Neo4j Assignment

Task 1:
Code: -
CALL gds.graph.create(
'neo4j-communities_7892',
'zone',
{
CONNECTS: {
type: 'CONNECTS',
orientation: 'UNDIRECTED',
properties: 'trips'
}
}
)
This will create the Graph projection of type UNDIRECTED. Where the name the graph projection as c2059666-communities, weighted by the trips property in :CONNECTS type of relationships.
Code: -
CALL gds.louvain.stats('c2059666-communities')
YIELD communityCount
This code will Report the number of communities using the stats mode,
Code: -

```
CALL gds.louvain.stream('c2059666-communities', { relationshipWeightProperty: 'trips' })
YIELD nodeId, communityId
RETURN gds.util.asNode(nodeId).id AS zone_id,communityId AS community_id
Now in stream mode, return the id and community properties of each zone. he results of
running the algorithm in stream as a CSV file with two columns named zone_id,
community_id.
Task 2:
Code: -
CALL gds.graph.create(
 'neo4j-centrality_789',
 'zone',
 'CONNECTS',
  relationshipProperties: 'trips'
 }
)
Directed graph projection with name the graph projection as c2059666-centrality with
Damping factor: 0.75 and Weighted by the trips property in :CONNECTS type of
relationships.
Code: -
CALL gds.pageRank.stats('c2059666-centrality', {
 dampingFactor: 0.75,
 relationshipWeightProperty: 'trips'
```

```
})
YIELD centralityDistribution
RETURN centralityDistribution.max AS MAX, centralityDistribution.min AS MIN
This will report the maximum and minimum centrality score using the stats mode.
Code: -
CALL gds.pageRank.stream('c2059666-centrality', {
 dampingFactor: 0.75,
relationshipWeightProperty: 'trips'
})
YIELD nodeId, score
RETURN gds.util.asNode(nodeId).id AS zone_id, score AS centrality_score
ORDER BY score DESC
In stream mode, return the id, centrality properties of each zone (in this order),
Export the results of running the algorithm in stream as a CSV file with two columns named
zone id and centrality score
Task 3:
Code: -
   1) Including zones in the 'Manhattan' borough.
MATCH (n:zone)
with n order by n.centrality desc
with n.community as class, collect({id:n.id, score:n.centrality}) as listt
UNWIND listt[0..3] AS 1
```

return l.id as zone_id ,class as community_id
order by class
Using the available zone properties community and centrality we will return two columns: zone_id and community_id.
zone_ia ana commanty_ia.
Code: -
2) Excluding zones in the 'Manhattan' borough.
MATCH (n:zone)-[r:IN]->(b:borough) WHERE b.name <> 'Manhattan' with n order by n.centrality desc
with n.community as class,collect({id:n.id, score:n.centrality}) as listt
UNWIND listt[03] AS 1
return l.id as zone_id ,class as community_id
order by class.

Using the available zone properties community and centrality we will return two columns: zone_id and community_id.