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UNITED STATES – IMPORT PROHIBITION OF CERTAIN SHRIMP AND SHRIMP PRODUCTS

Status Report by the United States

Addendum

The following communication, dated 14 October 1999, from the Permanent Mission of the United States to the Chairman of the Dispute Settlement Body, is circulated pursuant to Article 21.6 of the DSU.

Status Report Regarding Implementation of the Recommendations and Rulings in the Dispute regarding United States - Import Prohibition of Certain Shrimp and Shrimp Products

On 25 November 1998, the United States informed the Dispute Settlement Body (DSB) of its intention to implement the recommendations and rulings of the DSB in connection with this matter and to do so in a manner which is consistent with our firm commitment to the protection of endangered species, including sea turtles. At that time, the United States also advised the DSB that a "reasonable period of time" would be required to complete this process. On 21 January 1999, the United States and the other parties to the dispute reached agreement on 13 months as a reasonable period for implementation. Therefore, as provided for in Article 21.6 of the Understanding on Rules and Procedures Governing the Settlement of Disputes, this third report on the status of our implementation is being presented.

As noted in our first report, our implementation of the recommendations and rulings of the DSB in this matter has several distinct elements and has and will continue to include opportunities for input from the other parties to the dispute. In our previous reports we provided detailed reports on the status of our implementation efforts. This report focuses on what has developed since our most recent report.

We would recall that on 8 July 1999, the United States Department of State issued revised guidelines implementing our Shrimp/Turtle law. The revised guidelines, in accordance with the recommendations and rulings of the DSB, are intended to: (1) introduce greater flexibility in considering the comparability of foreign programmes and the US programmes and (2) elaborate a timetable and procedures for certification decisions, including an expedited timetable to apply in 1999 only. These latter changes are designed to increase the transparency and predictability of the certification process and to afford foreign governments seeking certification a greater degree of due process.

On the basis of the revised guidelines, we are pleased to report that in response to a request from the Government of Australia, the United States has approved imports from the Spencer Gulf Region of Southern Australia. Based on complete and well documented information presented by the Government of Australia and the State of Southern Australia, the Department of State, in consultation with the U.S. National Marine Fisheries Service, found that the shrimp trawl fishery in the Spencer Gulf does not pose a threat of the incidental taking of sea turtles.