D^3 AS A 2-MCFL

Orestis Melkonian, Konstantinos Kogkalidis

August 8, 2018

Utrecht University

Introduction/Definition

2-MCFG

Generalization of the CFG over tuples of strings

INTRODUCTION / DEFINITION

2-MCFG

Generalization of the CFG over tuples of strings

N-DIMENSIONAL DYCK LANGUAGE D^N

Defined over an ordered alphabet of *N* symbols:

$$\{\alpha_1 < \dots < \alpha_N\}$$
 s.t. words satisfy two conditions:

- 1. Equal number of occurrences of all alphabet symbols
- 2. Any prefix of a word must contain at least as many α_i as $\alpha_{i+1} \quad \forall i \leq N-1$

DYCK WORDS

- abc
- aabbcc
- abcabcabacbc

DYCK WORDS

- abc
- aabbcc
- abcabcabacbc

NON-DYCK WORDS

aabb

DYCK WORDS

- abc
- aabbcc
- abcabcabacbc

NON-DYCK WORDS

- aabb
- aabbbcc

DYCK WORDS

- abc
- aabbcc
- abcabcabacbc

NON-DYCK WORDS

- aabb
- aabbbcc
- abcacb

DYCK WORDS

- abc
- aabbcc
- abcabcabacbc

NON-DYCK WORDS

- aabb
- aabbbcc
- abcacb

ababacbcabcc

DYCK WORDS

- abc
- aabbcc
- abcabcabacbc

NON-DYCK WORDS

- aabb
- aabbbcc
- abcacb



DYCK WORDS

- abc
- · aabbcc
- abcabcabacbc

NON-DYCK WORDS

- aabb
- aabbbcc
- abcacb



DYCK WORDS

- abc
- aabbcc
- abcabcabacbc

NON-DYCK WORDS

- aabb
- aabbbcc
- abcacb



DYCK WORDS

- abc
- aabbcc
- abcabcabacbc

NON-DYCK WORDS

- aabb
- aabbbcc
- abcacb



MOTIVATION

NATURAL LANGUAGES

Free word order respecting linear order constraints

MOTIVATION

NATURAL LANGUAGES

Free word order respecting linear order constraints

PROGRAMMING LANGUAGES

Static Analysis of non-standard control flows (e.g. yield)

$$S(xy) \leftarrow W(x, y). \tag{1}$$

$$W(\epsilon, xyabc) \leftarrow W(x, y). \tag{2}$$

$$W(\epsilon, xaybc) \leftarrow W(x, y). \tag{3}$$

$$...$$

$$W(abxcy, \epsilon) \leftarrow W(x, y). \tag{60}$$

$$W(abcxy, \epsilon) \leftarrow W(x, y). \tag{61}$$

$$W(\epsilon, abc). \tag{62}$$

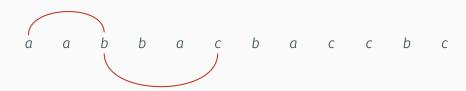
$$W(a, bc). \tag{63}$$

$$W(ab, c). \tag{64}$$

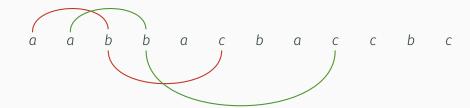
$$W(abc, \epsilon). \tag{65}$$



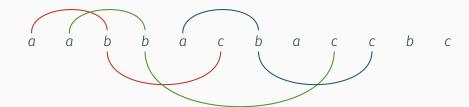
Straddling counter-example



Straddling counter-example

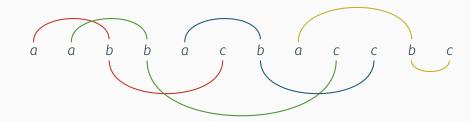


Straddling counter-example



Straddling counter-example

G₀: GRAMMAR OF TRIPLE INSERTIONS



Straddling counter-example

META-GRAMMARS: INTRODUCTION

NOTATION

 $\mathcal{O}_{\textit{m}} \llbracket \text{conclusion} \leftarrow \text{premises} \mid \text{partial orders} \rrbracket.$

META-GRAMMARS: INTRODUCTION

NOTATION

 \mathcal{O}_m [conclusion \leftarrow premises | partial orders]].

META-GRAMMAR G₁

$$\mathcal{O}_{2}[W \leftarrow \epsilon \mid \{a < b < c\}]].$$

$$\mathcal{O}_{2}[W \leftarrow W_{xy} \mid \{x < y, \ a < b < c\}]].$$
TRIPLE
INSERTION

META-GRAMMARS: INTRODUCTION

NOTATION

 \mathcal{O}_m [conclusion \leftarrow premises | partial orders]].

META-GRAMMAR G₁

$$\mathcal{O}_{2}[W \leftarrow \epsilon \mid \{a < b < c\}]].$$

$$\mathcal{O}_{2}[W \leftarrow W_{xy} \mid \{x < y, \ a < b < c\}]].$$
TRIPLE
INSERTION
$$+$$

$$\mathcal{O}_{2}[W \leftarrow W_{xy}, W_{zw} \mid \{x < y, \ z < w\}]].$$
WORDS

G₂: ADDING STATES

$$\begin{array}{l} \mathcal{O}_{2} \llbracket \mathsf{A}^{+} \leftarrow \epsilon \mid \{a\} \rrbracket. \\ \mathcal{O}_{2} \llbracket \mathsf{B}^{+} \leftarrow \epsilon \mid \{b\} \rrbracket. \\ \mathcal{O}_{2} \llbracket \mathsf{C}^{+} \leftarrow \epsilon \mid \{c\} \rrbracket. \end{array} \right\} \text{BASE CASES}$$

$$\mathcal{O}_{2} [\![C^{-} \leftarrow A^{+}, B^{+} \mid \{x < y < z < w\}]\!] .$$

$$\mathcal{O}_{2} [\![B^{-} \leftarrow A^{+}, C^{+} \mid \{x < y < z < w\}]\!] .$$

$$\mathcal{O}_{2} [\![A^{-} \leftarrow B^{+}, C^{+} \mid \{x < y < z < w\}]\!] .$$

$$\mathcal{O}_{2} [\![A^{+} \leftarrow C^{-}, B^{-} \mid \{x < y < z < w\}]\!] .$$

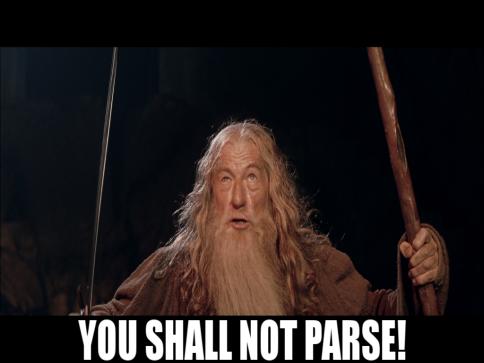
$$\mathcal{O}_{2} [\![B^{+} \leftarrow C^{-}, A^{-} \mid \{x < y < z < w\}]\!] .$$

$$\mathcal{O}_{2} [\![C^{+} \leftarrow B^{-}, A^{-} \mid \{x < y < z < w\}]\!] .$$

$$\forall \ \mathsf{K} \in \mathcal{S} \setminus \mathsf{W} : \mathcal{O}_{2} [\![\mathsf{K} \leftarrow \mathsf{K}_{xy}, \mathsf{W}_{zw} \mid \{x < y, \ z < w\}]\!] .$$

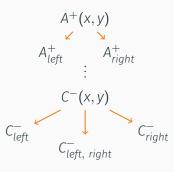
G₃: G₂ + Universal triple insertion

$$\begin{split} G_3 = G_2 + \forall \ K \in \mathcal{S} \setminus W: \\ \mathcal{O}_2 \llbracket K \leftarrow K_{xy} \mid \{x < y, \ a < b < c\} \rrbracket. \end{split}$$



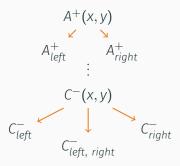
REFINING STATES

EXAMPLE



REFINING STATES

EXAMPLE

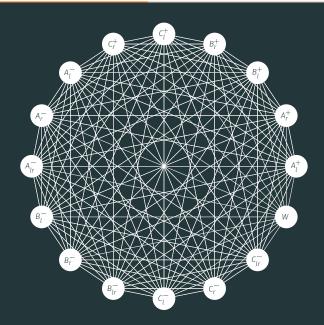


WHY?

NEW ORDERS IN INTERACTIONS

$$C^-(xz, wy) \leftarrow A^+_{left}(x, y), B^+(z, w).$$

REFINING STATES: INTERACTIONS



G₄: AUTOMATIC RULE INFERENCE

State descriptors ${\cal D}$

$$\begin{array}{lll} \mathbb{W} \mapsto (\epsilon, \epsilon) & \mathbb{A}_{r}^{-} \mapsto (\epsilon, bc) \\ \mathbb{A}_{l}^{+} \mapsto (a, \epsilon) & \mathbb{A}_{lr}^{-} \mapsto (b, c) \\ \mathbb{A}_{r}^{+} \mapsto (\epsilon, a) & \mathbb{B}_{l}^{-} \mapsto (ac, \epsilon) \\ \mathbb{B}_{l}^{+} \mapsto (b, \epsilon) & \mathbb{B}_{r}^{-} \mapsto (\epsilon, ac) \\ \mathbb{B}_{r}^{+} \mapsto (\epsilon, b) & \mathbb{B}_{lr}^{-} \mapsto (a, c) \\ \mathbb{C}_{l}^{+} \mapsto (c, \epsilon) & \mathbb{C}_{l}^{-} \mapsto (ab, \epsilon) \\ \mathbb{C}_{r}^{+} \mapsto (\epsilon, c) & \mathbb{C}_{r}^{-} \mapsto (\epsilon, ab) \\ \mathbb{A}_{l}^{-} \mapsto (bc, \epsilon) & \mathbb{C}_{lr}^{-} \mapsto (a, b) \end{array}$$

AUTOMATIC RULE INFERENCE: EXAMPLE

CASE OF
$$A_{lr}^-(x_b, y_c) + B_{lr}^-(z_a, w_c)$$

PERMUTATION

:

(zxw, y)

:

(xzw, y)

:

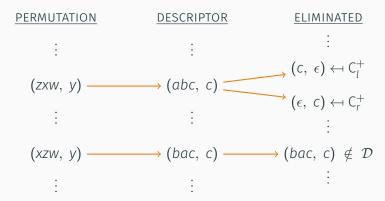
AUTOMATIC RULE INFERENCE: EXAMPLE

CASE OF
$$A_{lr}^-(x_b, y_c) + B_{lr}^-(z_a, w_c)$$

$$\begin{array}{cccc} \underline{\mathsf{PERMUTATION}} & \underline{\mathsf{DESCRIPTOR}} \\ \vdots & & \vdots \\ (\mathit{zxw}, \ \mathit{y}) & & \longrightarrow & (\mathit{abc}, \ \mathit{c}) \\ \vdots & & \vdots \\ (\mathit{xzw}, \ \mathit{y}) & & \longrightarrow & (\mathit{bac}, \ \mathit{c}) \\ \vdots & & \vdots & & \vdots \\ \end{array}$$

AUTOMATIC RULE INFERENCE: EXAMPLE

CASE OF
$$A_{lr}^-(x_b, y_c) + B_{lr}^-(z_a, w_c)$$

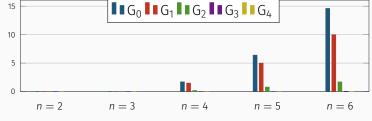


DSL IN PYTHON (\$ pip install dyck)

```
from dyck import *
G3 = Grammar(initial='W',
  # Base Cases
  O('W', {(a, b, c)}),
  O('A-', \{(b, c)\}), O('B-', \{(a, c)\}), O('C-', \{(a, b)\}),
  O('A+', \{(a,)\}), O('B+', \{(b,)\}), O('C+', \{(c,)\}),
  # Combinations
  O('C- <- A+. B+', \{(x, y, z, w)\}),
  O('B- <- A+. C+'. \{(x. v. z. w)\}).
  O('A- <- B+, C+', \{(x, y, z, w)\}),
  O('C+ \leftarrow B-. A-'. \{(x, y, z, w)\}).
  O('B+ <- C-, A-', \{(x, y, z, w)\}),
  O('A+ <- C-, B-', \{(x, y, z, w)\}),
  forall(all states, lambda K: O('K \leftarrow K, W', \{(x, y), (z, w)\})),
  # Closures
  O('W \leftarrow A+, A-', \{(x, y, z, w)\}),
  O('W \leftarrow C-, C+', \{(x, y, z, w)\}),
  # Universal Triple Insertion
  forall(all states, lambda K: O('K \leftarrow K', \{(x, y), (a, b, c)\}))
```

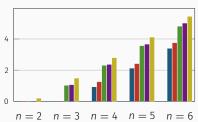
RESULTS





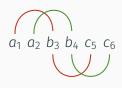


COMPUTATION TIME (in log(sec))



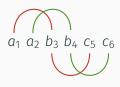


1	2
3	4
5	6



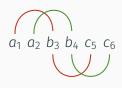
1	2
3	4
5	6

•	1
2	3
4	5



1	2
3	4
5	6

1	•
2	3
4	5



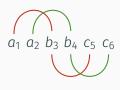
1	2
3	4
5	6

1	3
2	
4	5



1	2
3	4
5	6

1	3
2	5
4	



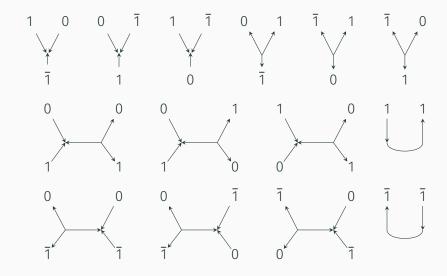
1	2
3	4
5	6



1	3
2	5
4	6

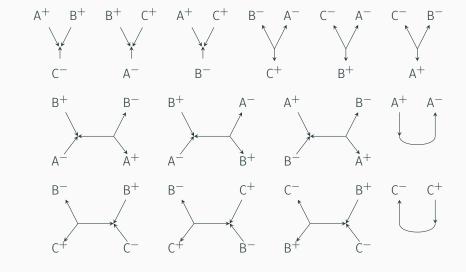
CORRESPONDENCES: SPIDER WEBS

GROWTH RULES

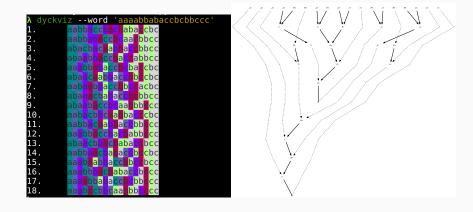


CORRESPONDENCES: SPIDER WEBS

GROWTH RULES



PYTHON VISUALIZATION PACKAGE (\$ pip install dyckviz)



CONCLUSION

- · Conjecture still open :(
- Lots of fun along the way
- · We are confident we have a complete 3-MCFG, though
 - · Currently mechanizing the proof using coq

