Importing Libraries & Data Load

```
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestClassifier
from sklearn.metrics import classification_report, confusion_matrix
from sklearn.preprocessing import LabelEncoder
import joblib
# Define the path to the Excel file
file_path = r"C:\yourpath\Prediction_Data.xlsx"
# Define the sheet name to read data from
sheet name = 'vw ChurnData'
# Read the data from the specified sheet into a pandas DataFrame
data = pd.read_excel(file_path, sheet_name=sheet_name)
# Display the first few rows of the fetched data
print(data.head())
```

Data Preprocessing

```
# Drop columns that won't be used for prediction

data = data.drop(['Customer_ID', 'Churn_Category', 'Churn_Reason'], axis=1)

# List of columns to be label encoded

columns_to_encode = [

    'Gender', 'Married', 'State', 'Value_Deal', 'Phone_Service', 'Multiple_Lines',

    'Internet_Service', 'Internet_Type', 'Online_Security', 'Online_Backup',

    'Device_Protection_Plan', 'Premium_Support', 'Streaming_TV', 'Streaming_Movies',

    'Streaming_Music', 'Unlimited_Data', 'Contract', 'Paperless_Billing',

    'Payment_Method'

]
```

```
# Encode categorical variables except the target variable
       label_encoders = {}
       for column in columns_to_encode:
          label_encoders[column] = LabelEncoder()
          data[column] = label_encoders[column].fit_transform(data[column])
       # Manually encode the target variable 'Customer_Status'
       data['Customer_Status'] = data['Customer_Status'].map({'Stayed': 0, 'Churned': 1})
       # Split data into features and target
       X = data.drop('Customer_Status', axis=1)
       y = data['Customer_Status']
       # Split data into training and testing sets
       X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X, y, test_size=0.2, random_state=42)
Train Random Forest Model
       # Initialize the Random Forest Classifier
       rf model = RandomForestClassifier(n estimators=100, random state=42)
       # Train the model
       rf_model.fit(X_train, y_train)
Evaluate Model
       # Make predictions
       y_pred = rf_model.predict(X_test)
       # Evaluate the model
       print("Confusion Matrix:")
```

print(confusion_matrix(y_test, y_pred))

```
print("\nClassification Report:")
print(classification_report(y_test, y_pred))

# Feature Selection using Feature Importance
importances = rf_model.feature_importances_
indices = np.argsort(importances)[::-1]

# Plot the feature importances
plt.figure(figsize=(15, 6))
sns.barplot(x=importances[indices], y=X.columns[indices])
plt.title('Feature Importances')
plt.xlabel('Relative Importance')
plt.ylabel('Feature Names')
plt.show()
```

Use Model for Prediction on New Data

```
# Define the path to the Joiner Data Excel file
file_path = r"C:\yourpath\Prediction_Data.xlsx"

# Define the sheet name to read data from
sheet_name = 'vw_JoinData'

# Read the data from the specified sheet into a pandas DataFrame
new_data = pd.read_excel(file_path, sheet_name=sheet_name)
```

```
# Display the first few rows of the fetched data
print(new_data.head())
# Retain the original DataFrame to preserve unencoded columns
original_data = new_data.copy()
# Retain the Customer_ID column
customer_ids = new_data['Customer_ID']
# Drop columns that won't be used for prediction in the encoded DataFrame
new_data = new_data.drop(['Customer_ID', 'Customer_Status', 'Churn_Category',
'Churn_Reason'], axis=1)
# Encode categorical variables using the saved label encoders
for column in new_data.select_dtypes(include=['object']).columns:
  new_data[column] = label_encoders[column].transform(new_data[column])
# Make predictions
new predictions = rf model.predict(new data)
# Add predictions to the original DataFrame
original data['Customer Status Predicted'] = new predictions
# Filter the DataFrame to include only records predicted as "Churned"
original_data = original_data[original_data['Customer_Status_Predicted'] == 1]
# Save the results
original_data.to_csv(r"C:\yourpath\Predictions.csv", index=False)
```