

Homework 6
O Max Anderson

Part 2

6. a.

A = A * (B + (C * A))

$\langle \text{assign} \rangle \rightarrow \langle \text{id} \rangle = \langle \text{expr} \rangle$

A = $\langle \text{expr} \rangle$

A = $\langle \text{id} \rangle * \langle \text{expr} \rangle$

A = A * ($\langle \text{expr} \rangle$)

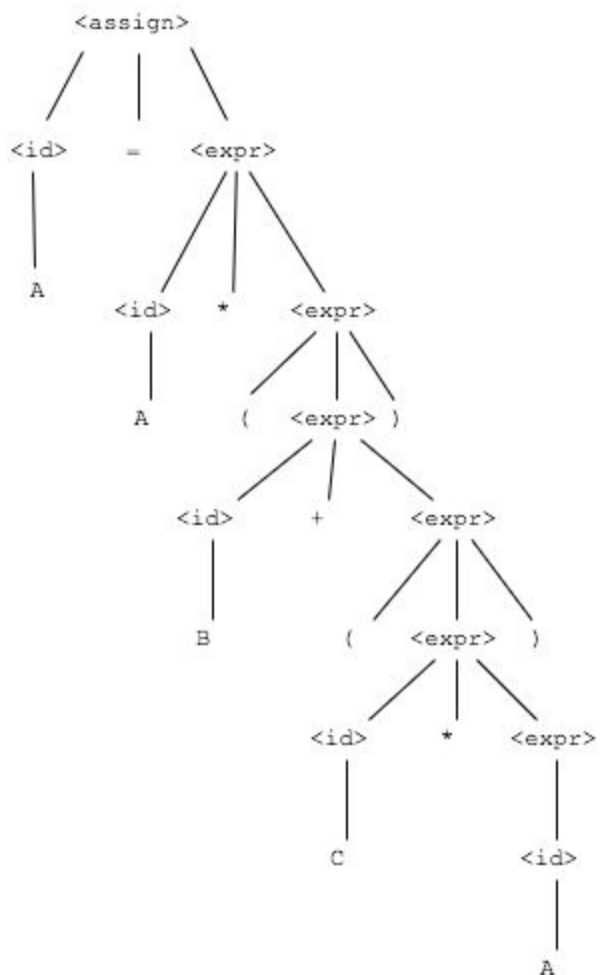
A = A * ($\langle \text{id} \rangle + \langle \text{expr} \rangle$)

A = A * (B + ($\langle \text{expr} \rangle$))

A = A * (B + ($\langle \text{id} \rangle * \langle \text{expr} \rangle$))

A = A * (B + (C * $\langle \text{id} \rangle$))

A = A * (B + (C * A))



b.

$B = C * (A * C + B)$

$\langle \text{assign} \rangle \rightarrow \langle \text{id} \rangle = \langle \text{expr} \rangle$

$B = \langle \text{id} \rangle * \langle \text{expr} \rangle$

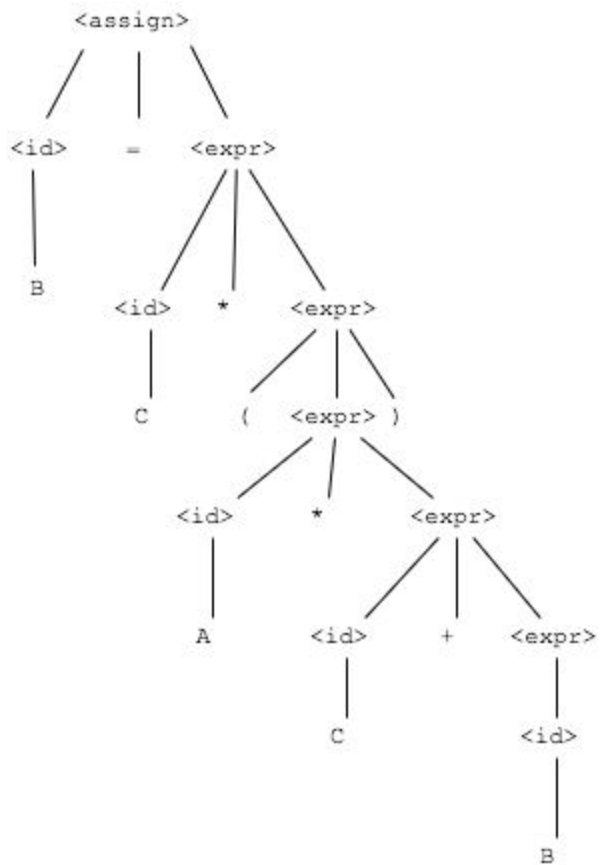
$B = C * (\langle \text{expr} \rangle)$

$B = C * (\langle \text{id} \rangle * \langle \text{expr} \rangle)$

$B = C * (A * \langle \text{id} \rangle + \langle \text{expr} \rangle)$

$B = C * (A * C + \langle \text{id} \rangle)$

$B = C * (A * C + B)$



b.

$A = A * (B + (C))$

$\langle \text{assign} \rangle \rightarrow \langle \text{id} \rangle = \langle \text{expr} \rangle$

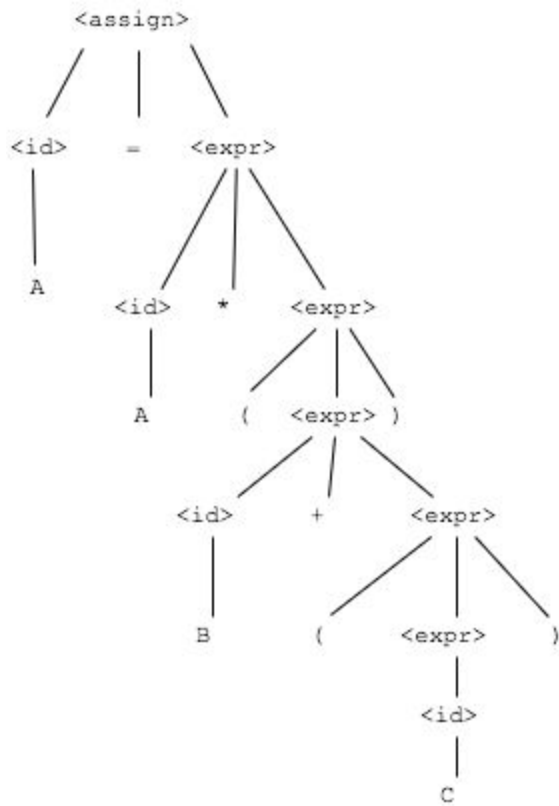
$A = \langle \text{id} \rangle * \langle \text{expr} \rangle$

$A = A * (\langle \text{expr} \rangle)$

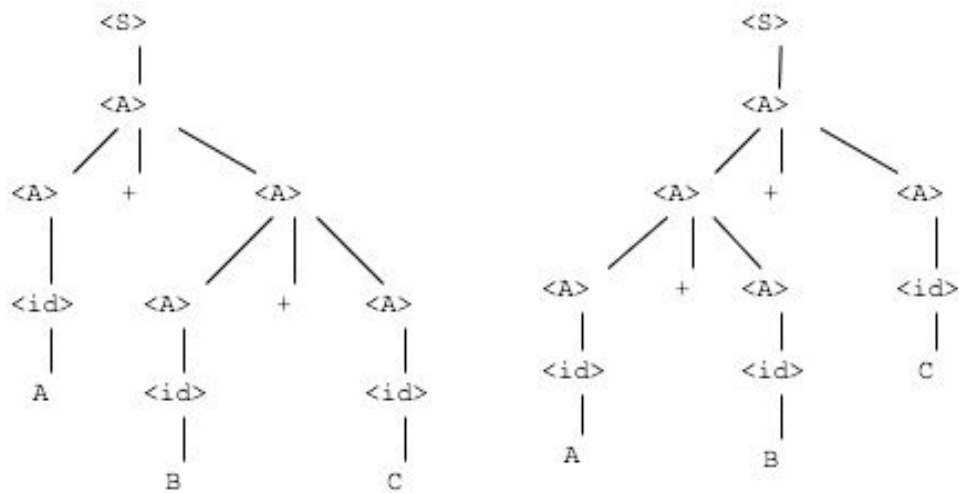
$A = A * (\langle \text{id} \rangle + \langle \text{expr} \rangle)$

$A = A * (B + (\langle \text{expr} \rangle))$

$A = A * (B + (<id>))$
 $A = A * (B + (C))$



8.
Two different parse trees for $A + B + C$.



21a.

Java do-while

```
do {  
    stmt1  
    stmt2  
} while (cond)
```

Meaning

```
loop: stmt1  
    stmt2  
    if cond goto loop  
out: ...
```

23a.

$a = 2 * (b - 1) - 1 \{a > 0\}$

$2 * (b - 1) - 1 > 0$

$2 * (b - 1) > 1$

$b - 1 > \frac{1}{2}$

$b > 3/2$

$\{b > 1.5\}$

Check

$b = 2$

$a = 2 * (2 - 1) - 1$
 $= 2 * (1) - 1$
 $= 2 - 1$
 $= 1$

$\{a > 0\} = \text{true}$

$b = 1$

$a = 2 * (1 - 1) - 1$
 $= 2 * (0) - 1$
 $= 0 - 1$
 $= -1$

$\{a > 0\} = \text{false}$

$b = 1.5$

$a = 2 * (1.5 - 1) - 1$
 $= 2 * 0.5 - 1$
 $= 1 - 1$

```
= 0
{a > 0} = false
```

25a.

```
if (a == b)
    b = 2 * a + 1
else
    b = 2 * a;
{b > 1}
```

```
{B and P} S1 {Q}, {(not B) and P} S2{Q}
```

```
{P} if B then S1 else S2 {Q}
```

```
{(a == b) and P} S1 {b > 1}, {(a != b) and P} b = 2*a {b > 1}
```

```
{P} if (a == b) b = 2*a + 1 else b = 2*a {b > 1}
```

if case:

```
{a == b and P}
b = 2 * a + 1
{b > 1}
2 * a + 1 > 1
2 * a > 0
a > 0
```

else case:

```
{a != b and P}
b = 2 * a
{b > 1}
2 * a > 1
a > 1/2
```

We need to strengthen the if case precondition to $a > \frac{1}{2}$. The weakest precondition is $a > \frac{1}{2}$.

Check:

a = 1, should succeed

```
case (a == b):
    b = 2 * a + 1
      = 2 * 1 + 1
      = 2 + 1
      = 3
```

```

{b > 1} success
case (a != b):
    b = 2 * a
    b = 2 * 1
    b = 2
{b > 1} success

```

```

a = 0, should fail
case (a == b):
    b = 2 * a + 1
    = 2 * 0 + 1
    = 1
{b > 1} failure

```

```

case (a != b):
    b = 2 * a
    = 2 * 0
    = 0
{b > 1} failure

```

```

a =  $\frac{1}{2}$ , should fail
case (a == b):
    b = 2 * a + 1
    = 2 *  $\frac{1}{2}$  + 1
    = 1 + 1
    = 2
{b > 1} success

```

```

case (a != b):
    b = 2 * a
    = 2 *  $\frac{1}{2}$ 
    = 1
{b > 1} fail

```

Part 3

```

Mif(<be>, <sl.if>, <sl.else>, s) =>
    if Mbe(<be>, s)
        Msl(<sl.if>, s)
    else
        Msl(<sl.else>, s)

```

Reflection

As far as I can tell, every method implemented works as intended. Tested on personal computer and on ceclnx01, compiles and runs properly.

C#

```
-----NonGenericContains-----
True
True
False
True
False
-----Contains-----
True
True
False
True
False
-----IsSorted-----
False
False
True
-----CountIf-----
2
2
0
-----Filter-----
2 4
-2 2 10
abc 34b ABDac

-----TransformIf-----
1 -2 2 -1 10
1 0 2 0 10
abc 34b ABDac
ab 34 AB
```

Python

```
[9, 4, 1, 0, 1, 2, 3]
['hel', 'wor', 'abc']
```