236.32
## + X12   1     1.045  924.24 236.38
## + X4    1     0.127  925.16 236.48
## + X5    1     0.095  925.19 236.48
## + X7    1     0.021  925.26 236.49
## - X3    1   137.543 1062.83 246.35
##
## Step: AIC=233.74
## y ~ X1 + X3 + X8 + X13
##
##      Df Sum of Sq    RSS    AIC
## <none>                936.93 233.74
## - X13   1    19.857  956.79 233.84
## - X1    1    24.690  961.62 234.34
## - X8    1    25.377  962.31 234.42
## + X2    1    11.643  925.29 234.49
## + X9    1     7.783  929.15 234.91
## + X15   1     6.518  930.41 235.05
## + X10   1     5.414  931.52 235.16
## + X12   1     2.907  934.02 235.43

```



```
## + X6      1      1.945  934.98 235.54
## + X4      1      1.821  935.11 235.55
## + X11     1      1.655  935.27 235.57
## + X7      1      0.236  936.69 235.72
## + X5      1      0.127  936.80 235.73
## + X14     1      0.103  936.83 235.73
## - X3      1    126.212 1063.14 244.38
```

```
summary(fit)
```

```
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = y ~ X1 + X3 + X8 + X13, data = training_data)
##
## Residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -7.2310 -1.8975  0.2254  1.6861  7.4489
##
## Coefficients:
##              Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)   3.0673     0.3217   9.533 1.64e-15 ***
## X1             1.3978     0.8835   1.582 0.116921
## X3             3.0285     0.8466   3.577 0.000548 ***
## X8            -1.5716     0.9797  -1.604 0.112011
## X13           -1.4510     1.0226  -1.419 0.159185
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 3.14 on 95 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared:  0.2609, Adjusted R-squared:  0.2297
## F-statistic: 8.382 on 4 and 95 DF,  p-value: 7.787e-06
```

No, not all of the right variables did not make it in, only X1 and X3 did.

```
#3i
```

```
predictions <- predict(fit, newdata = test_data)

mean((test_data$y-predict(fit, test_data))^2)
```

```
## [1] 10.04426
```

MSE = 10.04

```
#3j
```

```
set.seed(12345)

library('glmnet')
```

```
## Loading required package: Matrix
```

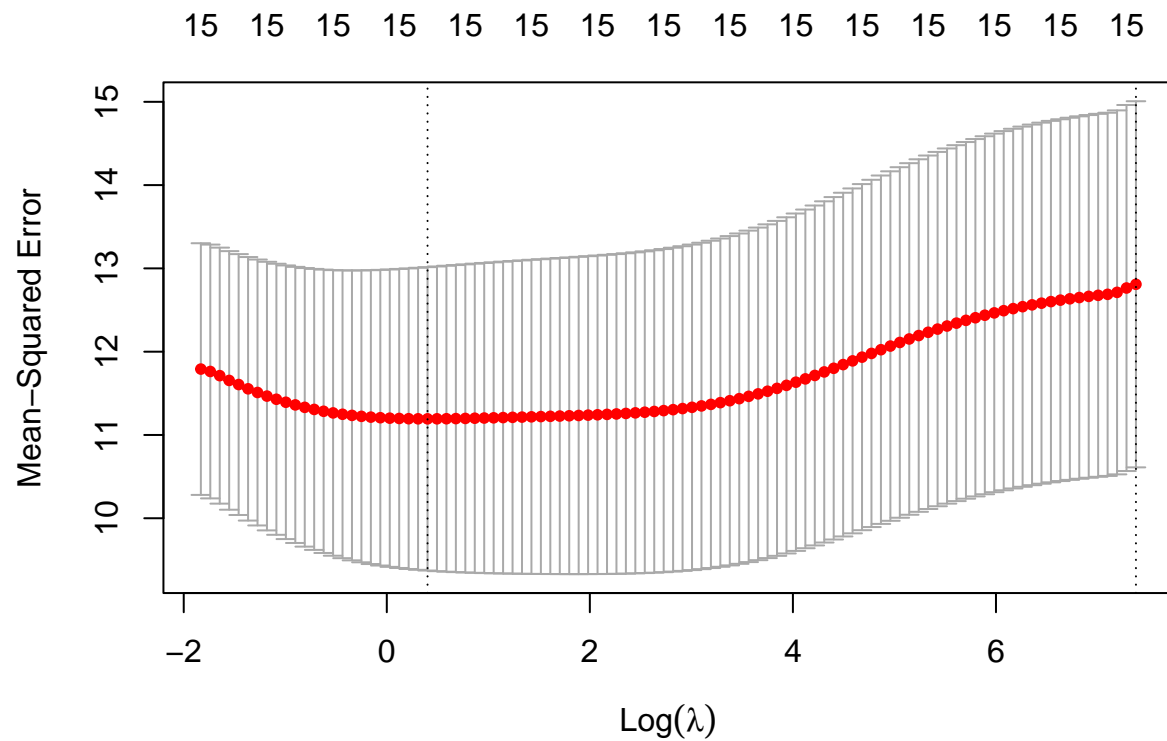
```
## Loaded glmnet 4.1-8
```

```

X <- as.matrix(training_data[,-16])
#X <- scale(X)
y <- as.numeric(training_data$y)

cv_params <- cv.glmnet(X,y, alpha = 0)
plot(cv_params)

```



```

best_lambda <- cv_params$lambda.min

fit <- glmnet(X, y, alpha = 0, lambda = best_lambda)
summary(fit)

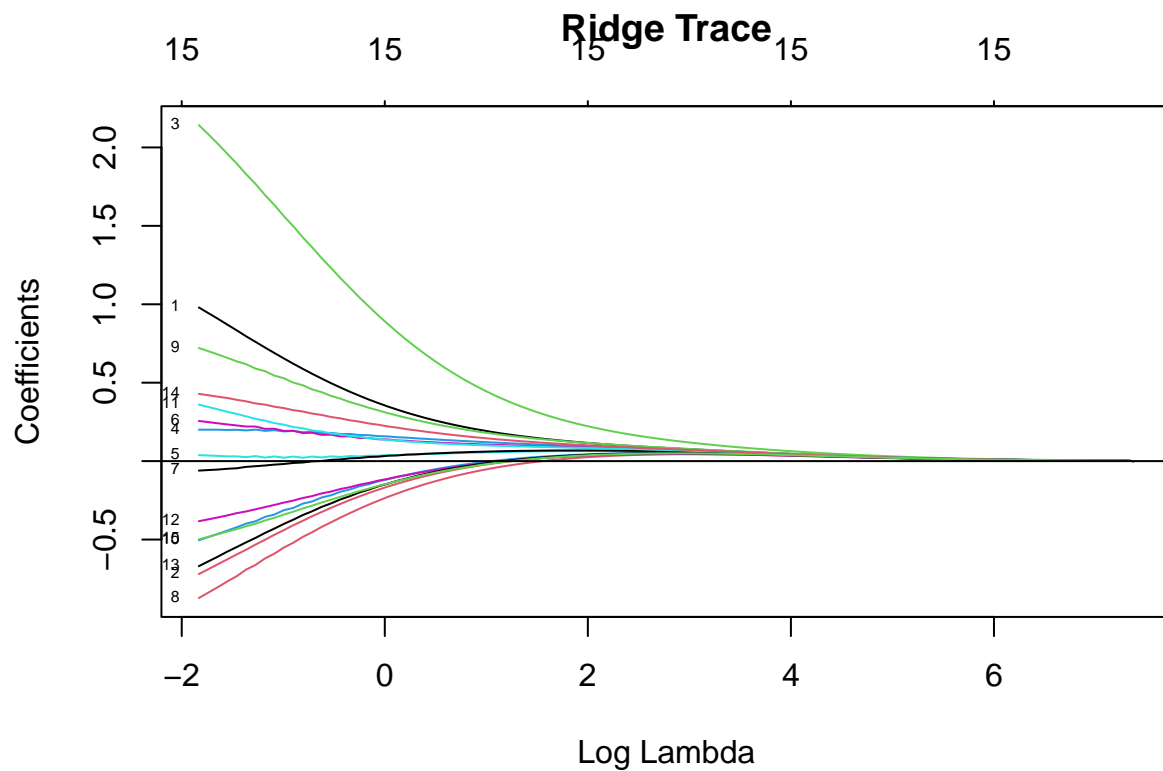
```

```

##          Length Class      Mode
## a0         1    -none-   numeric
## beta       15  dgCMatrix S4
## df         1    -none-   numeric
## dim        2    -none-   numeric
## lambda     1    -none-   numeric
## dev.ratio   1    -none-   numeric
## nulldev     1    -none-   numeric
## npasses     1    -none-   numeric
## jerr        1    -none-   numeric
## offset     1    -none-   logical
## call        5    -none-   call
## nobs        1    -none-   numeric

```

```
plot(cv_params$glmnet.fit, xvar = 'lambda', label = TRUE, main="Ridge Trace"); abline(h=0)
```



```
#3k
```

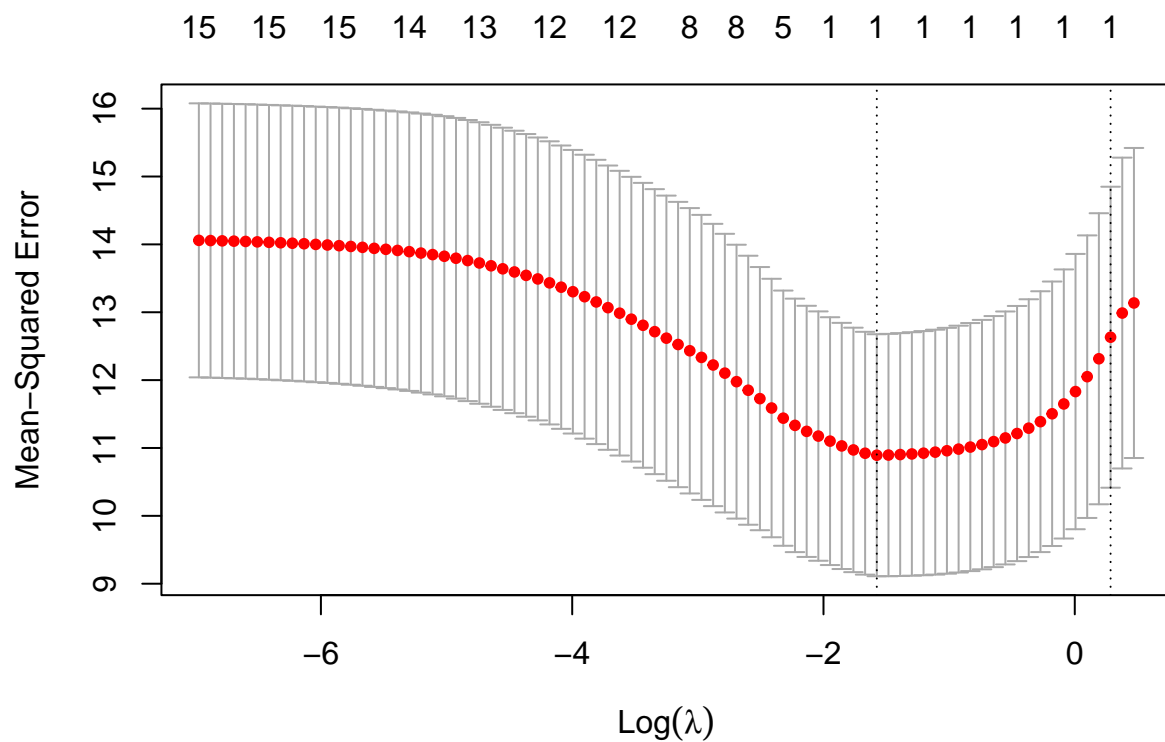
```
ridge_predictions <- predict(fit, s = best_lambda, newx = scale(as.matrix(test_data[, -16]))) )
mse <- mean((test_data$y - ridge_predictions)^2)
mse
```

```
## [1] 9.444578
```

```
MSE = 9.44
```

```
#3l
```

```
X <- as.matrix(training_data[, -16])
y <- as.numeric(training_data$y)
cvfit <- cv.glmnet(X, y, alpha = 1) # Alpha = 1 for lasso
plot(cvfit)
```

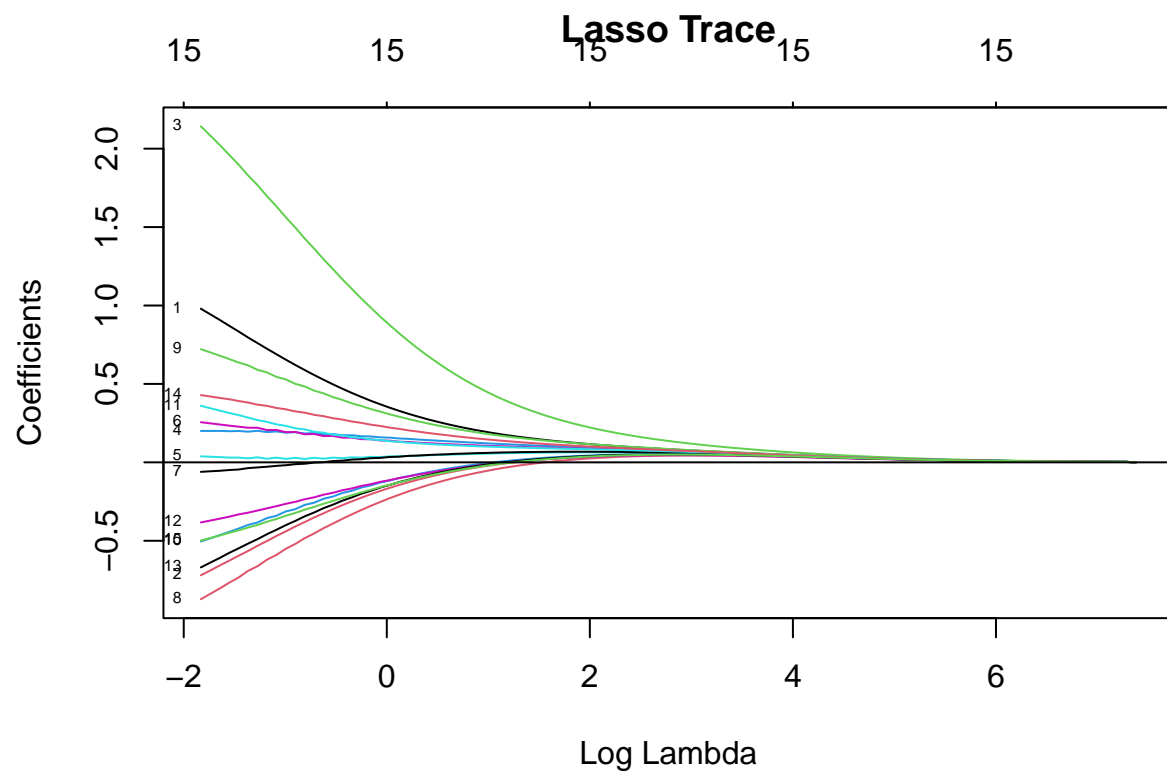


```
best_lambda <- cvfit$lambda.min

fit <- glmnet(X, y, alpha = 1, lambda = best_lambda)
summary(fit)
```

```
##          Length Class      Mode
## a0          1    -none-  numeric
## beta       15 dgCMatrix S4
## df          1    -none-  numeric
## dim         2    -none-  numeric
## lambda      1    -none-  numeric
## dev.ratio   1    -none-  numeric
## nulldev     1    -none-  numeric
## npasses     1    -none-  numeric
## jerr        1    -none-  numeric
## offset      1    -none-  logical
## call        5    -none-  call
## nobs        1    -none-  numeric
```

```
plot(cv_params$glmnet.fit, xvar = 'lambda', label = TRUE, main="Lasso Trace"); abline(h=0)
```



```
#3m
```

```
lasso_predictions <- predict(fit, newx = as.matrix(test_data[, -16]) )
mse <- mean((test_data$y - lasso_predictions)^2)
mse
```

```
## [1] 9.423881
```

```
MSE = 9.42
```

```
#3n
```

```
source("hw5.R")
```

```
hw5(rho = 0.9, sigmae = 5)
```

```
## -----
## correlation between x: 0.9
## Error variance: 25
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = y ~ X1 + X2 + X3 + X4 + X5, data = train)
##
## Residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -13.0727  -3.4071   0.4994   3.0555  11.5877
```

```
##
## Coefficients:
##           Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)   3.0427     0.5491   5.541 2.73e-07 ***
## X1             0.9064     1.4791   0.613  0.5415
## X2            -2.0427     1.6748  -1.220  0.2256
## X3             3.6465     1.4873   2.452  0.0161 *
## X4            -0.8389     1.7398  -0.482  0.6308
## X5            -0.2851     1.3606  -0.210  0.8345
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 5.333 on 94 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared:  0.1186, Adjusted R-squared:  0.07173
## F-statistic:  2.53 on 5 and 94 DF,  p-value: 0.03405
##
## OLS x1-x5: 26.24862
## OLS x1-x15: 28.4299
## backward ( 2 ): 26.96192
## forward ( 2 ): 26.96192
```

```
hw5(rho = 0.9, sigmae = 3)
```

```
## -----
## correlation between x:  0.9
## Error variance:  9
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = y ~ X1 + X2 + X3 + X4 + X5, data = train)
##
## Residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -7.8436 -2.0442  0.2997  1.8333  6.9526
##
## Coefficients:
##           Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)   3.0256     0.3295   9.183  1e-14 ***
## X1             0.9439     0.8875   1.064  0.29026
## X2            -1.6256     1.0049  -1.618  0.10906
## X3             2.7879     0.8924   3.124  0.00237 **
## X4            -0.3034     1.0439  -0.291  0.77200
## X5            -0.3711     0.8164  -0.455  0.65048
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 3.2 on 94 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared:  0.2407, Adjusted R-squared:  0.2003
## F-statistic: 5.961 on 5 and 94 DF,  p-value: 7.843e-05
##
## OLS x1-x5: 9.449501
## OLS x1-x15: 10.23477
## backward ( 4 ): 10.04426
## forward ( 2 ): 9.879715
```

```
hw5(rho = 0.9, sigmae = 1)
```

```
## -----
## correlation between x: 0.9
## Error variance: 1
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = y ~ X1 + X2 + X3 + X4 + X5, data = train)
##
## Residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -2.61454 -0.68141  0.09989  0.61110  2.31754
##
## Coefficients:
##              Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)   3.0085     0.1098  27.395 < 2e-16 ***
## X1             0.9813     0.2958   3.317 0.001294 **
## X2            -1.2085     0.3350  -3.608 0.000497 ***
## X3             1.9293     0.2975   6.486 4.07e-09 ***
## X4             0.2322     0.3480   0.667 0.506172
## X5            -0.4570     0.2721  -1.680 0.096373 .
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 1.067 on 94 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared:  0.7193, Adjusted R-squared:  0.7044
## F-statistic: 48.18 on 5 and 94 DF,  p-value: < 2.2e-16
##
## OLS x1-x5: 1.049945
## OLS x1-x15: 1.137196
## backward ( 4 ): 1.14975
## forward ( 4 ): 1.14975
```

```
hw5(rho = 0.5, sigmae = 5)
```

```
## -----
## correlation between x: 0.5
## Error variance: 25
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = y ~ X1 + X2 + X3 + X4 + X5, data = train)
##
## Residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -13.0727  -3.4071   0.4994   3.0555  11.5877
##
## Coefficients:
##              Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)   3.0427     0.5491   5.541 2.73e-07 ***
## X1             0.8773     0.6134   1.430 0.155995
## X2            -1.4325     0.7637  -1.876 0.063802 .
## X3             2.4677     0.6751   3.655 0.000423 ***
```

```
## X4          -0.1112      0.7949  -0.140 0.889065
## X5          -0.4022      0.6193  -0.649 0.517672
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 5.333 on 94 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared:  0.1641, Adjusted R-squared:  0.1197
## F-statistic: 3.691 on 5 and 94 DF,  p-value: 0.004288
##
## OLS x1-x5: 26.24862
## OLS x1-x15: 28.4299
## backward ( 4 ): 27.28365
## forward ( 2 ): 26.96062
```

```
hw5(rho = 0.5, sigmae = 3)
```

```
## -----
## correlation between x:  0.5
## Error variance:  9
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = y ~ X1 + X2 + X3 + X4 + X5, data = train)
##
## Residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -7.8436 -2.0442  0.2997  1.8333  6.9526
##
## Coefficients:
##              Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)   3.0256     0.3295   9.183 1.00e-14 ***
## X1             0.9264     0.3681   2.517 0.01353 *
## X2            -1.2595     0.4582  -2.749 0.00718 **
## X3             2.0806     0.4051   5.136 1.51e-06 ***
## X4             0.1333     0.4769   0.279 0.78050
## X5            -0.4413     0.3716  -1.188 0.23799
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 3.2 on 94 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared:  0.3092, Adjusted R-squared:  0.2724
## F-statistic: 8.414 on 5 and 94 DF,  p-value: 1.31e-06
##
## OLS x1-x5: 9.449501
## OLS x1-x15: 10.23477
## backward ( 4 ): 10.06145
## forward ( 4 ): 10.06145
```

```
hw5(rho = 0.5, sigmae = 1)
```

```
## -----
## correlation between x:  0.5
## Error variance:  1
##
```



```
## Call:
## lm(formula = y ~ X1 + X2 + X3 + X4 + X5, data = train)
##
## Residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -2.61454 -0.68141  0.09989  0.61110  2.31754
##
## Coefficients:
##              Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)   3.0085     0.1098  27.395 < 2e-16 ***
## X1             0.9755     0.1227   7.951 4.05e-12 ***
## X2            -1.0865     0.1527  -7.113 2.21e-10 ***
## X3             1.6935     0.1350  12.542 < 2e-16 ***
## X4             0.3778     0.1590   2.376 0.019524 *
## X5            -0.4804     0.1239  -3.879 0.000195 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 1.067 on 94 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared:  0.771, Adjusted R-squared:  0.7588
## F-statistic: 63.31 on 5 and 94 DF,  p-value: < 2.2e-16
##
## OLS x1-x5: 1.049945
## OLS x1-x15: 1.137196
## backward ( 6 ): 1.093831
## forward ( 6 ): 1.093831
```

```
hw5(rho = 0.1, sigmae = 5)
```

```
## -----
## correlation between x:  0.1
## Error variance:  25
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = y ~ X1 + X2 + X3 + X4 + X5, data = train)
##
## Residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -13.0727  -3.4071   0.4994   3.0555  11.5877
##
## Coefficients:
##              Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)   3.04265     0.54911   5.541 2.73e-07 ***
## X1             0.88334     0.48641   1.816  0.0726 .
## X2            -1.27395     0.59604  -2.137  0.0352 *
## X3             2.22519     0.53174   4.185 6.42e-05 ***
## X4             0.02041     0.62941   0.032  0.9742
## X5            -0.42305     0.48730  -0.868  0.3875
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 5.333 on 94 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared:  0.1973, Adjusted R-squared:  0.1546
## F-statistic: 4.621 on 5 and 94 DF,  p-value: 0.0008171
```

```
##
## OLS x1-x5: 26.24862
## OLS x1-x15: 28.4299
## backward ( 4 ): 27.49461
## forward ( 4 ): 27.49461
```

```
hw5(rho = 0.1, sigmae = 3)
```

```
## -----
## correlation between x: 0.1
## Error variance: 9
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = y ~ X1 + X2 + X3 + X4 + X5, data = train)
##
## Residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -7.8436 -2.0442  0.2997  1.8333  6.9526
##
## Coefficients:
##              Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)   3.0256     0.3295   9.183 1.00e-14 ***
## X1             0.9300     0.2918   3.187 0.00195 **
## X2            -1.1644     0.3576  -3.256 0.00157 **
## X3             1.9351     0.3190   6.065 2.74e-08 ***
## X4             0.2122     0.3776   0.562 0.57544
## X5            -0.4538     0.2924  -1.552 0.12398
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 3.2 on 94 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared:  0.3608, Adjusted R-squared:  0.3268
## F-statistic: 10.61 on 5 and 94 DF,  p-value: 4.24e-08
##
## OLS x1-x5: 9.449501
## OLS x1-x15: 10.23477
## backward ( 4 ): 10.27753
## forward ( 4 ): 10.27753
```

```
hw5(rho = 0.1, sigmae = 1)
```

```
## -----
## correlation between x: 0.1
## Error variance: 1
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = y ~ X1 + X2 + X3 + X4 + X5, data = train)
##
## Residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -2.61454 -0.68141  0.09989  0.61110  2.31754
##
## Coefficients:
```

```
##           Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)  3.00853    0.10982  27.395 < 2e-16 ***
## X1           0.97667    0.09728  10.040 < 2e-16 ***
## X2          -1.05479    0.11921  -8.848 5.16e-14 ***
## X3           1.64504    0.10635  15.468 < 2e-16 ***
## X4           0.40408    0.12588   3.210 0.00182 **
## X5          -0.48461    0.09746  -4.972 2.97e-06 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 1.067 on 94 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared:  0.8089, Adjusted R-squared:  0.7988
## F-statistic: 79.6 on 5 and 94 DF,  p-value: < 2.2e-16
##
## OLS x1-x5: 1.049945
## OLS x1-x15: 1.137196
## backward ( 6 ): 1.095551
## forward ( 6 ): 1.095551
```

Low noise, low multicollinearity and Low noise, moderate multicollinearity tended to perform the best out of all the models. In instances where there is high multicollinearity and it is desired to preserve all the features, it makes sense to use ridge regression because it will shrink coefficients and help prevent overfitting.

Stepwise is useful in stances where multicollinearity is less present as it will help with selecting relevant features in a more simple way.

Finally, when multicollinearity is low, it may make sense to not apply any selection or shrinkage because the models already tend to perform well.

#4a

```
customer <- read.csv('customer2.csv')

customer$logtarg <- log(customer$target + 1)

head(customer)
```

```
##      id train target  logtarg
## 1  957     0  44.94 3.827336
## 2 2062     0   0.00 0.000000
## 3 2232     1   0.00 0.000000
## 4 2623     0   0.00 0.000000
## 5 3000     1   0.00 0.000000
## 6 3689     0   0.00 0.000000
```

```
summary(customer)
```

```
##      id      train      target      logtarg
## Min.   :    957  Min.   :0.0000  Min.   : 0.000  Min.   :0.0000
## 1st Qu.: 4448960 1st Qu.:0.0000  1st Qu.: 0.000  1st Qu.:0.0000
## Median : 8090750 Median :0.0000  Median : 0.000  Median :0.0000
## Mean   : 8563488 Mean   :0.3308  Mean   : 3.241  Mean   :0.2529
## 3rd Qu.:13378724 3rd Qu.:1.0000  3rd Qu.: 0.000  3rd Qu.:0.0000
## Max.   :16456238 Max.   :1.0000  Max.   :739.480 Max.   :6.6073
```

#4b

```
library(dplyr)

##
## Attaching package: 'dplyr'

## The following objects are masked from 'package:stats':
##
##   filter, lag

## The following objects are masked from 'package:base':
##
##   intersect, setdiff, setequal, union

orders <- read.csv('orders.csv')

orders <- orders %>%
  mutate(t = as.numeric(as.Date("2014/11/25") - as.Date(orddate, format = "%d%b%Y")) / 365.25)

head(orders)
```

```
##   id   orddate ordnum category qty   price      t
## 1 957 10FEB2008  38650      35    1  5.010658 6.789870
## 2 957 10FEB2008  38650      35    1 20.426102 6.789870
## 3 957 10FEB2008  38650      19    1 20.400543 6.789870
## 4 957 15MAR2008  48972      40    1 25.539017 6.696783
## 5 957 22NOV2008 150011      40    1 14.316170 6.006845
## 6 957 22NOV2008 150011      40    1  8.589699 6.006845
```

```
summary(orders)
```

```
##           id           orddate           ordnum           category
##  Min.   :    957   Length:353687   Min.    :   1018   Min.    : 1.00
## 1st Qu.: 3929256   Class :character 1st Qu.: 397351   1st Qu.:14.00
## Median : 6353495   Mode  :character Median : 728198   Median :20.00
## Mean   : 6791632           Mean   : 692588   Mean   :32.55
## 3rd Qu.: 8720240           3rd Qu.:1004519   3rd Qu.:36.00
## Max.   :16456238           Max.    :1256189   Max.    :99.00
##           qty           price           t
##  Min.   :    0.00   Min.    :  0.000   Min.    :0.002738
## 1st Qu.:    1.00   1st Qu.:  5.113   1st Qu.:1.229295
## Median :    1.00   Median :  8.666   Median :2.729637
## Mean   :    1.12   Mean    : 11.495   Mean    :2.958282
## 3rd Qu.:    1.00   3rd Qu.: 12.782   3rd Qu.:4.528405
## Max.   :   35026.00   Max.    :5010.660   Max.    :7.058179
```

#4c

```

# Calculate "tof" (time on file) as the maximum value of "t" for each customer
tof <- orders %>%
  group_by(id) %>%
  summarize(tof = max(t))

r <- orders %>%
  arrange(id, t) %>%
  group_by(id) %>%
  filter(!duplicated(orddate)) %>%
  mutate(r = ifelse(is.na(t - lag(t)), 0, t - lag(t))) %>%
  ungroup()

# Calculate "f" (frequency) as the count of distinct order numbers for each customer
f <- orders %>%
  group_by(id) %>%
  summarize(f = n_distinct(ordnum))

# Calculate "m" (monetary) as the sum of the product of "price" and "qty" for each customer
m <- orders %>%
  group_by(id) %>%
  summarize(m = sum(price * qty))

# Merge the calculated variables into a single "RFM" table
RFM <- tof %>%
  inner_join(r, by = "id") %>%
  inner_join(f, by = "id") %>%
  inner_join(m, by = "id")

head(RFM)

```

```

## # A tibble: 6 x 11
##   id   tof orddate   ordnum category  qty price    t    r    f    m
##   <int> <dbl> <chr>      <int>    <int> <int> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <int> <dbl>
## 1   957  6.79 29JUL2014 1191182      37     1  7.95 0.326 0      14  396.
## 2   957  6.79 19JUL2014 1185048       5     1  5     0.353 0.0274 14  396.
## 3   957  6.79 27JUL2013  979370      44     1 10     1.33 0.977 14  396.
## 4   957  6.79 20FEB2013  905635      26     1  5.90 1.76  0.430 14  396.
## 5   957  6.79 28JUL2012  786021      20     2 12.9  2.33  0.567 14  396.
## 6   957  6.79 19JUN2012  771540      19     1  7.95 2.43  0.107 14  396.

```

```
summary(RFM)
```

```

##           id           tof           orddate           ordnum
## Min.      :    957   Min.   :0.002738   Length:101890   Min.      :   1018
## 1st Qu.: 3887200   1st Qu.:3.646817   Class :character 1st Qu.: 364750
## Median : 6109373   Median :5.831622   Mode  :character Median : 689970
## Mean    : 6677319   Mean    :5.005597                Mean    : 669095
## 3rd Qu.: 8689822   3rd Qu.:6.789870                3rd Qu.: 982021
## Max.    :16456238   Max.    :7.058179                Max.    :1256189
## category      qty           price           t
## Min.      : 1.00   Min.    : 0.000   Min.      : 0.00   Min.    :0.002738

```

```
## 1st Qu.:14.00 1st Qu.: 1.000 1st Qu.: 6.95 1st Qu.:1.322382
## Median :20.00 Median : 1.000 Median : 9.95 Median :2.959617
## Mean :32.65 Mean : 1.036 Mean : 13.92 Mean :3.087835
## 3rd Qu.:37.00 3rd Qu.: 1.000 3rd Qu.: 15.24 3rd Qu.:4.714579
## Max. :99.00 Max. :100.000 Max. :5010.66 Max. :7.058179
## r f m
## Min. :0.00000 Min. : 1.00 Min. : 0.0
## 1st Qu.:0.03833 1st Qu.: 6.00 1st Qu.: 168.1
## Median :0.16701 Median : 11.00 Median : 361.5
## Mean :0.36928 Mean : 15.66 Mean : 710.0
## 3rd Qu.:0.45722 3rd Qu.: 20.00 3rd Qu.: 743.7
## Max. :6.89665 Max. :160.00 Max. :41029.9
```

```
#4d
```

```
library(lmtest)
```

```
## Loading required package: zoo
```

```
##
```

```
## Attaching package: 'zoo'
```

```
## The following objects are masked from 'package:base':
```

```
##
```

```
## as.Date, as.Date.numeric
```

```
# Join the customer and RFM tables
```

```
merged_data <- inner_join(customer, RFM, by = "id")
```

```
# Subset the data to include only the training data (where train = 1)
```

```
training_data <- merged_data %>% filter(train == 1)
```

```
test_data <- merged_data %>% filter(train == 0)
```

```
# Perform the regression
```

```
model <- lm(logtarg ~ log(tof + .00001) + log(r + .00001) + log(f + .00001) + log(m + 1 + .00001), data = training_data)
```

```
# Show a summary of the fitted model
```

```
summary(model)
```

```
##
```

```
## Call:
```

```
## lm(formula = logtarg ~ log(tof + 1e-05) + log(r + 1e-05) + log(f + 1e-05) + log(m + 1 + 1e-05), data = training_data)
```

```
##
```

```
## Residuals:
```

```
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -2.1044 -0.6469 -0.3913 -0.0575  5.7826
```

```
##
```

```
## Coefficients:
```

```
##              Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)   -0.511178   0.044922 -11.379  < 2e-16 ***
## log(tof + 1e-05) -0.334292   0.011960 -27.950  < 2e-16 ***
```

```
## log(r + 1e-05)      -0.006921   0.001835  -3.771 0.000163 ***
## log(f + 1e-05)      0.319108   0.014383  22.186 < 2e-16 ***
## log(m + 1 + 1e-05)  0.124147   0.011473  10.821 < 2e-16 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 1.207 on 34167 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared:  0.082, Adjusted R-squared:  0.08189
## F-statistic: 763 on 4 and 34167 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16
```

```
#4e
```

```
test_predictions <- predict(model, newdata = test_data)

# Calculate the squared errors
squared_errors <- (test_data$logtarg - test_predictions)^2

# Calculate the mean squared error (MSE)
mse <- mean(squared_errors)
mse
```

```
## [1] 1.420175
```

```
MSE = 1.42
```

```
#5a
```

```
library(ggplot2)
```

```
##
## Attaching package: 'ggplot2'

## The following objects are masked from 'package:psych':
##
##   %+%, alpha
```

```
library(GGally)
```

```
## Registered S3 method overwritten by 'GGally':
##   method from
##   +.gg      ggplot2
```

```
library("psych")
library(car)
```

```
## Loading required package: carData
```

```
##
## Attaching package: 'car'
```

```
## The following object is masked from 'package:dplyr':
##
##   recode
```

```
## The following object is masked from 'package:psych':
##
##   logit
```

```
crime_data <- read.csv("bike.csv")

crime_data2 <- crime_data[,c(4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 11, 13, 22, 24, 34, 43, 45)]

#pairs.panels(crime_data2,
#             ellipses = FALSE)

colnames(crime_data2)
```

```
## [1] "CTA_TRAIN_STATIONS"      "BIKE_ROUTES"
## [3] "Limited_Business_License" "Retail_Food_Establishment"
## [5] "CAPACITY"                "CBD"
## [7] "EDU"                     "DECEPTIVE_PRACTICE"
## [9] "HOMICIDE"                "OFFENSE_INVOLVING_CHILDREN"
## [11] "THEFT"                   "trips"
```

```
crime_data3 <- crime_data2[, c(3, 5, 7, 9, 10, 12)]

crime_model <- lm(trips ~ ., data = crime_data3)
summary(crime_model)
```

```
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = trips ~ ., data = crime_data3)
##
## Residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -2.37918 -0.33800  0.05101  0.41554  1.56899
##
## Coefficients:
##              Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)    8.162e+00  3.041e-01  26.842 < 2e-16 ***
## Limited_Business_License 1.755e-06  2.453e-07   7.155 6.70e-12 ***
## CAPACITY         5.767e-02  8.600e-03   6.707 1.02e-10 ***
## EDU              1.370e+00  2.997e-01   4.572 7.13e-06 ***
## HOMICIDE        -3.419e-01  5.578e-02  -6.129 2.83e-09 ***
## OFFENSE_INVOLVING_CHILDREN -1.365e-01  6.470e-02  -2.110  0.0357 *
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 0.6277 on 294 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared:  0.5792, Adjusted R-squared:  0.572
## F-statistic: 80.92 on 5 and 294 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16
```

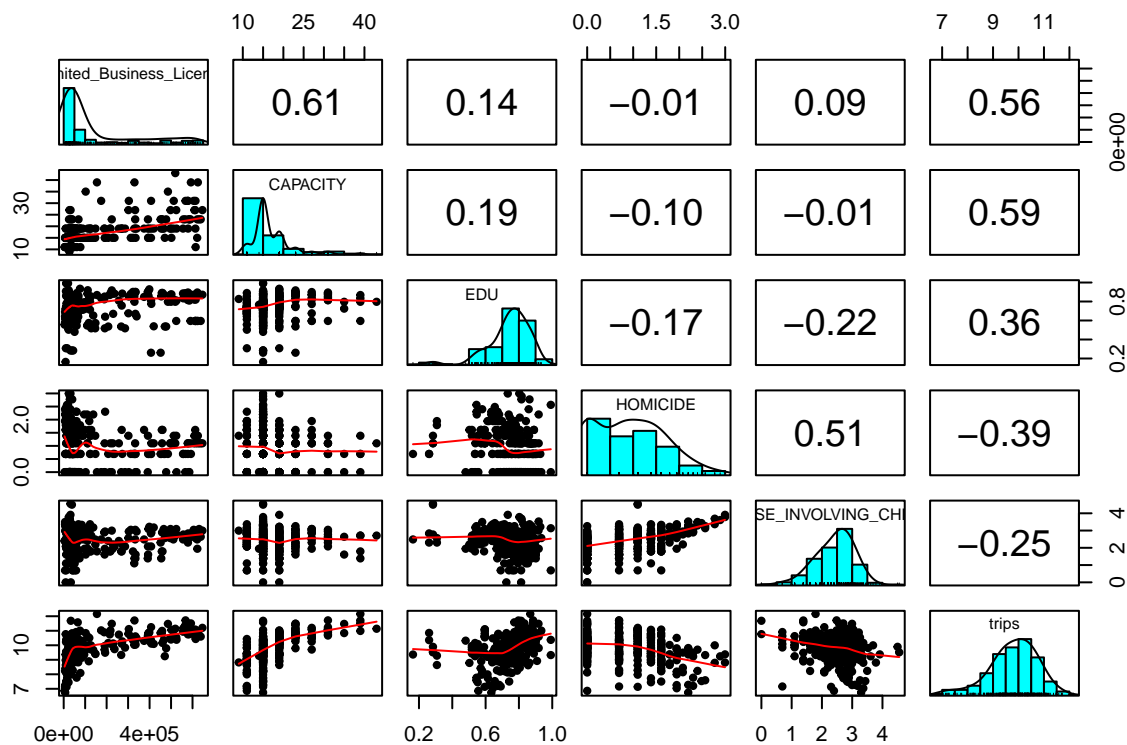


```
drop1(crime_model)
```

```
## Single term deletions
##
## Model:
## trips ~ Limited_Business_License + CAPACITY + EDU + HOMICIDE +
## OFFENSE_INVOLVING_CHILDREN
##
```

	Df	Sum of Sq	RSS	AIC
<none>			115.85	-273.44
Limited_Business_License	1	20.1722	136.02	-227.29
CAPACITY	1	17.7234	133.57	-232.74
EDU	1	8.2363	124.09	-254.84
HOMICIDE	1	14.8036	130.66	-239.37
OFFENSE_INVOLVING_CHILDREN	1	1.7536	117.61	-270.94

```
pairs.panels(crime_data3,
             ellipses = FALSE)
```



```
vif(crime_model)
```

Variable	VIF
Limited_Business_License	1.613528
CAPACITY	1.623234
EDU	1.098626
HOMICIDE	1.376734

```
## OFFENSE_INVOLVING_CHILDREN
## 1.422630
```

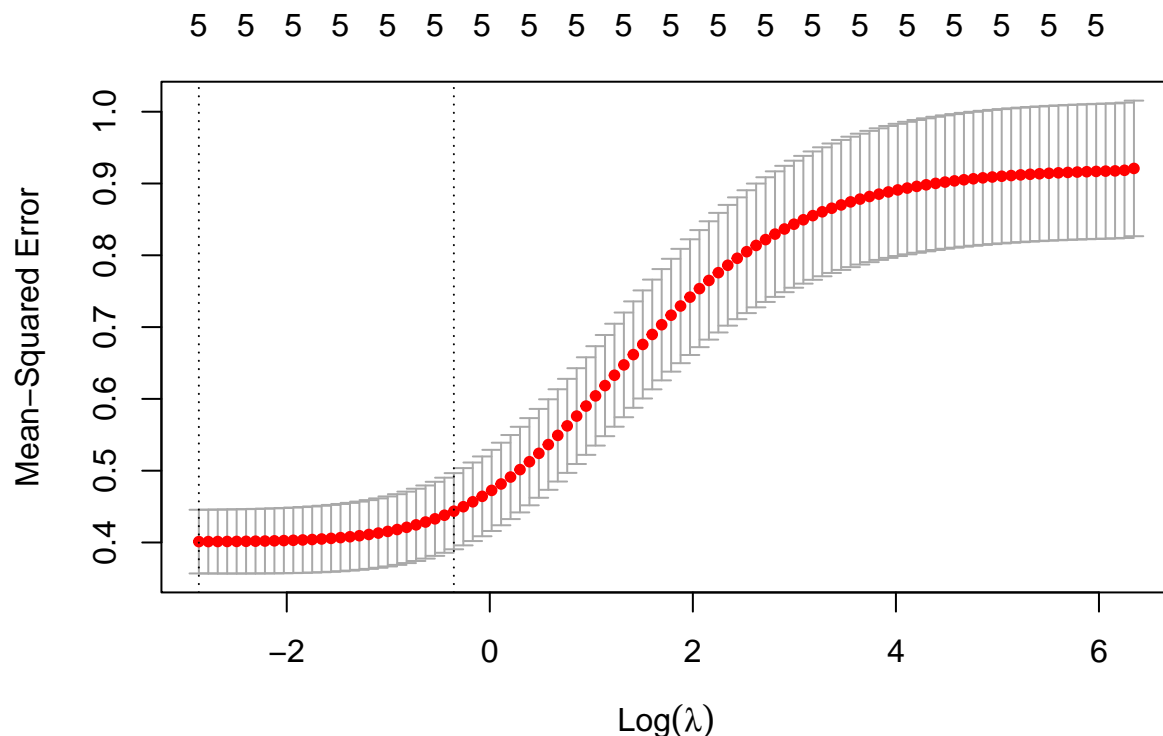
We arrived at our selection of features by using the following procedure: select the predictors which have the highest correlation with y , create a scatter plot matrix of them, and prune the matrix of features that have high multi-collinearity with other features. Doing this yielded a model with higher significance and R^2 than anything else we tried, including aggregating categories and applying interaction terms.

Number of businesses, capacity, and education all had positive coefficients. A neighborhood with a high number of businesses might have more attractions that are worth biking to. A neighborhood with a large capacity might mean a bike is needed to get around more easily. With respect to education, more educated people tend to live in more affluent neighborhoods, such as Evanston, which tend to have more bike-friendly infrastructure.

#5b

```
X <- as.matrix(crime_data3[, -6])
y <- as.numeric(crime_data3$trips)

cv_params <- cv.glmnet(X, y, alpha = 0)
plot(cv_params)
```

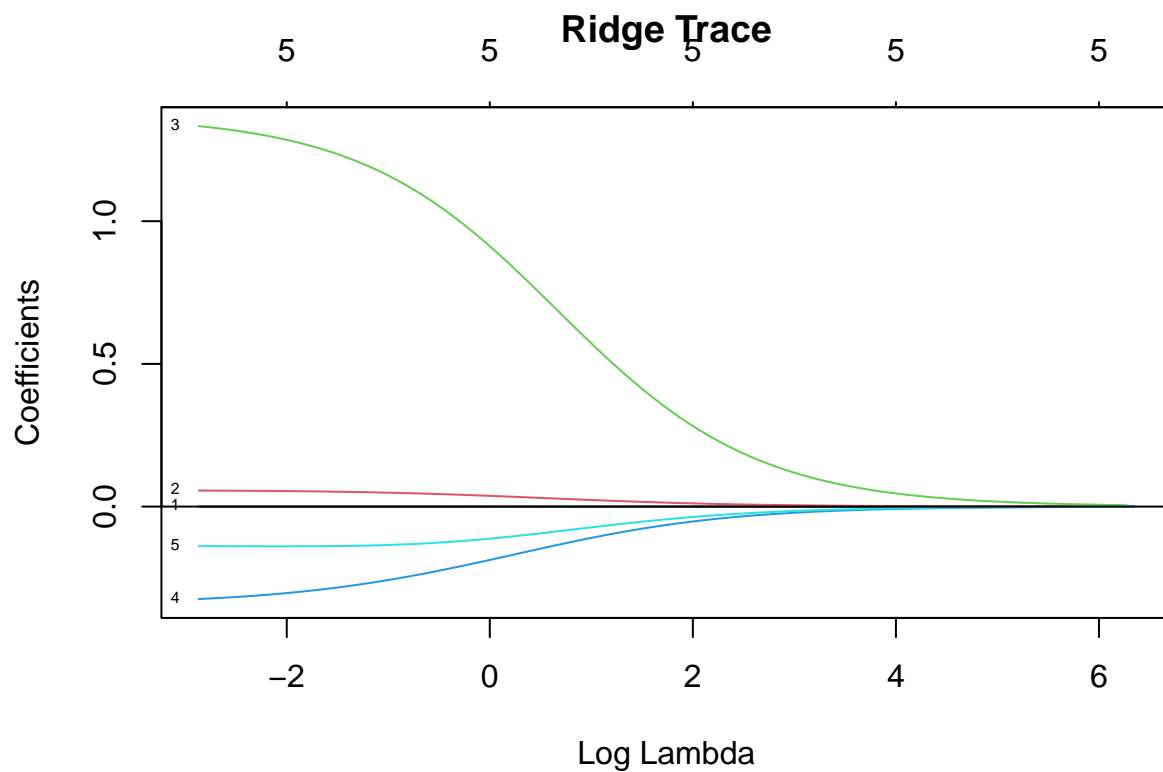


```
best_lambda <- cv_params$lambda.min

fit <- glmnet(X, y, alpha = 0, lambda = best_lambda)
summary(fit)
```

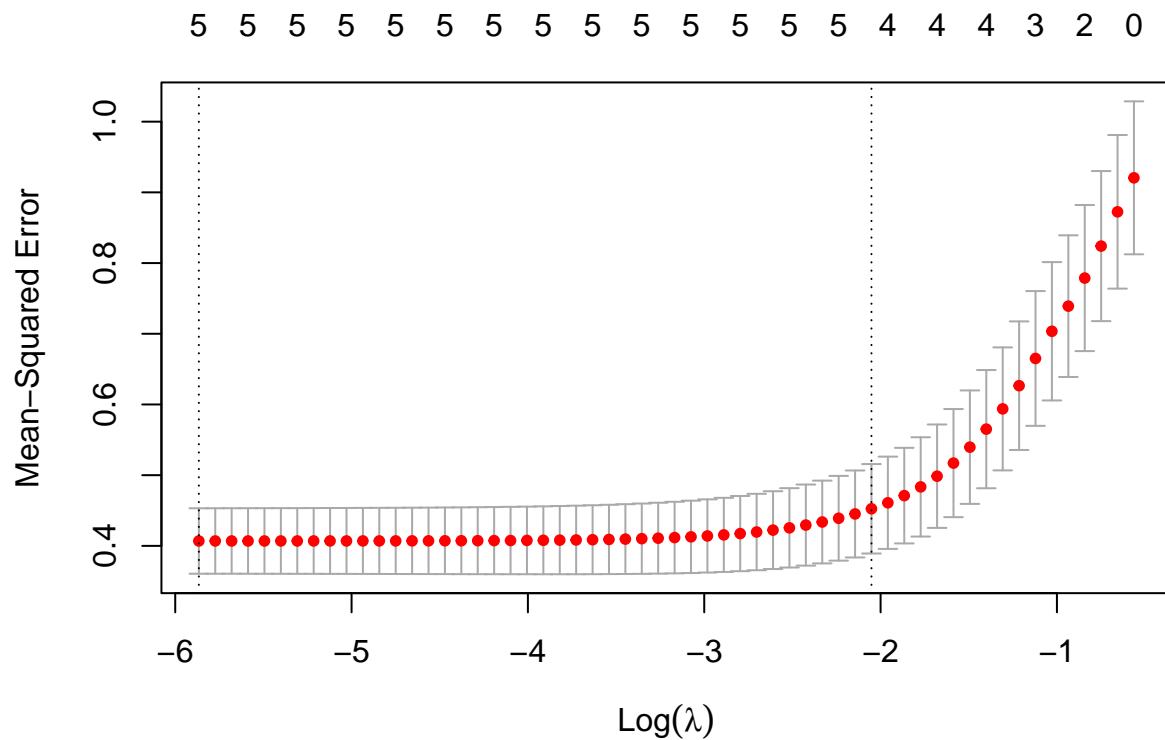
##	Length	Class	Mode
## a0	1	-none-	numeric
## beta	5	dgCMatrix	S4
## df	1	-none-	numeric
## dim	2	-none-	numeric
## lambda	1	-none-	numeric
## dev.ratio	1	-none-	numeric
## nulldev	1	-none-	numeric
## npasses	1	-none-	numeric
## jerr	1	-none-	numeric
## offset	1	-none-	logical
## call	5	-none-	call
## nobs	1	-none-	numeric

```
plot(cv_params$glmnet.fit, xvar = 'lambda', label = TRUE, main="Ridge Trace"); abline(h=0)
```



```
X <- as.matrix(crime_data3[,-6])
y <- as.numeric(crime_data3$trips)

cvfit <- cv.glmnet(X, y, alpha = 1) # Alpha = 1 for lasso
plot(cvfit)
```



```
best_lambda <- cvfit$lambda.min
```

```
fit <- glmnet(X, y, alpha = 1, lambda = best_lambda)
summary(fit)
```

```
##          Length Class      Mode
## a0         1      -none-  numeric
## beta        5    dgCMatrix S4
## df          1      -none-  numeric
## dim         2      -none-  numeric
## lambda      1      -none-  numeric
## dev.ratio   1      -none-  numeric
## nulldev     1      -none-  numeric
## npasses     1      -none-  numeric
## jerr        1      -none-  numeric
## offset      1      -none-  logical
## call        5      -none-  call
## nobs        1      -none-  numeric
```

```
plot(cv_params$glmnet.fit, xvar = 'lambda', label = TRUE, main="Lasso Trace"); abline(h=0)
```

