

K-Means Clustering Implementation

We have given a collection of 8 points. $P_1=[0.1,0.6]$, $P_2=[0.15,0.71]$, $P_3=[0.08,0.9]$, $P_4=[0.16, 0.85]$, $P_5=[0.2,0.3]$, $P_6=[0.25,0.5]$, $P_7=[0.24,0.1]$, $P_8=[0.3,0.2]$. Perform the k-mean clustering with initial centroids as $m_1=P_1 =$ Cluster#1= C_1 and $m_2=P_8=$ cluster#2= C_2 . Answer the following:

- 1] Which cluster does P_6 belong to?
- 2] What is the population of cluster around m_2 ?
- 3] What is updated value of m_1 and m_2 ?

In [9]:

```
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import numpy as np
```

In [10]:

```
P1=[0.1,0.6]
P2=[0.15,0.71]
P3=[0.08,0.9]
P4=[0.16, 0.85]
P5=[0.2,0.3]
P6=[0.25,0.5]
P7=[0.24,0.1]
P8=[0.3,0.2]
K=2

points=[P1,P2,P3,P4,P5,P6,P7,P8]
```

KMeans Clustering using sklearn

In [12]:

```
from sklearn.cluster import KMeans

# Configuration options
num_samples_total = 8
cluster_centers = [(0.1,0.6), (0.3, 0.2)]
num_classes = len(cluster_centers)

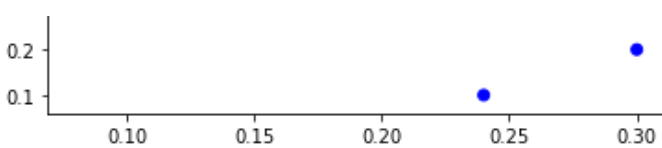
X = np.array(points)

# Fit K-means with Scikit
kmeans = KMeans(init='k-means++', n_clusters=num_classes)
kmeans.fit(X)

# Predict the cluster for all the samples
P = kmeans.predict(X)

# Generate scatter plot for training data
colors = list(map(lambda x: 'blue' if x == 1 else 'red', P))
plt.scatter(X[:,0], X[:,1], c=colors, marker="o", picker=True)
plt.title('Two clusters of data')
plt.show()
```





Kmeans clustering implementation

In [2]:

```
import math
def dist(A,B):
    xd= (A[0]-B[0])**2
    yd= (A[1]-B[1])**2
    d=math.sqrt(xd+yd)
    return d
```

In [15]:

```
def cluster(C1,C2):
    cluster1=list()
    cluster2=list()
    c1=C1
    c2=C2
    for p in points:
        d1=dist(p,C1)
        d2=dist(p,C2)
        if d1<d2:
            cluster1.append(p)
        else:
            cluster2.append(p)

    x1=0
    y1=0

    for i in cluster1:
        x1=x1+i[0]
        y1=y1+i[1]

    x1=x1/len(cluster1)
    y1=y1/len(cluster1)

    centroid1=[x1,y1]

    x2=0
    y2=0

    for i in cluster2:
        x2=x2+i[0]
        y2=y2+i[1]

    x2=x2/len(cluster2)
    y2=y2/len(cluster2)

    centroid2=[x2,y2]

    C1=centroid1
    C2=centroid2

    if centroid1[0]==c1[0] and centroid2[0]==c2[0] and centroid1[1]==c1[1] and centroid2[1]==c2[1]:
        print("Clusters are:")
        print(cluster1)
        print(cluster2)

        if [0.25,0.5] in cluster1:
            print("P6 belongs to cluster 1")
        elif [0.25,0.5] in cluster2:
            print("P6 belongs to cluster 2")

        print("Population of cluster around m2:",len(cluster2))
```

```

print("Updated value of centroids:")
print("C1:",C1)
print("C2:",C2)
P=list()

for i in points:
    if i in cluster1:
        P.append(0)
    else:
        P.append(1)

# Generate scatter plot for training data
X = np.array(points)
colors = list(map(lambda x: 'blue' if x == 1 else 'red', P))
plt.scatter(X[:,0], X[:,1], c=colors, marker="o", picker=True)
plt.title('Two clusters of data')
plt.show()
else:
    cluster(C1,C2)

```

In [16]:

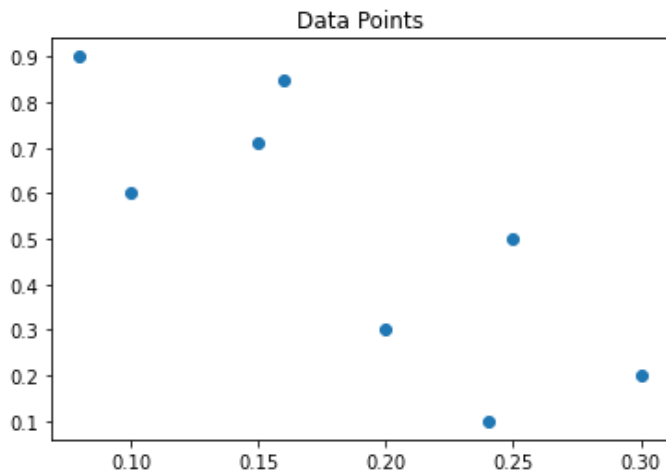
```

plt.scatter(X[:,0], X[:,1], marker="o", picker=True)
plt.title('Data Points')
plt.show()

C1=P1
C2=P2

print("Points are:\n",points)
cluster(C1,C2)

```



Points are:

```
[[0.1, 0.6], [0.15, 0.71], [0.08, 0.9], [0.16, 0.85], [0.2, 0.3], [0.25, 0.5], [0.24, 0.1], [0.3, 0.2]]
```

Clusters are:

```
[[0.2, 0.3], [0.25, 0.5], [0.24, 0.1], [0.3, 0.2]]
```

```
[[0.1, 0.6], [0.15, 0.71], [0.08, 0.9], [0.16, 0.85]]
```

P6 belongs to cluster 1

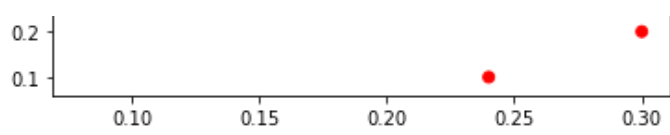
Population of cluster around m2: 4

Updated value of centroids:

```
C1: [0.2475, 0.275]
```

```
C2: [0.1225, 0.765]
```





In []: