

SIEM Courseware Beginner

LAB GUIDE

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Preface

June 2021

NOTICES

<Any necessary notices with regards to the course material.>

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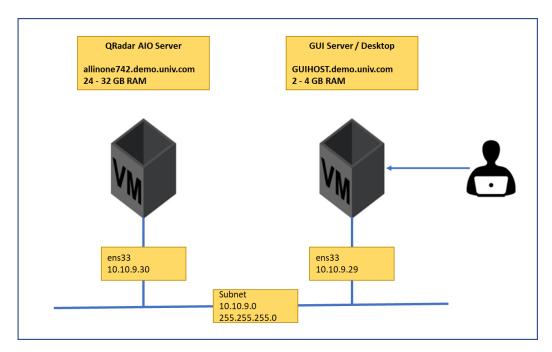
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Beginning

Virtual Machines

The following figure shows the setup of the virtual machines in the training lab.

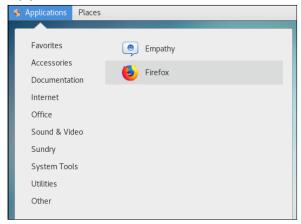


The lab environment uses the following two virtual machines (VMs):

- Qradar AIO Server a virtual machine running IBM QRadar All-in-one setup on Red Hat Enterprise Linux.
 - o Hostname allinone742.demo.univ.com
 - IP Address 10.10.9.30
- GUI Server a virtual machine providing a graphical user interface to access Qradar Application. It hosts the graphical desktop where you perform the course exercises.
 - Hostname GUIHOST.demo.univ.com
 - IP Address 10.10.9.29

You log in to **guihost** as user **root** with password **p@ssw0rd**. You need two tools on the desktop to perform the exercises:

1. A web browser for accessing the Qradar interface, found at Applications > Internet > Firefox Web Browser

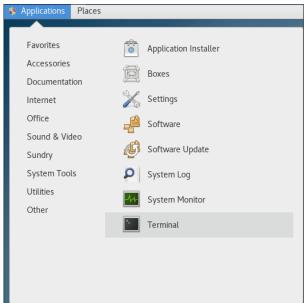


Use the URL https://10.10.9.30/console to access Qradar Graphical Interface, the Username and Password fields should already be populated. If they are not populated, enter the following credentials:

Username: admin

Password: p@ssw0rd the '0' is the digit zero.

2. A terminal window to run commands on osprey and G10, found on the desktop or through Application > System Tools > Terminal



You need the following accounts and passwords to complete the labs.

- GUIHOST
 - User root, password p@ssw0rd
 - User gui, password p@ssw0rd123
- ALLINONE742
 - User root, password p@ssw0rd
 - User admin, password p@ssw0rd

QRadar UI - Overview exercises

- 1. Where can you see an initial summary view of your QRadar Console?
- 2. How do you pin tabs to the Console?
- 3. Which two main functions that are included in your in QRadar installation require additional licensing?
- 4. What is the name of the default user that is used to establish SSH connections to the command-line interface?
- 5. In addition to the local system, name 3 other authentication methods that are supported by QRadar.
- 6. How can you access the system notification center?
- 7. How can you access the QRadar documentation from the Console
- 8. How often is data refreshed by default?
- 9. What range of intervals can you select to monitor network or log activity?
- 10. On which tab can you view QRadar rules and building blocks?

Login into the Oradar Interface

Follow these steps to prepare for the course exercises:

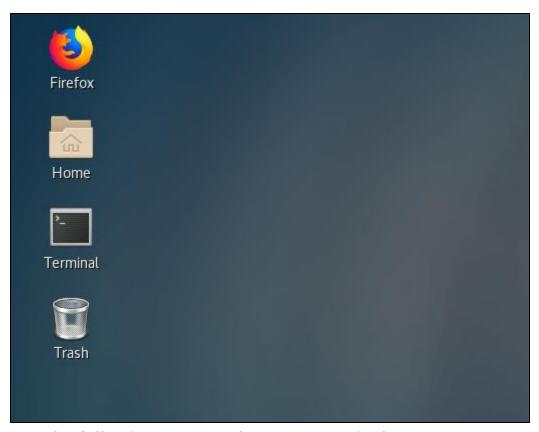
- 1. Start GUI Server **guihost** "**Centos-GUI**" and Qradar Server Allinone742 "**SIEM-All-in-One-742**" virtual machines.
- 2. Login to the **guihost** virtual machine as user *root* with password *p@ssw0rd*.
- 3. Ensure the GUI Server can connect to the QRadar Application and that Qradar is running.
 - a. Start the Firefox web browser and navigate to the Qradar interface.



b. If the Qradar interface does not appear, consult with the instructor to troubleshoot the issue.

Access Command Line Interface of Qradar Server

1. To open the SSH session to the Qradar VM, click the Terminal Icon on the Desktop window.



2. Run the following command on SSH Terminal –

ssh root@allinone742

Enter the password as 'p@ssw0rd'

```
root@allinone742:~

File Edit View Search Terminal Help

[root@GUIHOST ~]# ssh root@allinone742
root@allinone742's password:
Last login: Tue Jun 1 21:35:23 2021 from 10.10.9.29
This server was upgraded to QRadar 7.4.2 FixPack 2 (Build 20210120225428) on Wed May 26 23:37:01 IST 2021.
[root@allinone742 ~]#
```

Lab 1 - Using the QRadar SIEM user interface

In these exercises, you become familiar with the web-based control center and sending sample data to Qradar.

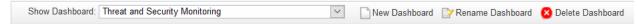
Explore Qradar User Interface

In this exercise, you become familiar with the Qradar Web Based control center.

- 1. Use a web browser to go to URL https://10.10.9.30/console to access the web interface login page.
- 2. Log in to the web interface with the user admin and password p@ssw0rd to access the home page.



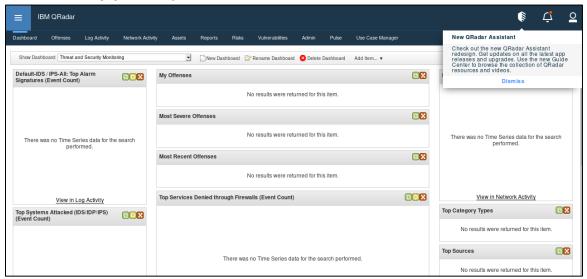
- 3. The Qradar Dashboard interface opens. Most of the sections in this dashboard may be empty. We will initiate a sample feed to see all these data.
- 4. You can navigate from one dashboard to another and create, rename or remove any existing dashboard from the panel as shown in the screenshot.



5. The Dashboard tab automatically refreshes every 60 seconds. The timer indicates the amount of time that remains until the tab is automatically refreshed.



6. Functionality is divided into tabs. The Dashboard tab is displayed when you log in. You can easily navigate the tabs to locate the data or functionality you require.



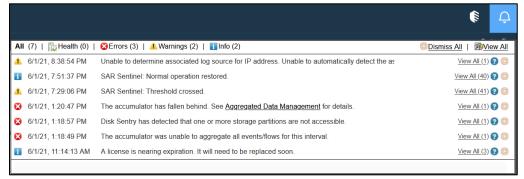
Click and Explore each tab in the user interface.

- Dashboard tab The Dashboard tab is a workspace environment that provides summary and detailed information on events occurring in your network.
- **Offenses tab** View offenses that occur on your network, which you can locate by using various navigation options or through powerful searches.
- **Log activity tab** Investigate event logs that are sent to QRadar in real-time, perform powerful searches, and view log activity by using configurable time-series charts.
- **Network activity tab** Use the Network Activity tab to investigate flows that are sent in real-time, perform powerful searches, and view network activity by using configurable time-series charts.
- Assets tab QRadar automatically discovers assets, servers, and hosts that are operating on your network.
- Reports tab Use the Reports tab to create, distribute, and manage reports for any data within QRadar.

- IBM QRadar Risk Manager IBM QRadar Risk Manager is a separately installed appliance for monitoring device configurations, simulating changes to your network environment, and prioritizing risks and vulnerabilities in your network.
- Admin tab— In this tab, an Administrator can perform Admin related tasks.
 - Deploy and manage Qradar Hosts and licenses.
 - o Configure user accounts and authentication.
 - Build a network hierarchy
 - o Configure domains and set up a multi-tenant environment
 - o Define and manage log and flow data sources etc.
- 7. Click Notifications



a. On the Messages window, view the system notification details.

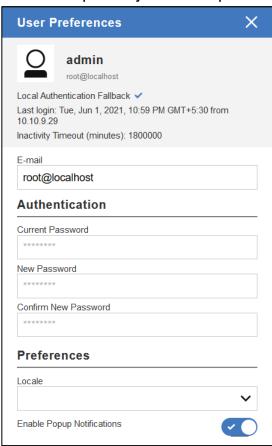


- b. To refine the list of system notifications, click one of the following options:
 - Health
 - Errors
 - Warnings
 - Info
- c. Optional: To close system notifications, choose one of the following options:
 - Dismiss All Info
 - Dismiss

8. The upper right of the QRadar® console displays the system time, which is the local time on the console. The console time is used to determine what time events were received from other devices for correct time synchronization correlation.



- 9. Click the **user** icon 2, and then click **User Preferences** to access your user information.
 - a. You can update your user preferences from this panel.

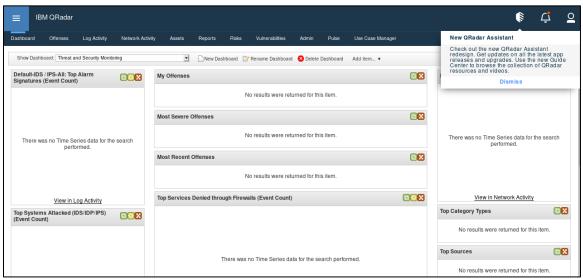


b. Click Save.

Sending Sample Data to QRadar

In this exercise, you will become familiar with sending and process sample data in the Qradar. This Data will be useful for further exercises in this course.

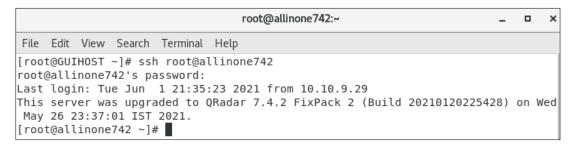
- 1. Verify the Qradar VM is started and accessible from the GUI Virtual machine.
- 2. Log in the Qradar portal (https://10.10.9.30/console) use the procedure as outlined in the earlier section.
- 3. After logging in, you see a home dashboard screen like the below screenshot.



4. Run the following command on SSH Terminal, to access the remote shell to the Qradar.

ssh root@allinone742

Enter the password as 'p@ssw0rd'



5. Run the following commands:

cd /labfiles

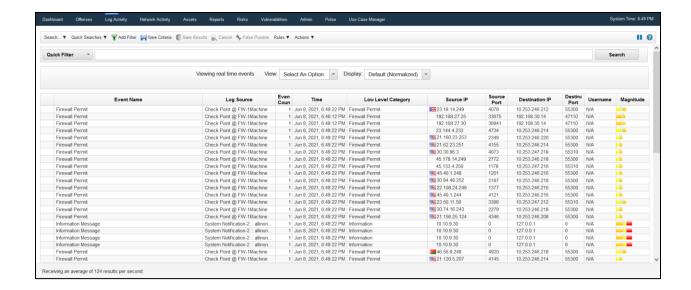
```
[root@allinone742 ~]# cd /labfiles/
[root@allinone742 labfiles]# 11
total 8
drwxr-xr-x 3 root root 24 Jun 8 14:45 events
-rw-r--r-- 1 root root 6488 Jun 4 23:24 sendCheckpoint.sh
```

./sendCheckpoint.sh

```
[root@allinone742 labfiles]# ./sendCheckpoint.sh
generating 35 messages per second to 10.10.9.30:514
Ctrl-c to stop
generating 35 messages per second to 10.10.9.30:514
Ctrl-c to stop
generating 35 messages per second to 10.10.9.30:514
Ctrl-c to stop
generating 35 messages per second to 10.10.9.30:514
Ctrl-c to stop
generating 35 messages per second to 10.10.9.30:514
Ctrl-c to stop
generating 35 messages per second to 10.10.9.30:514
Ctrl-c to stop
generating 35 messages per second to 10.10.9.30:514
Ctrl-c to stop
generating 35 messages per second to 10.10.9.30:514
Ctrl-c to stop
```

This script runs for around 10 minutes. Do not close the terminal window.

6. Bring the browser to the front. One to two minutes after starting the script, dashboard items and the log activity tab start visualizing the sample data.



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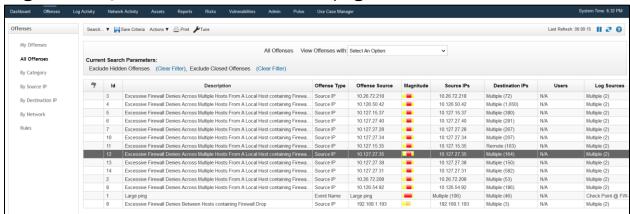
Lab 2 - Investigating the offense

In this Lab, We will try to investigate an offense triggered by events, we may have pushed in last lab.

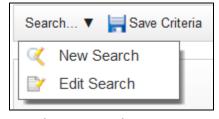
We will look at the offense named "Local DNS Scanner containing invalid DNS" or "Excessive Firewall Denies"

Perform the below steps:

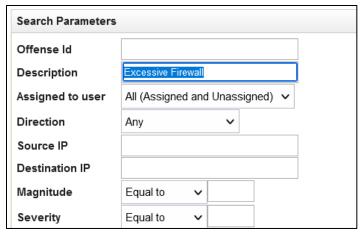
1. Login in the Qradar Interface, on Home page, Click the **Offenses** tab.



- 2. Select the Offense with the description Local DNS Scanner containing Invalid DNS or Excessive Firewall Denies
 - a. If you are not able to the see the offense with this name, you may search of the offense.
 - b. From the **Search** list, click **New Search**.



c. In the Search parameters pane, define **Description** as any Keyword.

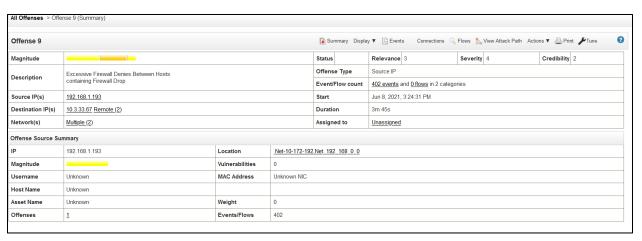


d. Click Search.

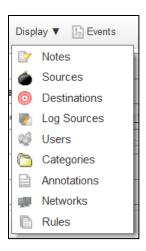


The All Offenses page will the show the offenses that meets the search criteria.

- 3. Answer the following questions for the selected offense.
 - a. What is the offense type and offense source and magnitude?
 - b. What Network does the offense source IP belong to?
- 4. Double click the offense to view the offense Summary page. This summary page provides detailed information about the offense.



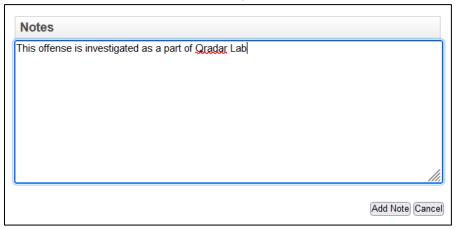
- 5. Answer the following questions for this offense.
 - a. How many events or flows have been added to this offense?
 - b. What time did this offense begin?
 - c. Is the Source IP involved in any other offenses?
 - d. How many destination IPS are targets o the offense? Are the destination Ips local or remote?
 - e. List the categories of the events that contributed to this offense. From the **Display** drop-down list on the toolbar, select **Categories** to display the event categories.



- f. What do you learn about this offense based on the annotation? From the **Display** drop-down list on the toolbar, select **Annotations**.
- g. What is the event name, event category, and destination port for the events listed in the **Last 10 Events list**? Click Summary on the toolbar and scroll down to the Last 10 Events list.
- h. For which service is the destination port well known?
- 6. Perform the following actions on this offense.
 - a. Add a note:
 - i. From the **Actions** drop-down list, select **Add Note**.



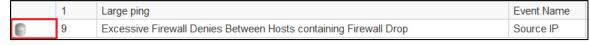
ii. Enter "This offense is investigated as a part of Qradar Lab"



- iii. Click Add Note.
- b. Protect the offense. From the **Actions** drop-down list on the Offense Summary page, select **Protect Offense**.



c. As a result, the **Protected** icon is displayed in the **Status** field on the Offense Summary page and in the flag column for the offense on the All Offenses page.

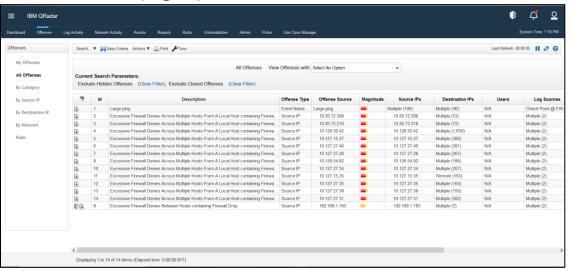


Lab 3 - Looking for events that contribute to an offense

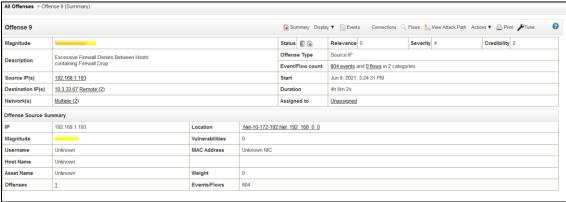
In the previous lab exercise, we learnt about Investigating an offense. In this exercise, we will further analyze and explore the events that are contributed to any offense.

Perform the below steps:

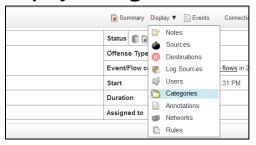
1. Login in the Qradar Interface, on Home page, Click the **Offenses** tab. The All Offenses page opens.



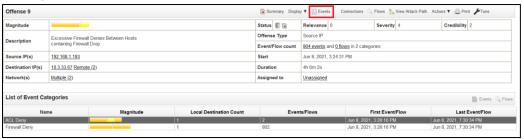
2. Find and double-click the "Excessive Firewall Denies between Hosts containing Firewall Drop".



3. Show the low-level categories of the offense's events by selecting **Display > Categories** on the toolbar

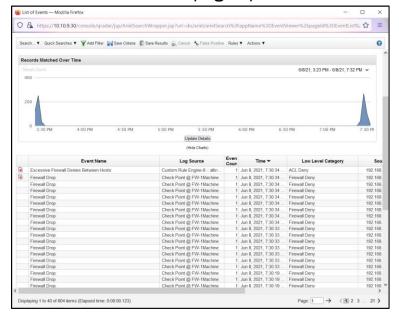


4. To investigate the events that are associated with this offense in the low-level category, Right click the table row that shows the Event category and click **Events**.



Note: You can select any of the event and category from the "List of Event categories" table.

The List of the events page opens.



- 5. Create a filter to exclude the source IP that contributed to the offense.
 - Select an event, Right click on <IP Address> and select Filter
 on Source IP is not <IP Address>.



- 6. What results are returned?
- 7. What do the results of this search indicate?
- 8. To look for similar other events unrelated to the particular offense, click Clear Filter for the Offense is "Excessive Firewall Denies between Hosts containing Firewall Drop".



What results are returned? Why?

9. Select **Last 24 Hours** to view events from the last 24 hours, in the View drop-down list.

Explore other search filters and options. You can also save the filter criteria by following the below steps.

- 1. Save the current search criteria
 - a. On the Toolbar, click Save Criteria.
 - b. Configure the Save Criteria window as shown below

Search Name
Firewall Deny events

Assign Search to group(s)
Disable

Timespan options
Recent last 24 hours

Include in my Quick Searches Enable
 Set as Default Disable
 Share with Everyone Disable

c. Review the Save Criteria and Click **OK**.

- 2. Save the current search results.
 - a. On the toolbar, click Save Results.
 - b. Enter the name in the name field.
 - c. Click Ok.
- 3. Revisit or delete your saved search results.
 - a. On the list of events page's toolbar, click **Search > Manage Search Results**.
 - b. In the Search Results management page, select your search results and click Delete.
 - c. Close the Search Results Management page

Lab 4 - Investigating an offense that is triggered by flows

Follow the below steps to investigate an offense that is triggered by flows.

1. Run the following command on SSH Terminal, to access the remote shell to the Qradar.

ssh root@allinone742

Enter the password as 'p@ssw0rd'

```
root@allinone742:~ _ _ _ _ x

File Edit View Search Terminal Help

[root@GUIHOST ~]# ssh root@allinone742
root@allinone742's password:
Last login: Tue Jun 1 21:35:23 2021 from 10.10.9.29

This server was upgraded to QRadar 7.4.2 FixPack 2 (Build 20210120225428) on Wed May 26 23:37:01 IST 2021.

[root@allinone742 ~]#
```

2. Run the following commands:

inconfig ens33 promisc

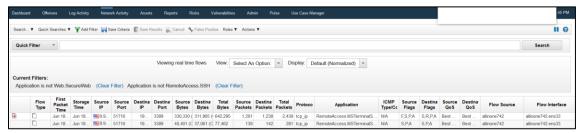
```
[root@allinone742 configurationsets]# ifconfig ens33 promisc cd/labfiles
```

./startRdp.sh

3. In the Qradar user interface, navigate to the Network Activity tab.



4. Observe the network activity and verify that a network activity triggers and offense.



- 5. To investigate the offense, click the red icon in the left-most column. Red Icon in the left most column signifies the flows that contribute to an offense.
- 6. The Offense Summary page opens.
- 7. What is the name of the offense, Offense Type, Offense Source and Destination IP?
- 8. How many events or Flows are associated with this offense?
- 9. Which Rule added events or flows to this offense?

To investigate the flows that contributed to the offense. Follow the below steps.

- 1. Click **Flows** on the Offense Summary page toolbar The Flow List page opens.
- 2. Examine the Flow associated with this offense. Double-Click on the flow listed.
- 3. Answer the flowing questions:
 - a. What is the flow direction?

- b. What is the Application name?
- c. Which Activity triggered this offense?
- 4. Tune the flow as a false positive.
 - a. On the Flow details page's toolbar, click False Positive.
 - b. Click **Tune**.
 - c. Click Close.
- 5. Close the offense.
 - a. On the Offense tab navigation menu, select All Offenses.
 - b. From the **Actions** drop-down list on the toolbar, select **Close**.
 - c. From the Reason for Closing list, select False-Positive, Tuned.
 - d. Click OK.

Lab 5 - Using rules

In this lab, we will create Rules to monitor the Login Activity. Below is the use case.

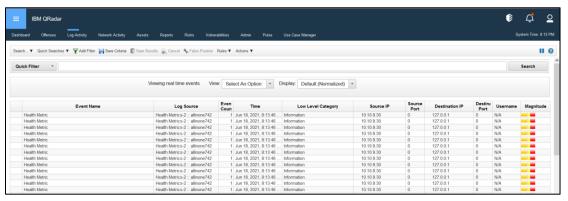
An Organization wants to monitor the user accounts of terminated employees.

- a. Create a rule to generate offenses for invalid login activities.
- b. Reference set should be used to store and look up for the usernames of terminated employees.

Create an Event Rule

Perform the below steps in this lab.

1. Login in the Qradar Interface, on Home page, Click the **Log Activity** tab.



2. From the Rules drop-down menu, select Rules.



3. From the **Actions** Drop-down menu, select **New Event Rule**.



- 4. In the Rules Wizard window, click **Next** twice.
- 5. In the Rule Test Stack Editor Window, Enter the following name in the rule name field.

Lab 5 Employees Login Activity

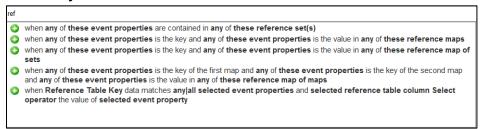


- 6. Add the following tests by clicking to the rule under these conditions:
 - when any of these event properties are contained in any of these reference set(s)
 - when an event matches any all of the following rules



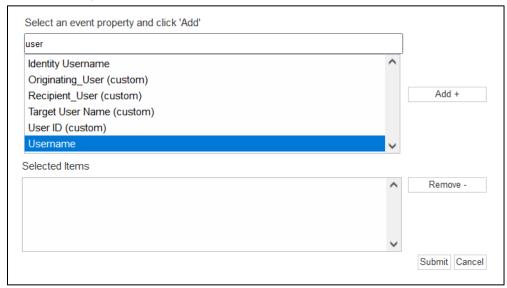
To add the first rule test, when any of these event properties are contained in any of these reference set(s), perform the following steps:

 Filter the options in the **Test Group** list. For **Type to filter**, enter *ref*

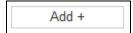


- ii. Click the green **plus (+)** icon next to the when any of these event properties are contained in any of these reference set(s) test.
- iii. Click the parameter these event properties.

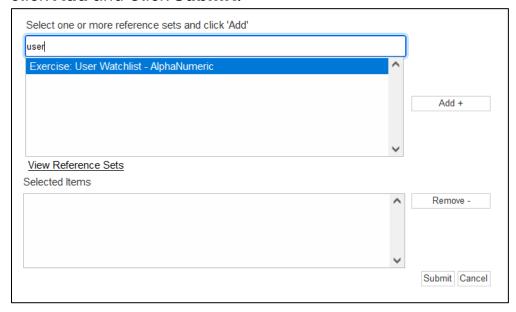
iv. Filter the fields in the event property list. In the **Type to filter** field, enter user.



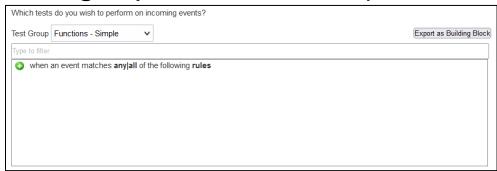
v. Select **Username** and click **Add**.



- vi. Click Submit.
- vii. Click the parameter these reference set(s).
- viii. Select the reference set **Exercise: User Watchlist** and click **Add** and Click **Submit**.



- 7. To add the second rule test, when an event matches any | all of the following rules, perform the following steps:
 - i. In the **Test Group** drop-down list, select **Functions - Simple**.
 - ii. Click the green plus (+) icon next to the only test listed.



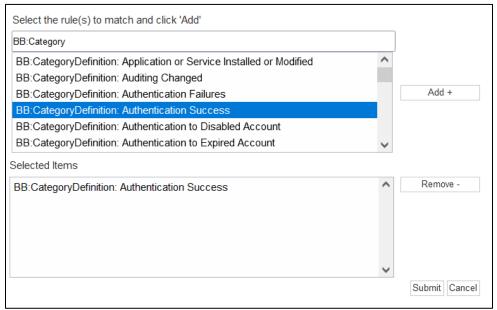
iii. Click the parameter rules.



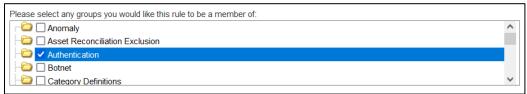
iv. Filter the options in the rules list. In the **Type to filter** field, enter the following text:

BB: Category

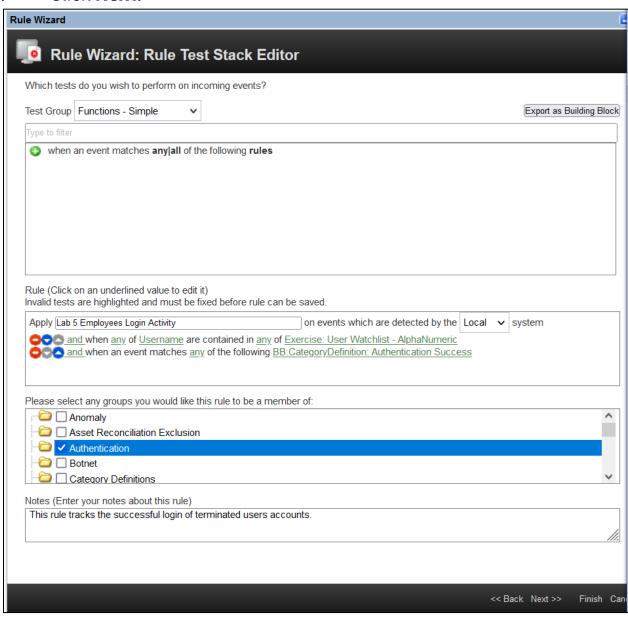
v. Select **BB: Category Definition: Authentication Success** and click **Add**, and Click Submit.



8. Assign the rule to the group **Authentication**.



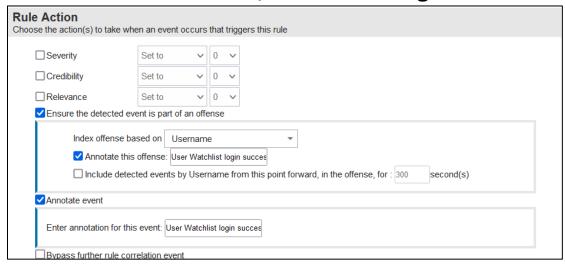
- 9. To document the rule in the **Notes** field, enter the following text. This rule tracks the successful login of terminated users accounts.
- 10. Click **Next**.



11. Configure the rule action and response as shown below

Rule Action

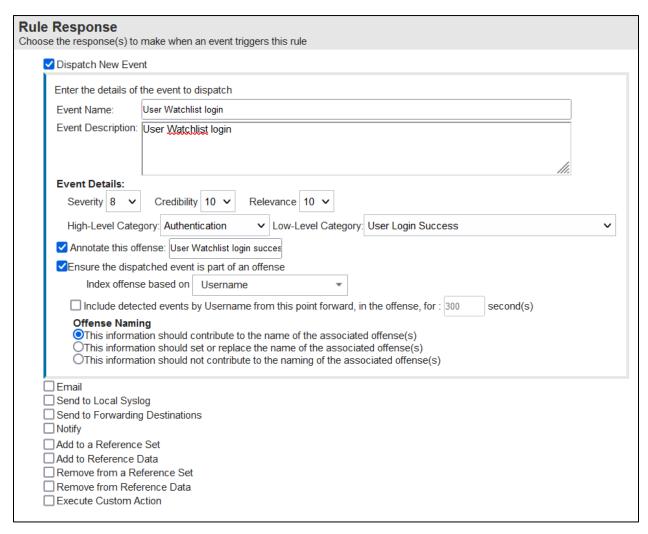
- Ensure the detected event is part of an offense: **enable**
- Index offense based on list: Username
- Annotate this offense: enable, User Watchlist login success
- Annotate event: enable, User Watchlist login success



Rule Response

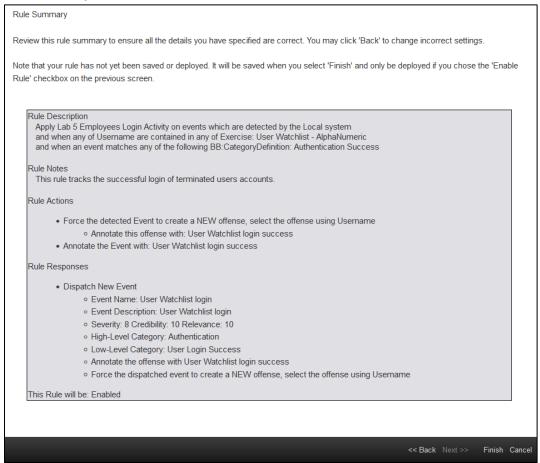
- Dispatch New Event: enable
- Type Event Name: User Watchlist login
- Type Event Description: User Watchlist login
- Severity: 8
- Credibility: 10
- Relevance: 10
- High Level Category: **Authentication**
- Low Level Category: User Login Success
- Annotate this offense: enable, User Watchlist login success
- Ensure the dispatched event is part of an offense: enable
- Index offense based on: Username

 This information should contribute to the naming of the associated offense(s): enable



12. Click Next.

13. Verify that your rule summary looks similar to the one in the screen capture and click Finish



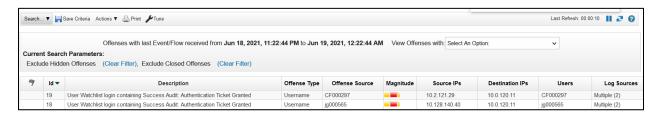
- 14. Open a remote shell to the QRadar VM. Use the procedure as outlined in Running commands on the QRadar VM.
- 15. To feed prepared syslog messages to QRadar, run the following commands:

cd /labfiles

./sendWindows.sh

```
[root@allinone742 labfiles]# ./sendWindows.sh
generating 35 messages per second to 10.10.9.30:514
Ctrl-c to stop
generating 35 messages per second to 10.10.9.30:514
Ctrl-c to stop
```

Wait for five minutes and return to the Offenses tab in browser



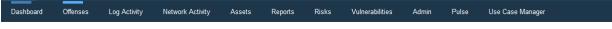
Investigate the offenses created. Answer the following questions:

- a. How many offenses did the BQX Watchlist User Activity rule create? On the Rule list page, select the rule and look for the offense count parameter.
- b. List the user IDs that created offenses. In the QRadar user interface, double-click the Offenses tab and find offenses that have Watchlist in the description.
- c. What is the source IP address of the offenses created?

Working with rule parameters

To work with the parameters of a rule, perform the following steps:

1. In the QRadar user interface, navigate to the Offenses tab.



2. Click Rules in the left pane.



3. Sort the Offense Count column in descending order, Click the header for the Offense Count column to sort in descending order.



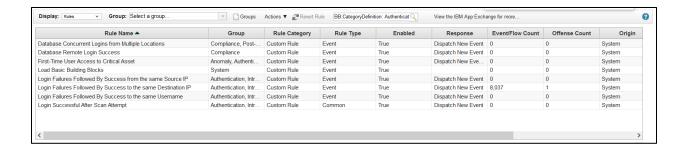
- a. What rule created the most offenses?
- 4. On the **Rules** page, from the **Display** drop-down list, select **Rules**.
- 5. From the **Group** drop-down list, do **not** select any group.
- 6. In the Search Rules field, enter the following name:

 BB:CategoryDefinition: Authentication Success

 The Rules display lists all the rules that meet the search criteria.
- 7. Select several of the rules and review the rule tests.

 Notice that the rules listed include the BB:CategoryDefinition:

 Authentication Success building block. Before editing a building block or rule, determine which other rules use it.

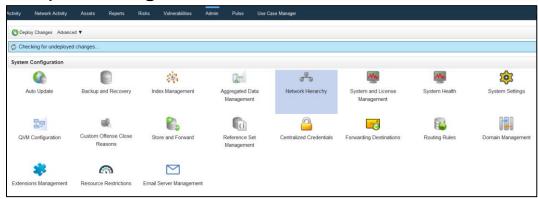


Lab 6 - Using the Network Hierarchy

In this lab, we will explore the Network Hierarchy feature of Qradar. We will create and view a Network Hierarchy Object.

Create a Network Object

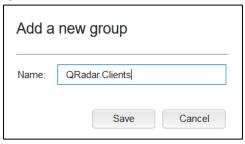
1. Navigate to the **Admin** tab and click the **Network Hierarchy** icon in the System configuration section.



2. Click Add.



- 3. In the Add network window, click the Yellow gear wheel icon.
- 4. For **Name** in the Add a new Group window, enter the following text. QRadar.Clients and Click **Save**.



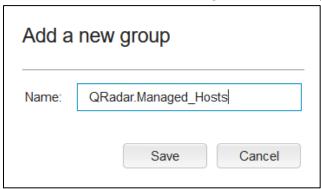
5. In the Add network Window, enter the values shown below.

Field	Value
Name	Student
Description	Exercise
IP/CIDR(s)	192.168.42.205

6. Make sure you click the plus icon to add the IP/CIDR(s) value to the object's list.



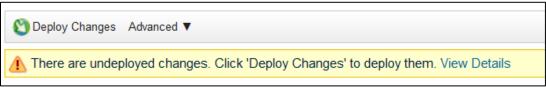
- 7. Using the similar process from step 2 to 6, add a new network object as per below data.
 - a. In the Add network window, click the **Yellow gear wheel** icon.
 - b. In the Name field, enter QRadar.Managed_Hosts. Click Save.



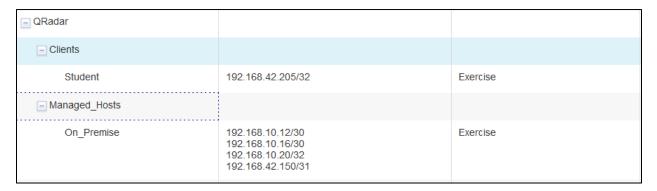
c. In the add network window, enter the values shown as below.

Field	Value
Name	On_Premise
Description	Exercise
IP/CIDR(s)	192.168.10.20/32
	192.168.10.16/30
	192.168.10.12/30
	192.168.42.150/31

8. Close the Network Hierarchy Window and Click **Deploy Changes**.

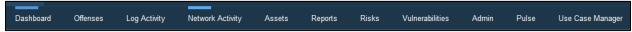


Open the Network hierarchy tab and verify that the **Student** and **On_Premise** network objects are listed.



View Network Objects in Flow

1. To view incoming flows, double-click the **Network Activity** tab.



Note: The double-click resets the tab to its default settings.

- 2. Wait until you see flows with the IP addresses 192.168.42.150 and 192.168.42.205.
- 3. To pause the incoming events, click the **Pause** icon in the upper-right corner of the QRadar user interface.
- 4. Hover the mouse over either of the IP addresses and review the Network field information.
- 5. Open a remote shell to the QRadar VM. And run the following commands:

cd /labfiles

./startPcap.sh

- 6. In the browser return to the Network Activity Tab.
- 7. If refresh of the Network Activity tab is paused, press the **Play** button in the upper-right corner of the QRadar user interface. Wait for at least one minute.
- 8. To display only flows with destination IP addresses part of the network objects you created, click **Add Filter**.
 - a. In the Add Filter window, enter the values shown below.

Field	Value
Parameter	Destination Network
Operator	Equals
Value	Qradar.Managed_Hosts

b. Click Add Filter.



- 9. If there are no rows with a Destination Network of **On_Premise** listed.
- 10. Change the View to show the **Last Hour**.
- 11. Change the Display to **Destination Network**.

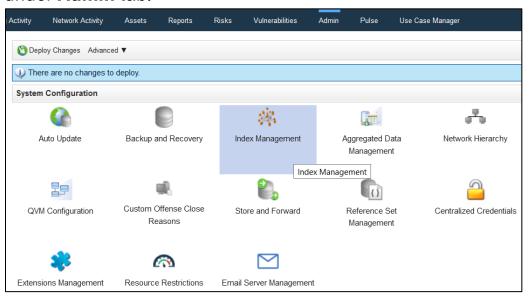
- 12. Use the right-click option menu on the Destination IP column to apply **Filter on Destination IP is not 192.168.42.150**.
- 13. Verify that you only see rows with Destination IP 192.168.10.12.
- 14. However the mouse over the Destination IP address and review the **Network** Field Information.
- 15. Navigate to the **Admin** tab, click the **Network Hierarchy** icon in the System Configuration section.
 - a. Click the plus signs in front of Qradar and Managed_Hosts.
 - b. Double click **On_Premise**.
 - c. Select 192.168.10.12/30 from the IP/CIDR(s) list and click the red X.
 - d. Click Save.
 - e. Close the **Network Hierarchy** Window.
 - f. Click Deploy Changes.
- 16. Return to the Network Activity page.
 - a. Hover the mouse over the Destination IP address and review the **Network** field information to verify that it no longer displays **QRadar.Managed_Hosts.On_Premise**.
 - b. Clear the **Destination Network is QRadar.Managed_Hosts** filter.
 - c. Reapply the **Destination Network is QRadar.Managed_Hosts** filter.
 - d. Verify that the result set is now empty.

Lab 7 - Index and Aggregated Data Management

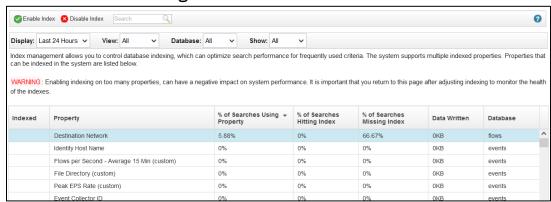
In this lab, we will explore and create indexes. We will also use the indexed properties in searches and observer how the statistics for the indexed properties are updated.

Enable an Index

1. In the QRadar user interface, click the **Index Management** icon under **Admin** tab.



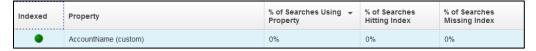
2. In the Index Management window opened, Verify that some indexed properties have data-written values by sorting the Data Written column in descending order.



3. Enter *Account* in the search field on the top of the screen and click Search Magnifier icon.

- a. Right click **AccountName (custom)** and click **Enable Index**.
- b. Click Save.
- c. Click Ok.





Use an Enabled Indexed property in a search

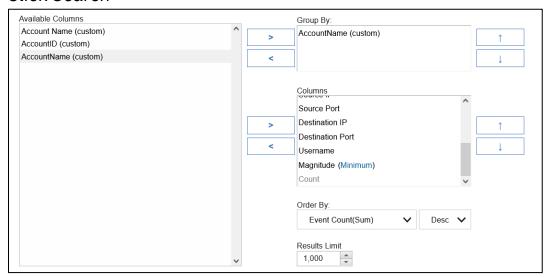
1. Open a remote shell to the QRadar VM and run the following commands.

cd /labfiles ./sendWindows.sh

```
[root@allinone742 labfiles]# ./sendWindows.sh
generating 35 messages per second to 10.10.9.30:514
Ctrl-c to stop
generating 35 messages per second to 10.10.9.30:514
Ctrl-c to stop
```

- 2. In the QRadar user interface, double-click the Log Activity tab. Click on **Add Filter** and **View** using the following criteria.
 - a. View the events from the last 30 minutes.
 - b. Add the AccountName (custom) [Indexed] is not N/A filter.
 - c. Add the **Log Source is WindowsAuthServer @ 10.0.120.11** filter.
 - d. Edit the search.
 - i. In the columns definition pane, group the search results by **AccountName (custom)**.

- ii. For the Columns list, select only **Event Name** and **Event Count (Sum)**.
- iii. From the Order By list, select **Event Count (Sum)**.
- e. Click Search



3. Verify that search results look similar to the results in the following screen capture.



- 4. Click Save Criteria to save the search.
- 5. Save the search using the values shown below.

Field / Option	Value
Search Name	Exercise:Index Management
Timespan Options	Recent <enabled></enabled>
	Last 15 Minutes
Include in my Quick Searches	<enabled></enabled>

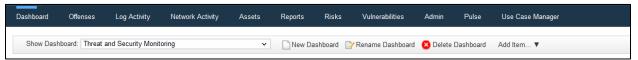
- 6. Wait for the sendWindows.sh script to finish.
- 7. Click **Index Management** Icon under **Admin** Tab.
- 8. Verify that the AccountName property now includes statistics for the indexed property.

Lab 8 - Using Dashboards

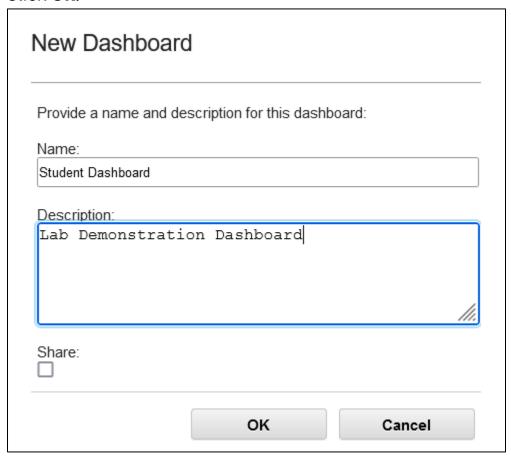
In this lab, we will learn about Creating a new dashboard and add items to the dashboard.

Follow the below steps to create a new dashboard.

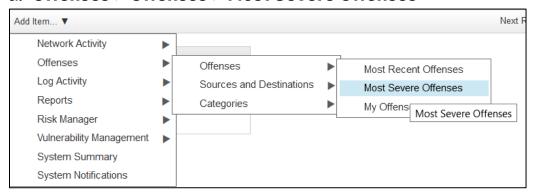
- 1. Navigate to the **Dashboard** tab.
- 2. Click the **New Dashboard** button.



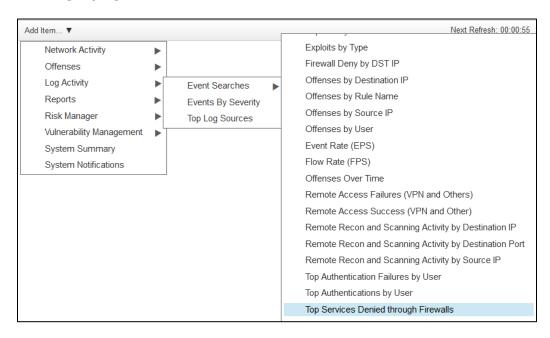
- 3. For Name, enter Student Dashboard.
- 4. For **Description**, enter Lab Demonstration Dashboard.
- 5. Click Ok.



- 6. To add items to the new dashboard, from the **Add Item** list, select the following items:
 - a. Offenses > Offenses > Most Severe Offenses



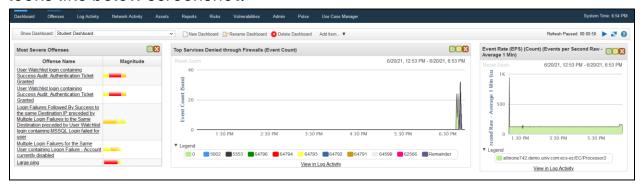
b. Log Activity > Event Searches > Top Services Denied through Firewalls



c. Log Activity > Event Searches > Event Rate (EPS)



- 7. Drag the items to an empty spot on the dashboard.
- 8. Click the **Refresh** icon to update the window.
- 9. Verify that the dashboard includes an offense item and two log events items. Depending on where you positioned the items, your dashboard looks like below screenshot.

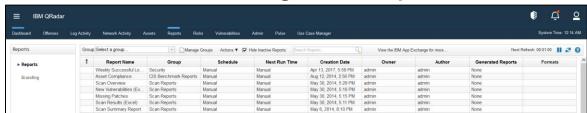


Lab 9 - Creating reports

Viewing an existing Report

Qradar has over 100 ready to use reports. Perform the following steps to view the configuration and run a report provided by Qradar SIEM.

1. In the Qradar user interface, navigate to the Reports tab.



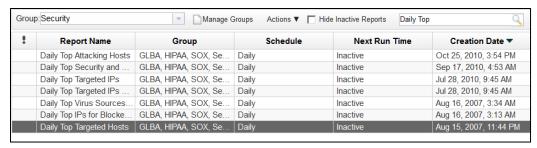
2. Disable the **Hide Inactive Reports** check box.



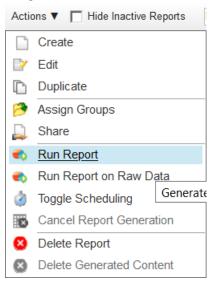
3. From the **Group** drop down list, scroll down and select the **Security** group.



- 4. In the **Search Reports** field, type *Daily Top* and click the **Search Reports** icon to filter the report list.
- 5. Select **Daily Top Targeted Hosts**.



6. From the **Actions** drop-down list on the **Reports** toolbar, select **Run Report.**



- 7. Explore the report and try to answer below query.
 - a. What groups contain the Daily Top Targeted Hosts report?
- 8. Double click the **Daily Top Targeted Hosts**, click **Next** until you see the Specify Report Contents page.
- 9. Click **Define** in the top container.
 - a. What is the name of the event search that generates the data in the top container?

b. What is the graph type?

- c. What parameters are graphed on the X and Y axes?
- d. Click **Cancel** to exit the top container details page.
- e. Click **Define** in the bottom container. The bottom container details page opens. What is the name of the event search that generates the data in the bottom container?
- 10. Click **Cancel** to exit the bottom container details page, click **Next** twice.
- 11. On the **Reports** tab, click the **Refresh** icon to update the status of the generation of the Daily Top Targeted Hosts Report.
 - a. When the report generated content, click the **PDF** icon in the **Formats** column to view the report.
- 12. Clear the report filters.

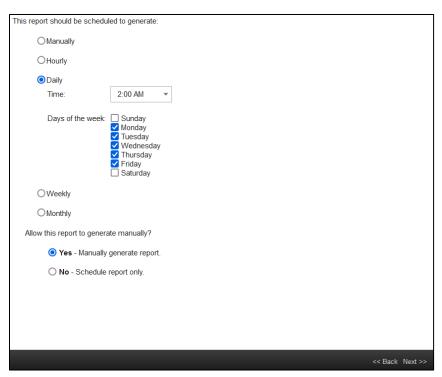
Creating a new event report

Saved Searches can be used to create reports. To use an existing search to create a report.

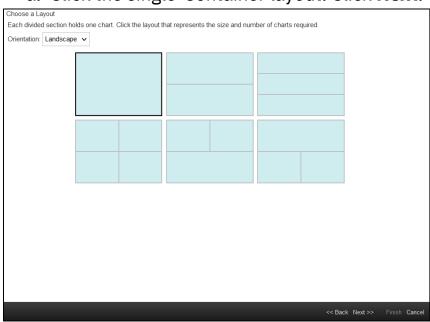
1. From the **Actions** drop-down list on the Reports toolbar, select Create. Click **Next**.



2. Select the **Daily** option and the check boxes for **Monday** through **Friday**.Click **Next**.



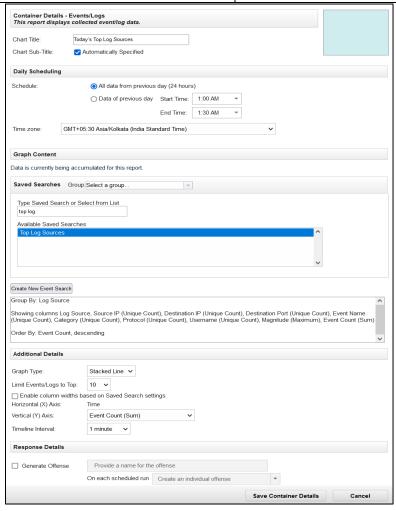
- 3. On the Choose a Layout page, from the **Orientation** drop-down list, select **Landscape**.
 - a. Click the single-Container layout. Click **Next**.



4. On the Specify Report Contents page, in the **Reports Title** field, type *Top Log Sources*.

5. In the **Chart type** drop down list, select **Events/Logs**. Configure the **Container Details** as below data.

Field / Option	Setting
Type Chart Title	Today's Top Log Sources
Limit the Events/Logs to Top	10
Graph type	Stacked Line
Saved Searches	Top Log Sources
Horizontal (X) Axis	Time
Vertical (Y) Axis	Event Count (Sum)
Timeline Interval	1 Minute



- 6. Verify the Container details and click Save Container Details.
- 7. Click Next Twice

- 8. On the reports format page, select **HTML** and **PDF**.
- 9. Click **Next** until the Finish page.
- 10. Type the below text in **Report Description** field.

 The Daily Top Log Sources report lists the top ten log sources by event count.
- 11. Verify that the Yes Run this report when the wizard is complete check box is enabled.
- 12. Click **Next**.
- 13. Click Finish.
- 14. Click the **Refresh** icon to update the status of the generation of the **Top Log Sources** Report.
- 15. View the Next Run Time Column for the Top Log Sources Report.
- 16. Click PDF icon in the formats column to view the report.