

CS-300 Project One:

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Pseudocode:

Code Shared By All Three Data Structures:

```
// All three data structures will store the same Course objects

// Define a Course structure
STRUCT Course:
    courseNumber: String
    name: String
    prerequisites: List of Strings
END STRUCT

// CSV Input File Format: courseNumber, courseName, [prerequisites]

// Split the string 'line' by the character 'delimiter' and returns
a list of tokens
FUNCTION split(line, delimiter):
    // Implementation details are abstracted
    RETURN list_of_tokens
END FUNCTION

// Print course info and prerequisites
FUNCTION printCourseInfo(course):
    PRINT "Course Number: " + course.courseNumber
    PRINT "Course Name: " + course.name
    IF course.prerequisites is empty:
        PRINT "Prerequisites: None"
    ELSE:
        PRINT "Prerequisites:"
        FOR EACH p IN course.prerequisites:
```

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        PRINT " - " + p
    END FOR
END IF
PRINT "[Line]"
END FUNCTION

```

Vector Data Structure (Milestone 1)

```

// Open and read file, parse lines, and check formatting:
FUNCTION loadDataIntoVector(filename, coursesVector,
courseNumbersSet):
    OPEN FILE filename FOR reading
    IF file NOT open:
        PRINT "Error: Cannot open file."
        RETURN
    END IF

    // While not end of file
    WHILE NOT EOF:
        line = READ line FROM file
        IF line IS empty:
            CONTINUE
        END IF

        tokens = split(line, ',')
        IF length(tokens) < 2:
            PRINT "Error: Invalid line format."
            CONTINUE
        END IF

        // Create course objects
        course = new Course
        course.courseNumber = tokens[0]
        course.name = tokens[1]

        FOR i FROM 2 TO length(tokens)-1:
            APPEND tokens[i] TO course.prerequisites
        END FOR

        APPEND course TO coursesVector
        ADD course.courseNumber TO courseNumbersSet
    END WHILE
END FUNCTION

```

```

END WHILE

CLOSE file

// Validate prerequisites
FOR EACH c IN coursesVector:
    FOR EACH p IN c.prerequisites:
        IF p NOT IN courseNumbersSet:
            PRINT "Error: Prerequisite doesn't exist."
        END IF
    END FOR
END FOR
END FUNCTION

// Print all courses in sorted (alphanumeric) order
FUNCTION printAllCoursesVector(coursesVector):
    // Sort coursesVector by courseNumber
    SORT coursesVector BY course.courseNumber IN ASC ORDER

    FOR EACH c IN coursesVector:
        PRINT c.courseNumber + ", " + c.name
    END FOR
END FUNCTION

// Search for a specific course
FUNCTION searchCourseVector(coursesVector, courseNumber):
    FOR EACH c IN coursesVector:
        IF c.courseNumber == courseNumber:
            RETURN c
        END IF
    END FOR
    RETURN null
END FUNCTION

```

```
// Menu
```

```
FUNCTION vectorMenu():
```

```
    coursesVector = empty list OF Course
```

```
    courseNumbersSet = empty set OF String
```

```
    dataLoaded = FALSE
```

```
DO:
```

```
    PRINT "Menu:"
```

```
    PRINT "1. Load Data"
```

```
    PRINT "2. Print All Courses"
```

```
    PRINT "3. Print A Course"
```

```
    PRINT "9. Exit"
```

```
    choice = READ integer FROM user
```

```
    IF choice == 1:
```

```
        CALL loadDataIntoVector("courses.txt",  
coursesVector, courseNumbersSet)
```

```
        dataLoaded = TRUE
```

```
    ELSE IF choice == 2:
```

```
        IF NOT dataLoaded:
```

```
            PRINT "Please load data first."
```

```
        ELSE:
```

```
            printAllCoursesVector(coursesVector)
```

```
        END IF
```

```
    ELSE IF choice == 3:
```

```
        IF NOT dataLoaded:
```

```
            PRINT "Please load data first."
```

```
        ELSE:
```

```
            PRINT "Enter course number:"
```

```
            cn = READ string
```

```
            found = searchCourseVector(coursesVector, cn)
```

```

        IF found == null:
            PRINT "Course not found."
        ELSE:
            printCourseInto(found)
        END IF
    ELSE IF choice == 9:
        PRINT "Exiting."
        BREAK
    ELSE:
        PRINT "Invalid choice. Try again."
    END IF
WHILE choice != 9
END FUNCTION

```

Hash Table Data Structure (Milestone 2)

```

// Load data into a hash table
FUNCTION loadDataIntoHashTable(filename, coursesMap,
courseNumbersSet):
    // coursesMap is a map from String (courseNumber) to Course
    OPEN FILE filename FOR reading
    IF file NOT open:
        PRINT "Error: Cannot open file"
        RETURN
    END IF

    // While not end of file
    WHILE NOT EOF:
        line = READ line
        IF line IS empty:
            CONTINUE
        END IF

        tokens = split(line, ',')

```

```

        IF length(tokens) < 2:
            PRINT "Error: Invalid line format."
            CONTINUE
        END IF

        // Create course objects
        course = new Course
        course.courseNumber = tokens[0]
        course.name = tokens[1]

        FOR i FROM 2 TO length(tokens)-1:
            APPEND tokens[i] TO course.prerequisites
        END FOR

        coursesMap[course.courseNumber] = course
        ADD course.courseNumber TO courseNumbersSet
    END WHILE

    CLOSE file

    // Validate prerequisites
    FOR EACH key IN coursesMap:
        c = coursesMap[key]
        FOR EACH p IN c.prerequisites:
            IF p NOT IN courseNumbersSet:
                PRINT "Error: Prerequisite doesn't exist."
            END IF
        END FOR
    END FOR
END FUNCTION

// Print all courses in sorted (alphanumeric) order
FUNCTION printAllCoursesHashTable(coursesMap):

```

```

tempList = empty list OF Course
FOR EACH key IN coursesMap:
    APPEND coursesMap[key] TO tempList
END FOR

SORT tempList BY course.courseNumber IN ASC ORDER

FOR EACH c IN tempList:
    PRINT c.courseNumber + ", " + c.name
END FOR
END FUNCTION

// Search for a specific course
FUNCTION searchCourseHashTable(coursesMap, courseNumber):
    IF courseNumber IN coursesMap:
        RETURN coursesMap[courseNumber]
    ELSE:
        RETURN null
    END IF
END FUNCTION

// Menu
FUNCTION hashTableMenu():
    coursesMap = empty map(String -> Course)
    courseNumbersSet = empty set OF String
    dataLoaded = FALSE

    DO:
        PRINT "Menu:"
        PRINT "1. Load Data"
        PRINT "2. Print All Courses"
        PRINT "3. Print A Course"
        PRINT "9. Exit"

```

```

choice = READ integer FROM user

IF choice == 1:
    loadDataIntoHashTable("courses.txt", coursesMap,
courseNumbersSet)
    dataLoaded = TRUE
ELSE IF choice == 2:
    IF NOT dataLoaded:
        PRINT "Please load data first."
    ELSE:
        printAllCoursesHashTable(coursesMap)
    END IF
ELSE IF choice == 3:
    IF NOT dataLoaded:
        PRINT "Please load data first."
    ELSE:
        PRINT "Enter course number:"
        cn = READ string
        found = searchCourseHashTable(coursesMap, cn)
        IF found == null:
            PRINT "Course not found."
        ELSE:
            printCourseInfo(found)
        END IF
    END IF
ELSE IF choice == 9:
    PRINT "Exiting."
    BREAK
ELSE:
    PRINT "Invalid choice. Try again."
END IF

WHILE choice != 9

```


END FUNCTION

Binary Search Tree Data Structure (Milestone 3)

// Define a Binary Search Tree (BST) Node Structure

STRUCT BSTNode:

 course: Course

 left: BSTNode

 right: BSTNode

END STRUCT

// Define a BST Structure

STRUCT BST:

 root: BSTNode

END STRUCT

// Insert a Course into the tree by courseNumber

FUNCTION insertBST(root, course):

 IF root IS null:

 root = new BSTNode

 root.course = course

 root.left = null

 root.right = null

 RETURN root

 END IF

 IF course.courseNumber < root.course.courseNumber:

 root.left = insertBST(root.left, course)

 ELSE IF course.courseNumber > root.course.courseNumber:

 root.right = insertBST(root.right, course)

 END IF

 RETURN root

END FUNCTION

```

// Search for a course by courseNumber in the tree
FUNCTION searchBST(root, cn):
    IF root IS null:
        RETURN null
    END IF

    IF cn == root.course.courseNumber:
        RETURN root.course
    ELSE IF cn < root.course.courseNumber
        RETURN searchBST(root.left, cn)
    ELSE:
        RETURN searchBST(root.right, cn)
    END IF
END FUNCTION

// Traverse the tree in-order and perform an action on each course
FUNCTION inOrderTraverse(root, actionFunction):
    IF root IS NOT null:
        inOrderTraverse(root.left, actionFunction)
        actionFunction(root.course)
        inOrderTraverse(root.right, actionFunction)
    END IF
END FUNCTION

// Load data into BST
FUNCTION loadDataIntoBST(filename, bst, courseNumbersSet):
    OPEN FILE filename FOR reading
    IF file NOT open:
        PRINT "Error: Cannot open file."
        RETURN
    END IF

    // While not end of file

```

```

WHILE NOT EOF:
    line = READ line
    IF line IS empty:
        CONTINUE
    END IF

    tokens = split(line, ',')
    IF length(tokens) < 2:
        PRINT "Error: Invalid line."
        CONTINUE
    END IF

    // Create course objects
    course = new Course
    course.courseNumber = tokens[0]
    course.name = tokens[1]

    FOR i FROM 2 TO length(tokens)-1:
        APPEND tokens[i] TO course.prerequisites
    END FOR

    bst.root = insertBST(bst.root, course)
    ADD course.courseNumber TO courseNumbersSet
END WHILE

CLOSE file

// Validate prerequisites
FUNCTION validatePrereqs(c):
    FOR EACH p IN c.prerequisites:
        foundC = searchBST(bst.root, p)
        IF foundC IS null:
            PRINT "Error: Prerequisite doesn't exist."

```

```

        END IF
    END FOR
END FUNCTION

    inOrderTraverse(bst.root, validatePrereqs)
END FUNCTION

// Print all courses in sorted (alphanumeric) order
FUNCTION printAllCoursesBST(bst):
    FUNCTION printLine(c):
        PRINT c.courseNumber + ", " + c.name
    END FUNCTION

    inOrderTraverse(bst.root, printLine)
END FUNCTION

// Menu
FUNCTION bstMenu():
    bst = new BST
    bst.root = null
    courseNumbersSet = empty set OF String
    dataLoaded = FALSE

    DO:
        PRINT "Menu:"
        PRINT "1. Load Data"
        PRINT "2. Print All Courses"
        PRINT "3. Print A Course"
        PRINT "9. Exit"

        choice = READ integer FROM user

        IF choice == 1:

```

```

        loadDataIntoBST("courses.txt", bst,
courseNumbersSet)

        dataLoaded = TRUE
ELSE IF choice == 2:
    IF NOT dataLoaded:
        PRINT "Please load data first."
    ELSE:
        printAllCoursesBST(bst)
    END IF
ELSE IF choice == 3:
    IF NOT dataLoaded:
        PRINT "Please load data first."
    ELSE:
        PRINT "Enter course number:"
        cn = READ string
        found = searchBST(bst.root, cn)
        IF found IS null:
            PRINT "Course not found."
        ELSE:
            printCourseInfo(found)
        END IF
    END IF
ELSE IF choice == 9:
    PRINT "Exiting."
    BREAK
ELSE:
    PRINT "Invalid choice. Try again."
END IF

WHILE choice != 9
END FUNCTION

```

Runtime Analysis:

Vector:

Reading each line	$O(n)$
Splitting line and creating object	$O(1)$ per line, $O(n)$ total
Inserting into vector	$O(1)$ amortized per insertion, $O(n)$ total
Adding courseNumber to a set	Typically $O(1)$ on average, so $O(n)$ total
Validating prerequisites	Each course checks its prerequisites. Assume total prerequisites = P . Checking membership in a set is $O(1)$. Total $O(P)$. Typically $P \leq kn$ for some constant k , so $O(n)$
Overall complexity	$O(n)$

Hash Table:

Reading all lines	$O(n)$
Creating objects	$O(n)$
Inserting into hash table	$O(1)$ average per insertion, $O(n)$ total
Validating prerequisites	Same as vector, $O(n)$ total assuming $O(1)$ membership checks in a set.
Overall complexity	$O(n)$

Binary Search Tree:

Reading lines	$O(n)$
Creating objects	$O(n)$
Inserting into BST	On average $O(\log n)$ per insertion, $O(n \log n)$ total worst case (assuming BST is balanced).
Validating prerequisites	$O(n)$ searches. Each search $O(\log n)$ average, $O(n \log n)$ total
Overall complexity	$O(n \log n)$

Advantages and Disadvantages:

	Advantages	Disadvantages
Vector	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Simple insertion at the end• Easy to iterate repeatedly• Searching for a course is $O(n)$ in the worst case	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• $O(n)$ search for a course because it uses linear search• Printing all courses in sorted order requires sorting $O(n \log n)$• Sorting is $O(n \log n)$ if needed frequently
Hash Table	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• $O(1)$ average insertion and search by courseNumber• Checking prerequisites is very efficient	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Printing courses in sorted order requires extracting all keys and sorting them, $O(n \log n)$• Worst-case performance can degrade to $O(n)$ if the hash table is poorly managed or if collisions occur
Binary Search Tree	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• In-order traversal automatically gives sorted order $O(n)$• Searching for a specific course is $O(\log n)$	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Insertions are $O(\log n)$ each, total $O(n \log n)$ to build• If unbalanced, performance can degrade to $O(n^2)$

Recommendation:

If the academic advisors in the Computer Science department at ABCU need to print the entire sorted list, a Binary Search Tree allows sorted output in $O(n)$ time without additional sorting after the initial build. Both the vector and hash table would require sorting $O(n \log n)$ each time. The hash table is preferable for quick searches and the vector is the most simple, but would be the slowest for repeated searches.

Since both printing a sorted list and searching for individual courses are important, a Binary Search Tree makes for a good compromise: $O(\log n)$ searches and $O(n)$ sorted print. The initial load cost of $O(n \log n)$ is worth the benefits. Therefore, I recommend a BST data structure since it provides efficient searching and easy sorted output without needing to re-sort the data each time.