1-) Since our attributes are those of generating clients and their values are floating point numbers, it is almost impossible to have more than one number except for the number of 0's. That's why we can't produce graphics for that.

2-)

	MT_001	*MT_002*	*MT_003*	*MT_004*	*MT_005*	*MT_006*	*MT_007*	*MT_008*	*MT_009*	*MT_010*
MT_001	1									
MT_002	0.390876	1								
MT_003	0.141631	0.120751	1							
MT_004	0.300622	0.780776	0.153734	1						
MT_005	0.296627	0.733325	0.202995	0.914424	1					
MT_006	0.31324	0.809257	0.163676	0.93529	0.903725	1				
MT_007	0.166489	0.478269	0.016861	0.392533	0.4213	0.355628	1			
MT_008	0.360772	0.884669	0.130662	0.899748	0.862747	0.936157	0.432766	1		
MT_009	0.354376	0.734526	0.164674	0.798345	0.809864	0.852617	0.328301	0.84955	1	
MT_010	0.228367	0.678271	0.122634	0.725435	0.748156	0.795832	0.316558	0.799264	0.747657	1

Since there are 370 columns in our data set, we only examined the double correlations between the first 10 columns of our data. The smallest of these correlation values is 0.016861 and the largest one is 0.914424. Correlation values for each column intersect with 1. If the correlation values are close to 1, we have a large number of 0 in our data set. In the binary columns which are close to 1, the numbers 0 and more in the same place, the other values are not very far from each other. The ones with very low correlation values are the ones that are closest to 0; 0 and less in different places, other numerical values have been different from each other.