1. // [comment]	10. Private	64-bit number with	
Single line comment.	Can only be changed by a method.	decimals.	
2. /* [comment] */		19. float	
Multi line comment.	11. int	32-bit number with	
	Can store numbers from 2^-31 to 2^31.	decimals.	
3. public		20. protected	
This can be imported publically.	12. fields are attributes	Can only be accessed by other code in the package.	
4. import [object].*	13. boolean		
Imports everything in	Can have true or false as	21. Scanner	
object.	the value.	This lets you get user input.	
5. static	14. {}	22. new [object constructor]	
Going to be shared by every	These are used to start and end a function, class, etc.	This will let you create a	
[object].		new object.	
6.6.1	15. byte		
6. final	These can store from -127 -	23. System.in	
Cannot be changed; common to be defined with	128.	This lets you get data from	
all uppercase.		the keyboard.	
	16. long	24 public (class)()	
7. double	Can store numbers from 2^127 to 2^-127.	24. public [class]()	
Integer with numbers that can have decimals.	2 <sup>1</sup> 127 t0 2 <sup>1</sup> -127.	This will be the constructor, you use it to create new	
can have decimals.	17. char	objects.	
0			
8.;	Just lets you put in one chracter.	25. super()	
Put after every command.		This will create the superclass (the class it's	
O. Chrise	18. double	inheriting).	
9. String			

Just a string of characters.

26. extends [class]	35. public static void	44. <	
Makes the object a subclass of [object], [object] must be a superclass.	main(String[] args)	This means less than.	
	This is your main function and your project will start in		
	here.	45. >	
27		This means greater than.	
27. ++	36. System.out.print([text])		
Will increment the amount.	This prints stuff but there is	46. >=	
	no line break. (/n)	This means greater than or	
28		equal to.	
Will decrement the amount.	37. \n		
	Called a line break; will print	47.	
29. += [amount]	a new line.	<pre>[inputVarHere].hasNextLine ()</pre>	
Increment by [amount]		This will return if there is a	
	38. \t	next line in the input.	
30= [amount]	This will print a tab.		
Decrement by [amount]		48. this	
	39. if ([condition])	Refer to the class that you	
31. *= [amount]	This will make it so if	are in.	
Multiply by [amount]	[condition] is true then it'll keep going.		
		49. [caller].next[datatype]()	
32. /= [amount]	40. &&	This will get the [datatype]	
Divide by [amount]	This means and.	that you somehow inputted.	
33.	41. !	50. Create getters and	
System.out.println([text])	This means not.	setters	
Will print something to the	This means not.	This will create the get	
output console.	42 11	methods and set methods for every checked variable.	
	42.	TOT EVELY CHECKED VALIABLE.	
34. +	This means or.	F4	
Can be used for concatenation. (ex. "6" +		<pre>51. [caller].hasNext[datatype]()</pre>	
[var_here])	43. ==		
	This means equal to.		

This will return if it has the correct datatype within the input.	This will parse [number] into the [numbertype] with [string].	66. for ([number]; [condition]; [operation])  This will start at [number] and then do [operation]
52. overloading	59. ^	until [condition] is met.
If you have different parameters you can call them whatever way you want.	Return true if there is one true and one false.  60. !=	67. continue  This will just go back to the enclosing loop before reaching other code.
53. parameters	Not equal too. (NEQ)	
These are the inputs of your function.	61. ([condition]) ? [amount] : [var]	68. while ([condition])  This will basically do something while [condition]
54. ([datatype])[variable]	This will be like a shortcut way to an if statement.	is true.
This will convert [variable] into [datatype]. Also known as casting.	62. switch([variable]) This will do stuff with	69. void This means no return type.
55. Math.random()  Generate an extremely percise string of numbers between 0 and 1.	specific cases. (e.g. switch(hi){ case 2: (do stuff)})  63. case [value]:	70. return  This will return something when you call it to where it was called from .
56. Primitives  Just the basic data types which are not objects.	This will do stuff if the case is the case.  64. break	71. do { } while ([condition]) Guarantees it will execute once even if [condition] isn't met.
57. [x].toString() Will convert [x] into a string.	Put that when you want to leave the loop/switch; should be at end of case.	72. printf("%[type] stuff here bah bla", [variable here])
58. [number].parse[numbertyp e]([string])	65. default [value]:  This will do stuff if none of the cases in the switch	This will let you use [variable here] with %s being where.

statement was made.

73. System.out.printf([text])

Another way to print? // didn't quite get but ok then

This will get how long something is, text, amount of indexes in array, etc.

74. [type] [returntype] [name]([parameters]) {

This is a way to create a method.

80. Arrays.copyOf([array],
indexes);

This will copy the array and how many indexes into another array.

75. [type][[indexes]]

This will create an array with [indexes] amount of indexes; default infinite.

81. Arrays.toString([array])

Convert the whole array into one huge string.

76. int[] something = new int[20];

This will just make an array of ints with 20 ints in it.

82.
Arrays.binarySearch([array],
[object])

This will search for [object] in [array].

77. for ([object]
[nameOfObject] :
[arrayOfObject]) {

This will iterate through all of the arrayOfObject with object in use incrementing by 1 until done.

78. [object][[1]][[2]][[3]]
[name] = {[value] [value]
[value] \n [value] [value]
[value]}

[1] is how many down in array, [2] how many accross in array, [3] how many groups

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# CE/IT Department Practical List

**Subject: Object Oriented Programming with Java (CT 405 N)** 

Sr	Aim of Practical	Tentative
No		<b>Completion Date</b>
1	Program to implement a Class and method without parameters.	07 January 2023
2	Program to implement a Class and method with parameters and return value.	07 January 2023
3	Program to implement Stack.	21 January 2023
4	Program to implement object passing as arguments.	21 January 2023
5	Program to implement this keyword.	28 January 2023
6	Program to implement Call by value.	28 January 2023
7	Program to implement Call by reference.	04 February 2023
8	Program to implement returning objects.	04 February 2023
9	Program to implement Recursion (Example of factorial).	04 February 2023
10	Program to implement Recursion (Printing elements of an Array).	11 February 2023
11	Program to implement Access Control.	11 February 2023
12	Program to implement the use of static keyword.	18 February 2023
13	Program to implement inner classes.	18 February 2023
14	Program to implement Command Line Argument.	25 February 2023
15	Program to implement Inheritance.	25 February 2023
16	Program to implement Method Overriding.	04 March 2023
17	Program to implement super keyword.	04 March 2023
18	Program to implement final keyword.	04 March 2023
19	Program to implement Package.	11 March 2023
20	Program to implement interface.	11 March 2023
21	Program to implement partial implementation.	11 March 2023
22	Program to implement Dynamic stack implementing Interface.	11 March 2023
23	Program to implement Exception Handling.	18 March 2023
24	Program to implement user defined Exception.	18 March 2023
25	Program to implement main Thread.	25 March 2023
26	Program to create new threads.	25 March 2023
27	Program to implement multiple threads.	25 March 2023
28	Program to demonstrate synchronize keyword.	01 April 2023
29	Program to implement thread priority.	01 April 2023
30	Program to solve producer consumer problem using threads.	01 April 2023
31	Program to demonstrate deadlock, using thread.	08 April 2023
32	Program to read characters from console using I/O classes.	08 April 2023
33	Program to read lines of strings from console.	08 April 2023
34	Program to copy the contents of one file to another file.	08 April 2023
35	Program to describe the Applet skeleton.	15 April 2023
36	Program to display a moving banner in applet.	15 April 2023
37	Program to demonstrate the properties of HTML tag and getDocumentBase	22 April 2022
	and getCodeBase methods.	23 April 2023
38	Program that demonstrate the mouse event handlers.	23 April 2023

Subject Coordinator: Tejasvee Gupta