

Numerical Computing Methods  
Assignment (6)

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Grade

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Section: 1105

Signature:



3. Fit a straight line approximate to the data:

x	1	2	3	4
y	3	7	13	21

The eqn of straight line  $\Rightarrow y = a + bx$

Normal eqn  $\Rightarrow \sum y = ma + b \sum x$

$$\sum xy = a \sum x + b \sum x^2$$

$$m = 4$$

x	y	$x^2$	$y^2$	$xy$
1	3	1	9	3
2	7	4	49	14
3	13	9	169	39
4	21	16	441	84
$\sum x = 10$	$\sum y = 55$	$\sum x^2 = 30$		$\sum xy = 140$

$$55 = 4a + 10b$$

$$140 = 10a + 30b$$

$$a = 11.501$$

$$b = 0.833$$

$\Rightarrow$

the line =

$$y = 11.501 + 0.833x$$

9. If  $P$  is the pull required to lift a load  $W$  by means of a pulley block, find a linear law of the form  $P = mW + c$  connecting  $P$  and  $W$ , using the data:

$P$	12	15	21	25
$W$	50	70	100	120

where  $P$  and  $W$  are taken in kg-wt.

1  $P = mW + c$ , we need to find  $m, c$

$\Rightarrow 12 = m \cdot 50 + c$  (eq 1)

$\Rightarrow 15 = m \cdot 70 + c$  (eq 2)

$15 - 12 = m(70 - 50) + c - c$

$\Rightarrow m = 3/20$

$12 = 3/20 (50) + c$

$12 = 15/2 + c$

$c = 9/2$

Now we can say the linear law of this form:

$\Rightarrow P = mW + c$

$\Rightarrow P = 3/20 W + 9/2$  ✓

11. Differentiate between interpolating polynomial and least squares polynomial obtained for a set of data.

The interpolating polynomial will go through exactly all the set of data points, it must have a degree equal to  $n-1$  if there are  $n$  points of data are given.

The squares polynomial can have a degree much lower than the number of points data that given.

Maybe the polynomial not go through all the points but the points that are degree or lower, it will be closest to all the points of the data.